ROYAL EDITION

# The Times

No. 45,445 LONDON, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1930 PRICE (Including Postage) 4d.

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*Telephone: Central 2001*

*THE TIMES, Monday, February 24, 1930*

*THE CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' anniversary insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" District Office, 95, Bath-street, Glasgow, or to the Bureaux de Vente Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisements Index see last column of this page.*

*Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.*

*Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£1 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.*

## BIRTHS

**BATTERHAM.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at Keyberry House, Newton Abbot, Devon, to THELMA (née Rundle), wife of Dr. DOUGLAS BATTERHAM—a son.

**BRYCE-BUCHANAN.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Grenoble, Mungavie, Dumbartonshire, the wife of T. BRYCE-BUCHANAN, of a daughter.

**DEWHURST.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Marley House, Haslemere, to TORQUILLA (née Lawrance), wife of LIEUTENANT E. R. DEWHURST, R.N.—a daughter.

**DUNCAN.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, to BARBARA (née Cuthbell), wife of COLIN DUNCAN, of 43, Ashburnham-mansions, Chelsea—a son.

**EADES.**—On Feb. 19, 1930, at Rangoon, Burma, to GILL (née Goodbody), wife of JOHN HENRY EADES—a daughter.

**ELWES.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at 21, Cadogan-square, to ENEVA, wife of RICHARD ELWES—a daughter.

**FOX.**—On Feb. 19, 1930, at Gerbestone Manor, Wellington, Somerset, to GWENELDA (née Bigland), wife of LIEUT.-COL. H. FOX—a daughter.

**HOW.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at Worton Farm, Isleworth, Middlesex, to EVELYN (née Lobjoit), wife of RAYMOND AUKLAND HOW—a daughter.

**JANION.**—On Feb. 19, 1930, at 6, Park-gardens, Glasgow, to WINIFRED, the wife of ENGINEER COMMANDER RALPH P. JANION—a son.

**JERVEUND.**—On Feb. 18, 1930, at Richmond, Yorkshire, to DORIS, wife of MAJOR C. N. JERVEUND, The Green Howards—a daughter.

**JONES.**—On Feb. 18, 1930, at Chichester, to ITHA (née Hervé Allen), wife of EDWARD J. M. JONES, Norton Farm, Aldingbourne, Chichester—a son.

**LENNARD-JONES.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at 3, Willchamp-place, S.W.1, to KATHLEEN, wife of J. E. LENNARD-JONES, Bristol—a daughter.

**PAYNE.**—On Feb. 18, 1930, at a nursing home, Bacton-on-Sea, to DAISY EVELYN (née Markham), wife of GERALD CHARLES LEONARD PAYNE—a daughter.

**REWCASTLE.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at 18, Arkwright-road, Hampstead, to GENEVIEVE, wife of C. S. REWCASTLE—a son.

**STOCKDALE.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Cambridge, to JOAN and DAVID STOCKDALE—a son.

**STRANGWAYS.**—On Feb. 19, 1930, at a nursing home, Sevenoaks, to WINIFRED, wife of the REV. J. G. V. STRANGWAYS—a son.

**TYTHERLEIGH.**—On Friday, Feb. 21, 1930, at Rosemary Cottage, Manor Way, Beckenham, to WINIFRED (née Eastwood), wife of ARTHUR HENRY TYTHERLEIGH—a son.

**WARWICK.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, to JOAN MARGARET (née Harris), wife of W. T. WARWICK, F.R.C.S., of 5, Thurlow-wood, N.W.11—a twin son.

**WILLIAMS.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at 10, Weymouth-avenue, N.W.7, to RAY, wife of A. D. WILLIAMS—a daughter.

**WRIGHT.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Gibraltar, to MARJORIE, wife of R. F. WRIGHT, Royal Artillery—a son.

## MARRIAGES

**BARRELL : RICHARDSON.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Masindi, Uganda, FRANCIS MAXWELL, elder son of the late Professor F. A. BARRELL and of Mrs. Barrell, of Norton-sub-Hamdon, to JOAN DOROTHY, daughter of the late LIEUTENANT J. S. RICHARDSON, Northumberland Fusiliers, and of Mrs. E. Paul, 2, Mansfield-street, W.1.

**BUCHANAN : HAGGARD.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, SIR GEORGE BUCHANAN, K.C.I.E., of 101, Mount-street, London, to JOAN, daughter of the late LIEUT.-COMMANDER J. G. HAGGARD, R.N., and of Mrs. Haggard.

**CATTELL : NICOLSKY.**—On Jan. 29, 1930, at Harbin, North Manchuria, EDWARD MAYSTON CATTELL, late Lieut., R.F.A., and of Chartered Bank of India, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin E. Cattell, late of Medley Wood, Maidenhead, to NADEJDA, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. P. NICOLSKY.

**CLIFTON-BROWN : WADE.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Holy Trinity, Sloane-street, by the Rev. W. M. SELWYN, ANTHONY G. CLIFTON-BROWN, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Clifton-Brown, of Burghope Grove, Burnham, Bucks, to DELIA C. G. WADE, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Wade, of 30, Hyde Park-street, W.2.

**CRITCHLEY-SALMONSON : CHICHESTER.**—On Feb. 11, 1930, in London, HUMPHREY CRITCHLEY-SALMONSON, to LADY CAROLINE CHICHESTER.

**CROSSMAN : CRAMER.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at St. Luke's, W.1, HAROLD, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. CROSSMAN, of Torquay, to JOAN, daughter of MAJOR and Mrs. CRAMER, of Torquay.

**DUNBAS : PARSONS.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, CYRIL A. FLUX DUNDAS, Indian Political Service, to DOREEN BETTY PARSONS, younger daughter of Mrs. Parsons, 49, Finchley-road, N.W.8.

**MAITLAND-MAKGILL-CRICHTON : CROSBY.**—On June 24, 1930, at Johannesburg, JOHN DENYS, son of Mrs. A. MAITLAND-MAKGILL-CRICHTON, 14, Norfolk-crescent, W.2, to DENISE, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. CROSBY.

**MORTON : BLUCKE.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Mossley Hill Parish Church, by the Rev. Canon HUGH Gough, D.D., formerly Dean of Newcastle, HAROLD THOMAS, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. MORTON, of Muswell Hill, to ETHEL MARY, daughter of the REV. R. S. K. and Mrs. BLUCKE, of Monkton Rectory, Andover.

**TURNER : CARMICHAEL.**—On Feb. 15, 1930, at St. Peter's, Yateley, by the Rev. A. J. HOWELL, Rector of Deane, and the Rev. R. F. PECHEY, CAPTAIN A. F. ST. A. TURNER, only son of the late Colonel A. L. M. Turner, C.B.E., R.A., and of the late Mrs. Turner, to ROBERT RUSSEL, only child of the Rev. and Mrs. E. C. CARMICHAEL, of Yateley.

## DEATHS

**ARMSTRONG.**—On Feb. 16, 1930, at Suva, Fiji, IDA SALOME, wife of the HON. A. L. ARMSTRONG and daughter of the late Rev. L. G. Fry and of Mrs. Fry, 97a, The Grove, Ealing.

**BABINGTON.**—On Feb. 18, 1930, at his residence, Burn Lodge, Beverley, after a short illness, HENRY NIGHTINGALE BABINGTON, beloved husband of Gertrude Mary Babington.

**BALDWIN.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at "Brooklands," Leamington Spa, FLORENCE, beloved wife of HARRY SAMUEL BALDWIN. No mourning and no flowers, by her request.

**BALDWYN CHILDE.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at Kyre Park, Worcestershire, FRANCES CHRISTINA, wife of the late Rev. EDWARD BALDWYN CHILDE, and eldest daughter of Sir Baldwin Leighton, 7th Baronet, in her 98th year.

**BERTIE.**—On Sunday, Feb. 23, 1930, at 86, Woodstock-road, Oxford, CAROLINE ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of 10th Earl of Antrim, and widow of Hon. and Rev. ALBEMARLE EDWARD BERTIE. Funeral at St. Margaret's Church, Oxford, Wednesday, at 3.30 p.m.

**BILL.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at Davos, Switzerland, ARNOLD FRANCIS BILL, M.D., son of the late John Bill, of Coventry, aged 64 years.

**BRENTON.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at 68, Cromwell-road, S.W., ERNEST DE BLOIS BRENTON, INGELS, Managing Director of T. E. Bevan and Co., Ltd., Calcutta, aged 58.

**LILLINGSTON.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at 51, Royal-parade, Eastbourne, ANNIE FENNERAU, widow of the late CLAUDE A. M. LILLINGSTON, of Carpinteria, California, U.S.A., and elder daughter of the late Deputy Commissary-General A. C. Crookshank, C.B., aged 69 years. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday); Service Laigney Cemetery, Eastbourne, at 1.15 p.m. (Californian papers, please copy.)

**LISNER.**—On Feb. 19, 1930, ARNOLD HENRY LISNER, of Dawson Place-mansions Hotel, Pembridge-square, W., and Mayland, Essex. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), at Mayland, at 1 o'clock.

**LONG.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Tavverham Hall, MALCOLM LYON LONG, younger son of Edward F. Long, Dunston, aged 11. Funeral, Dunston, to-day (Monday), at 3 p.m.

**MACKINTOSH.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, suddenly, at Fitzjohn's-avenue, Hampstead, MARY AMOS MACKINTOSH. Funeral at Hampstead Cemetery 10.30 a.m. to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers, by request. This is the only intimation and invitation. South African and Scottish papers, please copy.)

**MARSH.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, in Bath, AMY, wife of the late WILLIAM SUTCLIFFE MARSH and eldest daughter of the late George John Robertson, of Lonsdale, Bath.

**MATTHEWS.**—On Monday, Feb. 10, 1930, suddenly, at the European General Hospital, Aden, Arabia, GWENDOLENE, the dearly beloved wife of CECIL FREDERICK MATTHEWS and eldest daughter of the late Sir Daniel and Lady Tudor.

**MILNE.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, suddenly, CHARLES WILLIAMSON, of "The Haven," Ealing, eldest son of the late JONATHAN MILNE, of Glasgow. Service at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Mount Park-road, Ealing, to-morrow (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock. Interment at Kensal Green 2.45 p.m. Flowers may be sent to J. H. Pepperton, Limited, 45, Edgware-road, W.2.

**OLDING.**—On Saturday, Feb. 22, 1930, at 1, North Gate, Regent's Park, N.W., CHARLOTTE ALICE, elder daughter of the late STEPHEN OLDING, Esq., of the banking firm of Rogers, Olding and Co., in her 81st year. Funeral arrangements later.

**OWEN.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Burford, MONTAGUE CHARLES OWEN, late of Manchester, aged 57.

**PRYER.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at 13, Bisham-gardens, Highgate, EDWIN PRYER, in his 80th year. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), at Abney Park Cemetery, at 12.30.

**ROBERTS.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Parciau, Criccieth, GRIFFITH JONES ROBERTS, J.P., formerly of Trefarthen, Anglesey, aged 91. Funeral, private, at Llanfaisgaer, to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers.

**SHARP.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at Ospedaletti, Italy, very suddenly, JULIA MARGARET, daughter of the late Rear-Admiral J. Crawford Wilson, R.N., and wife of LIEUTENANT-COLONEL A. SHARP, Indian Army (retired).

**TOMBLIN.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at a nursing home, JAMES TOMBLIN, of 20, Heath-drive, Hampstead.

**TOOMEY.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at his residence, 12, Herbert-crescent, JAMES ALEXANDER TOOMEY, aged 72 years. Funeral at St. Saviour's Church, Wallon-street, on Wednesday, Feb. 26, at 11 o'clock.

**TUBBY.**—On Sunday, Feb. 23, 1930, ALFRED HERBERT TUBBY, C.B., C.M.G., M.S., F.R.C.S., consulting surgeon to Westminster and The Royal National Orthopædic Hospitals, aged 67. Cremation at Norwood Cemetery; details to follow. No flowers, by request.

**WADDINGTON.**—On Feb. 17, 1930, at Monte Carlo, FRANCES CAROLINE, widow of COLONEL WILLIAM WADDINGTON, formerly of Figheldean House, daughter of the Rev. Nicholas Cuthbert Fenwick, in her 87th year.

**WILLIAMSON.**—On Feb. 20, 1930, at 12, Lorien-avenue, Putney, WILLIAM WILLIAMSON, son of the late John Williamson, of Aberdeen, aged 69. Funeral at Golders Green Crematorium to-day (Monday) at 12 o'clock.

**WOOD.**—On Feb. 21, 1930, at 60, Fitzgeorge-avenue, W., ARTHUR PRESCOTT WOOD, late of Shanghai, aged 72. Funeral service at Golders Green Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday) at 3 p.m. No flowers, by special request, but donations may be sent to West London Hospital, Hammersmith. (China papers, please copy.)

**WYNDHAM.**—On Feb. 22, 1930, at Grosvenor House, W., H. W.

**YOU WISH TO SPEAK IN PUBLIC?** Then join classes of the Anti-Socialist Union, 34, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Session begins this week. Booklet free.

**FALING HOUSE** for SALE, five minutes from Broadway Stations; three reception, five bed rooms, kitchen, bath, usual offices, garage, stabling; 3 acres, tennis lawn, small garden; over 66 years' lease unexpired; well built; price for quick sale £1,550. Write Box G.3714, The Times, E.C.4.

**AN ITALIAN LADY** (late Prima Donna) gives individual TUITION in SINGING and VOICE PRODUCTION by Lamperti Method. Special consideration given to beginners. 3, Gardenlaw Mansions, Box 1597, L.P.E., 112, St. Martin's-lane, W.C.2.

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**PURE WHITE CAIRN DOG**, 5 months; both parents winners. What offers?—Ross, Langley, Lisa, Hants.

**DANCING.**—Four lessons £1 1s.—Miss Carew, 91, Regents-street, secd. A. and N. Bonsfield, Gerrard 6191.

**FOLKESTONE.** Miss ZOE RORKE-CREE, L.R.A.M., L.G.S.M. Gold Medallist L.A.M. Elocution, RECEIVES PUPILS in Folkestone, Wednesdays and Fridays; special class for children. Letters, 80, Westbourne-terrace, W.2.

**FOR SALE**, on Sussex Coast, near Littlehampton, SEMI-BUNGALOW; four bed rooms, two sitting, bath, electric light, main drainage, hot water system, small garden; £1,100 for quick sale, £1,250 furnished completely.—Mrs. de Hamel, Wigginton Lodge, Tamworth, Staffs.

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**SUITS, OVERCOATS, COSTUMES TURNED** as new. Original cut and fit retained exact.—Price List, JOHN MACLEAN, Tailors, 97-99, Charing Cross-road. Reg. 2305.

**BLUTHNER** Pianos.—Second-hand Pianos and Player-Pianos at greatly reduced prices; payment by instalments accepted.—Apply for particulars of BLUTHNER & Co., Ltd., 17-23, Wigmore-street, W.1.

**"MY** grace is sufficient for thee; for my strength is made perfect in weakness".—II. Cor. xii. 9.

**£3** 3s. REWARD for INFORMATION of MARRIAGE. Whichcote to Ann Sydenham, of Westminster, before 1735.—Write Box A.125, The Times, E.C.4.

**BANK of ENGLAND.**—RECLAIMED REDEMPTION MONEY and DIVIDENDS. No. 16260.—APPLICATION having been made to the Governor of the Bank of England to direct the PAYMENT of the REDEMPTION MONEY in respect of the sum of £50 4½ per Cent. National War Bonds, 1928 (3rd Series), formerly represented by one bond to bearer of £50, No. A.191318, which redemption money was paid over to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in consequence of having remained unreceived since the 1st September, 1928, notice is hereby given that, on the expiration of three months from this date (February 24, 1930), the said Redemption Money and the unpaid dividends will be PAID to FRANCIS RUPERT DEELEY, gentleman, care of Chase Cycles, Ltd., 59, Snow Hill, Birmingham, executor of the will of Arthur Wellington Wood, deceased, late of 231, Monument-road, Birmingham, he having claimed the same, unless some other claim thereto shall in the meantime be made and sustained.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that SIGMUND METZ, of Mead Corner, Howlane Chipstead, Surrey, has APPLIED to the Home Secretary for NATURALIZATION, and that any person who knows any reason why naturalization should not be granted should send a written and signed statement of the facts to the Under-Secretary of State, Home Office, London, S.W.1.

**THE CROSSWORD PUZZLE** appears to-day on page seven.

**GUY'S HOSPITAL, S.E.1.** URGENTLY NEEDS HELP. TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURE £180,000. PRESENT DEBT OVER £120,000.

**ADVERTISER** wishes to DISPOSE of magnificent 45 guinea real SULTAN CARPET, in new condition. 16ft. 8in. by 11ft. 6in.; most suitable for lounge or dining room; accept £17 17s.; approval with pleasure.—Write Box P.167, The Times, E.C.4.

**BEFORE SHOPPING READ** the ADVERTISEMENTS of the following firms in to-day's issue:—Harmers, rejex eye and 17; Harvey Nichols, page 10; Hemsley Cox, page 7; Hobbs Brothers, page 14; Selfridges, page 14; Marshall and Snelgrove, page 15; Debenham and Freebody, page 15; Burberry, page 17.

**MAJOR REDWAY** Coaches for Promotion and Staff College.—87, Bishop's-mansions, S.W.6. Putney 7315.

**700 YEARS.**—Are you aware how long the sick and suffering poor have been cared for at ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, London? New annual subscribers of 2 guineas and upwards are wanted to replace past benefactors.

**MRS. HENNING**, Frome House, Dorchester, wishes to RECOMMEND small HOME SCHOOL, near New Forest and sea; riding available.

**WANTED**, SHETLAND STALLION FOAL, very small breed; pedaid if possible.—Write Box P.154, The Times, E.C.4.

**£50,000** Urgently REQUIRED for DEVELOPMENT of OAK HILL JOURNALISTS' HOME. All donations, large or small, gratefully received by the Treasurer (Chairman, Appeal Committee) or the Duchess of Richmond and Gordon (Chairman, Ladies' Appeal Committee), Byron House, 7, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

**MANNEQUINS.**—A few vacancies for excessive and individual training.—Mayfair Mannequin Academy, 91, Regent-street, Piccadilly. Ger. 5361.

**LADY COACH** wishes PUPILS, speaking, reading, declamation.—Write Box M.1851, The Times, E.C.4.

**BEAUTIFUL** dark mahogany fine GEORGIAN DINING TABLE for SALE. Will seat 24.—Write Box P.187, The Times, E.C.4.

**REGENERATION** through CORRECT BREATHING. —Ernest Hopkins, 20, John-street, Adelphi, W.C.2.

**OLD FOLK** do feel the cold so much. We have 500 of the poorest, all over 65 years old, who will have treleen clothes unless YOU help. Will you send a gift for this purpose? Warm clothing will also be appreciated.—J. R. Reeves, Supt., Victoria Dock Mission, Foster Hall, Tidal Basin, London, E.16.

**IDEAL RESIDENCE.**—Every comfort; well heated; beautifully situated; high ground; five miles London, near station.—X. Wood Hall, S.E.23. Sydenham 0483.

**ARTHUR L. HUMPHREYS**, Expert in Books, purchases old libraries, forms new collections, Agent for Messrs. Marshall-street, W.1. [Humphreys, York Lodge, Reading.—Address A. L.

**UNWANTED** False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Aid Work for the really poor.—Ivory Cross, 67A, Wellbeck-street, W.1.

**CHILDREN'S** (mental and neurasthenic) requiring Permanent HOME received in country house of experienced gentleman of good standing. No qualification nor money required. Fees to be agreed upon.—Write Box F.181, The Times, E.C.4.

**WANTED**, gentleman requires BED-SITTING ROOM, West End Flat.—Write Box A.140, The Times, E.C.4.

**TO be LET**, March, April, May, small FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED FLAT; 2 rooms, kitchenette; Regent's Park.—Write Box 7675, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

**C.**—Ever so many thanks for lovely gift and wishes. H. W.

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**LONDON HOSPITAL TRAINED NURSING STAFF.**

**TRAINED NURSES** for ADULTS or CHILDREN. Apply Matron, Telephone, Bishopsgate 8333.

**Nurses** on the private staff return to the wards between their cases, after sufficient rest, so that their work and knowledge are kept thoroughly up to date.

There are vacancies every seven weeks for Candidates wishing to enter for General Training.

**QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S MATERNITY HOSPITAL,** Marylebone, N.W.1.—MATERNITY NURSES trained at the Hospital, residing at Nurses' Home, SUPPLIED.—Apply to the Matron. 'Phone, Padd. 0020.

## PERSONAL

**SUGARPLUM.**—It is very polite of you.—A. W.

**THE charge** for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements, 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices, 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

**MRS. GUY WETHERALL** wishes to THANK her FRIENDS for their kind EXPRESSIONS of SYMPATHY with her in her recent great loss. She hopes soon to be able to acknowledge these individually.

**£100** REWARD. Lost from 40, Westcliff-road, Bournemouth, on the 23rd October last: one Diamond Star Brooch, one Spray Brooch, one large Diamond Crescent Brooch with pearl in the centre, two Hoop Diamond rings. The above reward will be paid to the finder returning them intact.—Write Box F.209, The Times, E.C.4.

**METROPOLITAN POLICE.**—FOUND, during January, RING, lady's, set precious stones.—Apply Police Station, Harrow.

**CONSCIENCE MONEY.**—The Chancellor of the Exchequer ACKNOWLEDGES the RECEIPT of £375 from T. R. on account of income-tax and £7 from N. A. U. B., on account of income-tax.

**BLASPHEMY LAWS (AMENDMENT) BILL.**—Legalizing blasphemy in Great Britain. Second reading of Bill carried. Powerful protest imperative. Send for forms at once to Secretary, NATIONAL CONSTITUTION DEFENCE MOVEMENT, 25, Victoria-street, London, S.W.1.

**MISS SMALLWOOD'S SOCIETY** for the ASSISTANCE of LADIES in REDUCED CIRCUMSTANCES. (Under royal Patronage).—COALS! Our winter cry! Do please help us to supply our 200 ladies, many suffering from bronchitis, influenza, or rheumatism, and nearly all old. Gifts, large or small, gratefully received. Please make cheques payable to MISS SMALLWOOD'S SOCIETY, Lancaster House, Malvern.

**DIVORCE.**—Men and women interested in divorce for insanity, two years, can help by writing to their M.P.s immediately, asking them to support Mr. Holford Knight's Bill on the 26th of February.—Further information from Hon. Secretary, Divorce Law Reform Union, 55, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

**SOUTH AFRICA** is IDEAL for people who want to retire and live inexpensively on small income. Low taxation and a fine climate.—Write to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

**ENVIRONMENT MAKES the CHILD.**—Vigilant work by N.S.P.C.C. saves on an average 300 children a day from squalid surroundings and heartless cruelty. Funds needed.—Please write Rector, Leicester-square, W.C.2.

**£250** and ROYALTIES OFFERED for a book of reminiscences or memoirs having definite human interest appeal for autumn publication, and £50 and royalties for three novels living in style and theme and forswearing the eternal triangle.—MSS. or synopsis to Albert E. Marriott, Ltd., Publishers, 37-38, Golden-square, London, W.1.

**TOM MOSTYN.**—An Exhibition of his work is now being held at the Waldorf Hotel, London.

**ACROSS CENTRAL AFRICA.** Atlantic to Indian Ocean.—Expedition organized by experienced hunter, through French and Belgian Congo to Uganda and Tanganyika; shooting and photography.—Write R. G., care of J. W. Vickers and Co., Ltd., 24, Austin Friars, E.C.2.

**KATE RORKE** and her Daughter, ZOE RORKE-CREE, L.R.A.M., L.G.S.M. (Eloc.), RECEIVE PUPILS for stage training; special lessons in voice production; coaching for all public examinations and diplomas.—Letters, 80, Westbourne-terrace, W.2. Paddington 8040.

**YOUNG MAN**, important public position, REQUIRES HELP of YOUNG LADY, able, interested in politics, assist research and secretarial work in spare part or spare time.—Write Box P.182, The Times, E.C.4.

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**SCANDINAVIAN PICTURES** by J. L. Gude, Dahl, Fagerlin, Larsson, Meyer, Bergh, Hansen, Wahlberg, Tidemand bought.—Write J. Coulson-street, S.W.3.

**ALCOHOLISM.**—An interesting brochure on medical treatment and mental powers of Manhattan-street, N.W.1.

**WANTED**, some old PORTRAITS of foreign personages.—Write full particulars to Box S, care of Yarrell, 19, Ryder-street, S.W.1.

**WANTED**, Gentleman, preferably retired, to INTERVIEW VISITORS and give some assistance in developing riverside estate at Kent; 40 acres within 18 miles of London. Newly built modern house, normal rental £85 per annum, offered at a guinea per week. Commission paid on all sales. Write, enclosing copies of references, to Box 09509, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

**GENTLEMAN REQUIRES BED-SITTING ROOM**, West End Flat.—Write Box A.140, The Times, E.C.4.

**TO be LET**, March, April, May, small FURNISHED SELF-CONTAINED FLAT; 2 rooms, kitchenette; Regent's Park.—Write Box 7675, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

**C.**—Ever so many thanks for lovely gift and wishes. H. W.

**YOU WISH to SPEAK in PUBLIC?** Then join classes of the Anti-Socialist Union, 34, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Session begins this week. Booklet free.

**FALING HOUSE** for SALE, five minutes from Broadway Stations; three reception, five bed rooms, kitchen, bath, usual offices, garage, stabling; 3 acres, tennis lawn, small garden; over 66 years' lease unexpired; well built; price for quick sale £1,550. Write Box G.3714, The Times, E.C.4.

**AN ITALIAN LADY** (late Prima Donna) gives individual TUITION in SINGING and VOICE PRODUCTION by Lamperti Method. Special consideration given to beginners. 3, Gardenlaw Mansions, Box 1597, L.P.E., 112, St. Martin's-lane, W.C.2.

**AN OPPORTUNITY** occurs for men and women of a good standing to augment their income.—Write in confidence, giving particulars, Box A.136, The Times, E.C.4.

**PURE WHITE CAIRN DOG**, 5 months; both parents winners. What offers?—Ross, Langley, Lisa, Hants.

**DANCING.**—Four lessons £1 1s.—Miss Carew, 91, Regents-street, secd. A. and N. Bonsfield, Gerrard 6191.

**FOLKESTONE.** Miss ZOE RORKE-CREE, L.R.A.M., L.G.S.M. Gold Medallist L.A.M. Elocution, RECEIVES PUPILS in Folkestone, Wednesdays and Fridays; special class for children. Letters, 80, Westbourne-terrace, W.2.

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## PUBLIC NOTICES

*4 lines 16s. (minimum)*

**GENERAL LYING-IN HOSPITAL**, York-road, Lambeth, S.E.1.—The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the GOVERNORS will be held at the Hospital on WEDNESDAY, February 26th. The chair will be taken by Sir Francis Champneys, Bart., M.D., at 3.30 p.m. precisely.

By Order
LILY HEARN, Secretary.

**IN accordance** with the provisions of the POISONS and PHARMACY ACT, 1908, we hereby give notice that we are APPLYING for a LICENCE for the Sale of Poisonous Weedkillers and Insecticides used in Agriculture and horticulture for our premises at Haynes Park, London, S.W., and our branches, 134, Regent-street, W.; 129, High Holborn, W.C.; 53a, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.; 15, Cheapside, E.C.; and Houston-road, Forest Hill, S.E.

CARTER'S TESTED SEEDS, Ltd.
Secretaries' Office, COLE, A.C.A.
Raynes Park, London, S.W.20. 21st February, 1930.

**PATENTS and DESIGNS ACTS, 1907 to 1928.**—Notice is hereby given that Babcock and Wilcox, Limited, of Babcock House, 34, Farringdon-street, London, SEEK LEAVE to AMEND the SPECIFICATION of LETTERS PATENT No. 135,314 granted to Babcock and Wilcox, Limited, Herbert Henry Baker, and Christopher Samuel Peck, for "Improvements in and relating to Improved means for distributing the fuel on to the grate surface of a stoker."

Particulars of the proposed amendment were set forth in No. 2144 of the Illustrated Official Journal (Patents), published on the 19th February, 1930.

Any person, or persons, may give Notice of Opposition to the amendment by leaving Patents Form No. 19 at the Patent Office, 25, Southampton-buildings, London, W.C.2, within one calendar month from the date of publication of the said Journal.

W. S. JARRATT, Comptroller-General.

## ROAD TRANSPORT

*3 lines 9s. (minimum)*

**PASSENGER SERVICE**

**THE RELIABLE CAR HIRE SERVICE** of LONDON. Rolls-Royce and Daimler cars for hire hourly or yearly.—W. J. Smith, Ltd., Pioneers of Car Hiring, Little Cadogan-place, S.W.1. Sloane 4777.

**THE FINEST CAR HIRE SERVICE** IN THE WORLD.—Daimler Hire, Ltd

## SHIPPING

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### BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.
P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient and New Zealand Companies.
All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

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By steamers 11,000 to 21,000 tons, weekly services to Egypt from London direct or via Marseilles.
Algiers fortnightly from and to London.
Malta fortnightly from London and Marseilles.
For further information apply P. & O. House (as below)

### EASTER AT SEA BY P. & O.
visiting Gibraltar (for Southern Spain and Morocco, &c.), Marseilles (for Riviera, &c.). Fares from £13 to £25 10s. For Easter Booklet apply as below.

### P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

| Ship. | Tons. | Commander. | London. | Marseilles. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rajputana .. | 16,000 | Niven .. | — | Feb. 28 |
| ¶** Ranchi | 16,600 | Brooks .. | Feb. 28 | Mar. 7 |
| Mooltan .. | 21,000 | Townshend | Mar. 7 | Mar. 14 |
| ¶*Morea .. | 11,000 | Holland .. | Mar. 14 | Mar. 21 |
| Rajputana .. | 16,000 | Thornton .. | — | Mar. 28 |
| *Viceroy of India | 19,700 | Ohlsen .. | Mar. 28 | Apr. 4 |
| Malwa .. | 21,000 | Browning .. | Apr. 4 | Apr. 11 |
| †Kaisar-i-Hind .. | 11,500 | Headlam .. | Apr. 11 | Apr. 18 |
| Ranpura .. | 16,600 | Furlong .. | Apr. 17 | Apr. 25 |
| †*Macedonia .. | 11,000 | Morton .. | Apr. 25 | May 2 |
| Naldera .. | 16,000 | Harrison .. | May 2 | May 9 |
| *Comorin .. | 15,000 | Cartwright .. | May 9 | May 16 |
| Morea .. | 11,000 | Holland .. | May 16 | May 23 |
| †Razmak .. | 11,000 | Thornton .. | May 23 | May 30 |

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.

| | From London and Marseilles. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ¶Cathay .. | 15,000 | Niven .. | — | Feb. 27 |
| Mooltan .. | 21,000 | Townshend | Mar. 7 | Mar. 13 |
| ¶Chitral .. | 15,000 | Siggers .. | Mar. 21 | Mar. 27 |
| Malwa .. | 21,000 | Browning .. | Apr. 4 | Apr. 10 |
| ‡Moldavia .. | 16,500 | Allin .. | Apr. 17 | Apr. 24 |
| Naldera .. | 16,000 | Harrison .. | May 2 | May 9 |
| ‡Mongolia .. | 16,500 | Rhodes .. | May 16 | May 22 |
| Narkunda .. | 16,500 | Parker .. | May 30 | June 6 |

Taking passengers for *Algiers, †Malta, ‡Port Sudan ||Calling at Tangier.
‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers for Australian ports.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bhutan (cargo) | 6,000 | — | Feb. 28 | — |
| Perim (cargo) | 7,648 | — | Mar. 14 | — |
| Bangalore (cargo) | 6,000 | — | Mar. 28 | — |

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rajputana .. | 16,600 | Cadle .. | — | Feb. 28 |
| ¶ Behana (cargo) | 11,167 | — | Feb. 24 | — |
| ¶ Khyber .. | 9,000 | Bectwell .. | Feb. 28 | — |
| Kashmir .. | 9,000 | Sudell .. | Mar. 6 | — |
| Mantua .. | 11,000 | Hignett .. | Mar. 21 | Mar. 28 |
| Khiva .. | 9,000 | Dickinson .. | Apr. 3 | — |
| Ranpura .. | 16,609 | Furlong .. | Apr. 17 | Apr. 25 |

¶ Not calling Southampton.

### BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

| Ship. | Tons. | Antwerp. | Mid'sbro. | LONDON |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| HOMALIA .. | 8,441 | — | Mar. 1 | Mar. 8 |
| *MASULA .. | 7,261 | Mar. 15 | Mar. 22 | Mar. 29 |
| *MUNDRA .. | 7,276 | Apr. 12 | Apr. 8 | Apr. 19 |
| *WARFIELD .. | 6,060 | Apr. 26 | May 3 | May 10 |

* Carco Steamer.
‡ Not calling Port Okha and Bedi Bunder.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

| Ship. | Tons | Antwerp. | Mid'sbro. | LONDON |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MANDALA .. | 8,246 | — | Mar. 1 | Mar. 8 |
| MANELA .. | 8,303 | Mar. 5 | Mar. 15 | Mar. 22 |
| MEKURA .. | 8,286 | Mar. 19 | Mar. 29 | Apr. 5 |
| MARGHA .. | 8,278 | Apl. 2 | Apl. 12 | Apl. 19 |

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

| Ship. | Tons. | Antwerp. | Mid'sbro. | LONDON | M'seilles. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| MALDA .. | 9,066 | — | Mar. 8 | Mar. 14 | Mar. 22 |
| MODASA .. | 9,070 | Mar. 22 | Apl. 2 | Apl. 11 | Apl. 19 |
| MADURA .. | 9,077 | Apl. 19 | Apl. 30 | May 9 | May 17 |
| MATIANA .. | 9,067 | May 17 | May 28 | June 6 | June 14 |

QUEENSLAND.

| Ship. A STEAMER | Tons. — | Mid'sbro. — | Immingham. — | LONDON — |
|---|---|---|---|---|

### PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager, F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.
City Booking Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3;
Paris: Société Française P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines,
Monte Carlo (Col. C. Pane, P. & O. Agent), Av. de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS:—
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:—
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 15, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; R.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; Middlesbro' to Bombay and Karachi, Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and Queensland Line, Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

### NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA

### VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

| Ship. | ( Tons. | SOUTHAMPTON |
|---|---|---|
| RUAHINE .. | 17,000 | Mar. 14 |
| RANGITANA (new motor vessel) | 17,000 | Apl. 11 |
| RANGITANE (new motor vessel) | 17,000 | May 9 |
| ROTORUA .. | 12,500 | June 6 |
| *REMUERA .. | 11,500 | June 13 |

* Via Suez.
Apply the N.Z.S. Co., Ltd. (J. B. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele., Avenue 3220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

### UNION S.S. Co. of NEW ZEALAND
TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A.
Thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

| | From ‡Vancouver. | From †San Francisco. |
|---|---|---|
| TAHITI .. .. | — | Mar. 19 |
| AORANGI .. .. | April 2 | — |
| MAKURA .. .. | — | April 16 |
| NIAGARA .. .. | April 30 | — |

‡Canadian-Australasian Line via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
Apply to Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

### P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Calling en route at Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

| | Tons. | London. | Firm'th. |
|---|---|---|---|
| BENDIGO .. .. | 13,500 | 14 Mar. | 15 Mar. |
| †BARADINE .. .. | 13,000 | 11 Apr. | 12 Apr. |
| †BARRABOOL .. .. | 13,000 | 9 May | 10 May |
| †BALLARAT .. .. | 13,000 | 6 June | 7 June |

†Carrying HIS MAJESTY'S MAILS and calling at Aden.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

| | Tons. | London. | Marseilles. |
|---|---|---|---|
| R.M.S. MOLDAVIA .. | 16,500 | Apr. 17 | Apr. 24 |
| R.M.S. MONGOLIA .. | 16,500 | May 16 | May 22 |

Apply 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, or (passage only) 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

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### ORIENT LINE.
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

| | Tons. | London. | Toulon. | Naples. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ORAMA .. | 20,000 | Mar. 1 | Mar. 7 | Mar. 9 |
| ORMONDE .. | 15,000 | Mar. 15 | Mar. 21 | Mar. 23 |
| ORSOVA .. | 12,000 | Mar. 29 | Apl. 4 | Apl. 6 |
| ORVIETO .. | 12,000 | Apl. 26 | May 2 | May 4 |
| ORONSAY .. | 20,000 | May 24 | May 30 | June 1 |
| ORAMA .. | 20,000 | June 21 | June 27 | June 29 |
| OTRANTO .. | 20,000 | July 19 | July 25 | July 27 |
| ORMONDE .. | 15,000 | Aug. 16 | Aug. 22 | Aug. 24 |

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

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CITY HALL
### BUCKNALL
FAST REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

| Steamer. | Tons. | Date. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| City of Paris .. | 10,902 | Feb. 25 | Bombay and Karachi |
| City of Venice .. | 8,308 | Mar. 4 | Bombay and Karachi |
| City of Calcutta .. | 8,421 | Mar. 5 | Colombo and Calcutta |
| City of Hongkong .. | 9,678 | Mar. 15 | Bombay and Karachi |
| City of York .. | 7,844 | Mar. 24 | Bombay and Karachi |

Calls (a) Marseilles.
LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| City of Karachi .. | 5,573 | Mar. 1 | C. Town, Algoa B. |
| Trafford Hall .. | 5,321 | Mar. 29 | E. London, Natal. |

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.
AUTUMN SAILINGS ON APPLICATION.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
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LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. .. Cent. 3340
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street .. Cent. 9222

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FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

| Vessel. | Tons. | Sailing Liverpool. | Sailing Marseilles. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yorkshire .. .. | 12,500 | Feb. 21 | Mar. 1 |
| Leicestershire .. .. | 12,000 | Mar. 7 | Mar. 15 |
| Shropshire .. .. | 12,000 | Mar. 21 | Mar. 29 |
| Oxfordshire .. .. | 12,000 | Apr. 4 | Apr. 12 |

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele.: Regent 8086, 8087.

### MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
ANGKOR .. Mar. 7 and Mar. 21 | SPHINX
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
DIX DUCHESSE .. Feb. 28 and Mar. 14 | L. DE LESSEPS
PIRÆUS, CONSTANTINOPLE, SMYRNA & BEYROUT.
PIERRE LOTI .. Mar. 11 and Mar. 25 | LAMARTINE
EGYPT AND BEYROUT.
LOTUS .. .. Mar. 4 and Mar. 11 | CHAMPOLLION
For passages and all particulars apply to—
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No booking fee.

## SHIPPING (continued)

### CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
A special travel opportunity—additional sailing of SCYTHIA (20,000 tons) from LIVERPOOL MARCH 1st, to HALIFAX and NEW YORK.
Perfect comfort at reasonable rates.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

### BERENGARIA - - FEB. 26

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *AURANIA .. | Feb. 28 | AQUITANIA .. | Mar. 12 |

* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

### *SCYTHIA - - - - MAR. 1

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| †LANCASTRIA .. | Mar. 8 | *ANDANIA .. | Mar. 15 |

† Via Belfast and Glasgow, not Cobh. * Calls Boston.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—HALIFAX, N.S.

### *AURANIA - - - - FEB. 28

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *ASCANIA .. | Mar. 14 | *ALAUNIA .. | Mar. 21 |

* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL-BELFAST-GLASGOW-HALIFAX, N.S.

### SCYTHIA - - - - - MAR. 1

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *LANCASTRIA .. | Mar. 8 | ANDANIA .. | Mar. 15 |

* Via Cobh, not Belfast and Glasgow.
WINTER CRUISES.
By "LACONIA," 20,000 tons, from Southampton.
To MEDITERRANEAN, Mar. 8, 25 days, from 50 guineas. To ATLANTIC ISLES & NORTH AFRICA, March 29, 16 days, from 30 guineas.
MIDSUMMER CRUISE.
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton.
To BALTIC, NORWAY, and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), August 1st, 19 days, from 33 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 25-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

### OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

### WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK via Cherbourg.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Majestic .. Wed., Mar. 5 | Majestic .. Wed., Mar. 26 | | |
| Olympic .. Wed., Mar. 19 | Homeric .. Wed., Apl. 2 | | |

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK
via Queenstown.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cedric .. Sat., Mar. 1 | Doric .. Sat., Mar. 15 | | |
| (2)*Arabic Sat., Mar. 8 | (2)*Baltic .. Sat., Mar. 22 | | |

* Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston. † Via Halifax, N.S.
LIVERPOOL—HALIFAX, N.S.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Arabic .. Sat., Mar. 8 | Baltic .. Sat., Mar. 22 | | |

SOUTHAMPTON—HALIFAX, N.S.
Megantic .. Sat., Mar. 29
(Via Cardiff and Galway.)
LONDON—NEW ZEALAND via Panama.
Ionic (Passengers from Southampton only) Fri., Feb. 28

### RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
ANTWERP—S'HAMPTON—CHERBOURG.

| | From Antwerp. | From Southampton and Cherbourg. |
|---|---|---|
| (4) Westernland .. | Mar. 14 | Mar. 15 |
| (4) Pennland .. | Mar. 28 | Mar. 29 |

### TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON to HALIFAX, N.S.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (4) Westernland .. | .. | Sat., Mar. 15 |
| (4) Pennland .. | .. | Sat., Mar. 29 |

From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.

### ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON TO NEW YORK
via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
London-Boulogne, £5.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Minnewaska, 21,716 tons .. | .. | Mar. 1 | Mar. 29 |
| *Minnetonka, 21,998 tons .. | .. | Mar. 15 | Apr. 12 |

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.
Single Fare, £23. Return Fare, £40. London-Boulogne, 30s.
*Minnekahda, 17,281 tons .. Mar. 22 | April 19
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

### FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
REGULAR
EXPRESS, FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD
CABIN SERVICES
from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO
NEW YORK.

| | From Plymouth. | Due New York. |
|---|---|---|
| "ILE DE FRANCE" (c) .. | Feb. 26 | Mar. 4 |
| "PARIS" (c) .. | Mar. 12 | Mar. 18 |
| "ILE DE FRANCE" (c) .. | Mar. 19 | Mar. 25 |
| "PARIS" (c) .. | Apr. 2 | Apr. 8 |
| "ILE DE FRANCE" (c) .. | Apr. 9 | Apr. 15 |
| "DE GRASSE" (c) .. | Apr. 12 | Apr. 20 |

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin service.
Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (cabin class) MONTHLY.
Also
### PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| S.S. "FLANDRE" .. | .. | Feb. 24 |
| S.S. "PELERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. | .. | Mar. 24 |

The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
### FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO
monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 29, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

### CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.
OCEAN LINE.

| | From Southampton. | |
|---|---|---|
| HAVANA .. | .. | .. |
| VERA CRUZ .. | RIO BRAVO .. | Mar. 18th |
| TAMPICO .. | RIO PANUCO .. | Apr. 10th |
| GALVESTON .. | Wainwright Bros. and Co., | |
| HOUSTON .. | 21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. | |

### HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
### TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.
NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First class fare from £35) Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM (First class fare from £42 10s.) April 19
HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
### †S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons.
Next Sailing .. .. .. April 11
### TO CUBA AND MEXICO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *LEERDAM .. | Mar. 8 | *SPAARNDAM .. | Mar. 29 |

* From Boulogne. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele. No Gerr. 5440), or to, 37, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No. Mon. 9021).

### UNITED STATES LINES
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
TO NEW YORK.

| U.S.L. | A.M.L. |
|---|---|
| From Southampton weekly. Famous Cuisine. From £38 Return (Tourist Cabin) | From London weekly. One class only £30 10s., with bath £25 10s. |

Booklets, &c., FREE from your Agent or U.S. Lines Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)

### HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
(HAPAG.)
SOUTHAMPTON TO NEW YORK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Milwaukee .. .. .. .. | March 1 |
| Hamburg .. .. .. .. | March 15 |
| Albert Ballin .. .. .. .. | March 22 |
| Hamburg .. .. .. .. | April 12 |

### SHORT SEA TRIPS.
Southampton to Hamburg, Mar. 6, Mar. 24.

### 3 MEDITERRANEAN PLEASURE CRUISES
By cruising s.s. "OCEANA."
Next Cruise leaves Venice, March 16th.
Visiting the Adriatic, Constantinople, Greece, Rhodes, Palestine, Egypt, Sicily, Naples, ending at Genoa April 14th.
Fares from £46 10s.
Apply to WM. H. MULLER and Co. (London), Ltd., 66-68, Haymarket, London, S.W.1.

### ANCHOR LINE
LIVERPOOL TO
### BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *CIRCASSIA .. | Feb. 27 | ‡BRITANNIA .. | Mar. 27 |
| *CASTALIA .. | Mar. 12 | *MASSILIA .. | May 2 |

* First Class Passengers only. ‡ Specially low Fares.
‡ First and Third Class Passengers. † Calls Port Sudan.
¶ Leaves Marseilles April 3.
Vessels reconditioned by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

### GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SCYTHIA .. | Mar. 1 | ANDANIA .. | Mar. 15 |
| CALIFORNIA .. | Mar. 7 | CAMERONIA .. | Mar. 21 |

ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

### CLAN LINE.
CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.

| | Newport. | Glasgow. | Birkenh'd. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN MACINDOE .. | .. | Mar. 9 | Mar. 12 |

NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND BEIRA.

| | Newport. | Glasgow. | Birkenh'd. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN MACFARLANE .. | Feb. 27 | Mar. 5 | .. |

NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND MAURITIUS.

| | Newport. | Glasgow. | Birkenh'd. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN MACFARLANE .. | Feb. 27 | Mar. 5 | .. |

BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.

| | Glasgow. | M'chester. | Birkenh'd. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN BUCHANAN .. | Feb. 24 | Mar. 1 | Mar. 3 |

Marmagoa, Calicut, Cochin, and Tuticorin direct.
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND CHITTAGONG.

| | Glasgow. | M'chester. | Birkenh'd. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN GRAHAM .. | Mar. 6 | Mar. 13 | .. |

MARMAGOA, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALEPPEY, TUTICORIN, AND CHITTAGONG.

| | Glasgow. | Birkenh'd. | London. |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLAN CHATTAN .. | Mar. 14 | Mar. 18 | Mar. 25 |

For rates of freight, &c., apply to CAYZER IRVINE and Co., Ltd., London, Glasgow, Liverpool; or to E. E. KYNASTON and Co., Manchester.

### PLEASURE CRUISES. HOLIDAYS AT SEA.
Over 200 special departures of cruising steamers from England during 1930—For full choice apply for NEW CRUISE PROGRAMMES.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT and Co., Ltd., 25, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1. Gerr. 2094-5.

## SHIPPING (continued)

### SOUTH AMERICA
by
### THE ROYAL MAIL LINE, BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST SHIPS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, Portugal, and *Madeira.

| Vessel. | Gross Tons. | From S'hampton. | From Liverpool |
|---|---|---|---|
| *ALMANZORA .. | 15,551 | Feb. 28 | — |
| DESEADO .. | 11,477 | — | Mar. 1 |
| *ALCANTARA (M.V.) | 22,181 | Mar. 14 | — |
| DESNA .. | 11,483 | — | Mar. 15 |
| *ARLANZA .. | 14,930 | Mar. 28 | — |
| DEMERARA .. | 11,484 | — | Mar. 29 |
| ASTURIAS (M.V.) | 22,071 | Apl. 11 | — |
| *ALMANZORA .. | 15,551 | Apl. 25 | — |

EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

### THE PACIFIC LINE
to
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, Via France, Spain, PERU, PANAMA CANAL.
BERMUDA, HAVANA,

| Vessel. | Gross Tons. | From S'hampton. | From Liverpool. |
|---|---|---|---|
| ORCOMA (calls Trinidad) .. | 11,580 | Feb. 27 | — |
| ORITA (calls Jamaica) .. | 9,298 | Mar. 13 | — |
| ORDUNA .. | 15,507 | Apl. 8 | — |
| OROPESA (omits Bermuda) .. | 13,073 | Apl. 17 | — |

### R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"
38 DAYS' CRUISE
TO MEDITERRANEAN
from Southampton, 15th March, visiting
MALAGA, HOLY LAND, EGYPT RHODES, CONSTANTINOPLE, SALONIKA, ATHENS, &c.
Accommodation still available.
LONDON (America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. (Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Gorse, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capuches. Or Local Agents.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC
### CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.
(Via Cherbourg.)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| MELITA .. .. .. | .. | Mar. 8 |
| MONTROSE .. .. .. | .. | Mar. 15 |
| MONTCLARE (via Queenstown) .. | .. | Mar. 22 |
| METAGAMA .. .. .. | .. | Mar. 29 |

LIVERPOOL TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| MONTCALM (R.G.) .. .. .. | .. | Feb. 28 |
| DUCHESS OF YORK (R.G.) .. .. | .. | Mar. 7 |
| DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (R.G.) .. .. | .. | Mar. 14 |
| DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (R.) .. .. | .. | Mar. 21 |

(R.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.
GLASGOW TO SAINT JOHN, N.B.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| MONTCALM .. | Mar. 1 | D. OF ATHOLL | Mar. 15 |
| D. OF YORK .. | Mar. 8 | MINNEDOSA .. | Mar. 24 |

### JAPAN AND CHINA.

| | |
|---|---|
| EMPRESS OF ASIA (from Vancouver) .. | Mar. 29 |
| (Latest Atlantic Steamer to connect. | |
| EMPRESS OF CANADA (from Vancouver) .. | April. 17 |
| (Latest Atlantic Steamer to connect. | |
| DUCHESS OF YORK, Apl. 4.) | |

### NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| NIAGARA .. | Mar. 5 | ORANGI .. | Apr. 2 |

When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.
Apply CANADIAN PACIFIC, 62-65, Charing-cross, London, W.C.2; 103, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; Royal Liver Building, Liverpool; 31, Mosley-street, Manchester; 4, Victoria-square, Birmingham; Canute-road, Southampton; 18, 80, Augustine's-parade, Bristol; 25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

### AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jarvis Bay .. | 1,164 tons from Southampton | | Mar. 5 |
| Large Bay .. | 14,184 tons from Southampton | | Apl. 2 |
| Moreton Bay .. | 14,145 tons from Southampton | | Apl. 30 |

Fares from £58 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.2; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3; or Principal Booking Agents.

### NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS
BY
"MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA."
(oil burners).
### SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE,
34, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

### THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT & CO., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PENANG AND CHINA.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| "Patroclus" | 11,314 tons from Liverpool | March 1st |
| "Antenor" | 11,174 tons from Liverpool | March 29th |
| "Hector" | 11,198 tons from Liverpool | April 26th |
| "Ajax" | 10,653 tons from Liverpool | May 24th |
| "Sarpedon" | 11,321 tons from Liverpool | June 21st |
| "Patroclus" | 11,314 tons from Liverpool | July 19th |

London Agents, Alfred Holt and Co., Ltd., 8, Billiter-sq., E.C., and all Main Booking Offices.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE
TO
### SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (9) S.S. THEMISTOCLES From Liverpool | | 8th MAR. |
| (1) S.S. ASCANIUS " Liverpool | | 29th MAR. |
| (3) S.S. EURIPIDES " Liverpool | | 28th APR. |

(1) First class only. (3) First and Third Class Passengers.
For full particulars apply to :—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 10, Londenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
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### UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

| | London. | Southampton |
|---|---|---|
| GRANTULLY CASTLE .. | Feb. 27 | — |
| ILLANGIBHY CASTLE .. | Feb. 27 | — |
| *WALMER CASTLE .. | — | Feb. 28 |
| †DURHAM CASTLE .. | Mar. 6 | — |

* Via Madeira. † Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal. ‡ Via Teneriffe, Ascension, and St. Helena.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

### N.Y.K. LINE.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

| | Tons. | London. | Marseilles. | Naples. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SUWA MARU .. | 10,700 | Mar. 8 | Mar. 15 | Mar. 17 |
| FUSHIMI MARU .. | 11,000 | Mar. 22 | Mar. 29 | Mar. 31 |
| HAKOZAKI MARU | 10,500 | Apl. 5 | Apl. 12 | Apl. 14 |

Also calling at Gibraltar.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE from SAN FRANCISCO via HONOLULU to JAPAN and CHINA.
Through Bookings from Europe.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. (A Limited Company incorporated in Japan.) West End Agency, Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

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Incorporating the services of the former ROYAL NETHERLANDS WEST INDIA MAIL.
Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curacao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.
Next Sailings from Dover :—

| | |
|---|---|
| S.S. "SIMON BOLIVAR" .. | Mar. 8 |
| S.S. "CRYNSSEN" .. | Mar. 22 |
| S.S. "STUYVESANT" .. | Apr. 5 |

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA

| | |
|---|---|
| S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" .. | Mar. 8 |
| S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU" .. | Mar. 29 |
| S.S. "NICKERIE" .. | Apr. 19 |

For passage rates and full particulars apply to—
Phs. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 18-19, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. (Phone: Regent 4329.)
Or to CITY OFFICE: 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone, Monument 0021.)

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE
TO
### SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

| | |
|---|---|
| (9) S.S. THEMISTOCLES From Liverpool | 8th MAR. |
| (1) S.S. ASCANIUS " Liverpool | 29th MAR. |
| (3) S.S. EURIPIDES " Liverpool | 28th APR. |

(1) First class only. (3) First and Third Class Passengers.
For full particulars apply to :—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 10, Londenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

### UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

| | London. | Southampton |
|---|---|---|
| GRANTULLY CASTLE .. | Feb. 27 | — |
| ILLANGIBHY CASTLE .. | Feb. 27 | — |
| *WALMER CASTLE .. | — | Feb. 28 |
| †DURHAM CASTLE .. | Mar. 6 | —

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*3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)*

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**A** Bare Few Minutes from Earl's Court.—Attractively FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Running hot and cold water every room; from 29s. 6d., double 45s.—12, Redcliffe-square. Kens. 2557.

**THE MADRID,** SOUTH KENSINGTON (Frobisher 4907). 147, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.

**A** Beautiful and most attractive Private Residential noted for its really excellent table and service; luxurious public rooms, comfortable bed rooms, gas fires, constant hot water, &c. Inclusive terms from 3gns.

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**A** DELIGHTFUL ROOM, newly decorated and furnished; divan; electric fire; service, catering optional; moderate.—30, Harcourt-terrace, Redcliffe-square. Kens. 4745.

**A** Gentlewoman offers singly charming BED-SITTING ROOMS, breakfast, 25s. to 2½ gns.; dinners, cooking recommended; also large unfurnished room facing gardens.—82, Philbeach-gardens, S.W.5. (Frob. 3163.)

**A** High-class PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL; charming situation; reception and bed rooms overlooking private gardens; 76 bed rooms; gas fires; patronized by Naval, Military, and Indian Civil Service. Terms from 3s., and double room £4.—Apply Proprietor, 54-58, Princes-square, London, W.2.

**A** DRY SUITE, suit two, with board, £6; also sing rooms from £2; close West End.—Mrs. Hay, 40, Norfolk-square, W.2. (Padd. 0121.)

**A** Lady OFFERS a COMFORTABLE HOME in her attractive house to a few guests; most convenient to all parts; terms moderate.—91, Holland Park avenue, W.11. 'Phone, Park 1146.

## APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

### REGENT'S PARK.

**ALBANY HOUSE,** 16, Park Village West, N.W.1.—FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL; excellent accommodation; noted cuisine.—Apply Tariff. Museum 7783.

### GLOUCESTER-ROAD, S.W.7.

**ALL** rooms newly furnished and decorated; fitted hot and cold water; gas fires; excellent cooking; from 3gns.; minute station.—'Phone Western 0544.

**7, CLANRICARDE-GARDENS,** HYDE PARK, W.2. JUST OPENED.

**ALL** newly decorated. BED-SITTING ROOMS fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires all rooms; one minute Tube, omnibus, and Kensington Gardens. From 35s. Breakfast optional. Park 7875.

MRS. LAYMAN'S HOUSES.

**54, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, W.2.**

HYDE PARK. PADD. 5298.

**ALSO** 9, NEVERN-SQUARE, EARL'S COURT, S.W.5 (Frobisher 4929). Well-appointed rooms; full or partial board; terms 27s. 6d. to 3gns. Our country residential is Prestwood Park, Great Missenden. 'Phone 189.

**AMERICAN** ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Ladies only. Catering as desired. Moderate prices. 75, Linden-gardens, W.2. (Park 8957.) 19, Queen's-gate-terrace, S.W.7. Kensington 1079. Ladies or gentlemen.

136, Holland-road, W.14. (Park 9183.)

**AN** ENGLISH FAMILY RECEIVE GUESTS; young, commercial society; homely, comfortable; five minutes Earl's Court Underground (Piccadilly-circus 10, City 20).—53, Lexham-gardens, Cromwell-road, Kensington, W.8.

**THE EXCELSIOR.**

**AN** ideal position. Running hot and cold water day and night, gas fires, most comfortable lounge; really good liberal table. From £2 7s. 6d.—1-2, Ladbroke-gardens, Notting-hill-gate, W.11.

**APARTMENTS,** well furnished; also Suite with bath room; Campden Hill, close Kensington Gardens; excellent cooking and attendance.—Western 6972.

**APARTMENTS.** Select; minute HYDE PARK, very central; doubles; from 2gns.; everything new.—8, Inverness-place, Bayswater.

**ARLINGTON COURT.**

**A** Quiet, comfortable house; 50 bed rooms with running hot and cold water; gas fires; billiards; 2 gns. —27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4163.

**199, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, S.W.7.**

**A** RESIDENTIAL CLUB; facing Park; inexpensive, comfortable rooms, with private 'phones, gas fires, lounge, restaurant, card room; garage. Kensington 6767.

**ARMY & NAVY.**

**1, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.** Three minutes two Tubes, Hyde Park; exceptional table, meals well cooked and daintily served; four reception rooms; box spring beds; gas fires in all bed rooms; constant hot water; special winter terms £3 8s. 6d., £3 13s. 6d., double 6, 7, and 8 guineas; daily 11s.; bed, breakfast, and bath, 8s. Padd. 3528.

**A** ROOM WITH A VIEW to be LET, Furnished, historical old house, Highgate Village; also small one; five minutes Kenwood, 25 City and West End.—Mount-view 3427.

**10, SUSSEX-GARDENS, W.2.**

**ATTRACTIVE** one, two, and three room well FURNISHED SERVICE FLATS; kitchenettes, baths; 'phones; hot and cold running water; gas fires, central heating; from 3gns. Padd 5655. ALSO 72, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE, W.2. Park 1622. From 2gns., includes breakfast, &c.

**SOUTH KENSINGTON.**

**ATTRACTIVELY** FURNISHED One-Room SERVICE FLATS; new furniture, new artistic decorations; bath rooms on every floor; divan beds, enclosed washstands; everything new and first-class. Singles from £1 17s. 6d., including breakfast, service, and electric light; doubles from 3 guineas; dining room.—10, Earl's Court-square (close Tube). Kensington 8071.

**SOUTH KENSINGTON.**

**ATTRACTIVELY** FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 30s., double £1 each, including service, constant hot water, electric light, and hot baths; divan beds, gas fires, central heating.—14, Emperor's-gate, S.W.7 (Western (2266), and, adjoining, 8, Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Western 12564. (Close Gloucester-road Tube.)

**THE NORFOLK.**

**AT** KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS (all gas fires); full board from 45s. 6d.; two large first-floor double, with balcony. Park 3801.

**RESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS.**

**AT** THE WHITE HOUSE Bridge Road, Randolph-crescent, Maida Vale, W.9.—Attractive Suites and Bed-Sitting Rooms; gas fires; Lounge Restaurant; TENNIS COURTS; three minutes Warwick-avenue Tube, 10 minutes Piccadilly; bus service to all parts.—Mrs. HOLT. 'Phone, Padd. 3534.

**AT** 8, MANSON PLACE, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.—An handsomely furnished BED-SITTING ROOM; entrance floor; double or single; quiet, comfortable, convenient.—'Phone Kens. 3513.

**PARKSIDE.**

**AT** 11, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.—First-class, overlooking Park; spacious, most comfortable and quiet; excellent cooking; gas fires bed rooms; passenger lift.

**QUEEN'S COURT.**

**AT** 25 and 27, EARL'S COURT-SQUARE, KENSINGTON, S.W.5.—Passenger lift, gas fires, central heating; nine bath rooms; excellent cuisine. Terms from 3gns. Kens. 3940 and 3941. Resident Proprietor.

**THE EMERALD.** (Park 9363.)

**AT** 30 and 31, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Newly opened. Gas fires. From 2gns.

**AT** 30, NEVERN-SQUARE, EARL'S COURT, S.W.5.—Charming BED-SITTING ROOMS from 2½ gns.; constant hot water, gas fires; meals optional. Frobisher 2422.

**AT** 36, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2. Two minutes Paddington.—Bachelor rooms; breakfast, perfect meals, valeting; from 35s. Suite (South aspect), comfortable for two friends, 3 guineas, no extras. Padd. 2915.

**BACHELOR.**—Large BED-SITTING ROOM; breakfast, bath, every convenience.—4, Gloucester-street, Belgrave-road, S.W.1. Five minutes Victoria.

**GLOUCESTER-ROAD STATION.**

**BACHELOR** FURNISHED SUITE; rent from 52s. 6d. Also Bed-Sitting Room, first floor; 'phone, valet, catering.—10, Harrington-gardens.

**EMBASSY.**

**BAYSWATER-ROAD,** W.2, facing Park; minute Tube; 70 rooms; garage; gas fires, hot and cold water. From 55s., double 5gns. 'Phone, Padd. 7787. Porter.

**53, SEYMOUR-STREET, W.1.**

**BEAUTIFULLY** FURNISHED SUITE and SINGLE ROOM with breakfast, fitted basins, hot and cold water, central heating; dining room; every convenience. Near Marble Arch. 'Phone, Padd. 5787.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS or Suite; ground and first floors; basement hot and cold water laid on; rooms on floors; newly furnished and decorated; close Lancaster gate and Bakerloo Tubes.—66, Oxford-terrace, Hyde Park. Padd. 8653.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS, fitted hot and cold running water, gas fires; inclusive breakfast, bath, light, attendance, from 35s.; redecorated throughout.—At 64, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flaxman 85.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS with bath, breakfast, light, attendance; all fitted with basins (hot and cold water), gas fires, and newly decorated; single rooms vacant, 45s.—96, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 9502.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS from 25s., including electric light, baths, constant hot water.—4a, Moreton-terrace, Old Brompton-road, S.W.5, near S. Ken. Station.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS, close Marble Arch; hot and cold water in rooms; electric fires; constantly decorated; with breakfast from 35s. 6d.; second floor 3gns.—15, Oxford-terrace, Hyde Park. Padd. 2881.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS (quiet); single 25s., double 42s.; gas fires and rings; close Park and Queen's-road Tubes.—29, St. Petersburgh-place, W.2. Park 2148.

**BED-SITTING** ROOMS (quiet); single 25s., double 42s.; gas fires and rings; close Park and Queen's-road Tubes.—28, St. Petersburgh-place, W.2. Park 2148.

**BRIGHT, COSY** BED-SITTING ROOM, 30s., breakfast optional.—48, New Cavendish-street (facing Welbeck-street). 'Phone, Mayfair 7058.

**EVERSLEY COURT,**

**6, PEMBRIDGE-SQUARE, W.2.**

**CENTRALLY** SITUATED for BUSINESS and PLEASURE. Gas fires in all bed rooms; constant hot water; inclusive terms from 3gns. single, from 5gns. double, according to rooms. 'Phone, Park 5313.

**SOUTH KENSINGTON**

**CHAMBERS.**—Exclusive BACHELOR ROOMS, baths, service, valeting, from 21s.; gas fires; ample bath rooms; meals as required; minute Tube stations, Queensgate, Gloucester-road, Piccadilly, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, Hyde Park-corner, Oxford-street, Regent-street, Bond-street, Mayfair, Victoria, Waterloo, Charing Cross, Strand, Fleet-street, Holborn, Bloomsbury, Euston, St. Pancras, Kings Cross, Liverpool-street, Fenchurch-street, Mansion House, Cannon-street, London Bridge, Waterloo, Westminster, Victoria, Sloane-square, Chelsea, Fulham, Hammersmith, Shepherd's Bush, Notting Hill, Kensington, Earl's Court, Olympia, Addison Road, Kensington, Gardens, Paddington, Edgware-road, Marble Arch, Oxford-street, Regent-street, Bond-street, Mayfair, Victoria

# Sporting News

## RACING

### KEMPTON PARK MEETING

#### GREGALACH'S FINE WIN

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

Gregalach won the Coventry Steeplechase, run over 3½ miles, at Kempton Park on Saturday in most impressive style and quite easily from Ballyhanwood, with Alike third, and Merrivale II. fourth and probably third best. Gregalach was not nearly so well handicapped in this race as he is in the Grand National, to be run at Aintree next month. He was ridden on Saturday by Everett, who won the Grand National on him last year. In spite of what appeared to be his indifferent handicapping, and the fact that he had to carry 12st. 7lb., Everett always had him in the front rank. He was indeed never out of the first three, and, taking the lead a mile from the finish, he went on to win unchallenged. He may be a little lighter than he was when he won at Manchester earlier in the month, but he remains a really fine-looking steeplechaser, to whom a pound or two more or less would make no difference. He was not in any way distressed after the race, although he was sweating freely. His jumping throughout the race was beautiful to watch, and if he escapes from misfortune at Aintree next month he will very likely win the Grand National for the second year in succession, a feat never before accomplished. He has of course Easter Hero to beat, but he seems to me more of a real steeplechaser than that handsome racehorse and, as I have pointed out many times before in these Notes, it is the steeplechaser and not the racehorse who generally wins at Aintree. I can see no reason why any of the other National horses in the race on Saturday should beat him next month. Don Sancho fell, as did Sandy Hook, the latter going really well until a loose horse caused him to take off too soon at a fence soon after the water. Merrivale II. was not beaten so much by the distance as by the company which he was meeting.

The remainder of the afternoon's racing was, of course, not of the importance of this event, but it was interesting, and for many people no doubt profitable. The opening event, the Manor Selling Steeplechase, was completely devoid of any excitement, for the three starters went off in Indian file, the favourite, Coolcommon, in front; the second favourite, Cylvida, second; and the outsider of the three, Second National, third and last. There was never any change in this order, Coolcommon winning with ease. He was entered to be sold for 50 guineas, so that there was a nice surplus for the second and for the Race Fund when he was bought in for 490 guineas, which seems a very large price for the winner of such a minor event. It is only a year ago since Miscou was considered by many people to have had an excellent chance of winning the Lincolnshire Handicap. He finished third, and then later in the season won two minor events. During the present winter he has been expected on several occasions to win a hurdle race, but he has always run second. On Saturday he was started in the Chertsey Hurdle, a very unimportant selling event. Once more he was trusted, and started at 5 to 4 against. About half a mile from the finish Ingham, who was riding him, took him to the front, and he came into the Straight with a lead of several lengths and going so easily and well that it seemed certain that he would win. When, however, he was challenged between the last two hurdles by Granderie he was at once beaten, or, rather, it should be said, refused to struggle and was beaten easily. There was no evidence in the betting on the race that the winner was fancied. He was once trained in the same stables as Miscou, who, if he would run up to his home gallops, would run away with such a race as this.

The market on the Kenyngton Hurdle suggested that On Approval was very much expected to win, for he was backed down to 7 to 4 against after many people had had 3 to 1 and even longer odds. There was also sound support for The Sirdar, who had, I believe, been well galloped with such a good hurdler as Valois. Whatever chance The Sirdar may have had vanished at the second hurdle, when he ran out. His rider, P. Donoghue, instead of pulling his mount up continued in the race and was afterwards spoken to by the Stewards. With The Sirdar out of the way the path to success for On Approval was made easier, and, after always being well placed, he drew away approaching the last hurdle and won with a few pounds in hand from Friar Dominic, with Winter Royal third. The last-named always runs well and therefore pays the penalty of always being in a handicap with fully as much weight as he is entitled to, thus suggesting that it is not always, at racing at any rate, honesty which pays. The Sirdar would appear to be very fit and well, and, provided that he does not run out again, should win over hurdles very soon. Mr. Brownhill and Drintyre added to their recent wins when they won the Amateurs' Steeplechase from Black Sea and Billy Savage. It was obvious a long way from the finish that one of these three would win.

A very enjoyable meeting was concluded with the St. James's Hurdle, for which the French-bred Numide was always a very pronounced favourite. He was never going so well in the race as he was in the market and the best that he could do was to finish fourth, beaten by Golden Rain, On Avon, and Hyde Park, who finished in that order, Golden Rain winning very comfortably. He was one of three saddled by W. Nightingall for the race, the other two being Roi de Saba, who, as usual, made much of the running and then retired gracefully from the contest, and Lounge Lizard, who was at a just shorter price in the market than the winner, the one starting at 7 to 1 and the other at 8 to 1.

#### LEICESTER PROSPECTS

WISTOW SELLING HURDLE (2m.).—It is a long time since Borjom was started and he then ran over fences. Merryvale seems fairly handicapped, as does Lavande, and the latter could probably win if only she would do her best all the way. V.C. was third at Windsor last week, but is a very moderate animal. The selected from BATTLE ARRAY and Fair Pauline might run well. The former seems to me rather kindly handicapped. If he is started he would be my selection. In his absence his stable Companion, Fair Pauline, might win.

STONYGATE SELLING STEEPLECHASE (3m.).—The majority of the possible starters here have been appearing in such races all the season, winning sometimes and being beaten at others. The best of them may be ROMAN HACKLE, who has won his last two races, and that seems more consistent form than that of any of the others.

MELTON STEEPLECHASE (2m.).—Avion and Teme Salmon have won over fences and therefore if started would have to be considered here. Scorpion is another who has shown promise as a steeplechaser, but I would like one of these three to win only if MISTLETOI were not started. This is a very useful young horse who in time is certain to make a good steeplechaser and he should be followed whenever he is started in a race of this sort.

BLABY STEEPLECHASE (2m.).—I know nothing of the French-bred Kakimono as a steeplechaser. Mountain Slip has shown himself to be a useful recruit to jumping and must if started have a fair chance. Even with a penalty Bonar Bridge is fairly handicapped, and I doubt whether Mountain Slip can give him nearly a stone. Flywheel and Fluke should run well, but it is a very long time since Ptolemais was seen out. If he is started and the market indicates that he is fancied then it would not be wise to ignore his chance. Cornafulla is not without a chance with Bonar Bridge 7lb. extra, but if absent, MOUNTAIN SLIP, seems to me the best selection.

LEICESTERSHIRE HURDLE (2m.).—Adage even with top weight must have a good chance. Two Royals, Knud, and Forbra have fair chances, while on some of his old form Cardinal's Ring is not badly handicapped. Winter Royal ran on Saturday. ADAGE seems to me the probable winner.

KILBY HURDLE (2m.).—If CORDUROY is started here as part of his Lincolnshire preparation he would be an obvious selection. In his absence the winner might be GLEESOME.

#### LEICESTER PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived)

1.30.—The **WISTOW SELLING HANDICAP HURDLE RACE** of 100 sovs. Two miles.

| | Yrs | st | lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| OAKWOOD (Mr. J. Powell) ..... McMullen | a | 12 | 7 |
| SONNY FITZ (Mr. D. Forrester) ..... Barthropp | a | 12 | 7 |
| VIRA (Mr. P. Hands) ..... Thrale | a | 12 | 1 |
| aBALLYRAG (Mr. J. W. Simmonds) ..... H. Smyth | a | 12 | 0 |
| aGOLDEN EAGLE (Mr. W. Needham) ..... Cransick | 6 | 12 | 0 |
| aRED CONRAD (Mr. J. F. Johnson) ..... Pendarves | a | 11 | 12 |
| EMILE D'ARGENT (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... Pendarves | 6 | 11 | 11 |
| BORJOM (Mr. G. H. Hutchens) ..... Butchen | 6 | 11 | 10 |
| MERRYVALE (Mr. W. J. Rimell) ..... T. Rimell | a | 11 | 10 |
| ASPHODEL LODGE (Mrs. E. Brock) ..... Pendarves | a | 11 | 9 |
| LAVANDE (Mr. T. Hartigan) ..... O. Anthony | 6 | 11 | 9 |
| ANTARANTO (Mr. A. S. Grant) ..... Coe | 5 | 11 | 9 |
| MAT MCGUIRE (Mr. R. Middlemas) ..... Reardon | a | 11 | 8 |
| HILTON (Mr. W. F. Ramsom) ..... Ramsom | a | 11 | 7 |
| SOLYMELLUS (Mr. J. Hamey) ..... Newey | 6 | M | 7 |
| ROBBERS' MARCH (Mr. R. C. Pearson) ..... C. Pigcott | 5 | 11 | 7 |
| RALLYKINLER (Mr. E. W. Merrell) ..... R. Parfitt | a | 11 | 7 |
| LAMINTONE (Mr. R. G. Shaw) ..... Gosden | a | 11 | 5 |
| HAIL FELLOW (Mrs. Merrick) ..... Fenwick-Palmer | 6 | M | 4 |
| ASPITOS (Mr. H. Hall) ..... J. Hall | 6 | 11 | 0 |
| BEAU SABREUR (Mr. F. Hands) ..... Thrale | 4 | 11 | 0 |
| ELIZABETH ANN (Mr. J. G. Lyall) ..... J. Lyall | 5 | 11 | 0 |
| ROSE'S LOVER (Mr. A. Bickley) ..... Bickley | a | 10 | 12 |
| SPALDING (Mr. C. Flintham) ..... J. Lyall | 6 | 10 | 10 |
| BATTLE ARRAY (Mr. J. Moseby) ..... Moseby | a | 10 | 9 |
| FAIR PAULINE (Mr. J. Moseby) ..... Moseby | 6 | 10 | 9 |
| GLEN OF IMAAL (Mr. J. Hirst) ..... Chamberlain | 6 | 10 | 7 |
| SUNNY GLEN (Mr. J. E. Whiting) ..... Whiting | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| aV.C. (Mr. A. J. Redman) ..... W. Smith | 5 | 10 | 7 |
| COURT PICTURE (Mrs. N. Roberts) ..... Roberts | a | 10 | 7 |
| MENARLO (Captain J. Rogerson) ..... Pease | a | 10 | 4 |
| DENTIST RAMBLER (Mr. P. Higgins) ..... McGuigan | a | 10 | 0 |
| SWANAGE (Mrs. Barthropp) ..... Barthropp | a | 10 | 0 |
| aDUCK BOY (Mr. S. Alvarez) ..... Pulford | a | 10 | 0 |
| aSHOOTERS HILL (Mr. H. E. Jeffrey) ..... Pulford | a | 10 | 0 |
| IDOLATRY (Mr. F. W. Brock) ..... R. Thompson | a | 10 | 0 |
| SILVER SPRING (Mr. J. A. Newnan) ..... Geering | a | 10 | 0 |

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

RALLYRAG, A. Linegar; GOLDEN EAGLE, —; RED CONRAD, Owner; SPIDOT LODGE, S. Ingham; HILTON, Owner; SOLYMELLUS, J. Hamey; HAIL FELLOW, J. Moloney; SKIPTON, H. Whiteman; ELIZABETH ANN or SPALDING, R. Lyall; BATTLE ARRAY or FAIR PAULINE, W. Parvin; GLEN OF IMAAL, G. Goswell; V.C., —; COURT PICTURE, J. Middleton; MENARLO, S. Duffy; DUCK BOY or SHOOTER'S HILL, T. Morgan.

2.0.—The **STONYGATE SELLING STEEPLECHASE** of 100 yards. Three miles and 50 yards.

| | Yrs | st | lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| TEST MATCH (Mr. J. R. Balding) ..... G. Balding | a | 11 | 13 |
| HENNYBOOBYWAY (Mr. J. D. Baldock) ..... G. Baldock | a | 11 | 13 |
| PRIORITY (Mr. C. E. Bennett) ..... Thrale | a | 11 | 13 |
| MAORI CHIEF (Mr. W. H. Cooper) ..... Whiting | a | 11 | 13 |
| SUNCOURT (Major-Colonel R. Fenwick-Palmer) ..... Fenwick-Palmer | a | 11 | 13 |
| ENDWELL (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges | a | 11 | 13 |
| KWANGO (Mr. J. Pedarves) ..... Pedarves | a | 11 | 13 |
| ODIN (Mr. B. Warner) ..... Barthropp | a | 11 | 13 |
| ROMAN HACKLE (Mr. W. R. West) ..... J. Hall | a | 11 | 13 |
| aPECUNIARIO (Mr. J. Ainsworth) ..... Ainsworth | a | 11 | 8 |
| HANDSPIKE (Mr. J. B. Balding) ..... G. Balding | a | 11 | 8 |
| STRUMLEVER (Mr. E. B. Forwood) ..... Forwood | a | 11 | 8 |
| SOUTHERN RUN (Lady Glenapp) ..... Pease | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| DURLIN (Mr. Colin Blinks) ..... Blinks | a | 11 | 8 |
| GOLD LABEL (Mrs. Masters) ..... Bletsoe | a | 11 | 8 |
| MELODIOUS (Mr. R. Paget) ..... H. Leader | a | 11 | 8 |
| STARFILED (Mr. T. Whitehead) ..... Whitehead | a | 11 | 8 |
| RARA AVIS (Mr. Sparrow) ..... Sparrow | a | 11 | 8 |
| THEKKER'S WAY (Mr. Stanley) ..... T. Stanley | a | 11 | 8 |
| aIRISH CHIEFTAIN (Mr. W. R. West) ..... J. Hall | a | 11 | 8 |
| OLAF (Major H. Musker) ..... Briscoe | 4 | 10 | 0 |

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

MAORI CHIEF, —; SUNCOURT, Owner; KWANGO, F. Brookes; ROMAN HACKLE or IRISH CHIEFTAIN, G. Wilson; PICCADILLO, —; STRUMLEVER, J. Regan; GOLD LABEL, Mr. H. Delmege; OLAF, J. McDonald.

2.30.—The **MELTON STEEPLECHASE** of 100 sovs. Two miles.

| | Yrs | st | lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| CLYMPING (Mr. C. Goad) ..... Pendarves | a | 12 | 4 |
| aAVION (Mrs. M. Gordon) ..... Powell | a | 12 | 4 |
| TEME SALMON (Mr. F. Gresswolde-Williams) ..... Rimell | 5 | 12 | 2 |
| VISCOUNT (Capt. J. W. Bridges) ..... I. Anthony | 6 | 11 | 13 |
| ROYAL BOWER (Mr. D. G. Dickson) ..... Coulthwaite | a | 11 | 13 |
| PAPLEY STONEY (Mr. J. Balding) ..... G. Balding | a | 11 | 12 |
| SLANEY (Sir M. McAlpine) ..... H. Harrison | 6 | 11 | 13 |
| GOLDEN BUCKLES (Mr. A. M. Woodford) ..... Saxby | a | 11 | 11 |
| REDAN (Sir G. Pigott) ..... E. Pigott | a | 11 | 8 |
| FINCHLEY BRIDGE (Colonel H. Alves) ..... Fulford | a | 11 | 8 |
| TORCHLIGHT TATTOO (Mr. J. Balding) ..... G. Balding | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| ASTETCHWORTH (Mr. J. A. Dewhurst) ..... Bickley | a | 11 | 8 |
| ASTROLOGER (Mr. E. B. Forwood) ..... Forwood | a | 11 | 8 |
| DERBYSHIRE (Lady E. Gilbert) ..... De Mestre | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| aEARTHWARD BOUND (Mr. J. F. Barrett) ..... Barrett | a | 11 | 8 |
| LOVELY NUN (Lieut-Colonel C. Kerr) ..... Milvain | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| SCORPION (Miss E. B. C. Laidlaw) ..... Coulthwaite | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| KARMA GORGE (Mr. H. G. MacMillan) ..... R. Thompson | a | 11 | 8 |
| LOCH EAGLE (Mrs. H. Mond) ..... R. Thompson | a | 11 | 8 |
| DERMODILLE (Mr. J. Jay) ..... Whiting | a | 11 | 5 |
| BOY BRIAN (Mr. C. J. Phillips) ..... Gale | a | 11 | 5 |
| FINMERE (Mr. V. H. Smith) ..... Beeby | a | 11 | 5 |
| aFLORIS II. (Mr. R. Smith) ..... Withington | 6 | 10 | 8 |
| BACHELOR'S VENTURE (Mr. J. A. Harrop) ..... P. Dennis | a | 11 | 8 |
| aHER LAST (Mr. V. T. Thompson) F. Hartigan | a | 11 | 8 |
| ROTATION (Mr. G. M. Martin) ..... Martin | a | 11 | 8 |
| SNAKE BIRD (Mr. F. W. Wilmot) ..... Pendarves | a | 11 | 8 |
| MISTLETOI (Mrs. H. M. Hollins) ..... W. Payne | 5 | 11 | 6 |
| CONSTANCE (Captain J. Gibson) ..... Storie | 5 | 11 | 6 |
| FLEET O' GATE (Major C. Behrens) ..... Mr. Whitfield | 3 | | |
| DRAMOT (Mr. H. Dyke Dennis) ..... G. Armstrong | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| DECOLETTE (Captain D. FitzGerald) ..... Martin | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| INVERSE (Colonel G. Follambe) ..... Follambe | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| DUNSHAUGHLIN (Mr. T. Law) ..... A. Law | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| ROMAN GENERAL (Commander E. W. B. Leslie) ..... J. Burns | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| FITZJAMES (Lord Lovat) ..... W. Nightingall | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| FRENCH CONCERT (Mrs. H. Price) A. Law | 5 | 11 | 1 |
| ZINITA (Mr. A. C. Bostwick) ..... A. Law | 4 | 10 | 5 |
| TEDZIE 4 (Sir E. Hanmer) ..... H. Harrison | 4 | 10 | 5 |
| HAJJI (Mr. R. Bird) ..... Bellamy | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| Miss NAVERWIN (Mr. S. G. Golding) ..... Private | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| CENORITE (Mrs. H. Musker) ..... Briscoe | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| CHAMBERS (Mr. E. Prichard) ..... Newey | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| SOUTH ESK (Mrs. J. de Sellincourt) J. Anthony | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| HARPOONER (Mr. F. Taylor) ..... R. Gordon | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| MR. BILL (Mr. A. Watts) ..... J. Hall | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| JOHN CASEY (Mr. W. Wilson) ..... Easterby | 4 | 10 | 0 |
| aSAINTE JEANNE (Major E. H. Wyndham) ..... Withington | 4 | 10 | 0 |

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

AVION, W. Parvin; REDAN, T. Costello; EASTWARD BOUND, T. Morgan; SCORPION, K. Piggott; KARMA GORGE, J. Hamey; HER LAST, —; FLORIS II., J. Moloney; MISTLETOI, —; SAINTE JEANNE, A. Mackey; E. Everett rides either Her Last or Mistletoi.

3.0.—The **BLABY HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE** of 100 sovs. Two miles.

| | Yrs | st | lb |
|---|---|---|---|
| KAKIMONO (Mrs. G. L. Redmond) C. Chapman | 5 | 12 | 7 |
| DESERT TRIBE (Mrs. H. Bottomley) ..... Whiting | 6 | 12 | 0 |
| MOUNTAIN SLIP (Mr. P. C. Parker) ..... J. Kelly | 6 | 12 | 0 |
| AMPULLA (Sir L. Green) ..... T. E. Leader | a | 11 | 7 |
| SUMMONER (Major-Colonel R. Fenwick-Palmer) ..... Fenwick-Palmer | a | 11 | 4 |
| BONAR BRIDGE (7lb. ex.) (Colonel R. L. Birkin) ..... Paravicini | 6 | 11 | 3 |
| FLYWHEEL (Mr. E. B. Forwood) ..... Forwood | 5 | 11 | 2 |
| FLUKE (Mr. H. F. Clayton) ..... Martin | 5 | 11 | 7 |
| PTOLEMAIS (Mr. C. Hoffman) ..... I. Anthony | 5 | 11 | 7 |
| aFULL CRY (Major C. Behrens) ..... G. Armstrong | a | 11 | 6 |
| CAMP BED (Mrs. M. Gordon) ..... Powell | a | 10 | 12 |
| NO PRO (Mr. H. Bottomley) ..... Powell | a | 10 | 12 |
| RONALD YORK (Mrs. M. H. Hollins) W. Payne | a | 10 | 10 |
| FIDDLE DEE (Mr. R. C. Cotterell) H. Brown | a | 10 | 10 |
| aDRUMMER (Mr. H. Deterding) ..... R. Parfitt | a | 10 | 7 |
| PTOLEMAIS (Mr. C. Coulthwaite) Coulthwaite | a | 10 | 7 |
| aFAVOURITE SON (Mr. F. C. Clark) I. Anthony | a | 10 | 7 |
| aMOON MAID (Mr. G. Kenyon) ..... Bickley | a | 10 | 5 |
| IRISH DOLLY (Colonel C. de Paravicini) ..... Paravicini | a | 10 | 5 |
| POPPY (Mrs. D. Rogers) ..... Poole | a | 10 | 5 |
| BILLY SAVAGE (Mrs. Huntington) Withington | 6 | 10 | 5 |
| LIVERPOOL HURDLE AND LANCASHIRE HURDLE (LIVERPOOL).—Advocate. | | | |

ALL ENGAGEMENTS.—Volta's Pride and Drinmond.

#### KEMPTON PARK RESULTS

2.0 (2.1).—The **MANOR SELLING STEEPLECHASE** of 150 sovs. Two miles.

COOLCOMMON, b g. by Goldcourt—Miss Jenkins (Major J. M. J. Evans), aged, 12st. 2lb. ..... J. Hamey 1

CYLVIDA, b g. by Cylba—Vida (Mrs. J. de Selincourt), aged, 12st. 3lb. ..... W. Stott 2

SECOND NATIONAL, br g. by Achtel, dam by Frustrum (Mr. G. S. Langlands), aged, 12st. 3lb. ..... L. Rees 3

(Winner trained by Turner, at Singleton)

BETTING.—11 to 8 on Coolcommon, 6 to 4 agst Cylvida, 100 to 8 agst Second National.

Won by 15 lengths; 10 lengths separated second and third.

The winner was bought in for 490 guineas.

2.30 (2.30).—The **CHERTSEY SELLING HURDLE** of 150 sovs. Two miles.

GRANDENE, b g. by Grand Parade—Cyrene (Mr. G. H. Rich), 6 yrs. 11st. 12lb. ..... R. McCarthy 1

MISCOU, br g. by Hainault—Valona (Lord Beaverbrook), 5 yrs. 11st. 7lb. ..... S. Ingham 2

ORMUZD, ch g. by Sardanapale—Reine Marguerite III. (Mr. P. Beaumont), aged, 11st. 12lb. ..... G. Gorwell 3

Detritus (Mr. J. Allen), aged, 11st. 12lb. ..... G. Pellerin 0

Pharoah (Mies A. M. Arnott), aged, 11st. 7lb. ..... P. Prendergast 0

Rattler (Miss V. Coe), 6 yrs. 11st. 12lb. ..... W. Stott 0

Tarsus (Mr. J. A. Smith), 6 yrs. 11st. 12lb. ..... J. McDonald 0

Crevecœur II. (Major C. H. Stevens), aged, 11st. 12lb. ..... W. Payne 0

Berkeley (Mr. E. G. de Mestre), aged, 11st. ..... W. Crump 0

Paddy Town (Mr. J. Hylton), 5 yrs, 11st. 11lb. ..... H. Grawes 0

Star Boy (Mr. A. G. Whiteman), 5 yrs. 10st. 10lb. ..... A. Linegar 0

Glorious Diligence (Mrs. Walton), 4 yrs. 10st. 7lb. ..... G. Hardy 0

(Winner trained by R. Gore, at Findon)

BETTING.—3 to 4 agst Miscou, 11 to 4 Battler, 9 to 2 Star Boy, 10 to 1 each Detritus and Ormuzd, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

Won by three lengths; four lengths separated second and third. Berkeley was fourth and Glorious Diligence last.

The winner was bought in for 310 guineas.

3.0 (3.0).—The **COVENTRY TRIAL HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE** of 400 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Three miles and a half.

GREGALACH, ch g. by My Prince—St. Germaine (Mrs. M. A. Gemmell), aged, 12st. 7lb. ..... R. Everett 1

BALLYHANWOOD, ch g. by Cookhill—Crissy (Mr. M. D. Bird), aged, 10st. 12lb. ..... J. Hamey 2

ALIKE, br m. by Southannan—The Very Same (Lady H. McCalmont), aged, 10st. 10lb. ..... Mr. M. Barry 3

Don Sancho (Mr. V. H. Smith), aged, 12st. 4lb. ..... J. Moloney 0

Donegal (Mr. A. Bendon), aged, 11st. 7lb. F. Rees 0

Sandy Hook (Mr. S. Sanford), aged, 11st. 3lb. ..... T. Leader 0

Newsboy (Capt. R. E. Sassoon), aged, 11st. 2lb. ..... Owner 0

Ardeen (Sir K. Fraser), aged, 11st. ..... F. Cropey 0

Little Knicht (Mr. R. B. Brandt), 6 yrs. 10st. 12lb. ..... D. McCarthy 0

Master Billie (Mr. W. Parsonage), aged, 10st. 5lb. ..... W. Gurney 0

Toy Bell (Mrs. R. D. Cohen), aged, 10st. 4lb. ..... W. Parvin 0

Merrivale II. (Lord Westmorland), aged, 9st. 11lb. ..... W. Stott 0

(Winner trained by T. E. Leader, at Newmarket)

BETTING.—11 to 8 agst Gregalach, 5 to 1 Donegal, 6 to 1 Merrivale II., 100 to 8 each Don Sancho, Alike, and Master Billie, 100 to 6 Sandy Hook, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by four lengths; two lengths separated second and third. Merrivale II. was fourth and Newsboy last.

3.30 (3.31).—The **KENYNGTON HANDICAP HURDLE** of 200 sovs. Two miles.

ON APPROVAL, ch g. by Triumph—Petite Marie (Mr. H. Simmonds), 5 yrs. 10st. 12lb. S. Ingham 1

FRIAR DOMINIC, b g. by Friar Marcus—Welfare (Dowager Lady Penrhyn), 6 yrs. 10st. 2lb. (car. 10st. 4lb.) ..... G. Pellerin 2

WINTER ROYAL, br g. by The Winter King—Anglian Queen (Mr. G. Gilbey), 5 yrs, 10st. 12lb. ..... G. Winder 3

Golden Bay (Mr. J. Mayo), 6 yrs. 10st. 13lb. E. Vinall 0

Santhonie (Capt. R. E. Sassoon), aged, 12st. 3lb. ..... Owner 0

The Sirdar (Mr. V. Emanuel), aged, 11st. 6lb. ..... P. Donoghue 0

Porporino (Mr. S. Wootton), 4 yrs, 11st. J. McGonigal 0

First Offence (Mr. R. Cornelius), 6 yrs. 11st. 3lb. ..... D. Butchers 0

Tested (Mr. W. Scott), 6 yrs. 11st. 1lb. H. Graves 0

Kentish Plover (Mr. W. M. Cazalet), 5 yrs. 10st. 13lb. ..... Mr. Whitfield 0

Young Prince (Mr. W. Malden), 6 yrs. 10st. 8lb. ..... G. Hardy 0

Pomorian (Miss Vera Ellis), 5 yrs. 10st. 5lb. ..... R. McCarthy 0

(Winner trained by Dick, at Epsom)

BETTING.—7 to 4 agst On Approval, 9 to 4 The Sirdar, 6 to 1 Porporino, 8 to 1 each Kentish Plover and Friar Dominic, 10 to 1 each First Offence and Golden Bay, 100 to 6 Winter Royal, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by three lengths; a similar distance separated second and third. Pomorian was fourth and First Offence last.

4.0 (4.1).—The **AMATEURS' HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE** of 150 sovs. Two miles.

DRINTYRE, br g. by Drinmore—Lady Longwood (Mr. C. N. Brownhill), aged, 11st. 9lb. ..... Owner 1

BLACK SEA, bl m. by Soulouque—Wavetta (Mr. D. D. Stewart), 6 yrs. 10st. 5lb. ..... Owner 2

BILLY SAVAGE, b g. by Southannan—Kitty Kay (Mrs. Huntington), 6 yrs. 10st. 5lb. ..... Mr. Whitfield 3

Doldrums (Colonel S. S. Hill-Dillon), aged, 12st. 8lb. ..... Owner 0

The Bean (Commander A. V. Courage), aged, 12st. 2lb. ..... Mr. Scister 0

Baronet II. (Mr. R. H. Whitehead), aged, 12st. 2lb. ..... Mr. S. White 0

Maxtol (Lieutenant-Colonel Frewick-Palmer), aged, 11st. 6lb. ..... Mr. Murless 0

Cinq Ports (Captain R. L. Kettle) aged, 10st. 9lb. ..... Mr. Tuthill 0

Clymping (Mr. C. Goad), aged, 11st. ..... Mr. Thacker 0

Camperdown (Mr. D. A. Jackson), aged, 10st. ..... Owner 0

(Winner trained by Thrale, at Shirley, Croydon.)

BETTING.—4 to 10 agst Drintyre, 7 to 2 Billy Savage, 8 to 1 Clymping, 10 to 1 Doldrums, 100 to 6 Maxtol, 100 to 6 The Bean, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by a length and a half; three lengths separated second and third. Doldrums was fourth and Cinq Ports last.

4.30 (4.31).—The **ST. JAMES'S HANDICAP HURDLE** of 150 sovs.; for four-year-olds. Two miles.

GOLDEN RAIN, ch c. by Lemonora—Chicken Pie (Sir Wilfrid Bott), 10st. 12lb. ..... G. Pellerin 1

ON AVON, b or br g. by Stratford—Violet Rogson (Mrs. R. Laye), 10st. 9lb. ..... H. Grave 2

HYDE PARK, ch g. by Grand Parade—Swinton (Captain R. E. Sassoon), 10st. 6lb. ..... Owner 3

Roi de Saba (Sir P. Nowson), 12st. 9lb. ..... T. H. Carey 0

Lounge Lizard (Lord Lovat), 12st. 3lb. ..... F. Rees 0

Miss Avarice (Captain L. Montagu), 11st. 4lb. ..... Mr. M. Barry 0

Numide (Lord Queenborough), 11st. 1lb. R. Everett 0

Ben Bawn (Mr. R. W. Sharpies), 10st. 13lb. ..... S. Ingham 0

Murphy (Mr. F. W. Wilmot), 10st. 10lb. ..... D. Morgan 0

Glendyre (Mr. M. Steedman), 10st. 5lb. ..... Mr. Whitfield 0

Aesculapius (Major R. Ratliffe), 10st. 4lb. S. Kavanagh 0

Cheviotdale (Mr. B. Meallings), 10st. 4lb. D. Butchers 0

Old Ann (Mr. H. J. Bruton), 10st. 2lb. K. Piggott 0

(Winner trained by W. Nightingall, at Epsom.)

BETTING.—2 to 1 agst Numide, 11 to 3 each Old Ann and Cheviotdale, 6 to 1 On Avon, 7 to 1 each Lounge Lizard and Miss Avarice, 8 to 1 Golden Rain, 100 to 6 each agst the others.

Won by four lengths; a length and a half separated second and third. Numide was fourth and Cheviotdale last.

#### GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNING)

2.0—Coolcommon, WIN 24s. 2d.; PLACE 7s. 6d.; Miscou, PLACE 3s. 6d.; Ormuzd, PLACE 5s. 9d.

2.30.—Grandene, WIN 21s. 2d.; PLACE 7s. 6d.; Miscou, PLACE 3s. 6d.; Ormuzd, PLACE 5s. 9d.

3.0.—Gregalach, WIN 5s. 6d.; PLACE 4s.; Ballyhanwood, PLACE 23s. 9d.; Alike, PLACE 7s. 6d.

3.30.—On Approval, WIN 15s. 9d.; PLACE 9s. 9d.; Friar Dominic, PLACE 52s. 3d.; Winter Royal, PLACE 8s. 6d.

4.0.—Drintyre, WIN 5s. 6d.; PLACE 2s. 6d.; Black Sea, PLACE 5s. 6d.; Billy Savage, PLACE 2s.

4.30.—Golden Rain, WIN 22s. 9d.; PLACE 9s. 9d.; On Avon, PLACE 6s. 9d.; Hyde Park, PLACE 5s. 3d.

## BOXING

### HAILEYBURY BEAT TONBRIDGE

Haileybury beat Tonbridge in a boxing match in the Haileybury Gymnasium on Saturday by four fights to three. Neither school could put their full strength in, Tonbridge, in particular, being handicapped by illness and having to make the best of the available material with which to make up their team. On the whole, the Haileybury boxers showed up the better. They have been taught to stand well up to their man to get the full weight into their punches. An excellent fight was seen in the lowest weight, the verdict only going to Tonbridge on the referee's casting vote. Another round of it would have been enjoyed by everybody, for both showed distinct aptitude for the game.

The results were :—

118st. 6lb.—R. J. Barrow (Tonbridge) beat H. K. Meller on points.

102st. 7lb.—J. D. Banning (Tonbridge) beat N. E. Clark on points.

85st. 7lb.—J. H. Johnson (Haileybury) beat D. D. Peal on points; C. J. M. Alport (Haileybury) beat L. E. Sanderson on points.

85st. 4lb.—I. R. Payne (Haileybury) beat H. O. Peal on points.

85st. 3lb.—P. Luffman (Haileybury) beat J. B. Hobbs on points.

72st. 7lb.—P. O. de Trey (Tonbridge) beat G. W. Troughton on points.

## INTERNATIONAL DOG DERBY

QUEBEC, Feb. 22.—Emile St. Godard, of Lepas, Manitoba, won the International Dog Derby of 120 miles in 11 hours, one minute to-day, thus breaking the record for the event. The race was run in three heats of equal length. Seppala, of Nome, Alaska, was second, with the time of 11 hours, six minutes. The first prize was $1,200 and the second $800.—*Reuter.*

## LACROSSE RESULTS

SOUTHERN SENIOR FLAG

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

| | Goals | | Goals |
|---|---|---|---|
| OXFORD UNIVERSITY .. HAMPSTEAD .. | 15 | *BUCKHURST HILL .. *LEE (holders) .. | 4 |

SOUTHERN INTERMEDIATE FLAG

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE | 8 | OLD DUNSTONIANS .. | 4 |

CLUB MATCHES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| CATFORD AND PURLEY COMBINED TEAM .. | 9 | *WILLOUGBY .. | 7 |
| *CATFORD II. .. | 11 | BUCKHURST HILL II. .. | 9 |
| *SURBITON "A" .. | 6 | WALLINGTON .. | 6 |

JUNIOR LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE II. .. | 6 | SURBITON II. .. | 6 |

WESTERN CENTRE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| KINGSWESTON .. | 7 | *CLIFTON SOUTH .. | 3 |
| *OLD FAIRFIELDIANS .. | 12 | BRISTOL UNIVERSITY .. | 8 |

WOMEN'S TERRITORIAL MATCH

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *SOUTH .. | 16 | WEST .. | 6 |

(At Bournemouth)
*Home team.

## HUNTING

### MODERATE SCENT

THE BADSWORTH met at Pontefract Barracks on Saturday. A fox found in Nostell Park was killed near Featherstone. Another Nostell fox was hunted locally for an hour and abandoned. Hounds found in Rockingham Gorse and ran across the railway, marking their fox to ground near the Doncaster road. He was bolted and ran back through Rockingham Gorse nearly to Ackworth Grange, crossed the railway, passed High Ackworth, and was killed at Quakers School after a capital hunt of 60 minutes.

THE BEAUFORT met at Littleton Drew on Saturday. From Oldlands hounds ran fast through Cranhill Gorse, past Littleton Drew, and over the Burton Road. They bore left-handed by Goulter's Mill, went through Gatcombe, and making a turn towards West Kington returned through Castlecombe Park, but scent failed. A fox from Alderton was killed near the Quarry. Later hounds made a series of circles with ringing foxes over the country between Alderton Grove, Cranhill, Badminton Station, and Acton Turville Village until they were stopped at dusk near Badminton Pleasure Grounds.

THE BEDALE met at Killerby on Saturday. Hounds found in the Whin and hunted slowly for 30 minutes through Kirby, Fleetham Coverts, and back to Killerby Whin, where they lost their fox. They killed an outlier near Scruton Big Wood. Another outlier, picked up at once, ran past the Kennels to Fencote Wood, crossed Leeming Lane to Holtby and the pack checked. They picked up the line beyond the House and lost their fox near Hackforth after an hour's hunt.

THE BELVOIR had very poor sport after meeting at Stathern on Saturday, when the Duke of Gloucester was out. A fox found at Harby Hills at once went to ground in the open earths, and another from Holwell Mouth returned to the covert after running a short ring round by Little Belvoir. Being forced away a second time, he went to ground on the railway near Holwell Village, and hounds did not find again.

THE BERKELEY met at Berkeley on Saturday and had a full day's sport. From the Park hounds ran the Matford Meadows to Stone and back and lost. From the Round House they slipped into the meads near Rockhampton, crossed the Oldbury and Nupdown roads, went through the Marsh, and put their fox to ground at Bevington after 40 minutes. From the Sever

# Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

## RUGBY FOOTBALL

### FRANCE BEATEN AT TWICKENHAM

#### A GREAT EFFORT BY THE ENGLISH PACK

(FROM OUR RUGBY FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT)

France were playing on Saturday in their greatest match since England gave them a first experience of international Rugby in the season 1905-6.

Narrow victories over Scotland and Ireland had placed France for the first time well in the running for the unofficial championship, and success at Twickenham would have left their position unassailable, though still open to be shared by either Scotland or Ireland, who were playing their decisive match at Murrayfield on the same afternoon. In the circumstances, it was appropriate and natural that one of the largest and most excited crowds that ever had assembled at the ground of the Rugby Union, with Prince George and Prince Arthur of Connaught in the Royal Box, should have watched a game that was worthy of the occasion and was won by England only because once more their forwards proved themselves second to none, while the backs, individually if not collectively, shared in the triumph of pulling round a game that looked well on the way to be lost. The final score was England, one goal and two tries (11 points); France, one goal (5 points).

France, like England, were known to be strongest in front. Behind the scrummage there were all the elements of uncertainty on both sides. France had no very outstanding backs except C. Magnanou, their stand-off half, whose drop-kicking alone made him a player to be feared and watched closely all the time. Overnight, it had been stated that Magnanou would not play owing to indisposition, but at the last moment he decided to make the effort, and his failure to do himself full justice undoubtedly had a big effect upon the game. His absence might have sapped the moral of the French team in their great assault upon the Twickenham tradition; his presence in a weakened condition certainly made things easier for the English mid-field players once their forwards had reacted—none too soon—to the shock tactics of the Frenchmen at the start of the game.

France, in fact, were offered a great chance to win the match in the opening 20 minutes, but although they scored first and converted their try into a goal by means of a splendid kick, and with a little more luck might have scored another try, they had their own defence pierced twice before half-time. Here it was that England enjoyed no luck, for B. H. Black, usually a place-kicker of well above the modern average, missed each of the kicks at goal. Previously, too, Black had missed an obvious chance to land three points from a penalty kick at goal, an ill-omened failure that silenced the crowd at the very moment when they were beginning to encourage the brilliant recovery of the English forwards. The crowd, who had given the Frenchmen a louder cheer than their own men when the teams made their first appearance, and clearly were quite prepared to continue cheering them if they could prove themselves a champion side, became a purely English crowd only when the English pack really began to show their mettle. Once more, P. D. Howard, the Oxford player, from his place in the centre of the back row, showed the way, though the silent pressure of J. S. Tucker and his fellows in the scrummages and mauls also was beginning to pin down the French pack and prevent such dangerous men as Gallia, Bioussa, and Ribere from finding the open too often.

THE FRENCH TRY

Actually, in the earlier French attacks, which usually followed a success in the scrummage or line-out, which in turn had followed a splendid kick to touch by either Baillette or Magnanou, forwards like Ambert and Choy and Majerus had found it possible to tear themselves loose more effectively than Bioussa and Ribere in their favoured positions. Gallia always was a menace and deserved to rank among the best forwards ever produced by his country. It was Gallia's unerring sense of where the ball was going that really enabled Serin to score the French try at the end of 15 minutes' play, though several important things had to happen just previously. A risky and over-hurried pass from A. L. Novis to H. P. Jacob on the left wing, went astray, and Gerald, one of the French centres, snapped the ball up so quickly that, assisted by the forwards, his attack carried the ball almost up to the English goal-posts at the Clock Tower end of the ground. England failed to clear from this scrummage and, in trying to wheel the next, formed a good deal wider out, lost the ball, and let in Serin. The French scrummage half, who has the build of a burly forward, but was as quick as Sobey on this occasion, found Gallia up to take a necessary pass, kept his own feet, and took the return pass. Another stride carried him over the goal-line, and a really splendid place-kick by Ambert made the first try of the match worth five points.

Ten more anxious minutes had to pass before it really was certain that England were capable of pulling the game round. Sumatan, the French left wing, who had stood persistently offside in company with his centre whenever a set scrummage was in progress, was at last spotted by the referee, and a penalty kick ordered in front of the goalposts, at about 30 yards' range. Black's failure with the kick added to the feeling of depression left by the spectacle of J. G. Askew limping badly after a collision with one of the Frenchmen. Fortunately for England, Askew refused to allow a painful knee to affect his mobility or his kicking too seriously; he remained a gallant strong-point in the defence to the very end. It was, however, a great relief to England when Howard and H. Wilkinson broke away and, although the subsequent passing broke down rather badly, and a fine left-footed kick by Magnanou regained for his side all the lost ground, the next scrummage was to produce England's first try. A sudden breakaway on the blind side by Sobey—and A. T. Young himself could hardly have bettered it—carried him right up to the full-back. There he passed to J. S. R. Reeve, who had backed up well, and was just fast enough to baffle the pursuit of Sumatan, another fast runner.

ROBSON'S GREAT RUN

This try by no means meant that the Frenchmen had shot their bolt, and the English defence, and particularly Askew, had some more anxious moments before the forwards, among whom H. G. Periton was showing every sign of returning to his best form, again relieved the situation. No one, however, expected a second try to be scored in the two minutes that remained before half-time. Certainly the passing that led up to it was not promising. The ball reached M. Robson far too soon, and the Oxford man had to make the run of his life to make a try possible. As a matter of fact, Robson himself covered the 35 yards to the goal-line, handing off one defender, outpacing another, and, finally, with the utmost daring, swerving inwards past the full-back, who, like everyone else, had expected him to make certain by passing out to Reeve. The latter himself raised his hands in dismay and one shudders to think what would have happened if Robson's courage had exceeded his success. Black failed with the kick, but England's lead of one point was not to be despised in the circumstances.

During the interval the players were presented to Prince George, and when the game was renewed it had to be recognized that nothing less than a sustained effort by the forwards would offer England anything like safety. The effort came gloriously, but, before the Frenchmen lost the initiative beyond recovery, Gallia nearly had snatched a try and R. S. Spong, among a defence that shrank from nothing, had had to go down to the man and ball repeatedly. In attack the English-centres fumbled the ball too often to give their wings a chance. Sobey and Spong, magnificently supported by the forwards, were the men who promised a decisive try. Black, it may be added, lost another clear chance to kick a penalty goal. During the game the Frenchmen were penalized for a variety of offences inside the scrummage, one of them a curious habit by the hooker of squatting on the ground. England also were liable to feet up.

Sobey's tactical kicking was invaluable about this time, and it was from one of his slips away on the blind side of the scrummage that Periton, by now the outstanding forward on the field, scored the try which Black at last made into a goal from a spot in front of the posts. For the remaining 10 minutes the English team mostly played for safety, and the Frenchmen, though at last they began to get the ball again, had little penetrative power left. Sumatan looked their only dangerous runner. Spong had Magnanou well held.

The teams were:—

ENGLAND.—J. G. Askew (Cambridge University), back; J. S. R. Reeve (Harlequins), A. L. Novis (Blackheath), M. Robson (Oxford University), and H. P. Jacob (Blackheath), three-quarters; R. S. Spong (Old Millhillians) and W. H. Sobey (Old Millhillians), half-backs; H. Rew (The Army and Exeter), J. S. Tucker (Bristol) (captain), A. H. Bateson (Otley), B. H. Black (Oxford University), J. W. Forrest (United Services), H. G. Periton (Waterloo), P. D. Howard (Oxford University), and H. Wilkinson (Halifax), forwards.

FRANCE.—L. Piquemal (Tarbes), back; R. Houdet (Stade Français), P. Gerald (Racing Club), J. Baillette (Quillan), and L. Samatan (Agen), three-quarter backs; C. Magnanou (Bayonne) and L. Serin (Beziers), half-backs; J. Choy (Racing Club Narbonnais), G. Bigot (Quillan), A. Ambert (Stade Toulousain), M. Camel, jun. (T.O.E.C.), R. Majerus (Stade Français), A. Ribere (U.S. Quillan), J. Gallia (U.S. Quillan), and A. Bioussa (Stade Toulousain), forwards.

REFEREE.—Mr. A. E. Freethy (Wales).

### THE KENT COUNTY CUP

Sidcup beat Park House at West Wickham on Saturday by a penalty goal and three tries (12 points) to nothing in the semi-final round of the Kent County Cup competition, and will thus meet the winners of the other semi-final tie (which has to be replayed) between Catford Bridge and the Royal College of Science.

In spite of counter-attractions at Twickenham and elsewhere, there was a large and enthusiastic body of spectators—mainly, it appeared, from the Sidcup area—and it was an interesting game. The interest arose not so much from the fact that, as is usual in such matches, over-keenness spoiled the play to a certain extent, but that the Park House forwards were so much superior to the Sidcup pack that it was surprising to see the visitors have so much the better of the game. The Park House forwards and half-backs played very well indeed, but when the ball went out to the three-quarter line it was fumbled or given into an opponent's hands.

For Park House F. E. Parnacott, A. Trivass, C. S. Hooker, and G. T. Harrison were the best of a most energetic set of forwards, who did good work both in the scrummages and in the loose. L. N. Roddis and L. S. Yoxall played well at half-back, and it is a pity that they did not receive better support. H. A. Bailey seemed to be out of his place at centre three-quarter back, and E. A. Carr-Hill was decidedly erratic at full-back.

The Sidcup captain, J. H. Turner, was a host in himself at full-back. His tackling was hard and certain, and his touch-finding was very clever. The three-quarters were all good, C. H. Chamberlaine and B. A. F. Cameron doing especially good work, while J. P. Cook and R. A. Vinson were a smart pair of half-backs, who did remarkably well behind a beaten pack. F. H. M. Luker, W. J. Clifford, E. T. Groves, and C. Neame were the most prominent of the forwards.

Each side attacked in turn during the early stages of the game, the Sidcup outsides being often dangerous. The Park House defence, however, held out for over half an hour, when a passing movement by the Sidcup outsides resulted in C. G. Howard, their left wing three-quarter back, going over with a try, but F. H. M. Luker failed with the kick at goal. Sidcup continued to press up to half-time, but were unable to add to their score.

After the interval the Sidcup outsides took full advantage of what chances they obtained. J. P. Cook went over with a try, but the kick at goal failed. Then a penalty kick against Park House resulted in F. H. M. Luker kicking an excellent goal from long range. Luker shortly afterwards, concluded a forward rush by obtaining another try, being temporarily laid out in doing so, but again the kick at goal was unsuccessful.

The teams were:—

SIDCUP.—J. H. Turner (captain), back; C. H. Chamberlaine, R. A. F. Cameron, C. G. Vinson, and C. G. Howard, three-quarter backs; J. P. Cook and R. A. Vinson, half-backs; T. Harvey, J. K. Barrow, E. T. Groves, F. H. M. Luker, C. Neame, J. A. P. Bartlett, T. S. Hinds, and W. J. Clifford, forwards.

PARK HOUSE.—E. A. Carr-Hill, back; J. Ulyett Carr, H. A. Bailey, A. T. Greefe, and S. T. Lawrie, three-quarter backs; L. N. Roddis and L. S. Yoxall, half-backs; F. E. Parnacott (captain), A. Trivass, A. J. Taylor, G. T. Harrison, E. F. Weston, C. S. Hooker, J. C. F. Lee, and A. P. Watson, forwards.

REFEREE.—Mr. F. C. Bargallie (L.S.R.F.U.R.)

### GLOUCESTER LOSE AT NEWPORT

Newport beat Gloucester at Newport on Saturday by one penalty goal and one try (6 points) to nothing.

The match was played in dull, fine weather before 4,000 spectators, and Gloucester in the first half had the advantage of a moderate breeze.

From the first movement of the game Newport had a splendid chance, for Tovey got the ball away perfectly, and Morley was clear when Edwards had it. Edwards, however, attempted to beat a man unnecessarily, was checked, passed badly, and Loveridge almost dribbled away when the ball went to the ground. The magnificent kicking of Boughton, who throughout was the outstanding player on the Gloucester side, kept Newport near their "25" for the greater part of the first half, but Morley broke away with a brilliant run, and the ball was worked out quickly to the right for Morley to score a try. Newport continued to hold the advantage until the interval, and Everson had two chances to kick goals from penalties—one from just outside the "25," the other from just inside half way.

He failed with both, and Gloucester only just failed to equalize when they broke away after some bad passing by Newport.

In the second half the Gloucester forwards improved and got the ball more frequently. McCanlis and Saxby tried hard to force their way through, but were held up, and from one of several penalty kicks against Gloucester for offside play, Everson kicked a magnificent goal. Once the Gloucester half-backs worked the reverse pass with McCanlis, and he went clean through, only to be tackled by Everson. Gloucester attacked strongly towards the close, and Newport were penalized, but Boughton failed, as Everson had done in the first half, from a comparatively easy position.

The teams were:—

NEWPORT.—W. A. Everson, back; A. C. Lyle, L. J. Lewis, J. R. Edwards, and J. C. Morley, three-quarter backs; A. R. Tovey, and R. T. Carter, half-backs; H. Phillips, Peter C. Hordern, H. C. Day, W. J. Jackson, W. C. Morgan, E. J. Shiner, H. Peacock, and J. C. Slade, forwards.

GLOUCESTER.—H. Boughton, back; R. N. Loveridge, M. A. McCanlis, L. E. Saxby, and A. Hough, three-quarter backs; F. Price, and D. Meadows, half-backs; F. Rosser, F. Wadley, A. Carpenter, E. Grimley, J. Hemmings, G. Foulkes, J. Davies, and D. Crichton-Miller, forwards.

### OLD BOYS' MATCHES

| | Pts. | | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Old Paulines | 21 | Old Brightonians | 6 |
| Old Emanuel | 24 | *Old Sportsmen-Take | 0 |
| Old Elthamians | 8 | *St. Thomas's Hospital | 0 |
| 1st Bn. Welch Regt. | 11 | Old Rutlishians | 9 |
| *Old Colfeians | 11 | Siemens | 3 |
| *Maidstone "A" | 8 | Old Doverians | 6 |
| | | *Old Dunstonians | 3 |
| The Times | 14 | "Extra C" | 3 |

* Home team

## IRELAND'S VICTORY AT MURRAYFIELD

### A GREAT EFFORT BY SCOTLAND

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Ireland beat Scotland at Murrayfield on Saturday by a goal and three tries (14 points) to a goal and two tries (11 points).

It was the third time the two countries have met on that ground, and Ireland have won each time. They did not do so very easily on Saturday, though at one point in the game it seemed that they were about to overrun their opponents completely. A tremendous Scottish rally was made after half-time, and in the last 20 minutes of play the Irish line was almost constantly under heavy pressure, but hard tackling and plucky saving, aided at times by not a little good fortune, just kept the Scots from scoring again.

That rally changed the whole run of the play just when it was becoming a one-sided affair. Ireland had a lead of 11 points to three at half-time. Towards the end of the first half they had found it an easy matter to pierce the Scottish defence and their backs were well supplied with the ball from the scrummages. A rearrangement of the Scottish formation in the scrummage in the second half immediately increased their effectiveness there and seemed to encourage them to more forceful and aggressive play in the loose. That had its good effect on the backs, and within two minutes of the kick-off in the second half they scored a try in a good position which was converted and reduced the Irish lead to three points. R. C. Warren got the ball in his own half, ran up and across, passed to J. B. Nelson, and he passed to J. S. Smith, who was running at his fastest, and clutched the ball to his side with one hand. Smith ran up to the "25" line, threatened danger in the corner, and then, being hemmed in, placed a high cross-kick right in front of goal, where G. P. S. Macpherson was up to score, and F. H. Waters had no difficulty in converting.

A LAPSE IN DEFENCE

Then followed one of those lapses in defence which cost Scotland three more points. Now, as in the first half, there was a distinct weakness in the centre. The ball was not easy to hold, and it was not a simple matter for a player to keep his feet when he had to turn sharply to get to the ball. When the Scottish backs dropped their passes, they found the ball kicked beyond them and the Irish forwards and backs away in force for the line and very hard to catch up. M. F. Crowe scored the last Irish try after some passing with P. Murray and E. O'D. Davy, but P. Murray could not convert, though it was not a difficult kick and no charge was given. The same weakness in the centre had cost Scotland all the three tries scored against them in the first half. There was no close marking there and no covering up. At that time Ireland had most of the ball. M. Sugden seemed to be slow in passing out, but his passes were so long and so well given that Murray had a chance of running before passing the ball on, and he, Crowe and Davy were all alike quick in seeing the gaps through which they could go. Davy scored all three tries, but in each case he was only finishing off some fine play for which the chief credit lay with the other three. The same failing was nearly always evident in the Scottish play, and often Smith or one of the forwards had to come to the rescue. T. M. Hart was hardly ever able to master Murray. At times he missed his man or only half stopped him, but that need hardly have caused so much uncertainty among the others.

Scotland gained the first points of the game, and D. St. Clair Ford, of the Navy, who had been brought into the side as a reserve, had the honour of scoring the first try in his first international match. It followed a break-away from the scrummage by J. B. Nelson, who found his way clear because the Irish backs had come up too far when the Scottish forwards had the ball. Nelson ran right up to the full-back, F. W. Williamson, and then threw out a long, high pass to Ford, who forced his way over finely, for G. V. Stephenson, who had rather a poor day, was no match for him in speed. Ford had another fine run almost from his own line soon after with Stephenson and Davy in hot pursuit and W. M. Simmers in support, but the rest of the players who had heard the whistle watched and awaited their return to the place where the movement had started. Ford played well all through and towards the end of the game he came near scoring more than once.

The last Scottish try followed another breakaway by Nelson from a scrummage. This time he passed to Waters, who had been hurt just previously, and he just got over, but there were several others by him to whom he could have passed if the need had arisen. That was about midway through the second half, and as the try was not converted it made the score 14 points to 11 in Ireland's favour. Then came the most intensive Scottish attack. The forwards were at their best in strenuous rushes, R. T. Smith, J. Graham, L. M. Stuart, and H. G. Mackintosh being always to the fore. Their play in the scrummage was just as good, and they heeled frequently, but as in defence, so in attack, there was a decided weakness in the Scottish centre. Their stand-off half-back did not place himself in such a way as to take and then give his passes well. Frequently he had to turn and pass facing the wrong way. He took the ball well, but the effort he had to make to do so spoiled him for making his next move successfully. His failure to make ground or pass out quickly gave the Irish defence time to be right on top of their men, and thus prevent any effective attack. It was plain that a player of greater experience would have served the side much better in that position.

While Scotland were weak in the centre, that was where Ireland's greatest strength lay. The wing players had little to do, for everything was done before the ball could get out to them. Sugden passed out splendidly, but he seldom got away himself as he used to do so often; twice he let Nelson get past him and both times tries were scored. Davy, Crowe, and Murray were the three who, aided by Sugden's fine passing, won the match, and the way in which they were quick to see and seize on their chances was admirable. The Irish forwards had a time when they dominated the play, but not so greatly as the Scottish did towards the end. They were then quick to get the ball loose and carry it along with them, and they were difficult to stop. At the end they were outplayed in the lines-out, the scrummages, and the loose play. The game was intensely exciting towards the end, and it was a splendid effort by the Scottish team to recover from a position that seemed almost hopeless. Both sides played well on ground which was soft on the surface, and so rather treacherous. Ireland made one change in their team as N. Murphy was unable to play, and J. Casey took his place in the scrummage.

(Continued at foot of next column)

The teams were:—

SCOTLAND.—R. C. Warren (Glasgow Academicals), back; I. S. Smith (London Scottish), G. P. S. Macpherson (Edinburgh Academicals), W. M. Simmers (Glasgow Academicals), and D. S. Ford (United Services), three-quarter backs; T. M. Hart (Glasgow University) and J. B. Nelson (Glasgow Academicals), half-backs; W. C. Agnew (Stewartonians), J. Graham (Kelso), H. S. Mackintosh (Glasgow University), R. T. Smith (Kelso), W. N. Roughead (London Scottish), L. M. Stuart (Glasgow High School), F. H. Waters (Cambridge University), and W. B. Welsh (Hawick), forwards.

IRELAND.—F. W. Williamson (Dolphin), back; J. C. Arigho (Lansdowne), M. F. Crowe (Lansdowne), E. O'D. Davy (Lansdowne), and G. V. Stephenson (London Hospital), three-quarter backs; T. P. Murray (Wanderers) and M. Sugden (Wanderers), half-backs; H. O'Neill (Queen's University, Belfast), J. D. Clinch (Wanderers), M. J. Dunne (Lansdowne), J. L. Farrell (Bective Rangers), C. J. Hanrahan (Dolphin), G. R. Beamish (Leicester and R.A.F.), J. Casey (Young Munsters), and C. T. Payne (North of Ireland), forwards.

## BLACKHEATH WIN

### KEEN GAME AT WANDSWORTH COMMON

Blackheath beat the Old Leysians at Wandsworth Common on Saturday morning by two goals and two tries (16 points) to one try (3 points). In spite of the cold and the early start there was quite a good muster of spectators, and some interesting play was seen. The sides were evenly matched in the first half, the score at the interval being 3 points all, but afterwards the visitors asserted their superiority.

Blackheath were well served by an able pack of forwards, of whom T. W. Gubb, C. H. B. Rodham, W. E. Pratten, and C. B. Bailey were the best. Their scrummage work was admirable, and some of their dribbling of a lively ball was remarkably good. J. T. Kemp worked hard at the base of the scrummage, but clearly missed his usual partner, C. C. Bishop, although E. W. Lovegrove did sound work. J. A. N. Giles was the better of the centre three-quarter backs, and Sir T. G. Devitt made the most of the few chances which he received. S. T. A. Ratcliffe kicked and tackled smartly at full-back.

The Old Leysians had an able and courageous back in N. H. B. Thompson, who time and again went down to the ball at the feet of the forwards and saved his line on many occasions. He also kicked a good length and found touch far down the line. On the right wing W. R. B. Brash was often dangerous and had an able partner in C. E. R. Taylor, this pair frequently causing trouble to the opposing defence. G. M. Philp was somewhat neglected on the other flank, and was not so much in the picture as usual. The half-backs, G. H. Sanderson and F. B. Brown, combined well, but were hardly as quick in getting the ball out as the opposing pair. The forwards were a lively lot, with C. N. S. Boston, P. W. E. Holloway, H. S. Hargreaves, and D. R. Macpherson always in the thick of the fray.

The Old Leysians for some time had more of the game than their opponents and were somewhat unlucky not to score, but the Blackheath defence was sound. The visitors made many determined attacks before R. G. Hopkins ran in with an unconverted try. Before the interval H. S. Hargreaves ended a good forward movement by the Leysians by scoring a try. D. R. Macpherson took the kick, which was charged down by J. A. N. Giles, who was temporarily knocked out by receiving the ball in his face.

In the second half Blackheath made better use of their opportunities. Now and again the Old Leysians made desperate efforts to score again, but Blackheath's defence was too good for them. Before long T. W. Gubb went over with an unconverted try for Blackheath. Then J. A. N. Giles scored behind the posts for J. T. Kemp to convert, and, finally, T. W. Gubb ran in shortly before no side for Kemp to add another goal.

The teams were:—

BLACKHEATH.—S. T. A. Ratcliffe, back; Sir T. G. Devitt, J. A. N. Giles, R. G. Hopkins, and D. E. Morris, three-quarter backs; E. W. Lovegrove and J. T. Kemp, half-backs; H. H. C. Withers, C. Ashford, M. S. Bonaventura, C. H. B. Rodham, W. E. Pratten, G. Laing, T. W. Gubb, and C. B. Bailey, forwards.

OLD LEYSIANS.—N. H. B. Thompson, back; W. R. B. Brash, C. E. R. Taylor, C. M. Wales, and G. M. Philp, three-quarter backs; G. H. Sanderson and F. B. Brown, half-backs; C. N. S. Boston, E. J. Boston, C. F. Allison, P. W. E. Holloway, H. S. Hargreaves, E. H. Proudfoot, D. R. Macpherson, and A. Lumsden, forwards.

REFEREE.—Mr. G. Warden (L.S.R.F.U.R.).

### THE CALCUTTA CUP

The Scottish Rugby Union has selected the following team to meet England at Twickenham on March 15:—

R. C. Warren (Glasgow Academicals), back; I. S. Smith (London Scottish), G. P. S. Macpherson (Edinburgh Academicals), J. E. Hutton (Harlequins), and W. M. Simmers (Glasgow Academicals), three-quarter backs; H. D. Greenlees (Leicester), and J. B. Nelson (Glasgow Academicals), half-backs; J. W. Allan (Melrose), C. Graham (Kelso), H. S. Mackintosh (Glasgow University), W. N. Roughead (London Scottish), L. M. Stuart (Glasgow High School), A. H. Polson (Gala), F. H. Waters (Cambridge University), and W. B. Welsh (Hawick), forwards.

J. E. Hutton and A. H. Polson are the only players new to International honours. Four changes have been made from the side beaten by Ireland at Edinburgh on Saturday. Hutton, who had to stand down from the last match, comes in for A. S. Ford, Greenlees is preferred to T. M. Hart at stand-off half-back, and Allan and Polson are included in the forward line in place of W. C. C. Agnew and R. T. Smith.

### MATCH AT ETON

Rugby beat Eton at Eton on Saturday by two goals and four tries (22 points) to one goal (5 points).

Shortly after the start of the game Rugby took the ball down the field, and Pridmore got over for a good try. Mackenzie just failed to kick the goal. About 10 minutes later Pilkington burst through and touched down behind the posts for Mackenzie to kick a good goal. Rugby continued to have the better of the game, and Pilkington made a good run to score another try, which, however, was not converted. Eton then played up better, and Scott-Ellis got away with the ball at his feet. He kicked it over the line and Maudslay rushed in to touch down. Atkinson-Clark converted the try with a good kick. After Rugby had failed with a penalty kick, Jackson got over and Leader kicked a goal. At the interval Rugby led by 16 points to 5.

Eton were seen to better advantage in the second half and only the excellent defence of their opponents prevented them from scoring. Eventually Powell got over from a maul near the goal, but the try was unconverted. Just before the finish Pilkington added a try for Rugby.

The teams were:—

ETON.—D. McKenna, back; H. Peat, D. A. Hedley, the Hon. J. Scott-Ellis, and C. Maudslay, three-quarter backs; P. H. A. Brownrigg and H. J. Ketgwin, half-backs; K. M. Payne, P. A. V. Cooper, H. C. R. Gillman, B. P. Thesiger, J. C. Atkinson-Clark, W. D. C. Erskine-Crum, J. H. Little, and C. H. Villiers, forwards.

RUGBY.—J. H. Thomas, back; J. A. Wright, C. A. Pridmore, K. L. T. Jackson, and R. F. Pilkington, three-quarter backs; J. S. Powell and F. V. Evans, half-backs; J. M. O. Mackenzie, G. Moncrieff, R. Leader, K. C. Boyd, R. C. S. Low, G. D. C. Lancaster, J. D. C. Woodall, and J. V. Rintoul, forwards.

### RUGBY RESULTS

INTERNATIONAL MATCHES

| | Pts. | | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *England | 11 | France | 5 |
| Ireland | 14 | *Scotland | 11 |

CLUB MATCHES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Civil Service | 8 | Royal Navy | 7 |
| London Welsh | 11 | *London Hospital | 0 |
| Blackheath | 16 | *Old Leysians | 3 |
| Bristol | 6 | *Richmond | 0 |
| Aberavon | 15 | Penarth | 19 |
| *Bath | 29 | Moseley | 3 |
| *Bradford | 6 | Headingley | 0 |
| *Coventry | 24 | Bedford | 4 |
| Plymouth Albion | 8 | *Devonport Services | 5 |
| *Halifax | 17 | Birkenhead Park | 16 |
| *Llanelly | 4 | Cardiff | 0 |
| *Newport | 6 | Gloucester | 0 |
| Leicester | 18 | *Northampton | 3 |
| *Neath | 12 | Bridgend | 3 |
| Manchester | 5 | *Old Edwardians | 3 |
| *Pontypool | 11 | Abertillery | 6 |
| *Pen-y-Graig | 0 | Cross Keys | 0 |
| *Swansea | 57 | Skewen | 0 |
| Sidcup | 12 | *Park House | 0 |

* Home team

### SCHOOL RESULTS

| | Pts. | | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rugby School | 22 | *Eton College | 5 |
| St. Catharine's College, Cambridge | 54 | *Bedford School | 0 |
| Christ's College, Cambridge | 30 | *Haileybury College | 13 |
| *Stonyhurst College | 26 | Manchester "A" | 3 |
| Kingfishers | 13 | *Lancing College | 9 |
| Old Blues "A" | 17 | *Ducal School | 0 |
| Bristol United | 18 | *Taunton School | 3 |
| *Ampleforth College | 34 | Waterloo "A" | 8 |
| Wyggeston School | 17 | *Warwick School | 0 |
| Thanet Wanderers | 16 | *Herne Bay College | 7 |
| *Colfe's School | 17 | Bancroft's School | 3 |
| *Wellingborough "A" | 9 | King's School, Peterborough | 5 |
| | | *Westcombe Park "Extra B" | 10 |
| Aske's School | 24 | *Eastbourne College | 10 |
| *Brighton | 42 | Old Reddingensians "A" | 3 |
| *Leighton Park School | 14 | | |

* Home team

## THE NAVY BEATEN AT CHISWICK

### GOOD FORWARD PLAY BY CIVIL SERVICE

The Civil Service beat the Navy at Chiswick on Saturday by one goal and one try (8 points) to a dropped goal and one try (7 points).

Neither side was at full strength, the Civil Service being without A. F. Hamilton-Smythe, who is injured, and M. Robson, who was playing for England. The Navy side was but a shadow of its full strength, as the Devonport Services had a match with Plymouth Albion, with the result that the majority of the players were members of the regular Portsmouth Services' team. The Civil Service have for several years past been handicapped by a lack of young players, but now they have built up a team of great promise.

The Navy had the advantage of a strong breeze during the first half, but they were unable to take much advantage of this. Their forwards were heeling the ball, but the Civil Service wing forwards got round the scrummage very quickly, and Lieutenant G. P. Davies at scrummage half-back had no time in which to begin an attack. Usually he had to throw out a pass without much thought of its direction or elevation, and the passing of the Navy's backs became more and more wild. Whenever the Civil Service forwards heeled the ball their backs looked dangerous, and J. F. Davies and G. C. Richards combined excellently to give their three-quarter backs every chance. For the first quarter of an hour play was confined to the forwards, but Richards then made a lovely break through to take play to the Navy's "25." Sladen intercepted his pass and made an excellent run down the field, but instead of going through on his own he spoiled a good scoring chance by giving a bad pass to Lieutenant T. S. Lee. A. G. Lewis was playing a splendid game for the Civil Service, and eventually he broke through and passed to L. G. Ashwell, who scored a try far out. A. G. Keens, kicking an excellent goal to give the Civil Service a lead at half-time of one goal to nothing.

Davies made a beautiful break through for the Civil Service after the interval for Ashworth to score near the posts, but this time Keens failed with the kick. For a short time both Goldsworthy and J. F. Davies were off the field, and during their absence the Navy set up a sustained attack, and Lee dropped a goal. From a scrummage on the Civil Service line Davies forced his way over, but the try was not converted.

The teams were:—

CIVIL SERVICE.—T. Warne, back; P. A. Gummer, A. G. Lewis, G. Goldsworthy, and L. G. Ashwell, three-quarter backs; G. C. Richards and J. F. Davies, half-backs; A. E. Keens, W. Shepperd, A. H. Walker, S. C. Tucker, L. Vaughan, V. S. Thomas, H. R. Wright, and F. Skuse, forwards.

ROYAL NAVY.—Lieutenant S. H. Carlill (H.M.S. Excellent), back; Lieutenant A. R. Freeman (H.M.S. Fisgard), Sub-Lieutenant T. T. Eunson, Lieutenant G. M. Sladen (H.M.S. Dolphin), and Sub-Lieutenant H. J. F. Lape (R.N.C., Greenwich), three-quarter backs; Lieutenant F. S. Lee (H.M.S. Medway) and Lieutenant G. P. S. Davies (H.M.S. Champion) half-backs; Lieutenant G. P. Wick (H.M.S. Vernon), Engineer Lieutenant M. G. Brosnan (H.M.S. Constance), Lieutenant J. W. Linton (H.M.S. Dolphin), Lieutenant-Commander H. T. Laird (R.N.C., Greenwich), Lieutenant P. O. Penfold (R.M., R.N.B., Portsmouth), Lieutenant-Commander W. C. Thomas (H.M.S. Dolphin), Lieutenant H. T. Armstrong (R.N.C., Dartmouth), and Lieutenant-Commander D. Orr-Ewing (R.N.B., Portsmouth), forwards.

### NORTHERN UNION RESULTS

RUGBY LEAGUE CUP.—SECOND ROUND

| | Pts. | | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Barrow | 7 | Keighley | 5 |
| Hull | 6 | *Castleford | 3 |
| *Hunslet | 15 | Batley | 0 |
| St. Helens | 18 | *Leeds | 0 |
| *Swinton | 7 | Widnes | 7 |
| *Warrington | 12 | Leigh | 3 |
| *Wigan | 14 | Halifax | 5 |
| *Wigan Highfield | 9 | Dewsbury | 0 |

RUGBY LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Huddersfield | 13 | *Bramley | 12 |
| Hull Kingston Rovers | 5 | *Broughton Rangers | 12 |
| Salford | 13 | *Rochdale Hornets | 12 |

* Home Team

### FELBER TOKI SKI-ING CUP

INTERLAKEN, Feb. 22.—The ski race for the Felber Tokl Cup for visitors was contested at Grindelwald to-day on the Männlichen run, which is 12 kilometres long and has a drop of 1,250 metres. The winner was W. Carfe, whose time of 12min. 27sec. beat the previous record for this race. The runners-up were Buechi, P. Robinson, Lewis, and Cliff.—*Reuter.*

## ROWING

### OXFORD TORPID RACES

This year's Torpids look like creating a record, as with no fewer than 13 bumps registered on Saturday the sum total amounts to 36, as against 21 last year. The conditions on Saturday were favourable for rowing, for the north-easterly wind occasioned no inconvenience and there was very little stream. Balliol again retained the Headship without much difficulty, and although they finished two lengths ahead of University College, Worcester may possibly create a surprise, as they unexpectedly bumped Magdalen before reaching Saunders Bridge, Magdalen having got within a length of University College.

Corpus added to their laurels with a decisive bump over Christ Church and Brasenose claimed another victim in New College. Wadham also continued their successful career and may score a "highest possible," as they have now made four bumps in the three days. Lincoln, Queen's, and Merton continued their downward career unchecked, but St. Catherine's again improved their position, as did St. Peter's Hall, who display as much dash as any crew.

THIRD DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Queen's, St. Edmund Hall, Wadham II., Magdalen II., Christ Church II., Brasenose II., Exeter II., Jesus, Oriel II., Worcester II., St. Peter's Hall, Keble II., St. John's II.

Queen's suffered their third successive defeat at the hands of St. Edmund Hall, who quickly had their measure and overhauled them at the Freewater Stone, and Wadham had little difficulty in keeping their starting distance ahead of Magdalen II. Christ Church II., although putting up a gallant fight against Brasenose II., were bumped after a prolonged struggle on reaching the Cherwell. Exeter failed to escape Jesus, who, going off at a fast rate of striking, bumped them at the Weirs Bridge. St. Peter's Hall continued their upward career and made their third successive bump at the expense of Worcester before reaching the Weirs Bridge.

SECOND DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Keble, Lincoln, Exeter, Pembroke, St. Catherine's, St. John's, Hertford, New College II., Oriel, University College II., Trinity, Queen's.

Keble retained their position without any effort, but there was a capital struggle between Lincoln and Exeter. Lincoln gradually lost their advantage until there was only a quarter of a length separating the crews at the Boathouse. Passing Saunders's Bridge, Exeter made their effort and effected their bump by the New College barge, where the Exeter stroke broke his oar against the steps through the cox hugging the wall too closely. Pembroke put up a strong resistance against St. Catherine's, but the latter bumped them at Tallboy's barge. New College accounted for Hertford after a good race by the Long Bridges, and Trinity, going off at a tremendous pace, soon had University II. in difficulties and caught them at the Ferry.

FIRST DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Balliol, University College, Magdalen, Worcester, Christ Church, Corpus, New College, Brasenose, Balliol II., Wadham, Merton, Keble.

Balliol had no difficulty in retaining the Headship of the River and finished two lengths ahead of University College, who lost somewhat through Magdalen being hard pressed by Worcester. Worcester came up very fast along the Green Bank and eventually caught them near the New Cut. Christ Church experienced a further defeat and were bumped by Corpus near the Free Ferry. After a capital race a similar fate befel New College, who were bumped by Brasenose at the Keble College barge. Wadham were again on the up grade with a victory over Balliol II. at the Weirs Bridge. Keble soon took the measure of Merton and overtook them in the Gut.

### SKI-ING AT MURREN

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

MURREN, FEB. 22.

The Steeple Challenge Cup for slalom racing, held here to-day, attracted 18 entries. Captain Boughton Leigh was first, Commander J. Hall second, and Miss Beryl Walter third.

Flying-Officers H. L. Piper and C. Kaye, who are flying from England to Australia, having fitted a new cylinder to their machine, left Karachi on Saturday. They reached Allahabad yesterday, and leave for Calcutta to-day.

## LENT RACES AT CAMBRIDGE

### EMMANUEL HEAD OF THE RIVER

The Lent Races were concluded at Cambridge on Saturday, when the fine weather attracted an unusually large crowd to the riverside. Emmanuel retained their headship of the river and so are Head of the River for the first time in their history.

The day's racing yielded 18 bumps, making a total of 72 for the four days. Crews gaining their oars, in addition to the Head of the River crew, were Lady Margaret, Peterhouse, Clare II., St. Catharine's II. and III., Jesus IV., and First Trinity V.

FOURTH DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Christ's III., Trinity Hall IV., King's II., Jesus IV., Caius IV., Magdalene II., Lady Margaret IV., First

# Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

## ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL

## F.A. AMATEUR CUP

### LEYTON BEATEN

In a fourth round F.A. Amateur Cup-tie Wimbledon beat Leyton, at Leyton, on Saturday by one goal to none.

Leyton have a very fine record in the Amateur Cup, as they have been in the final for the last three years, and, well as Wimbledon have been playing, few people could have expected Leyton to be beaten on their own ground. The match, both as a spectacle and as a test of the real strength of the two sides, was spoiled by the lightness of the ball. With the frost of the past few days making the ground firm and dry, the ball remained a live, elusive thing up to the end, and, while a first-class professional side might have succeeded in controlling it and using it in the interests of good football, both teams on Saturday found the task too much for them.

The players were inclined to kick too hard and too high, and, with the forwards unable to get the ball under control in less than five yards and an appreciable interval of time, the spoiling work of the defence was made very easy. So much, indeed, were the defences on top of the attacks that only two genuine shots—both by W. W. Dowden—were sent in in the course of the whole match, and one of them scored a goal. For Wimbledon, who on the day's play deserved their victory and whose robust game was less upset by the conditions than the more deliberate game of their opponents, E. J. Caesar, at right half-back, showed himself to be a really fine footballer in the making and Dowden infused a certain amount of energy and effectiveness into a sadly harassed forward line. Leyton felt the absence of Wright, their centre half-back, acutely, and, although there were some good individual things done, the team never really settled down. Their half-back line was definitely inferior to that of Wimbledon.

The weather was fine and a large cup-tie crowd was present when the teams came out. From the very beginning there were no methodical or accurate movements, and, while the four full-backs quickly took their opportunities of robbing the forwards, their clearances did little to produce scientific football. Once E. Collins, who played well and might have been given more of the ball, put in a good centre which A. G. Keeble headed wide, but Wimbledon had the better chance of scoring when Dowden, after dribbling over to the right, put the ball back to C. F. Christie, who misskicked right in front of goal. A few moments later Dowden again beat two or three men with the ball at his feet, but his shot was very high and wide. For a long time play was of a very moderate standard. The ball was often in the air and its pace and bounce were persistently beating players who persisted in kicking it as though the ground was heavy and the ball dead. A free-kick to Leyton nearly led to G. D. Collins scoring, and at the other end J. O'Brien, from a good position, kicked the ball mildly at H. P. Jones. Neither side looked like scoring, although, after one of the few good forward movements of the match, T. W. Hawkins shot just wide of the post.

There was little improvement in the quality of the football in the second half, but the difference between the two half-back lines began to show up more clearly. Leyton quickly forced two corners, and once, with the Wimbledon goalkeeper drawn well out of goal, there was an exciting struggle before the ball was kicked away to safety. A corner to Wimbledon looked dangerous, and, while Jones was out of position, W. Margetts headed away from under the bar. A moment later Dowden got in the first real shot of the match, a high drive, which Jones reached and caught. After 30 minutes came the first, and only, goal of the match. A miskick by H. L. Judd left O'Brien, who put the ball across for Dowden to take a snap shot into the corner of the net. J. Preston did a gallant best to keep it out, but the ball was over the line before he touched it. The pace of the game became brisker after this, and for a few moments Leyton played football which looked likely to gain them an equalizing goal, but the Wimbledon defence held out until the end.

The teams were:—

LEYTON.—H. P. Jones, goal; J. Preston and L. F. Goldsmith, backs; H. W. Graves, W. Margetts, and H. L. Judd, half-backs; E. Collins, H. Hall, A. G. Keeble, G. D. Collins, and T. W. Hawkins, forwards.

WIMBLEDON.—C. F. Sterry, goal; F. Sowter and P. J. Gregory, backs; E. J. Caesar, J. Maskell, and R. A. Goodchild, half-backs; J. O'Brien, C. F. Christie, W. W. Dowden, B. Brown, and A. T. Wader, forwards.

### PERCY MAIN AMATEURS BEATEN

Showing the greater steadiness in front of goal in a keenly fought F.A. Amateur Cup-tie at Bournemouth on Saturday Bournemouth Gasworks beat Percy Main Amateurs by two goals to none.

Up to the interval there was little to choose between the teams, for while Bournemouth Gasworks did most of the attacking, the visitors made better use of their opportunities. They were, however, opposed to a resolute defence. In the second half the home side swung the ball about more, and after eight minutes' play Pettey gave them the lead. A few minutes later Cornibeer, who had been injured in the first half, but had returned, scored a second goal. Percy Main were a well-balanced side, the forwards controlling the ball cleverly, but they missed several chances through over-anxiety in shooting.

### AMATEUR RESULTS

F.A. AMATEUR CUP.—FOURTH ROUND

| | Goals | | Goals |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Northern Nomads | 1 | Stockton | 0 |
| Wimbledon | 1 | *Leyton | 0 |
| *Bournemouth Gas-works | 2 | Percy Main Amateurs | 0 |
| *Ilford | 2 | Dulwich Hamlet | 1 |

ISTHMIAN LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Tufnell Park | 3 | Clapton | 2 |
| *Leytonstone | 3 | Kingstonian | 2 |
| *Oxford City | 2 | London Caledonians | 1 |

ATHENIAN LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Wealdstone | 5 | *Cheshunt | 1 |
| Enfield | 1 | *Hampstead | 0 |
| Barking Town | 2 | *Finchley | 0 |
| *Walthamstow Avenue | 2 | Sutton United | 0 |
| Barnet | 5 | *Southall | 1 |

LONDON LEAGUE

PREMIER DIVISION

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Bostall Heath | 2 | Walthamstow Grange | 0 |
| *Dagenham Town | 3 | Carshalton Athletic | 1 |
| Chelmsford | 1 | *Epsom Town | 0 |
| *Grays Athletic | 6 | Cray Wanderers | 2 |
| Beckenham | 7 | *Whitgift Athletic | 1 |
| Romford | 1 | *Mitcham Wanderers | 0 |

SPARTAN LEAGUE

PREMIER DIVISION

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Chesham United | 6 | Aylesbury United | 2 |
| *Colchester Town | 1 | Slough | 1 |
| *Hayes | 4 | Chittalls Athletic | 1 |
| G.E. (Romford) | 4 | *Maidenhead United | 2 |
| Brentwood and Warley | 5 | *Staines Town | 1 |
| Egham | 2 | *Wood Green | 0 |

A.F.A. SENIOR CUP

FOURTH ROUND

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Ealing Association | 1 | Civil Service | 1 |
| *Cambridge Town | 5 | Old Owens | 0 |
| Hitchin Town | 3 | *Ipswich Town | 1 |
| *H.M.S. Excellent | 3 | Old Malvernians | 3 |

SURREY SENIOR CUP

SECOND ROUND

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Woking | 1 | Nunhead | 1 |
| | (After extra time.) | | |
| *Casuals | 6 | Tooting Town | 1 |

ARTHUR DUNN CUP

SEMI-FINAL ROUND

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Old Wykehamists | 1 | Old Cholmeleians | 0 |
| (At the Crystal Palace. After extra time.) | | | |

SUSSEX SENIOR CUP

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Eastbourne Comrades | 5 | Worthing | 2 |

HERTS SENIOR CUP

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Apsley | 5 | Letchworth Town | 2 |
| Hoddesdon Town | 2 | *Stevenage | 1 |
| *St. Albans City | 3 | Hertford Town | 1 |

SOUTHERN AMATEUR LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Old Lyonians | 1 | Kew Association | 1 |
| Westminster Bank | 4 | *Aquarius | 2 |
| Barclays Bank | 4 | *Bank of England | 0 |
| *Eastbourne | 6 | Carshalton | 2 |
| Bentinck House | 1 | Lensbury | 0 |
| Nomads | 0 | *Ye H | 2 |
| *Hornsey | 4 | Chequer End Vampires | 2 |
| *Quaco | 3 | Alleyn Old Boys | 2 |
| N.P. Rink | 7 | *Motor Union | 1 |

OTHER MATCHES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Merton | 2 | Cambridge University | 1 |
| *Wycombe Wanderers | 1 | Royal Air Force | 1 |

* Home team.

## THE HOLDERS WIN

### A POOR GAME AT ILFORD

Ilford, the holders, won a place in the semi-final round of the F.A. Amateur Cup on Saturday when they beat Dulwich Hamlet at Ilford by two goals to one. Ilford thus repeated the victory that they gained over Dulwich Hamlet in the semi-final round last year.

The pitch was in excellent condition, but a high wind, blowing diagonally across the field, caused most of the players a lot of trouble, and must take the blame for some of the mediocre football that was played. About 10,000 people watched the game, and it was unfortunate that neither side could produce its best form, but, on the run of the play, Ilford just deserved to win. Early in the game it looked as if the holders were going to have a trying time. G. S. Watson, their goalkeeper, received a nasty kick in the back while making a daring save, and was rather shaky for some time afterwards, and E. Gilderson, their international right half-back, injured his foot and had to slow down in consequence. Dulwich Hamlet, however, were unable to take advantage of the luck of the game. For some time after his injury Watson was never troubled, and A. Smith had such a bad day that Gilderson, ably backed up by W. B. Treisman, was still able to hold the Dulwich left wing.

E. Kail was Dulwich Hamlet's best forward, and L. B. Morrish sent over some dangerous centres when he got the ball, but W. R. Goodliffe was not able to take his opportunities. A. Hugo devoted himself entirely to shadowing R. C. Dellow, and he succeeded so well that Ilford's centre-forward hardly touched the ball throughout the match. The two backs defended well, though they kicked too hard in the first half with the wind behind them, and W. Cooper made many good saves. The Ilford forwards were disappointing, but the half-backs and backs were sound, and Watson made many fine saves, particularly in the last 15 minutes.

Dulwich Hamlet began briskly and Watson had to save from Smith in the first minute, but, a moment later, Ilford were attacking and Cooper saved from Craymer. After Dellow had shot just wide, Dulwich were awarded a free-kick when Kail was brought down just outside the penalty area, but Hugo's shot was headed out and two corners that followed were cleared. At the other end, there was one long scrimmage in the Dulwich goalmouth, but otherwise the first half was rather dull, the Dulwich defence often wasting chances by kicking too hard. The first 10 minutes of the second half really settled the issue. After several Ilford attacks, from one of which Drane shot only just too high, Craymer tried a long shot and Cooper, who appeared to be unsighted, fell too late to prevent a goal. In the next minute, after Dellow had missed a good chance, Hugo handled the ball in the penalty area, and Dellow easily scored with the kick. For the next 20 minutes Ilford seemed to have the game well in hand, but Dulwich Hamet gradually improved in the last quarter of an hour and, with a little luck, they might have saved the game. There was one remarkable scramble in front of Ilford's goal after Morrish had centred into the goalmouth. Watson fell in saving one shot, and Smith appeared to have a certain goal, but a back flung himself in the way, and several other shots were charged down. After the ball had gone backwards and forwards along the goal-line for what seemed like several minutes Ilford managed to clear. Watson had to make other good saves from Kail and Goodliffe before Kail finished a fine dribble with a clever goal. Only two minutes then remained for play, and Dulwich were never given a chance to save the game.

The teams were:—

ILFORD.—G. S. Watson, goal; W. B. Triesman and H. W. Winterburn, backs; E. Gilderson, L. Craymer, and W. Webb, half-backs; V. C. Potter, V. P. Welsh, R. C. Dellow, F. A. Drane, and G. Hughes, forwards.

DULWICH HAMLET.—W. Cooper, goal; H. Osmond and G. Robinson, backs; C. Murray, A. Hugo, and A. Aitken, half-backs; L. B. Morrish, E. Kail, W. R. Goodliffe, G. Coppas, and A. Smith, forwards.

### NORTHERN NOMADS WIN

In a game that was marked by great keenness and produced much good football, Northern Nomads beat Stockton at Formby by a goal to none in the fourth round of the F.A. Amateur Cup on Saturday.

Stockton were slightly the better team in the first half, the forwards being quick on the ball, and their combination at times reaching a high standard. On one occasion a shot by Stephenson hit the post for the visitors, and later, when the home team attacked with determination, Smithies headed against the cross-bar. After the interval Northern Nomads improved, but, though much of their forward play was admirable, it was not until five minutes from the end that Parker put in a shot which Murray was unable to clear, and Smithies won the match with a shot from close range.

## ARTHUR DUNN CUP

### OLD WYKEHAMISTS WIN

The Old Wykehamists beat the Old Cholmeleians in the semi-final round of the Arthur Dunn Cup competition at the Crystal Palace on Saturday by one goal to none, after extra time.

The first half on the whole went in favour of the Old Wykehamists, who were set to play against the wind. C. T. Ashton led several raids, from one of which Aguirré had to save a fast high shot from J. H. Sparrow. A round of passing between A. R. V. Barker and P. G. T. Kingsley was rounded off by a pass into the centre, where Ashton's shot struck the crossbar. F. H. Plaistowe broke up another attack by Kingsley and Ashton, but W. H. Webster spoiled a good run by a weak pass that enabled Mansel to clear. A. D. Bonham-Carter then picked up a shot from Lowe and cleverly dodged both R. Reeves and A. A. Carter before kicking clear. The Old Wykehamists took up the attack again, and Drosso averted an awkward situation when he intercepted Kingsley's pass to Ashton, who stood unmarked just outside the penalty area. Three times in quick succession shots were beaten down by Aguirré, but the Old Cholmeleians' forwards could not put these clearances to the best use.

In the second half a change came over the game. Facing the wind, the Old Cholmeleians set up a strong attack from the start, and Reeves headed just over the bar. They combined much better than before, and Fabian made some good runs down the wing. From one of them he seemed certain to score, but Bonham-Carter cleverly blocked his shot. This escape put fresh life into the Wykehamist attack, which seemed to have lost all its power. Ashton passed out to G. I. Barty-King, who forced a corner. This was cleared, however, and the Old Cholmeleians returned to the other end. They pressed for some time, but were unable to score, and Ashton, securing the ball from a kick up field, caused Aguirré to run out and punch away a cross shot. Fabian, who was showing great form, put in some great work on the wing, but his efforts were poorly supported by the inside forwards, and the end of the second half arrived with no score.

It was surprising to find that, in spite of the pace at which the game had been played, there was no slowing down in the extra 20 minutes. The Old Wykehamists took up the attack and Aguirré saved three shots from Ashton. When everything seemed to point to a goalless draw, the game took a remarkable turn. Bonham-Carter had kicked away to the left a shot from Fabian, Barty-King met the ball on the half-way line and raced off down the wing. Neither Jewell nor Russell could stop him, and he turned in towards goal and beat Aguirré with a splendid drive.

The teams were:—

OLD WYKEHAMISTS.—A. D. Bonham-Carter, goal; J. W. Mansel and R. Leigh Wood, backs; J. F. T. Toppin, C. S. Grinston, and J. L. T. Guise, half-backs; A. R. V. Barker, P. G. T. Kingsley, C. T. Ashton, J. H. Sparrow, and G. I. Barty-King, forwards.

OLD CHOLMELEIANS.—J. Aguirré, goal; G. W. Russell and F. H. Plaistowe, backs; F. G. Jewell, G. H. Tidswell, and M. Drosso, half-backs; D. G. A. Lowe, J. A. Carter, F. K. Reeves, W. H. Webster, and A. H. Fabian, forwards.

### THE CAVALRY CUP

The Cavalry Cup semi-final ties have been arranged as follows:—

King's Dragoon Guards v. 17th/21st Lancers, at Command Central Ground, Aldershot, March 2.
7th Queen's Own Hussars v. 16th/13th Lancers, at Colchester, March 3.

### SCHOOL RESULTS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Bradfield | 3 | Liverpool Ramblers | 2 |
| *Brentwood | 6 | Westminster Bank "A" | 0 |
| *Chigwell | 2 | Old Foresters | 1 |
| *St. John's College, Cambridge | 3 | Kimbolton | 2 |
| *Ardingly | 3 | Old Alleynians | 3 |

### TO-DAY'S MATCHES

RUGBY UNION

EDINBURGH.—Watsonians v. North of Ireland (2.45).

ASSOCIATION

THIRD DIVISION (NORTHERN SECTION)

ROTHERHAM.—Rotherham United v. Wigan Borough (2.15).

ACCRINGTON.—Accrington Stanley v. Doncaster Rovers (3.15).

## WEST HAM UNITED'S GOOD FORM

### MANCHESTER CITY WELL BEATEN

West Ham United beat Manchester City in a League match at Upton Park on Saturday by three goals to none. The victory was so decisive that it was difficult to realize that the Manchester club until quite recently seemed likely to win the Championship this season and that West Ham have been placed uncomfortably low in the table. West Ham have run into form at a very useful time and will face The Arsenal in the Cup-tie next Saturday with the confidence derived from four consecutive victories.

Manchester City provided some capital football, but the backs were a little unsteady in the first half, and the forwards, with the exception of Brook, who was the cleverest raider on the field, were foiled by the determination and skill of the home defence. Dixon played so well in goal that Hufton was not missed, and Barrett, at centre half-back, had one of his best days. The game was contested at a great pace from start to finish. A sharp wind and sunshine made the ground firm, and the ball was sufficiently lively to bounce high above the heads of the players. West Ham had the help of the breeze in the first half and made good use of the advantage. Manchester City were troubled by the variety of the attack. Not one of the West Ham forwards could be treated negligently, and Barrett, in addition to keeping Johnson in subjection, found several opportunities to drive in powerful shots from long range. Felton and Ridley could not get a grip on the methods by which they were harassed, and were often out of position through failure to anticipate which way the ball would be passed. McMullan, sturdy and yet nimble, worked with energy and resource, and even then could not hold Yews and Earle, who were often dangerous.

The West Ham pressure was severe from the kick-off and in the early stages Watson nearly scored twice. After 10 minutes Ridley conceded a corner, and Ruffell dropped the ball into the centre so accurately that Watson was able to head through well out of reach of Barber's hands. There was no slowing up after the lead had been secured. West Ham wanted goals and went out for them. For half an hour, however, they could not improve the position, although a number of corners were forced. During this period Manchester City several times carried the play to the other end and Brook hit the cross-bar with a tremendous swerving drive, and later gave Dixon opportunities as a reserve goalkeeper to secure the good opinion of the crowd. If the other Manchester forwards could have risen to the level of the left wing man the game might have taken a different course. As things were, West Ham always looked the winners, and four minutes from the interval Barrett put them farther ahead with one of his terrific drives. Barber saw the shot coming, got down to it, and was beaten by the force with which the ball was speeding. When, two minutes later, he had to meet another drive of the same kind and from the same player he was content to deflect it round the post.

Half-time arrived with West Ham still bombarding the Manchester goal, and as soon as the second half began Watson hit the cross-bar and when the ball rebounded V. Gibbons was up to shoot neatly into the net. West Ham slackened off a little towards the end of the game and more was seen of Manchester attacking movements, but there was no easing up on the part of the home defenders, and even when Johnson was allowed to go through from what appeared to be an offside position Dixon ran out and fisted the ball away before the centre-forward could shoot.

The teams were:

WEST HAM UNITED.—Dixon, goal; Earl and Cox, backs; Collins, Barrett, and Cadwell, half-backs; Yews, Earle, Watson, V. Gibbins, and Ruffell, forwards.

MANCHESTER CITY.—Barber, goal; Ridley and Felton, backs; Barnes, Cowan, and McMullan, half-backs; Toseland, Marshall, Johnson, Tilson, and Brook, forwards.

## CHELSEA BEAT NOTTS COUNTY

Chelsea, while not at their best at Stamford Bridge on Saturday, kept themselves well in the running for promotion by beating Notts County by three goals to one.

Chelsea, as usual, started well, and G. R. Mills nearly opened the scoring within a few minutes. Mills is not yet an ideal leader, for he is still inexperienced, but he has a happy knack of being in the right position for an opening which none of his immediate predecessors has possessed. Once when Wilson cleverly lobbed the ball forward down the middle Mills dashed between the backs, but his hard drive hit the cross bar. More Chelsea attacks followed, and Mills was again only just wide with a ground shot after he had shaken off the attentions of more than one defender. Bishop was in good form in this half, and it was as well that he was so, for the fast ground seemed to trouble both Russell and Rodger, who were unable to keep in touch with their forwards. Further chances came and went, and it looked to be only a matter of time before C. L. de Beaumont, 1 defeat, Total, 1.
ROYAL MARINES.—Colour-Sergeant I. W. Preston and Q.M.S. Peasnell, each 1 defeat; Sergeant Stone, 3 defeats. Total, 5.

EPEE

SALLE BERTRAND.—W. A. Evill and B. Cederin, each 0 defeat; C. L. de Beaumont, 1 defeat. Total, 1.
ROYAL MARINES.—Major Grant, 3 defeats; Lance-Corporal Tallent and Sergeant Fernihough, each 3 defeats. Total, 9.

SABRE

SALLE BERTRAND.—A. Perone, 0 defeat; A. Vidor, 1 defeat; C. L. de Beaumont, 2 defeats. Total, 3.
ROYAL MARINES.—Colour-Sergeant Preston, 1 defeat; Q.M.S. Peasnell, 2 defeats; Colour-Sergeant Hunting, 3 defeats. Total, 6.

### A NEW SCHOOL

The opening of the Tassart-Parkins Fencing School, at 11, George-street, Manchester-square, is to be celebrated to-night at 8 o'clock by a grand fencing display in which many of our leading fencers of both sexes will take part. The first part of the programme will consist of displays with foil and *épée* in which, among others, R. Montgomerie, L. V. Fildes, Mrs. Spong, J. E. Lloyd, and Professor Parkins will take part, and the second half will be devoted to a series of matches with the same weapons.

With the foil Miss Butler, the lady champion, will oppose Mrs. Minton, Mrs. Freeman will fight Miss Daniell, and F. E. Lloyd, W. W. Straker. The *épée* matches will be C. L. de Beaumont v. B. Bertrand, and the Hon. I. D. Campbell-Gray v. Professor Parkins. All the matches will be decided by the first five hits out of nine.

### ASHLEY GREEN BEAT WESTMINSTER

Ashley Green Fencing Club beat Westminster School Fencing Club, in a match with foil and *épée* at Ashley Green on Saturday, by 12 defeats to 14.

The results were:—

FOIL

ASHLEY GREEN F.C.—G. Barnes and M. Law, each one defeat; and A. Smith, two defeats. Total, four.
WESTMINSTER SCHOOL F.C.—D. M. Paterson and P. B. Williamson, each one defeat; and F. P. W. Young, three defeats. Total, five.

EPEE

ASHLEY GREEN F.C.—S. Law and H. Munn, each one defeat; A. Barnes, two defeats; and G. Barnes, four defeats. Total, eight.
WESTMINSTER SCHOOL F.C.—H. P. Low, one defeat; D. M. Paterson, two defeats; J. H. F. Norbury and P. P. W. Young, each three defeats. Total, nine.

### BEDFORD SCHOOL v. BEDFORD HOUSE

A match with foil and sabre was fought at Bedford on Saturday between Bedford School and Bedford House, a boys' club in Holborn sponsored by Bedford School. The first team match (five a side) resulted in a draw, Bedford School winning the foil by 11 defeats to 14 and losing the sabre by 14 defeats to 11.

The School won the second team match (three a side) with the foil by three defeats to six. The Bedford House team were strengthened by the inclusion of two Old Bedfordians, Colonel R. B. Campbell and P. Wardle.

## RACKETS

### VICTORY OF S. MORTIMER

BOSTON, Feb. 22.—S. Mortimer to-day won the American Rackets Championship for the fourth time, when he beat C. Pell in the final round by three games to two (15—7, 1—15, 4—15, 15—6, 18—15).

Mortimer reached the final for the 12th time by beating Morgan (18—14, 16—18, 10—15, 15—1, 15—6), and in the other semi-final Pell beat P. Kemp-Welch (15—5, 18—16, 15—10).—*Reuter.*

### PUBLIC SCHOOL MATCHES

Harrow (J. M. Stow and E. G. Williams) beat Winchester (R. H. Priestley and J. E. L. Wright) at Harrow on Saturday by 15—11, 17—14, 17—18, 9—15, 10—15, 15—9, 15—11.

I. Akers-Douglas and I. A. de H. Lyle beat Eton (R. Grant and J. de P. Whitaker) by 15—10, 15—7, 13—18, 12—15, 17—16, 8—15, 15—12.

Clifton (W. E. Carr and J. C. Sisson) beat C. Browning and P. G. Mayer by 15—11, 8—15, 9—15, 15—8, 18—14, 11—15, 15—2.

Wellington (C. J. Malin and G. S. May) beat K. O. Hunter and D. Evans by 12—15, 15—6, 17—16, 15—9, 15—6.

## SCOTLAND BEAT IRELAND

### A SECOND HALF VICTORY

Scotland, last season's champions, beat Ireland at Celtic Park, Glasgow, in a match in the International Championship on Saturday by three goals to one.

The ground was hard and covered with sand, while fog, which at one time had threatened to prevent the game being played, descended at intervals during the match and proved troublesome to both players and spectators. The score of one goal all at half-time was a fair one on the run of the play. The Irish forwards spoiled much good work by their tendency to crowd together in the goal-mouth, and as the Scottish defence was very sound it would probably have paid the visitors better if they had opened up the game more. Scotland were definitely the better side after the interval. They took a firm grip on the game directly it was restarted and never afterwards lost it. Gibson, Meiklejohn, and Craig, the half-backs, saw to it that the Irish forwards were seldom, if ever, dangerous, and also found time to supply their forwards with many good passes, so that Ireland in the second half were largely outplayed. The skill of James and Morton and the opportunism of Gallacher constantly bewildered the Irish defence, while Stevenson and Jackson on the right wing completed a very excellent forward line. The Irish backs stuck to their task well, and special mention must be made of Jones, the centre half-back, who played splendidly both in defence and attack. Bambrick, the Irish centre-forward, played a good game throughout, while McCaw and McCambridge always had to be watched.

The first real shot of the game came from Stevenson, and then for a period the fog became so thick that it was almost impossible to follow the play. The conditions improved later, but the players could be distinguished only with difficulty. Once Middleton had to run out to clear an Irish attack, but play was generally in the visitors' half of the field, and after some 30 minutes Gallacher gave Scotland the lead. This goal came after Gardiner had flung himself at full length to save from Morton; Gallacher had only to tap the ball into the net. Ireland attacked near the interval, and, after forcing a corner, McCaw scored direct with the kick. Time after time in the second half the home forwards worked their way in close, but James was inaccurate in his shooting, and it was not until 16 minutes from the resumption that Scotland regained the lead, which on the run of the play they deserved. James put in a stinging shot, which Gardiner could only punch away. The ball went to Gallacher, and the centre-forward scored easily. Another goal almost fell to Scotland in the next minute, but this time Gardiner succeeded in putting a fine shot from Jackson over the bar. Scotland, however, were not to be denied, and Stevenson got the third goal with a great shot which left Gardiner helpless.

The teams were:—

SCOTLAND.—Middleton (Cowdenbeath), goal; Gray (Glasgow Rangers) and W. Wiseman (Queen's Park), backs; Gibson (Aston Villa), Meiklejohn (Glasgow Rangers), and Craig (Glasgow Rangers), half-backs; Jackson (Huddersfield Town), Stevenson (Motherwell), Gallacher (Newcastle United), James (The Arsenal), and Morton (Glasgow Rangers), forwards.

IRELAND.—Gardiner (Cliftonville), goal; Russell (Bradford City) and Hamilton (Glasgow Rangers), backs; McDonald (Glasgow Rangers), Corporal Jones (Linfield and the Army), and S'oan (Linfield), half-backs; Chambers (Bury), Irvine (Portsmouth), Bambrick (Linfield), McCambridge (Ballymena), and McCaw (Linfield), forwards.

### FOOTBALL BY ARTIFICIAL LIGHT

Several of the leading clubs of the country were represented at a football match played by artificial light at Mansfield on Saturday night, and the almost unanimous opinion was that the experiment was a great success.

The match, which began at 6.30 p.m., was between Ollerton Forest and Welbeck Athletic in the final of the Notts Senior League. Ollerton Forest won by three goals to none. The ground was lit at each corner of the ground by arc lamps mounted on platforms 48ft. high. Each platform carried 16 powerful lamps. There were no shadows, and no difficulty was experienced by the spectators in following the game. The white covered ball had to be changed several times when it became dirty.

## FENCING

### BERTRAND'S BEAT ROYAL MARINES

Salle Bertrand were successful with all three weapons in a match against the Royal Marines (Deal) at Bertrand's Fencing Academy, Hanover-square, on Saturday, winning by an aggregate of eight defeats to 20.

The results were:—

FOIL

SALLE BERTRAND.—A. Perone, 0 defeat; B. Cederin and G. S. Cormack, each 2 defeats. Total, 4.
ROYAL MARINES.—Colour-Sergeant I. W. Preston and Q.M.S. Peasnell, each 1 defeat; Sergeant Stone, 3 defeats. Total, 5.

EPEE

SALLE BERTRAND.—W. A. Evill and B. Cederin, each 0 defeat; C. L. de Beaumont, 1 defeat. Total, 1.
ROYAL MARINES.—Major Grant, 3 defeats; Lance-Corporal Tallent and Sergeant Fernihough, each 3 defeats. Total, 9.

SABRE

SALLE BERTRAND.—A. Perone, 0 defeat; A. Vidor, 1 defeat; C. L. de Beaumont, 2 defeats. Total, 3.
ROYAL MARINES.—Colour-Sergeant Preston, 1 defeat; Q.M.S. Peasnell, 2 defeats; Colour-Sergeant Hunting, 3 defeats. Total, 6.

## LEAGUE NOTES

A feature of Saturday's League matches was the decisive defeat of Sheffield Wednesday at Huddersfield by four goals to one. The League leaders scored first, but their forwards were afterwards well held by the Huddersfield Town defence, Huddersfield scored twice in each half and always looked the more dangerous side in attack. West Ham United moved up several places in the table as the result of their victory at Upton Park over Manchester City, who are having a very lean time at present, but The Arsenal were only able to draw at Grimsby, the home side obtaining an equalizing goal with the last kick of the match.

In the Second Division the leading teams all won, so that there is no change in the order. Blackpool showed a welcome return to form by beating Preston North End by five goals to one, but it took Oldham Athletic all their time to win their match against Charlton Athletic. Brentford maintained their position at the head of the Southern Section of the Third Division, beating Fulham easily, but they are only two points ahead of Plymouth Argyle, who have three matches in hand. The biggest win of the day was registered in the Northern Section by Port Vale, who won their match with Rotherham United by seven goals to one. Watkin, who has been out of the side since October owing to injuries, scored five goals for the winners. Port Vale have a lead of six points over Stockport County, and, unless they lose their form, seem fairly safe for promotion to the Second Division.

Heart of Midlothian achieved a measure of distinction in the Scottish League, beating Glasgow Rangers on the latter's ground by three goals to one. It should be noted, however, that most of the home side's regular eleven were playing in the international match between Scotland and Ireland.

## RESULTS AND TABLES

### LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

| | Goals | | Goals |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Birmingham (Haywood) | 1 | Leeds United | 0 |
| *Blackburn Rovers (Chaliffe, Bourton 2) | 3 | Bolton Wanderers (Gibson) | 1 |
| *Grimsby Town (Robson) | 1 | The Arsenal (Lambert) | 1 |
| *Huddersfield Town (R. Kelly, Lewis, G. Kelly, Smith) | 4 | Sheffield Wednesday (Burgess) | 1 |
| *Leicester City (Chandler 3, Lochhead) | 4 | Aston Villa (Houghton, York 2) | 3 |
| *Liverpool (Hodgson 2) | 2 | Derby County (Crocks, Barclay) | 2 |
| *Manchester United (Boyle, Reid 2) | 3 | Portsmouth | 0 |
| Everton (Stein, Martin) | 2 | *Middlesbrough (Jennings) | 1 |
| *Newcastle United (Hutchison, Lang, Boyd) | 3 | Sunderland | 0 |
| *Sheffield United (Radford 2, Dunne) | 3 | Burnley (Beel) | 1 |
| *West Ham United (Watson, Barrett, Gibbins) | 3 | Manchester City | 0 |

| | P. | W. | D. | L. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sheffield Wednesday | 28 | 17 | 6 | 5 | 73 | 35 | 40 |
| Derby County | 30 | 16 | 5 | 9 | 62 | 56 | 37 |
| Manchester City | 29 | 14 | 6 | 9 | 64 | 53 | 34 |
| Blackburn Rovers | 30 | 14 | 5 | 11 | 77 | 68 | 33 |
| Huddersfield Town | 30 | 14 | 5 | 11 | 47 | 50 | 33 |
| Leeds United | 29 | 12 | 7 | 10 | 55 | 42 | 32 |
| Leicester City | 31 | 13 | 6 | 12 | 64 | 65 | 32 |
| Liverpool | 30 | 12 | 7 | 11 | 49 | 57 | 31 |
| Sheffield United | 30 | 13 | 4 | 13 | 64 | 60 | 30 |
| Aston Villa | 29 | 13 | 4 | 12 | 59 | 58 | 30 |
| Manchester United | 30 | 13 | 4 | 13 | 49 | 56 | 30 |
| Middlesbrough | 29 | 13 | 3 | 13 | 64 | 58 | 29 |
| Bolton Wanderers | 31 | 11 | 7 | 13 | 55 | 52 | 29 |
| West Ham United | 31 | 12 | 5 | 14 | 64 | 61 | 29 |
| Portsmouth | 29 | 10 | 8 | 11 | 50 | 46 | 28 |
| Burnley | 31 | 10 | 8 | 13 | 60 | 73 | 28 |
| Birmingham | 29 | 10 | 7 | 12 | 45 | 45 | 27 |
| The Arsenal | 29 | 10 | 6 | 13 | 46 | 43 | 26 |
| Everton | 30 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 51 | 63 | 25 |
| Sunderland | 28 | 8 | 7 | 13 | 48 | 50 | 23 |
| Newcastle United | 28 | 10 | 2 | 16 | 53 | 74 | 22 |
| Grimsby Town | 29 | 8 | 6 | 15 | 49 | 71 | 22 |

### SECOND DIVISION

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Barnsley (Wallbanks, Harvey) | 2 | Cardiff City | 2 |
| *Blackpool (Ritchie, Broadhurst, Upton 2, Hampson) | 5 | Preston North End (Hair) | 1 |
| *Bradford (McLean 2, Lloyd) | 2 | Swansea Town | 0 |
| *Bury (Smith, Glenn own goal) | 2 | Bristol City | 0 |
| *Chelsea (Wilson, Miller, Mills) | 3 | Notts County (Taylor) | 1 |
| *Millwall | 0 | Hull City | 0 |
| *Nottingham Forest (Stocks 3, Dickinson 2) | 5 | Reading | 0 |
| *Oldham Athletic (Dyson) | 1 | Charlton Athletic | 0 |
| *Southampton (Haines 2) | 2 | Stoke City (Armitage) | 1 |
| *Tottenham Hotspur (Thompson, Rowley 3) | 4 | Wolverhampton Wanderers (Deacon, Hetherington) | 2 |
| *West Bromwich Albion (Carter, Gledder, Cookson 2) | 4 | Bradford City (Cairns, Partridge) | 2 |

| | P. | W. | D. | L. | F. | A. | Pts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Oldham Athletic | 30 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 66 | 34 | 42 |
| Blackpool | 29 | 19 | 2 | 8 | 75 | 57 | 40 |
| Chelsea | 29 | 14 | 10 | 5 | 58 | 28 | 38 |
| Bradford | 29 | 14 | 7 | 8 | 60 | 36 | 35 |
| Bury | 30 | 15 | 4 | 11 | 60 | 50 | 34 |
| Wolverhampton Wanderers | 30 | 13 | 7 | 10 | 59 | 53 | 33 |
| Southampton | 29 | 13 | 5 | 11 | 57 | 53 | 31 |
| West Bromwich Albion | 29 | 13 | 4 | 11 | 76 | 57 | 30 |
| Cardiff City | 30 | 12 | 6 | 12 | 43 | 43 | 30 |
| Tottenham Hotspur | 30 | 10 | 9 | 11 | 45 | 47 | 29 |
| Nottingham Forest | 29 | 9 | 11 | 9 | 38 | 42 | 29 |
| Charlton Athletic | 28 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 40 | 38 | 28 |
| Stoke City | 31 | 10 | 8 | 13 | 55 | 56 | 28 |
| Hull City | 28 | 11 | 6 | 11 | 41 | 49 | 28 |
| Preston North End | 30 | 9 | 8 | 13 | 44 | 58 | 26 |
| Notts County | 30 | 6 | 13 | 11 | 40 | 48 | 25 |
| Bradford City | 29 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 34 | 54 | 25 |
| Millwall | 29 | 6 | 13 | 10 | 42 | 57 | 25 |
| Barnsley | 30 | 8 | 8 | 14 | 40 | 53 | 24 |
| Reading | 31 | 7 | 10 | 14 | 36 | 54 | 24 |
| Swansea Town | 31 | 7 | 8 | 16 | 39 | 54 | 22 |
| Bristol City | 28 | 8 | 6 | 14 | 45 | 63 | 22 |

### THIRD DIVISION (SOUTHERN SECTION)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *Brentford (Blakemore, W. Lane, J. Lane 3) | 5 | Fulham (Hammond) | 1 |
| Crystal Palace (Simpson 2) | 2 | *Brighton and Hove Albion (Kirkwood) | 1 |
| Norwich City (Thomson) | 1 | *Bristol Rovers | 0 |
| Queen's Park Rangers (Goddard 2, Rounce 2) | 4 | *Clapton Orient (Lawrence, Sanders) | 2 |
| *Coventry City (L

# Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

## GOLF

### A CAMBRIDGE SUCCESS

The Cambridge team, whose chances against Oxford in the University match have not been very flatteringly spoken of lately, restored a large measure of lost confidence on Saturday by obtaining a handsome and thoroughly well-deserved victory over the Royal Mid-Surrey Club at Richmond.

They were one match down on the Foursomes, but lost only three of the Singles in the afternoon, and among the scalps they took back to Cambridge were those of Major C. O. Hezlet and W. A. Murray, worthy of inclusion in any university museum. The Cambridge team was without W. C. Carr, who is undergoing a much-needed course of serious practice, but they have unearthed a most promising player in R. B. Beare, who, on the only two occasions on which he has played for the University, has covered himself with glory. There are still one or two members of the side who want a little stiffening up, but taken all round Cambridge are a much better team than they are generally given credit for.

Those who had not been playing regularly at Mid-Surrey found the greens unusually slow, and in the Foursomes in the morning many holes were given away through approach putts being wofully short. The top match was a good one all through, with E. M. Prain, perhaps, playing the best of the four. Hezlet was leaving Murray a great many putts to hole of a nasty length, but Murray popped them in and so the home pair were just able to keep their noses in front. Murray, accustomed as he is now to play his golf on a heath course, found some difficulty in getting the ball away through the green, but he made no really serious mistakes.

W. H. Bermingham and N. Keith won a good match against C. F. Woodbridge and C. Wood in which they were one up at the turn, and having afterwards increased their lead were twice pulled back before they won at the 17th. H. W. Higginson and P. A. Young lost the first two holes, but after a half at the third, won five holes in a row and then kept merrily on their way.

In the first of the two big matches in the afternoon, Hezlet and Prain were all square after six holes had been played, and Hezlet then made the first of several mistakes on the green when he took three putts at the seventh hole, which he certainly should have won. Prain won the short eighth, and kept his lead at the ninth where he was lucky to be able to play his ball after a pulled drive into some young shrubs. He won the 10th, where Hezlet again took three putts, and kept his lead of two holes until the 17th. Hezlet should have won the 15th, but again his putting failed him, and Prain was allowed to get an unexpected half. Hezlet, who has not played much golf lately, was certainly not quite his true self, especially when he had his putter in his hands, but that does not detract from the merit of Prain's splendid performance. He himself was not on the best of terms with his driver, but he stuck bravely to his work, putted firmly and boldly, and altogether gave a fine exhibition of stout-hearted and intelligent match play.

Longhurst too deserves great praise for his victory over Murray. He had discarded a rather untrustworthy steel-shafted driver which he had been using in the morning, and in consequence things went much better, and his putting was as good as Murray's, than which no greater compliment is needed. Longhurst was the first to get the lead, but the match was square at the eighth, and a four at the 10th gave Murray the lead. Longhurst should have got that hole back at the 12th but took one putt too many. The match was squared at the 13th, however, where Murray got the worst of the lies off two hooked tee-shots, and, Longhurst became one up at the 14th. Longhurst still had his lead at the 17th where Murray was robbed of a certain win by the deadest of stymies, and a half in four gave Longhurst a victory of which he may well be proud, for Murray never gives an opponent a hole, it has always to be won from him.

Bermingham lost rather heavily, and he does not seem at the moment to be quite happy in his golf, but he is a fine player for all that, and will no doubt bob up again when most needed. E. Martin-Smith, another who has discarded steel for hickory, won a match in which an amazing amount of holes were halved, but the most ill-used man of the day was W. E. S. Bond, who, although he played as well as could be expected, was beaten by three and two by R. S. Mays-Smith, who perpetrated all manner of iniquities upon him. Two trustworthy golfers in Keith and McRosty both won their games, as did Beare, who gives the impression of remarkable steadiness off the tee. Even if he is just a little stiff he looks as if he could go on driving balls down the middle of the course for ever and ever.

A grand burst home by the bottom players of the Cambridge side was worthy tribute by them to their two leaders, and there were more Cambridge smiles than have been seen for many a week.

The results were :—

FOURSOMES

| Royal Mid-Surrey | | Cambridge University | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Major C. O. Hezlet and W. A. Murray (2 and 1) | 1 | E. M. Prain (Clare) and H. C. Longhurst (Clare) | 0 |
| C. F. Woodbridge and C. Wood | 0 | W. Bermingham (Sidney Sussex) and N. A. Keith (Sidney Sussex) (2 and 1) | 1 |
| E. S. Mays-Smith and F. E. B. Moritz (3 and 1) | 1 | E. Martin-Smith (Peterhouse) and W. E. S. Bond (King's) | 0 |
| T. M. Ronaldson and F. P. Hearn, Junr. (2 and 1) | 1 | I. K. McRostt (Clare) and R. B. Beare (Jesus) | 0 |
| F. W. Carr and J. R. A. Strovan (halved) | 0 | J. D. Kerr (Trinity Hall) and H. Martin-Row (Jesus) (halved) | 0 |
| J. R. Lane and S. I. Fripp | 0 | H. W. Higginson (St. John's) and P. A. Young (Christ's) (4 and 3) | 1 |
| Total | 3 | Total | 2 |

SINGLES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Major C. O. Hezlet | 0 | E. M. Prain (2 and 1) | 1 |
| W. A. Murray | 0 | H. C. Longhurst (1 hole) | 1 |
| C. F. Woodbridge (5 and 3) | 1 | W. H. Bermingham | 0 |
| C. Wood | 0 | E. Martin-Smith (2 and 1) | 1 |
| E. S. Mays-Smith (3 and 2) | 1 | W. E. S. Bond | 0 |
| F. E. B. Moritz | 0 | N. A. Keith (3 and 2) | 1 |
| T. M. Ronaldson | 0 | I. K. McRostt (6 and 4) | 1 |
| J. E. A. Strovan | 0 | R. B. Beare (4 and 3) | 1 |
| F. P. Hearn, Junr. (1 hole) | 1 | H. W. Higginson | 0 |
| F. W. Carr | 0 | J. D. Kerr (2 and 1) | 1 |
| J. R. Lane | 0 | H. Martin-Row (2 and 1) | 1 |
| S. I. Fripp | 0 | P. A. Young (3 and 2) | 1 |
| Total | 3 | Total | 9 |

### A HALVED MATCH AT ROEHAMPTON

Roehampton and the Household Brigade Golfing Society played a halved match at Roehampton on Saturday, each side winning seven matches.

The results were :—

SINGLES

| Roehampton | | Household Brigade G.S. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. J. Mackintosh (4 and 2) | 1 | Major Sir G. F. N. Palmer | 0 |
| C. E. Maxwell (2 and 1) | 1 | Major St. J. R. Pigott | 0 |
| Captain J. C. M. Shepard | 0 | Captain R. Elwes (4 and 2) | 1 |
| A. H. Black (4 and 3) | 1 | Major (T.) H. M. Cartwright | 0 |
| F. L. Moss (6 and 4) | 1 | C. E. Maturin-Baird | 0 |
| V. | | Major F. R. M. Fryer | |
| F. J. Ash | 0 | (2 holes) | 1 |
| Lieutenant-Colonel B. E. Crockett (4 and 2) | 1 | Captain G. F. K. Hirst | 0 |
| Lieutenant-Colonel E. R. M. English | 0 | Captain N. C. Tufnell (8 and 7) | 1 |
| H. C. Fripp | 0 | A. S. Cleaver (2 and 1) | 1 |
| Major S. W. Beeman | 0 | A. S. Cleaver (3 and 2) | 1 |
| Total | 5 | Total | 5 |

FOURSOMES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mackintosh and Maxwell (3 and 1) | 1 | Palmer and Pigott | 0 |
| | | Elwes and Fryer (3 and 2) | 1 |
| Black and Ash | 0 | Baird and Cartwright (5 and 2) | 1 |
| Shepard and English | 0 | Hirst and Tufnell | 0 |
| Crockett and Moss (4 and 3) | 1 | | |
| Total | 2 | Total | 2 |

### R. T. JONES IN FORM

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—R. T. Jones had a round of 65, nine strokes under par, to tie with Horton Smith at the end of 54 holes in the $5,000 Savannah Golf Tournament here to-day with a score of 207. Smith, who led the field yesterday with a total of 137, had a card of 70 to-day.—*Reuter.*

### PROFESSIONALS AT TORQUAY

The small course attached to the Palace Hotel at Torquay affords an admirable test of approaching and putting. The total length of the nine holes is about 600 yards. During the week-end several of the leading professionals took part in a tournament. Four rounds of the course were played on Saturday, when E. Ray (Oxhey) gained a lead of two strokes with a return of 105, his afternoon score of 51 being one of the best of the day over 18 holes. A. Compston (Coombe Hill) also had a return of 51, and tied with C. A. Whitcombe (Crews Hill) for second place at the end of the first day. Ray continued to lead yesterday (Sunday) and won the competition with a total score of 209.

## OXFORD AT STOKE POGES

### A CREDITABLE VICTORY

Oxford put up an excellent performance at Stoke Poges on Saturday, when they beat the club on the day's play by eight matches to seven, the other three matches ending all even.

Oxford did not start very well, for in the Foursomes they lost three matches, won one, and halved the other two ; but in the Singles they did very well to win seven matches out of the 12, halving one, and losing only four. Altogether Oxford must be regarded as a strong side, so strong that in an average year all four players at present struggling for the last two places would be safe for inclusion in a University side.

The Foursomes gave little indication of what was to come. In the first match R. H. Wethered and R. Oppenheimer smothered R. H. Baugh and C. Sweeny. The club were out in 37, but that was good enough to put them six up. Eventually they won by 7 and 6 and of the 12 holes lost only one. J. P. Marston and J. W. L. Adams did well to escape with a half in a rather scrambling match with de Montmorency and Cave, for these were two up with three to play ; and a half was a fair ending to the meeting between J. R. Keen and N. M. Fogg and C. K. Cotton and E. R. Mobbs. Bradshaw and Drew, however, were far too good for G. P. Jackson and H. M. Bray, and A. C. Marples and A. M. Tew wilted a little at the critical point against C. F. Penruddock and Major G. C. Campbell. But S. Scheftel and his brother, H. Scheftel, played excellently against A. H. Gold and R. A. Walter, and as a Foursome couple must be regarded as a definitely dependable combination.

In the Singles the chief interest naturally lay in the match between R. H. Wethered and R. H. Baugh, and a very fine match it was. Wethered having to play really well to win in the end by two and one. His score was 67 for the 17 holes played. The two outstanding points in the game were Wethered's driving and Baugh's iron shots up to the hole. Both were a pleasure to see. Time and again Wethered hit his tee shots prodigious distances and as straight as a die. For instance, at the fourth hole he was up with a firm mashie-shot for his second, and at the next hole he drove within 30 yards of the cross-bunker. As for Baugh, time after time his iron and mashie shots came sailing up on to the green "splitting the pin" and pulling up very quickly on pitching. Indeed, it is a long time since one remembers such convincing approach play. Marples avenged his captain's defeat by a most creditable victory over de Montmorency, who is still a desperately hard man to beat at Stoke Poges. Marston lost a curious match to Oppenheimer, for he was four holes up with six played, but after that Oppenheimer played so well that he squared the match on the eighth green (they started at the 10th hole), and won by a putt in front of the club-house. The Oxford tail wagged to such purpose that the last four matches went to them in a row. S. Scheftel played really well against Campbell, finishing strongly after being caught and passed close to home. At present he appears to have a weakness—namely, a tendency to fluff his chips, which he plays very much off his left foot. The course was in fine order and is much improved.

The results were :—

FOURSOMES

| Stoke Poges | | Oxford University | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R. H. Wethered and R. H. Oppenheimer (7 and 6) | 1 | R. H. Baugh (Wadham) and C. Sweeny (Wadham) | 0 |
| A. D. Cave and R. H. de Montmorency (halved) | 0 | J. P. Marston (Trinity) and J. W. L. Adams (Balliol) (halved) | 0 |
| A. S. Bradshaw and B. Drew (5 and 4) | 1 | G. P. Jackson (Lincoln) and H. M. Bray (Trinity) | 0 |
| C. F. Penruddock and Major G. C. Campbell (2 and 1) | 1 | A. C. Marples (New College) and A. M. Tew (Magdalen) | 0 |
| C. K. Cotton and E. R. Mobbs (halved) | 0 | J. R. Keen (Wadham) and N. M. Fogg (Exeter) (halved) | 0 |
| A. H. Gold and R. A. Walter | 0 | H. Scheftel (Balliol) and S. Scheftel (Christ Church) (5 and 3) | 1 |
| Total | 3 | Total | 1 |

SINGLES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R. H. Wethered (2 and 1) | 1 | R. H. Baugh | 0 |
| R. H. de Montmorency | 0 | A. C. Marples (2 and 1) | 1 |
| R. H. Oppenheimer (1 hole) | 1 | J. P. Marston | 0 |
| A. D. Cave | 0 | G. P. Jackson (2 and 1) | 1 |
| A. S. Bradshaw | 0 | J. R. Keen (4 and 3) | 1 |
| B. Drew (2 and 1) | 1 | C. Sweeny | 0 |
| C. F. Penruddock (halved) | 0 | H. M. Bray (halved) | 0 |
| C. K. Cotton (1 hole) | 1 | N. M. Fogg | 0 |
| Major G. C. Campbell | 0 | S. Scheftel (1 hole) | 1 |
| | | J. W. L. Adams (4 and 2) | 0 |
| E. R. Mobbs | 0 | H. Scheftel | 1 |
| A. H. Gold | 0 | A. M. Tew (2 holes) | 1 |
| R. A. Walter | 0 | H. Scheftel (3 and 1) | 1 |
| Total | 4 | Total | 7 |

## BERKSHIRE BEAT WEST HILL

### A WINNING LEAD ON THE SINGLES

The Berkshire Club had their revenge on West Hill at West Hill on Saturday when, in a match by Singles and Foursomes, they were successful on the day's play by seven matches to five, after gaining a lead of four matches in the morning's Singles. Neither side was at full strength, two of West Hill's stalwarts doing duty for Royal Mid-Surrey against Cambridge, and numerous others on either side had succumbed to the lure of Twickenham. However, the sides were well matched, and Berkshire thoroughly deserved their victory.

In the top Single Russell never recovered from a bad start, though his opponent gave him little opportunity to do so, being below an average of 4's when the match ended. Then, however, came a veritable landslide, for Rissik, Ormerod, and Hughes all gained substantial victories for Berkshire. As it turned out, Tooth, who profited by a new style in playing his chip shots, scored the only other victory for West Hill. That meant that West Hill had to win all the Foursomes to save the match, but this was just too much for them. Ormerod, a much-improved golfer, and Rissik proving too good for Le Fleming, Shepherd and Harris. Conditions for play were delightful, especially in the morning, when a bright sun tempered a north-easterly wind of sufficient force to make the outgoing holes in particular distinctly interesting. There seemed to be a good deal of run on the ball, and the greens, though a little rough after the recent frost, were true enough near the holes.

The results were :—

SINGLES

| West Hill | | Berkshire | |
|---|---|---|---|
| J. A. Board (4 and 3) | 1 | G. Russell | 0 |
| H. Le Fleming Shepherd | 0 | C. Rissik (3 and 2) | 1 |
| F. G. Mirfield | 0 | Major C. B. Ormerod (4 and 3) | 1 |
| Major K. S. MacRae | 0 | Major J. S. Hughes (5 and 3) | 1 |
| L. Godsell | 0 | A. B. Topping (2 and 1) | 1 |
| E. A. Tooth (3 and 2) | 1 | F. S. A. Baker | 0 |
| C. D. Harris | 0 | L. L. Cohen (1 hole) | 1 |
| F. L. Shelton | 0 | Major H. Russell (5 and 3) | 1 |
| Total | 2 | Total | 6 |

FOURSOMES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Board and MacRae (3 and 2) | 1 | G. Russell and Hughes | 0 |
| | | Ormerod and Rissik (4 and 2) | 1 |
| Shepherd and Harris | 0 | | |
| Godsell and Tooth (2 and 1) | 1 | Baker and Cohen | 0 |
| Mirfield and Shelton (3 and 2) | 1 | Topping and Major Russell | 0 |
| Total | 2 | Total | 1 |

## OXFORD BEATEN AT COOMBE HILL

Coombe Hill beat Oxford University in a match by Foursomes and Singles at Coombe Hill yesterday by eight matches to four.

The results were :—

FOURSOMES

| Coombe Hill | | Oxford University | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R. B. Foster and Lt.-Col. J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon (3 and 2) | 1 | R. H. Baugh (Wadham) and J. R. Keen (Wadham) | 0 |
| Major C. B. Ormerod and J. C. Parsons (halved) | 0 | A. C. Marples (New College) and H. M. Bray (Trinity) (halved) | 0 |
| S. S. Hooke and H. W. D. Gallwey (1 hole) | 1 | J. P. Marston (Trinity) and C. Sweeny (Wadham) | 0 |
| J. Dunbar Steen and J. B. Jackson (2 and 1) | 1 | G. P. Jackson (Lincoln) and H. Scheftel (Balliol) | 0 |
| Lord Castlerosse and J. de Forest | 0 | S. Scheftel (Christ Church) and A. P. Miller (Wadham) (1 hole) | 1 |
| Total | 3 | Total | 1 |

SINGLES

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| R. B. Foster | 0 | R. H. Baugh (4 and 3) | 1 |
| Lt.-Col. J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon (3 and 2) | 1 | A. C. Marples | 0 |
| Major C. B. Ormerod | 0 | J. P. Marston (1 hole) | 1 |
| S. S. Hooke | 0 | G. P. Jackson (2 and 1) | 1 |
| H. W. D. Gallwey (1 hole) | 1 | J. R. Keen | 0 |
| J. C. Parsons (halved) | 0 | H. M. Bray (halved) | 0 |
| J. Dunbar Steen (4 and 3) | 1 | C. Sweeny | 0 |
| Lord Castlerosse (halved) | 0 | S. Scheftel (halved) | 0 |
| J. de Forest (3 and 2) | 1 | H. Scheftel | 0 |
| J. B. Jackson (1 hole) | 1 | A. P. Miller | 0 |
| Total | 5 | Total | 3 |

### MIDLAND TEAM v. OXFORD

The team of Midland amateurs to meet Oxford University at Little Aston on March 5 will consist of :—

Dr. W. Tweddell, J. B. Beddard, C. Bretherton, H. Arnold, E. Fiddian, S. Lant, M. Kittermaster, Commander the Hon. H. Legge, Major W. L. Foster, A. L. Murray, W. R. James, and Colonel W. J. Beddows (captain).

A Cambridge University team played a match against Denham at Denham on Saturday and won by eight matches to three.

## BOAT-RACE PRACTICE

### THE OXFORD CREW

The Oxford crew finished the week's practice on Saturday very satisfactorily, when they did a capital row over a distance of a little more than three miles in much faster time than on the last occasion they went below Locks. The conditions were excellent, and if the north-easterly wind did not afford them any assistance it occasioned little discomfort. Dr. P. C. Mallam, who has had them in hand during the last month, undertook the coaching for the last time, as to-day he will be succeeded by Major A. F. R. Wiggins (New College). As usual there were many old oarsmen in evidence at the riverside, and those on the launch included F. C. Tinné (University College), C. M. Fitzman (New College), Major Wiggins (New College), S. C. Garton (Magdalen), and Captain R. C. Bourne (New College).

Before the Eight was launched Dr. Mallam had the tub-pair run out and took the President and Martineau for some instruction. It was nearing 3 o'clock before the crew pushed off. Going downstream at a stroke of 22, they reached Iffley in one piece and thence went to Sandford, having an easy on the way at Kennington. They lay to for a bit at the Horsegate, and then made a formal start. Martineau got away at a stroke of 32 to the minute. He dropped to 29, and the rate of striking was further reduced on rounding Nuneham Island. On getting into the Railway Reach he again worked up to 32, and they finished in capital style at the Black Bridge. After a brief rest the boat was put about and at a leisurely paddle they pulled up to Radley Boathouse. A spell ashore followed, and on re-embarking they worked to Sandford by easy stages. Above the lock they had another spell of rowing at 32 between the Bridge and the Island, after which they pulled on to Iffley. On getting on to the home water they paddled to the Willows and then finished with a hard row to the Boathouse at 32.

The order of rowing and the weights were :—

| | st | lb |
|---|---|---|
| M. T. Waterhouse (Eton and Balliol) (bow) | 12 | 3½ |
| 2. C. M. Johnston (Shrewsbury and Brasenose) | 12 | 3 |
| 3. N. K. Hutton (Fettes and University College) | 12 | 10½ |
| 4. R. V. Low (Winchester and University College) | 12 | 5 |
| 5. H. R. A. Edwards (Westminster and Christ Church) | 12 | 12 |
| 6. L. Olive (Eton and Christ Church) | 12 | 4 |
| 7. D. E. Tinné (Eton and University College) | 12 | 0 |
| C. F. Martineau (Harrow and University College) (stroke) | 11 | 0 |
| H. A. C. Durbridge (Malvern and University College) (cox) | 9 | 0 |

## CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses indicate scratch scores)

**ASHFORD MANOR** (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior, F. Wooton (8), 1 down. R. Bolton (12), 2 down, tied. Junior.—L. McKenzie (14), 2 down.

**BANSTEAD DOWNS** (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—C. Thain (8), 1 down.

**BERKHAMSTED** (77).—Monthly Medal.—E. S. D. Bavin, 93—19=74. Dr. Fry's Scratch Medal.—W. T. Coles, 82.

**BEXHILL** (73).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Major H. F. Langton (5), 4 down. Junior.—H. D. Critchley (17), 9 down.

**BISHOP'S STORTFORD** (77).—Monthly Medal.—L. Rose, 86—4=82; H. E. Moore, 102—16=86.

**BOGNOR REGIS** (75).—Monthly Bogey.—H. C. Chamberlain (8), all square.

**BROKENHURST MANOR** (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Major O. Cooper, 3 down.

**BURHILL.**—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—J. S. Wylie (3), 1 down. Junior.—W. Mellier (20), 3 down.

**BURNHAM AND BERROW** (76).—Monthly Medal.—Commander H. G. Bentley, 92—12=80.

**BURNHAM BEECHES** (76).—Monthly Bogey.—J. W. Barton (3), 4 down.

**BUSH HILL PARK** (67).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—L. Shillingford, 3 down. Junior.—J. Rowe, 2 up.

**CHIGWELL** (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. Farrant, 84—8=76. Junior.—F. Baxter, 94—17=77.

**CHISLEHURST** (70).—Monthly Bogey.—H. Mcaisaac (scratch), 2 down.

**COODEN BEACH** (75).—Monthly Medal.—T. Prentice, 79—3=76; A. H. Hollins, 77 (scratch), 77; G. E. Hall, 91—14=77.

**COOMBE HILL** (76).—Weekly Competition.—Medal.—H. W. D. Gallwey, 78—4=74.

**COOMBE WOOD** (70).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—B. B. Burrows (14), 1 down. Junior.—Major E. C. Burrows (14), 1 down.

**CROWBOROUGH BEACON** (75).—Monthly Bogey.—C. Young (6), 1 up; D. Smythe (3), 3 down; H. W. Stubbs (14), 4 down.

**CULVERDEN (TUNBRIDGE WELLS)** (66).—Mixed Foursomes.—Miss Linton and Dr. F. L. Linton, 85—13=72; 69(+3)=72. Lines and Lines, 97—22=75.

**EASTBOURNE DOWNS** (72).—Monthly Medal.—Division I.—A. T. Shorter, 81—9=72. Division II.—L. Gay, 86—16=70.

**EDGWARE** (75).—Monthly Bogey.—W. Eckart (12), 3 down.

**ELTHAM WARREN** (75).—Monthly Medal.—A. J. Terry, 89—14=75.

**FOXGROVE** (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. Baker, 78—9=69; H. L. Abraham, 75—1=74. Junior.—Pimfrey, 86—12=74. Junior.—C. Pugh, 88—24=64; J. W. Craddock, 92—17=75; R. E. Robinson, 97—22=75.

**HINTON-ON-SEA** (77).—Monthly Bogey.—W. Ward-Smith, 1 down.

**GUILDFORD** (75).—1929 Medal Winners' Final.—C. T. Bell, 1 up.

**HAMPSTEAD** (73).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Dr. G. T. Hebert (8), 1 up. Junior.—R. M. Gillies (14), 3 down.

**HAREWOOD DOWNS** (73).—Monthly Medal.—M. Baynes, 89—14=75.

**HERNE BAY** (74).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. R. Little, 78—1=77. Junior.—A. N. Paul, 100—18=82.

**HOME PARK** (74).—Monthly Medal.—R. B. Turner, 85—8=77. Junior.—W. A. Gavin-Brown, 93—18=75.

**ILFORD** (73).—Monthly Bogey.—G. S. Wright (10), 2 down. V. J. Halls (4), 3 down.

**KNEBWORTH** (76).—Monthly Bogey.—P. Seager-Berry (10), 3 up.

**LEATHERHEAD** (75).—Bogey Competition. Senior.—S. E. Mann, all square. E. Wren, 1 down. Junior.—J. C. Lightfoot, C. H. W. Frost, and H. Johnston tied at 2 down.

**MAIDENHEAD** (76).—Monthly Bogey.—G. W. Clutton (9), 2 up.

**NEVILL (TUNBRIDGE WELLS)** (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—G. Work (6), 3 down. Junior.—Dr. C. H. Dyer (14), 2 down.

**NORBURY** (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—K. C. Hazels, 76—2=74. Junior.—A. Webber, 91—16=75; G. P. Blackaller, 93—18=75, tied.

**NORTH HANTS (FLEET)** (72).—Monthly Bogey.—P. Bridford (7), 3 up.

**NORTH MIDDLESEX** (71).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. Richardson, 79—4=71. P. Newell, 81—10=71, tied. Optional Sweep.—C. H. Vernon, 90—20=70.

**OLD FOLD MANOR** (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. G. Mor, 81—8=73. Junior.—D. F. Stephenson, 95—18=77.

**OXHEY** (78).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—T. Harvey (8), 3 up. Junior.—L. W. Thres (20), all square.

**PINNER HILL** (—).—Bogey Competition.—J. E. A. Evans (8), 3 up. T. Cook (16), 3 down.

**RICHAMPTON** (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. D. Stocks, 81—3=78; P. H. Thomson, 88—10=78, tied. Junior.—R. Woodhouse, 94—20=74.

**ROYAL ASHDOWN FOREST** (75).—Monthly Bogey.—F. B. Lowe (4). K. N. Bench (6), and C. R. Graham (12) tied at 4 down.

**ROYAL EPSOM** (70).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. R. Verlin-Brown, 92—11=81. Junior.—W. H. Hartley, 91—13=78.

**ROYAL JACKHEATH** (76).—Monthly Medal.—Major F. J. Newton (3), 1 down.

**ROYAL CINQUE PORTS** (77).—Monthly Medal.—R. E. Knocker, 95—24=81; C. Powers, 85—3=82; F. Worth, 86—4=82.

**ROYAL EASTBOURNE** (73).—Medal Competition. Division I.—Colonel C. Crompton, 78—4=74. Division II.—M. Bunster, 89—18=71.

**ROYAL EPPING FOREST** (70).—Eccentric Competition (bogey 5 holes).—T. Lewis, 40—5=35.

**ROYAL WIMBLEDON** (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—G. Marzetti, 77—5=72. Junior.—V. Bartlett, 90—17=73.

**ST. GEORGE'S HILL** (76).—Monthly Medal.—A. J. Lee, 84—8=76.

**ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA** (72).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—C. B. Sharpe (7), 1 down. Junior.—A. G. Matthews (15), 6 down.

**SHANKLIN AND SANDOWN** (74).—Bogey Competition.—A. D. Dockrill (7), 3 down.

**STANMORE** (76).—Les Smith" Challenge Shield.—J. Roberts and C. Graham beat H. M. Orr and D. F. Magey by 4 and 2.

**TANDRIDGE (OXTED)** (76).—Monthly Medal.—E. H. C. Harper, 82—3=79. "Riddell" Cup.—H. T. Siddeley.

**TYRRELLS WOOD** (73).—Monthly Bogey.—P. J. Laing (10), 4 down; S. Earl (5), 5 down; H. B. Mylchreest (12), 5 down.

**WENTWORTH** (76).—Monthly Bogey.—L. St. Quintin (14), 2 down.

**WEST BYFLEET** (76).—Monthly Mixed Foursomes.—Mrs. Harding and W. E. Walker (18), 2 down.

**WEST KENT** (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—D. Greenhough, 82—2=80; W. H. Bushill, 91—11=80, tied. Junior.—H. A. Dyer, 99—18=81; H. B. Allum, 96—14=82.

**WORPLESDON** (76).—Monthly Bogey.—Commander J. R. Johnston (1), 3 up.

## CAMBRIDGE BEAT THE MOLES

The Cambridge team met The Moles at Mildenhall yesterday, when in a Foursomes match they were successful on the day's play by eight matches to two.

The results were :—

MORNING

| Cambridge University | | The Moles | |
|---|---|---|---|
| E. M. Prain (Clare) and H. C. Longhurst (Clare) | 0 | J. H. S. Cannon and J. S. F. Morrison (3 and 2) | 1 |
| W. H. Bermingham (Sidney Sussex) and N. A. Keith (Sidney Sussex) (1 hole) | 1 | C. Marzetti and V. G. H. Longstaffe | 0 |
| W. E. S. Bond (King's) and E. Martin-Smith (Pembroke) | 0 | J. S. C. Maughan and N. V. S. Cannon (5 and 4) | 1 |
| I. K. McRostt (Clare) and R. B. Beare (Jesus) (2 and 1) | 1 | N. C. Selway and R. H. Chittenden | 0 |
| H. Martin-Row (Jesus) and J. D. Kerr (Trinity Hall) (4 and 2) | 1 | A. Webb and E. N. Clifton | 0 |
| P. A. Young (Christ's) and H. W. Higginson (St. John's) (5 and 3) | 1 | R. H. Brooker and P. Acheson | 0 |
| Total | 4 | Total | 2 |

AFTERNOON

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Prain and Longhurst (halved) | 0 | Longstaffe and J. Cannon (halved) | 0 |
| Bermingham and Keith (2 and 1) | 1 | Marzetti and Morrison | 0 |
| Bond and Martin-Smith (halved) | 0 | Chittenden and N. Cannon (halved) | 0 |
| McRostty and Beare (6 and 5) | 1 | Maughan and Clifton | 0 |
| Martin-Row and Kerr (2 and 1) | 1 | Selway and Acheson | 0 |
| Young and Higginson (3 and 2) | 1 | Brooker and Webb | 0 |
| Total | 4 | Total | 0 |

### UNIVERSITY OF LONDON G.S.

The University of London Golfing Society is to be revived. In addition to the University colleges, which include King's College, University College, Imperial College, and the London School of Economics, the hospitals attached to the University—Guy's, St. Thomas's, St. Bartholomew's, London, and Royal Dental—have agreed to join; and a committee has been formed to deal with the arrangements.

## CRICKET

### M.C.C. IN DIFFICULTIES AT GEORGETOWN

GEORGETOWN, Feb. 22.—At the close of play in the match between M.C.C. and the West Indies here to-day the touring team was in bad case, for, although the remaining five wickets of the West Indies produced only 46 runs this morning, M.C.C. had a disastrous time when they went in to bat, and had made only 120 for seven wickets when stumps were pulled up.

To-day, on a perfect wicket, Headley and Fernandez, the West Indian captain, carried the overnight total of 336 for two to 400 for two. Then a smart catch by Ames off a tricky ball from Rhodes disposed of Fernandez, and at 406 one of the West Indies' chief hopes, young Sealey, was caught and bowled off Rhodes. Wickets continued to fall cheaply. At 417 Wyatt bowled Wight, and at 427 Headley, over-eager to steal a second run, was easily run out, after an innings lasting 3½ hours. Headley's innings was admirable, his strokes being polished, and his placing and judgment in running confirmed the very good opinions which have been expressed as to his batting. The last wicket fell at 471.

M.C.C. started badly, Gunn hitting his wicket in stepping back to a ball from Francis, the first wicket falling at 19. Things continued to go badly till Ames joined Hendren for the fourth wicket, and their partnership put on a very useful 70.

Scores :—

WEST INDIES.—First Innings

| | |
|---|---|
| C. A. Roach, c. Haig, b. Townsend | 209 |
| R. Hunte, c. Wyatt, b. Townsend | 53 |
| J. Headley, run out | 114 |
| M. P. Fernandez, c. Ames, b. Rhodes | 22 |
| J. D. Sealey, c. and b. Rhodes | 0 |
| C. V. Wight, b. Wyatt | 10 |
| L. N. Constantine, st. Ames, b. Wyatt | 18 |
| E. Browne, b. Voce | 22 |
| C. Jones, c. Ames, b. Voce | 6 |
| E. St. Hill, st. Ames, b. Haig | 3 |
| G. N. Francis, not out | 5 |
| Byes, &c. | 14 |
| Total | 471 |

M.C.C.—First Innings

| | |
|---|---|
| Gunn (G.), hit wicket, b. Francis | 11 |
| Sandham, c. Hunte, b. Browne | 9 |
| R. E. S. Wyatt, c. Francis, b. Constantine | 0 |
| Hendren, b. Constantine | 56 |
| Ames, c. Hunte, b. Francis | 31 |
| Townsend, c. Hunte, b. Francis | 3 |
| Astill, run out | 0 |
| N. Haig, not out | 1 |
| The Hon. F. S. G. Calthorpe, not out | 0 |
| Byes, &c. | 9 |
| Total (7 wkts.) | 120 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WEST INDIES.—First Innings

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Voce | 26 | 4 | 81 | 2 |
| Haig | 23 | 7 | 61 | 1 |
| Townsend | 16 | 6 | 48 | 2 |
| Rhodes | 40 | 8 | 96 | 2 |

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Astill | 28 | 3 | 92 | 0 |
| Calthorpe | 6 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| Wyatt | 9 | 0 | 56 | 2 |

—*Reuter.*

### M.C.C. V. NEW ZEALAND

AUCKLAND, Feb. 22.—For the second time New Zealand have proved themselves worthy foes of an English team. Their great fight in the second representative match, coming as it did after a depressing defeat in the first, made them eager to meet the M.C.C. team again. They were all but deprived of the opportunity by rain which limited the third Test to one day, but Gilligan at once fell in with the suggestion of a fourth meeting. This match was begun yesterday, when M.C.C., having won the toss, scored 375 for six wickets. G. B. Legge scoring a brilliant 104 not out. To-day M.C.C. carried their total to 540 all out, Legge again dominating the batting. He was unlucky to be out when within 4 runs of his double century, having made 92 to-day out of 165. The New Zealand fielding was not always blameless, but the bowling, particularly that of Allcott, was steady.

New Zealand went in at about 3 o'clock. Dempster and Mills, who opened the innings, did not stay long together, and at 127 for four there was a chance of the M.C.C. attack gaining the upper hand. G. L. Weir, however, stopped the rot with an innings of 59 not out, and Allcott stayed with him while 47 runs were put on for the fifth wicket.

Score :—

M.C.C.—First Innings

| | |
|---|---|
| Bowley, run out | 42 |
| E. W. Dawson, c. Allcott, b. Blunt | 55 |
| K. S. Duleepsinhji, b. Allcott | 63 |
| Woolley, b. Allcott | 10 |
| G. B. Legge, c. Matheson, b. Weir | 196 |
| Nichols, b. McGirr | 75 |
| Worthington, b. Merritt | 0 |
| A. H. H. Gilligan, b. Merritt | 25 |
| Barratt, c. Mills, b. Blunt | 17 |
| Durston, c. Matheson, b. Page | 14 |
| M. J. C. Allom, not out | 8 |
| Byes, &c. | 21 |
| Total | 540 |

NEW ZEALAND.—First Innings

| | |
|---|---|
| C. E. Dempster, c. Cornford, b. Allom | 27 |
| J. E. Mills, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Allom | 12 |
| G. L. Weir, not out | 59 |
| M. L. Page, c. Cornford, b. Woolley | 25 |
| R. C. Blunt, b. Nichols | 0 |
| C. F. W. Allcott, not out | 21 |
| Byes, &c. | 30 |
| Total (4 wkts.) | 174 |

T. C. Lowry, H. M. McGirr, K. C. James, W. E. Merritt, and C. S. Matheson to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

M.C.C.—First Innings

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Allcott | 47 | 17 | 102 | 2 |
| Merritt | 34 | 2 | 127 | 2 |
| Blunt | 21 | 3 | 61 | 2 |
| Page | 15 | 4 | 36 | 1 |

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| McGirr | 15 | 2 | 65 | 1 |
| Weir | 10 | 1 | 29 | 1 |
| Matheson | 30 | 6 | 80 | 0 |

—*Reuter.*

The annual report of the Leicestershire County Cricket Club shows a loss on last season's working of over £1,797.

## CROSS-COUNTRY RUN

# Letters to the Editor

## PARROT DISEASE

### CAUSE AND MODE OF INFECTION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The verdict of a coroner's jury on a case of psittacosis at Birmingham, as recorded in to-day's issue of *The Times*, in so far as it expressed the belief that parrot infection was not established, is not only entirely opposed to the facts, but is likely to cause pain to those people who have destroyed their recently imported pets.

The facts are that the condition psittacosis, as it occurs in man, produces a combination of signs and symptoms different from those of any other known disease. It is thus a condition recognizable by ordinary examination as a specific disease. Only a minority of the population have any communication, direct or indirect, with parrots. In the 19 cases mentioned by Dr. A. P. Thompson at the inquest as occurring in Birmingham, direct contact with parrots was established. In every one of the larger series investigated in London there has been similar contact, and in the great majority the contact has been direct and intimate. Further, the disease can be experimentally transferred from parrot to bird and from man to bird.

The exact nature of the infecting agent is more difficult to determine, and Professor Lewis is, no doubt, entitled to the opinion he apparently expressed that the exciting cause is a bacillus. However, the investigations of Dr. Bedson and Dr. Western on this point would seem to be conclusive. In every case of the human disease examined by them at the London Hospital any evidence of infection by this bacillus was absent, and in every case the bacteria-free blood produced in birds a state indistinguishable from psittacosis. This "filtrable virus" was demonstrated by them in the London cases, in two Birmingham cases, including the subject of the inquest, and in numerous parrots which had conveyed the disease to man.

Confusion would seem to have arisen because parrots, with many other birds and animals, are subject to infection by organisms of the so-called "salmonella" group, of which *bacillus psittacosis*, or, as it is called when occurring in human disease, *bacillus Aertrycke*, is an example. This infection produces in birds a condition similar to, but distinguishable from, psittacosis, and a dysenteric-like disease in man. The work of the London Hospital investigators would seem to be conclusive that the cause of psittacosis in man and parrots is a filtrable virus which can be conveyed from one to the other, or, more rarely, from man to man.

Yours faithfully,
P. N. PANTON.

Hale and Dunn Clinical Laboratories, London Hospital, Whitechapel, E.1, Feb. 21.

## TESTS FOR MOTOR DRIVERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A year ago (February 16, 1929) you published a letter from me showing the large reduction in accidents which had resulted in various European countries and in America from the use of selection tests for motor-drivers. May I now be allowed to give your readers a brief account of a further important investigation in industrial psychology recently carried out by the Cleveland Railway Company with the cooperation of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in the United States?

It is now generally acknowledged that accidents are not distributed by chance, but occur more frequently to some men than to others. There was therefore a class of "accident-prone" men among the motormen of this electric street-going railway. This class, 50 in number, comprised nearly 30 per cent. of the total motormen under consideration, and they had been involved in 44 per cent. of all the accidents reported. We see, therefore, that about one-quarter of all the accidents would be prevented if the accident records of these relatively few men could be reduced by half. These "accident-prone" men were carefully and individually studied, their cooperation having been obtained by the assurance that no attempt would be made to fix on them liability for past accidents. Their accident records and their general conduct were also subjected to careful analysis and psychological classification. The problems they presented were divided into three main groups—medical, personality, and faults in operation. Appropriate medical treatment, readjustment of personality, and rectification of operating defects were undertaken. Of the 50 persons, one was appointed as a night starter, two were made conductors, one was off duty for sickness, one left the service, and one was dismissed. Of the remaining 44 the combined accident rate was reduced by these measures by 42.7 per cent., while 75 per cent. of them disappeared entirely from the "accident-prone" group.

Surely this is an experiment in industrial psychology which deserves attention in this country.

Yours faithfully,
CHARLES S. MYERS, Director, National Institute of Industrial Psychology, Aldwych House, W.C.

## KANCHENJUNGA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I hope Sir Frank Swettenham will forgive me if I suggest that he must have misunderstood Mr. Graham during his conversation with him in 1884. It is quite clear from Mr. Graham's own letters written at the time immediately after his historic expedition that, while he had a very careful look at Kanchenjunga, he made no attempt upon the mountain, which he described as being impossible from the east, west, and south, but conceivably possible from the north. His own words were: "I do not call it impossible, but improbable in the highest degree." His ascent of Kabru with the Swiss guides Emil Boss and Kaufmann was rightly considered to be a prodigious feat, and as a "summit record" it remained unbeaten for very many years.

Yours faithfully,
GEOFFREY E. HOWARD.

32, Brompton-square, S.W.3.

## HERTFORDSHIRE ROADS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The natives of this remote part of Hertfordshire, being of a primitive type and exempt from such things as rates and taxes, have long been proud of the state of their roads. We guarantee to burst the springs of any modern motor-car in six months, and we have given our word to the rubber people that not a tire shall run on these our roads for more than 7,000 miles. Secure in the foothills of the Chilterns—although only 20 miles from London—and far from county towns round which councillors reside, we refuse to give place even to tracks through the Highland glens or to neglected ways of Western Ireland.

We hereby give notice to motor-car testers, motor-cycle maniacs, and those others who really appreciate discomfort, that we have for exhibition more ruts, potholes, flints, and mud to the square mile than any other parish in the kingdom.

Yours faithfully,
W. A. O'DONNELL.

Berry-lane, Chorley Wood, Herts.

## "THE TEMPEST"

### A GREEK MYTH IN VENETIAN ART

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The really excellent catalogue of the Italian exhibition, when dealing with the picture by Giorgione that is described merely as "The Tempest"—and probably the finest painting now at Burlington House—keeps to the strait and narrow path of prosaic and self-respecting utterance. I must, however, admit that in its amplificatory remarks it vaguely comments on the attempts that have been made to elucidate the subject-matter which the great Castelfranco Veneto painter may have had in mind.

If we ignore the unacceptable policy of "safety first" and proceed with some degree of imagination, we may contend that the great Venetian, in the limited number of pictures to-day assigned to him, having at last cast aside the ecclesiastical traditions of painters, the choice of Biblical subjects, and even the occasional search after rabbinical legend, may at this stage have thought himself impelled to paint a Greek classical myth, much as Botticelli had several years previously done, in rendering his "Calumny." Giorgione now seized upon the profane legend of Adrastus and Hypsipyle. Thus Adrastus, having been driven out of Argos, is probably here seen in the left foreground at the head of his recalcitrant army and poetically in search of water to quench their thirst in the new kingdom of Nemea. From the right in this lyrically romantic composition has entered Hypsipyle, former Princess of Lemnos, subsequent to the moment when the women of Lemnos, having massacred their men-folk except their King, have discovered that his escape was due to the strategy of his daughter, Hypsipyle. Hypsipyle, driven forth from her native land of Lemnos, has, after travelling far and wide, now arrived in the kingdom of Nemea. As legendary history recounts, Hypsipyle has now accepted the office of nurse to King Lycurgus, but obviously she is not the mother of the child she is weaning.

Aided by such an interpretation we may divine that Giorgione has, by rendering the ledges of superimposed bricks surmounted by a marble slab upon which rest two broken columns, sought to indicate the downfall of the kingdoms of Argos and Lemnos. To supplement his poetical vision Giorgione has introduced a spring in the foreground, and that at the moment of the revival of the kingdom of Nemea, when the eye of the beholder is drawn towards the rough Castelfranco-like bridge in the middle distance. Moreover, the Gods have evinced their displeasure by the agency of lightning. The narrow tape-like, cascade-looking ribbon of lightning is the weak part of this Giorgionesque vision. But the romantic and lyrical painter of "the life-giving, death-dealing waters of love," as Claude Phillips once wrote, has succeeded admirably in presenting to us the elements of a Greek myth in the terms of Venetian painting.

Admittedly, lightning is not convincingly rendered in any painting earlier than Francisque Millet's "Cities of the Plain," of about 1660, in the Cook collection; and is not even semi-scientifically demonstrated until Turner applied his master mind to it in the early years of the 19th century. But at Burlington House the honours rest with Giorgione.

It is an extraordinary chance that this picture of "The Tempest" should have belonged early in the 16th century to Gabriele Vendramin, who, near by in Gallery III., figures as the head of the "Family Group" by Titian.

This is written far away from books of reference—indeed, while travelling in the Orient Express.

Yours obediently,
MAURICE W. BROCKWELL.

Dijon.

## SPONSORS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You have lately noticed in your columns the magnificent work done for the Church of England by the Sponsor Scheme. Every one must be thankful for it. But it is well that the help which is given by other bodies should also be known. I am intimately acquainted with the working of the Anglo-Catholic Ordination Candidates Fund. It is usually thought, I believe, that we use our money, which amounts to between £10,000 to £15,000 a year, solely for the entire training of a certain number of our own men. This is not so. We do support a few men altogether; but we are continually sharing candidates with the Sponsor Scheme. In many cases we give the same amount; in others, either more or less than is provided by the Sponsor Funds. I am only writing this as I am anxious that it should be known how much cooperation is going on. I have reason to believe that our friends on the Evangelical side are doing the same kind of thing. There is, in fact, at this vital point a large and constant measure of cooperation within the Church of England.

FRANCIS UNDERHILL, Warden of Liddon House.

24, South Audley-street, W.1.

## TREES IN LONDON SQUARES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—At a meeting of the Committee of the Foundling Estate Protection Association held yesterday at 10, Mecklenburgh-square I was instructed to write to you expressing this committee's warm approval of Mr. Basil Holmes's letter published in *The Times* of February 12, and in particular of his plea that no scheme for taking down or lopping trees in London should be undertaken except after advice had been obtained from the competent authority—namely, the Director of the Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew.

My committee has a particular interest in the trees of Brunswick-square and Mecklenburgh-square, for those square gardens form as it were the wings of the Foundling site; it was my committee that established their legal inviolability at the time when it was threatened in connexion with various projects for the development of the site, and the readiness of the inhabitants of those squares to let them be available for the public was not without importance in bringing about the happy abandonment of those projects.

But, Sir, every day we hear of threats to other square gardens: the boards of the tree-feller have been seen in Russell-square; Northampton-square in Clerkenwell appears to be scheduled: and there is no guarantee that even the most elementary knowledge either of the proper methods of dealing with trees or even of the difference between one tree and another (for example, between the British elm and the wych-elm) is possessed by those who direct these operations. At least this ignorance should have no excuse; and my practical object in writing is to suggest that Kew Gardens should at once issue a short statement of the essential principles that must be observed if trees are to be treated in accordance with their nature. If such a statement were issued and distributed to borough councils and squares committees I cannot believe that it would be disregarded, or that we should see, as we now see, trees lopped in the name of safety in such a manner as to destroy the balance upon which their safety depends, or their wounds left undressed until the weather has poisoned them.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
R. F. CHOLMELEY, Chairman, Foundling Estate Protection Committee.

7, Gray's Inn-square, W.C., Feb. 20.

## DESIGN OF MERCHANT SHIPS

### RESEARCH IN EXPERIMENTAL TANKS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The position of the William Froude National Tank at the National Physical Laboratory at Teddington is a curious and a difficult one. It was established by means of a very generous gift by Sir Alfred Yarrow. It is maintained very largely by subscriptions and by fees. It has conducted a large amount of research work in the problems of the propulsion of merchant ships and has published the results of that work in a form which will enable the shipping industry to use it for practical design purposes. As a direct result of its pioneer work on merchant ship problems, builders and designers and occasionally shipowners are appreciating the monetary value to them of the information which can only be obtained readily by inexpensive experiment in a "tank." In other words the experiment tank for industrial purposes has "arrived."

The irony of the situation now is that, although the National Tank has proved its usefulness to industrialists and has created a demand for its services, it is not now in a position to meet the demands made upon it. Designers in this country are not infrequently compelled to have models of their designs tested abroad because of the inability of the National Tank, on account of congestion of work, to make the tests with the necessary dispatch. This state of affairs is not adding to our national credit, but it does afford reliable evidence that if a second National Tank were established it would be used. Experience tends to show that it would be used in increasing measure.

An essential requirement of a State research laboratory is that it should carry out research work of a general character as well as make investigations into industrial problems requiring immediate solution. Both are important phases of its activities. Both have been carried out at the present tank to its full capacity, but if the needs of the industry are to be met a second National Tank is needed. It would seem that here we have a piece of new construction work which will give a return for any capital sum provided by the State for its construction, for there is a very great probability that it would be utilized immediately and increasingly.

A duplication of the existing tank under the same administration would probably be the most economic way of meeting our needs. The need for it has been fully discussed in the technical Press. The importance of it has received strong support from influential people, including the Liverpool Steamship Owners' Association; but it seems to the writer that the matter is one for wider publicity. The suggestion is submitted here as one which will assist directly and for all time one of our principal manufacturing and exporting industries, and one, therefore, which should receive careful examination by the Government.

Yours faithfully,
T. B. ABELL.

School of Naval Architecture, University of Liverpool, Feb. 14.

## WAR AS A "GENTLEMANLY GAME"

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I fear that Brigadier-General Crozier can have made only a superficial study of war if he imagines that in "the good old days" it was "a gentlemanly game, even at its worst, carried on by a section of society." No class of society escaped the pressure of war in some form. Famine and pestilence drained the populations of France and the old German Empire even more grievously than battle: none escaped the burdens of taxes, loss of trade, reduced standards of living. The people of the German Empire are said to have been reduced from 16,000,000 to 4,000,000 between 1618 and 1648: in the Palatinate alone they were diminished by 90 per cent. The condition of the peasantry of France during and after the four great wars of the 18th century was terrible, as any reader of the social history of that time is well aware. And was conscription confined to any section of society between its introduction and 1815? The subject is too large, the evidence too voluminous, to carry the matter farther in your columns; but I would commend to General Crozier's notice a short article by Mr. John Barrett Moore in "International Law and some current illusions," as a prelude to a study of social life and conditions during and after the wars of the "good old days."

HISTORICUS.

## CONFIDENCE IN THE PACT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Writing in your issue of February 17, "Historicus" quotes the past as a warning against such expectations of peace as the Prime Minister expressed in Parliament on February 13. Certainly if international relations were still on the same plane as in the 18th or 19th century (to which "Historicus" refers) there could be little justification for optimism. But he omits all reference to the League of Nations. In the 10 years following the last war the Council of the League has handled no fewer than 23 international disputes, six of which concerned one or more of the Great Powers, and eight of them involving hostilities. And in the nine years ended last June the League's Permanent Court of International Justice gave 16 judgments and 15 advisory opinions in international cases referred to it. It seems as yet not generally realized that the world has entered on a new way of life in international relations, and that it possesses for the first time a recognized machinery, which has proved both efficient and effective, for the peaceful settlement of disputes. All this has now been reinforced by the Paris Peace Pact, and the best proof the Powers can give of their intention to make it effective for peace is the conclusion of an agreement for an all-round reduction of armaments.

Yours truly,
S. R. DRURY-LOWE, Vice-Admiral (Retired).

42, Hamilton-terrace, N.W.8.

## A FISCAL MISNOMER

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—One hears a great deal nowadays about "free trade," but when our politicians and others air their "free trade" principles it would clear the air a good deal if they defined the particular variety of "free trade" they profess—the genuine brand of "free trade" in both directions (import and export), or the one-sided handicapping variety under which British employers and their workpeople labour, the "free import" system, which is not really "free trade" at all. Genuine free trade between nations can have only one true meaning—unrestricted trade in both directions, import and export, between the nations concerned. Our wonderful system, misnamed "free trade," is "free" only in the sense of being "free" to the foreigner. We offer him our home market—"free." Instead of calling such a system "free trade," which is plainly a misnomer, it should be labelled as the "free import" system.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
WM. H. HARVEY.

77, Montholme-road, Wandsworth Common, S.W.11.

# Points from Letters

**NAVAL ECONOMIES**

The Prime Minister in his recent reply to the deputation of women urging drastic reduction of naval armaments said:—"The approaches to disarmament mean absolutely nothing if they are merely an economic move and fail to be a pacifying move at the same time," and that "the great problem we have to solve is to unite peace with security, which in its composition is nine-tenths psychological." The taxpayer would respond to his appeal with more enthusiasm if he did not fear that any savings resulting from disarmament would be used for further Socialist expenditure, and with more confidence if he could forget what happened to the hunted ostrich, who, by burying his head in the sand, thought he could save himself from his pursuers.—Mr. S. LESLIE THORNTON, Casa Sta. Monica, Bordighera, Italy.

**UNEMPLOYMENT**

Unemployment is, we know, seriously increasing, but does the country always realize that much of the legislation which comes before Parliament must, directly and indirectly, have the effect of stimulating this tendency? Mr. Thomas may do his best, but, unless we are careful, we shall be merely, by our legislation, nullifying his efforts. The Lord Privy Seal has "certified" certain Bills as likely to promote employment. Why does not he certify others as equally certain to cause unemployment?—Mr. L. W. SMITH, M.P., House of Commons.

**FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION**

At the present moment when the question of "Free Trade" versus "Protection" is one of such burning interest it may perhaps be of advantage to recall a most vivid and concise summary of the whole matter which I was once told was given by the great President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln. His words were, so it was told to me:—"With 'Free Trade' you get the goods, and the other fellow gets the money. With protection you have both the goods and the money." And verily to my mind the more one ponders over these words the greater appears to be the wisdom they contain.—The HON. CECIL ASHLEY.

**SOVIET AND RELIGION**

As a society that includes in its membership Russians as well as many other nationals, we are vitally interested in the movement seeking to restrain the (alleged) persecution of our fellows. We readily admit that we have no right to dictate a policy, civil or religious, to any Government; and so our appeal to Soviet Russia is simply in the name of a humanity that is common to us all. If in Russia what is alleged is true, then in the name of humanity we must arouse public opinion everywhere in protest against such iniquity. But if rumours are false, then surely the Russian Government will be more than willing to offer facilities for an impartial and international inquiry, with a view to re-establishing international good will, which is in such grave danger of collapse. It is to urge that Soviet Russia should take the initiative in such a course that I seek publicity for this letter, a copy of which is being sent to the Russian Ambassador.—The REV. S. G. LONG, General Secretary, International Union of Commonweal, Leysin, Switzerland.

**HYDE PARK CARILLON**

As I walked across Hyde Park the other day I noticed that the turf has already been worn bare for a large area on all sides of the carillon building. Spring will soon be here, but if people are allowed much longer to trample the mud into a hard surface, Londoners will find a small but barren desert in the midst of the fair green spaces of their park when summer comes. Admittedly people wish to approach the carillon as close as possible in order to read the inscription on its base, and pathways, with low railings, might well be provided for this purpose. They could easily be returfed later. But for the actual hearing of the carillon, the same inscription bears the advice that 200 yards is the best range for listeners; and listeners should therefore be kept at this or some slightly smaller distance away.—Mr. JOHN HEYGATE, New University Club, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

**MOTORING TRIALS ON LEITH HILL**

Thanks to the generous response to an appeal launched last year in the Press, a large tract of woodland near Friday Street in Surrey, was secured for the public. Since then the gifts of private landowners have added to the other Leith Hill woodlands open to everybody. But public enjoyment of these amenities is gravely prejudiced by the increasing use of the Leith Hill lanes for what are called "Reliability Trials," indulged in by interminable processions of noisy motor-bicycles and light motor-cars. Remembering that the sole purpose of these trials is to test the capacity of drivers and engines on difficult gradients and at sharp corners, I venture, on behalf of many Leith Hill residents, to appeal to their organizers not to hold them in a place possessing such unusual qualities of restfulness and beauty, for the permanent public securing of which your readers have subscribed considerable sums.—Mr. C. E. BECHHOFER ROBERTS.

**NORMAN BLOOD**

In your issue of February 11 anyone of our much-mixed breed claiming, however vaguely, descent from a man who is said to have accompanied William the Conqueror on his invasion of England is invited to communicate with a French gentleman in Normandy, with the view that the name of this traditionally ancestral companion should be engraved on a bronze tablet to be erected in the Château of Falaise. Is not this somewhat dangerous? It was all very well to have a Pageant at Falaise, where the Conqueror was born, and to ask some of our countrymen to go over and take part in it, but a tablet of this nature might be quoted for all time as an unchallengeable genealogical document. May I, in the interests of historical accuracy—for remember that genealogy is often the backbone of history—suggest that no name ought to appear on such a tablet unless certified by Garter or one other of our reigning Kings of Arms?—CAPTAIN G. S. C. SWINTON, Carlton Club.

**PAVEMENT ARTISTS**

One morning at a pitch in Bloomsbury squatted an artist beside his works. On one of the paving-stones was inscribed: "I am the father of six children." The same afternoon I passed that way. The word "six" had been altered to "nine." I was relieved to notice the artist had also been replaced by—presumably—a friend.—EVELYN MAYO, Down House, South Devon.

**PRINTERS' ERRORS**

"D. D. B.'s" letter reminds me of an article written by a colleague during the fateful last week of July, 1914. The article dealt with the ominous mobilization developments throughout Europe, and was entitled "On the Brink." Possibly the excitement of those days went to the head of the compositor who handled the copy, for the proof which my colleague received was entitled "On the Drink."—Mr. E. J. MACKENZIE HAY, 16, Cowley-street, Westminster.

**PIGEON SHOOTING AT MONTE CARLO**

It will be a great relief to your readers to learn, on no less authority than that of Mr. T. Haughton Watson, that the pigeons slaughtered in this sport have not been previously mutilated by the clipping of their wings. Also it is satisfactory to know that it costs no less than 15 francs to kill or maim one of these birds. The moments of hesitation when they are released from the trap into the dazzling sunlight are to be attributed to their natural idiocy, and, of course, they give a priceless opportunity to the 15-franc sportsmen lying in wait for them.—Mr. J. HATTON WOOD, Olney, View-road, Highgate, N.6.

**CHILDREN AND LITTER**

As one of the hobbies of an old man, I mend books for several friends, but especially for children. Many belonging to the latter I find scribbled over with pencil and coloured chalks. If parents would give them scribbling paper, and teach them to keep their books tidy, training would begin in orderly and tidy ways, and as they grow up they would avoid littering the streets and roads with paper, orange peel, &c.—The REV. R. BRUCE DICKSON, Speen Lodge, Wendover, Bucks.

**PICCADILLY PAVEMENTS**

Some week or so ago a letter appeared in this column commenting upon the state of the pavement in Piccadilly. On Saturday I stepped the distance from the south corner of the circus to Duke-street, some 200 yards, and counted no fewer than 140 insets into the pavement—coal grids, fire plugs, manholes, &c.—Mr. FRED WOODHEAD, Hotel Russell.

**TEST OF ROAD SENSE**

Mr. J. Dolby, of Chiswick, has surely found the essence of "Safety First" for motorists in his sentence, "that a driver, under all conditions, must be able to stop within the limits of his own visibility." This phrase should be the "yard-stick" by which nearly all accidents could be measured; it should be the slogan of the National Safety First Association, and, better still, it should be a condition of the issue of a driving licence that an applicant should be able to prove to the police that he or she understands its full meaning. It is, in short, the test of road sense.—Mr. A. CASTLE, Reigate.

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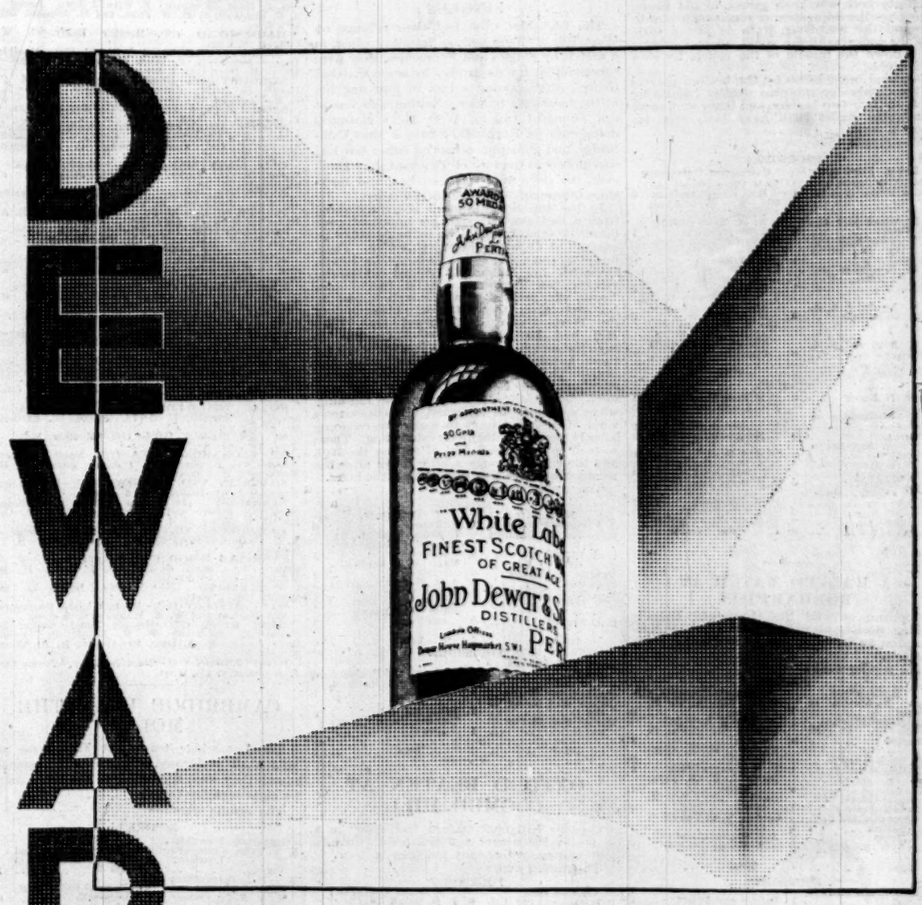


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# REGENT'S PARK

## PROTESTS AGAINST CHANGES

### CROWN TENANTS AND MR. LANSBURY

A representative meeting of the Crown tenants of the Regent's Park Estate made a unanimous protest on Saturday against recent changes which have injured the amenities of the park. The meeting also appointed a committee to watch the activities of the Office of Works in the park, with the objects (1) of preserving an accurate record of the facts ; (2) of making suggestions to the authorities when thought desirable ; and (3) of preventing further damage to the amenities so far as is practicable. The committee is drawn from residents in the immediate vicinity of Regent's Park, and its honorary secretary is Mr. Edward Rew, 23, Chester-terrace. It is intended to affiliate the committee to the Commons and Footpaths Preservation Society, or some similar organization.

The text of the main resolution adopted by the meeting is as follows :—

"That a protest should be made to the Commissioners of Crown Lands with the request that it be forwarded to the Department responsible for injuring the amenities of Regent's Park, and thus spoiling the original landscape. With this resolution we venture to lay before you [the Commissioners of Crown Lands] the following suggestions, which we hope will be favourably considered :—

"1. The two paddle-pools should be removed and placed in more suitable positions.

"2. Shrubberies should be replaced on the west side of the lake to give protection for the comfort of the public, and no further shrubberies should be destroyed.

"3. The felling of any more sound trees should be prohibited.

"4. Cow-parship and suitable shrubs for birds should be replanted on the islands.

"5. Football should not be played when the ground is unfit, and the goal-posts should be removed after each game owing to their unsightly appearance.

"6. It is further suggested that additional game instructors should be engaged to supervise the children's playing sections."

Some 50 of the Crown tenants attended the meeting, which was held at the Portman Rooms, and letters were received from many others expressing sympathy with its object. The Rev. W. D. Morrison, rector of St. Marylebone, presided.

### DANGER TO BIRD LIFE

The Chairman said that Regent's Park was one of the lungs of London, and a place of enjoyment for very large numbers of persons who derived from it a sense of beauty and exhilaration. The parks should exist for the whole of the community, not for any particular section. He was keen on games, but in promoting games and amusements they must be very careful not to destroy the amenities of Regent's Park. An increasing amount of wild life was developing within its borders, but unless the greatest care was taken there were species of birds which would cease to breed there and would go elsewhere.

Lieutenant-Colonel T. C. Moore, M.P., moved the resolution of protest. He said that Regent's Park was much admired by visitors, and should be the pride of the citizens of London. They wanted to conserve the cause of that admiration and pride. He looked on this and all the London parks as being allotted for three or four purposes. They were for children to play in, and for old people to rest in; they were places in which the tired business man or the harassed housewife could acquire new life and young people could pursue their courtships. They wanted to see all these purposes continued, and that meeting must convince the authorities that it would not tolerate any further action that would take away from the amenities and uses of the park. It could reasonably be asked on whose advice, by whose authority, and at whose request were the changes in the park being made. The residents had not been asked by the First Commissioner of Works whether they wanted paddle-ponds and the removal of the railings. In the House of Commons on Monday, when Mr. Lansbury presented a Supplementary Estimate for the Royal Parks, it must be made quite clear that they wanted these questions answered.

There were also questions of prohibition and interference. Many of them possessed small dogs, but they found notices exhibited, such as: "In this area dogs must be on the lead." One of their most distinguished residents was summoned before the magistrates recently because his dog had gone off the lead. Cow-parsnip had been removed from the island apparently without any reason, and without it the birds and swans could not build their nests properly. Again, a shrubbery had disappeared in a night, and old people were thus deprived of the shelter it had afforded them against the wind. No one had challenged the motives of Mr. Lansbury or of his Department, but they must see that those intentions were directed into the right channels.

### CINDERELLA OF ROYAL PARKS

Mr. Sigismund Goetz seconded the motion. He said that as an artist, when wandering through the park now and remembering what it was in his youth, he was struck by the devastation of its beautiful amenities. He had always considered Regent's Park the Cinderella of the Royal Parks. If what was happening there had occurred in the Green Park, St. James's Park, Hyde Park, or Kensington Gardens, there would have been an uproar which would have swept Mr. Lansbury and his myrmidons away. The work which was being done in Regent's Park to-day was in a great measure what was called routine work. In other words, the superintendent for the time being had a certain amount of authority to impress his individuality upon the park for which he was responsible. The present superintendent had his own ideas, with which a great many of them were not in sympathy. They had to put up with this to a certain extent, of course, and a certain amount of change must be accepted ; but that was no excuse for what was now being done. For example, there was the question of goal-posts. Surely these goal-posts could be erected in five minutes, and put away in a shed when not in use.

In Regent's Park they had a unique and beautiful thing. It was a whole. It was laid out on a grandiose plan and kept so, but for that unfortunate exception of red brick, Bedford College. When, a short time ago, the Crown lease of Abbey Lodge fell in he was horrified to learn that a great L-shaped block of flats was to be erected, going right back to the Outer Circle and destroying one of the most exquisite avenues in London, at Hanovergate. After protests, the proposed building was truncated, and so did not project right into the park. Mr. Churchill had said :—"You must remember that the land must be developed for the benefit of the Exchequer." If that was to be the order for the future it would be good-bye to the amenities of Regent's Park. It was inevitable that some changes must occur ; but they must extract from the Government a pledge, which would be binding on future Governments, that nothing would be done in the way of erecting other red-brick buildings in Regent's Park.

Brigadier-General A. Maxwell urged that an effort should be made later on to broaden the basis of the protest by associating with it other residents in the neighbourhood, in addition to the Crown tenants.

Another speaker suggested that future proposals for altering the landscape of the park should first be submitted to the Fine Arts Commission, or to a similar body.

A woman resident said that since the speed limit for motor-cars had been removed within the park it had become a place of dust and danger. She considered that Clarence-gate was now one of the most dangerous points in London. If Mr. Lansbury wished to make the park pleasant and safe for children he should look into that matter.

Mr. Jonathan Hutchinson also spoke.

### *I.L.P. DEMAND FOR PENSIONS AT 60*

The National Council of the Independent Labour Party met in London yesterday, under the chairmanship of Mr. Maxton, M.P. The following resolution was passed :—"The National Council of the I.L.P. strongly presses upon the Government the need for the immediate passage through Parliament of measures to provide old-age persions of 30s. a week at 60 years of age, and to raise the school-leaving age. It urges that the Government's education measures should be amended to abolish the means test, and that the entire cost should be met from the national Exchequer. The I.L.P. believes that these proposals are of great importance in withdrawing the young and the old from the labour market, thus easing the unemployment problem."

# EMPLOYMENT WORKS IN THE PARKS

## L.C.C. COMMITTEE'S PROPOSALS

The Parks and Open Spaces Committee of the London County Council propose to undertake a number of improvements with the object of providing additional employment. The Council to-morrow will be asked to approve the expenditure of £30,000 on the erection of a concrete river wall in Wandsworth Park ; £22,140 for various undertakings, which include tree-planting at Bostall Heath, renovation of cricket pitches and lawn-tennis courts on several open spaces, the abolition of the grass plateau south of the mansion and restoration of the slope at Ken Wood, and agricultural drainage ; £960 for the removal of the bank at the open-air swimming bath in Southwark Park ; and £10,000 on the construction of an open-air swimming bath in Kennington Park.

The present river wall at Wandsworth Park is made of timber. It is anticipated that of the £30,000 required for the construction of a concrete wall £20,000 will be expended in the financial year 1930-31 and about £10,000 in the following year. The Unemployment Grants Committee has approved the scheme for the purpose of a Government grant of the equivalent of 75 per cent. of the wages of the unemployed men taken on for the work, the maximum of the amount being limited to £13,500. Half the men are to be transferred by the Ministry of Labour from a London area where unemployment is very severe and from a depressed mining area. It is expected that communications will shortly be received from the Unemployment Grants Committee in respect of the remainder of the works. In the case of the Kennington Park swimming bath the Lambeth Borough Council has drawn attention to the need for the pool in a congested area, and has agreed to refund to the London County Council the whole cost of construction apart from any grant received, and to contribute half the cost of maintenance, estimated at £700 a year.

The Education Committee has called the attention of the Parks Committee to the presence of certain plane trees on the asphalted area at Newington recreation ground which make the ground entirely unsuited for organized games. A proposal that the trees should be removed, together with the gymnastic apparatus if necessary, is recommended to the Council for adoption.

The Local Government Committee has had under consideration a request by the Holborn Borough Council relating to the promotion of legislation to deal with nuisances from noise in the County of London on lines similar to those in the Edinburgh Corporation Draft Provisional Order of April, 1929. It is pointed out that regulations made by the Minister of Transport deal with the prevention of excessive noise due to defects of cars, and that the council has made by-laws dealing with mechanical organs at shows, street shouting by newsvendors, whistling for cabs, and noisy animals. The Standing Joint Committee has sought the opinion of the Metropolitan borough councils concerning a proposed by-law to meet the case of a nuisance caused by unreasonable noise in carrying on any trade, business, or occupation. Only four out of 31 councils which replied to the inquiry expressed readiness to furnish evidence, and the Local Government Committee recommend that no action should be taken in relation to the request of the Holborn Council.

The General Purposes Committee recommend that on the retirement on March 31 of Mr. C. D. Johnson, the comptroller of the Council, Mr. H. W. Stovold, the deputy comptroller, should be promoted to the position at a salary of £3,000 a year. Mr. Stovold is 59 years of age. He entered the service of the Council in 1890, and has been deputy comptroller since 1920.

# THE LANSDOWNE MARBLES

## A PRIVATE VIEW

That membership of the National Art-Collections Fund is now part of a liberal education is brought home by the latest opportunity provided. By the great kindness of Lord Lansdowne members are invited to a private view, for members of the Fund only, of the famous antique marbles at Lansdowne House, Berkeley-square, which are to be disposed of by Christie's on the premises on March 5.

Admission is by membership card (1930) only. The invitation is for three days—Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, February 25, 26, and 27—between the hours of 10 and 5 ; but, though members can avail themselves of the privilege on any of the three days, it is asked that, for their greater comfort, they should as far as possible arrange their visits alphabetically ; that is to say, members whose names begin with A to F on February 25, G to M on February 26, and N to Z on February 27.

The marbles, which include some of the finest examples of Greek and Roman art outside museums, were collected by the first Marquess of Lansdowne, about 1771, and it was only on account of a legal difficulty that, after his death in 1805, the collection was not sold to the British Museum.

# BLOTTING PAPER CLUE

## FORMER POLICEMAN CHARGED WITH FORGERY

A pad of green blotting paper bearing the impression of an alleged forged signature was produced in evidence at Bow-street Police Court on Saturday in an adjourned charge against Phillip George Brockett, 32, of Teddington, Middlesex.

Brockett, a former Metropolitan police-constable, who resigned through ill-health in November, was charged on remand with forging two cheques for £130, and stealing a police warrant card, the property of Police-constable Thomas Swann, T Division.

It was alleged that the two cheques were made out on forms taken from a book belonging to Messrs. Shaen, Roscoe, Massey, and Co., solicitors, Bedford-row, W.C., by whom Brockett had been employed as a clerk since leaving the force. It was further alleged that Brockett had personated Police-constable Swann, who had lodged at his house, and used his warrant card to obtain loans from moneylenders.

Mr. John Lewis Wilgoss, a clerk to Messrs. Shaen, Roscoe, Massey, and Co., said that on Brockett's desk in the clerks' office he found a blotting pad bearing an impression of the apparent signature of one of the firm's partners.

Police-constable Thomas Swann said that on January 15 he asked Brockett why he had borrowed money in his name and he replied, "When you are needing money you get it somehow, and never think of the consequences." He further said that he had borrowed the money on a false rent book, but denied all knowledge of the witness's warrant card.

Brockett, who denied both charges, was again remanded on bail.

# ALLEGED LUNATIC'S PROPERTY

## MAGISTRATE AND RELIEVING OFFICER'S APPLICATION

An unusual application was made to Mr. Gill at the Westminster Police Court on Saturday by Mr. Leonard Tate, relieving officer for the Chelsea district. He said he had a Justices' order to take possession of the property of a woman detained under the Lunacy Act, but the husband refused to hand it over. It consisted of a Post Office Savings Bank book and Government stock certificates. He asked for a summons against the husband for detaining the book, certificates, &c., but did not know under what particular Act of Parliament.

Mr. Gill.—Nor do I, and I cannot grant process under the Police Act for the detention of property of greater value than £15.

Mr. Tate.—I have been to the Board of Control, and have been instructed that my only course was to apply to you for a summons for detention.

Mr. Gill looked up an authority on the subject, and then said it appeared as though Justices had no jurisdiction to order shares in a company to be given up.

Mr. Tate.—Would that apply to a Post Office Savings Bank book, Sir ?

Mr. Gill.—You are not in a position to tell me under what section of what Act of Parliament I have any power to do this ?

Mr. Tate.—No, Sir.

Mr. Gill again consulted the authorities, and said that one way in which it had been done was by *mandamus*, but he would look into the cases on the matter and Mr. Tate could renew his application at a later date.

# BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR

## CANON GUY ROGERS ON RATIONALIZATION

Representatives of the British Industries Fair attended a special service at Birmingham Parish Church yesterday, when Canon Guy Rogers dealt in his sermon with the problem of industrial rationalization. He said that the introduction of "scientific management" in institutional religion would be a great boon. It would lead to the scrapping of much of their machinery, the closing of some of their churches, and a far better distribution of man power, as represented by the clergy, to meet the spiritual and social needs of the community. The earlier period of industrial rationalization, the introduction of machinery, brought almost fabulous wealth to manufacturers, but no corresponding advantages to the workers who helped to produce it. There was a haunting fear now that those mistakes might be repeated and that human life and personality might again be cheapened.

Under rationalization in Germany the profits of the coal industry, the steel trade, and the chemical trust ran into many millions, but it was asserted that the German workers had a lower standard of life than before the War. In the circumstances it was nothing short of inspiring to note the willingness of trade union leaders in this country to cooperate in the movement. There must be no faltering in the declared aim that the community generally and the workers in particular should share fully in the economic results that might be achieved. Three aspects of the problem required steadfast and sympathetic consideration—namely, the strain on the workers called upon to take part in the highly speeded, more efficient, and more mechanized system of production which rationalization brought with it ; the plight of the redundant worker and the fate of the consumer who looked anxiously, but not always hopefully, for a fall of prices through the economies effected. Short time shifts might help.

Mr. J. H. Thomas, he said, deprecated the modern tendency of workers to look to the Government for help. To whom else had those unfortunate people to look ? The displaced worker needed the help of the State to direct his creative activities into some other channel. Large-scale thought and action directed to a programme extending over a definite number of years seemed to offer the best hope of reabsorbing the displaced worker. If his countrymen failed him now they would never be trusted again, and communism would hold the field.

### BUSINESS AT THE FAIR

The attendance at the British Industries Fair at Olympia on Saturday exceeded all previous records, the home and oversea trade buyers numbering 14,000 and the public almost as many. The total attendance for the week exceeded 90,000, an increase as compared with last year of over 20 per cent. In every section of the Fair it was stated :—"We have done more business already than during the whole of the last Fair."

In the Empire Marketing Board section at Olympia practically every Dominion and Colony exhibiting is showing some new product. Malaya is showing coffee for the first time in this country, and New Zealand exhibits frozen eggs for the first time, and with them samples of the cakes and pastry for the making of which they can be used with special advantage. Interest has been shown in the many products of Gambia, including beeswax, native-grown tobacco, and brilliantly coloured native cloths and bedspreads. Canned fowls are shown from Northern Ireland. These new exhibits have attracted a good deal of business.

The heavy section of the British Industries Fair at Birmingham was attended by big crowds on Saturday, being open to the general public. The attendance for the week has been in excess of any previous year. The number of trade inquiries received and orders placed has been most encouraging. According to exhibitors the buying of hardware and brassfoundry work has been good, much of it for export, particularly for Empire markets. Reports from the gas and electrical sections are good. A number of great oil engines and some heavy power plant sold in the Fair are to be shipped to India, South Africa, Australia, and Burma.

# SOUTHERN RAILWAY REORGANIZATION

## NEW TRAFFIC MANAGER

At their meeting last week the directors of the Southern Railway Company agreed to a scheme of reorganization of the operating and commercial departments of the railway.

Under the present system the chief operating superintendent deals with all questions affecting the running of trains, and the chief commercial manager deals with all questions affecting the procuring of traffic and the fares and rates to be charged. It has been found that this division of responsibility has not always tended towards the greatest efficiency, and it is with a view to achieving this that the new organization has been decided upon. Under this scheme the two departments will be combined under a traffic manager. Associated with him will be a number of assistants, representing the various operating and commercial activities of the railway, and divisional superintendents, who, with suitable assistants, will have charge within their districts of both operating and commercial matters.

In order to give effect to this scheme the following appointments have been made :—

Mr. Edwin C. Cox, chief operating superintendent, to be traffic manager.

Mr. J. B. Elliot, assistant to the general manager (public relations and advertising), to be assistant to the traffic manager (development of traffic).

Mr. H. K. O. Wheeler, assistant operating superintendent for train services, to be general assistant to the traffic manager.

Mr. F. Bushrod, assistant chief operating superintendent, to be superintendent of operation.

Mr. G. H. Wheeler, superintendent, Somerset and Dorset Joint Railway, to be commercial assistant to the traffic manager.

Mr. E. J. Missenden, London (East) divisional operating superintendent, to be assistant superintendent of operation.

Mr. C. Grasemann, western divisional assistant operating superintendent, to be public relations and advertising officer.

The changes will take place on March 31 next, when Mr. H. A. Sire, at present chief commercial manager, will relinquish his post, but will be retained in the company's service in an advisory capacity until the end of the year, when he will retire. Mr. G. Knight, secretary of the company, will retire on March 31, and will be succeeded by Mr. F. H. Willis, who at present acts as assistant to Mr. Sire, as indoor commercial manager. Mr. G. T. Hodge, outdoor commercial manager, will also retire on March 31.

# STOLEN MOTOR-CAR WRECKED

## PASSENGER THROWN THROUGH WINDSCREEN

At Marlborough-street Police Court on Saturday Albert Jones, 38, chauffeur-mechanic, of Tottenham-street, Tottenham Court-road, John Henry Wylde, 24, seaman, and Patrick Quirk, 22, who described himself as a professional dancer, both of Castle-street, St. Martin's-lane, W.C., were charged with stealing a motor-car.

Evidence was given that the car, belonging to Dr. Joshua Stein, of King-street, Hammersmith, was left by him in Warwick-street, and an hour later when he returned for it found it gone. At 8.15 a.m. on February 15 it was found about a quarter of a mile from Wallingford on the Cholsey-road. It was overturned and wrecked. About 7.15 the same morning the three prisoners inquired the way to the railway station, and later they turned up at Cholsey station and booked to Reading. On their arrival at Reading they were without money, and after various inquiries Jones pawned his overcoat with the booking clerk at Reading G.W.R. station for the price of three tickets to Paddington. Meanwhile the Metropolitan Police had circulated details of the stolen car, and on their arrival at Paddington the three men were arrested.

When they were arrested Jones said :—"Yes, that is right ; it is a wonder the three of us were not killed. I was driving. We were doing about 40 to 45 miles an hour when the car skidded and turned right over." Quirk said :—"I only left Cardiff this morning, but I was in the car when it happened, and was thrown through the windscreen."

Jones and Wylde pleaded "Guilty" to stealing the car.

Quirk, in the witness-box, said he was not with the other two when the car was stolen. He met them in the car in Piccadilly-circus, and they invited him to go for a ride. He thought the car belonged to Jones's master.

Previous convictions against both Jones, whose real name was stated to be Leon Victor Hartod, and Wylde were proved, and they were both sentenced to six months' imprisonment, with hard labour. Quirk was discharged.

A Reuter telegram from Monrovia, California, says :—Miss Mabel Normand, the film star, died yesterday morning after a long illness. She was suffering from tuberculosis, but during the last few months her condition had been reported as improving steadily.

# DELAYS IN RELIEF WORKS

## DURHAM COMPLAINT OF MINISTRY

In a statement issued on Saturday Mr. John Wallace, chairman of the Works Committee of Durham County Council, replies to the recent statement of the Ministry of Transport as to the delays of authorities in starting road works. Mr. Wallace says :—

The statement of the Ministry of Transport so far as Durham County is concerned is most misleading and entirely unwarranted, even though one is pleased to see a small bouquet handed out to Durham as being the only authority with men actually at work. When the invitation to submit schemes was received from the Ministry in July last, figures were prepared, and a deputation attended the Ministry in London in August, when the Ministry said they would be prepared to consider schemes amounting to approximately £500,000, out of a total of £3,000,000 schemes which were listed.

In the third week in August provisional estimates and plans were forwarded to the Ministry with the information that the County Council would proceed with certain works as soon as a definite indication of grant was received. Preliminary grants, amounting to £36,000 only, were issued by the Ministry in September with respect to the trunk road schemes at Chester-le-Street and Aycliffe, and men were actually started work on these schemes on October 8. Mr. Merrett, our County Surveyor, and his staff gave up all question of holidays, and the Department worked day and night, including Saturdays and Sundays, in order to get men started.

The Ministry will not, of course, issue any preliminary grants until possession has been obtained of the necessary land to enable a start to be made. The arrangements for the acquisition of land are, by the stipulation of the Ministry, entirely in the hands of the Land Valuation Department of the Inland Revenue, and the County Council must take the advice of the District Valuer concerned as to the proceedings for acquisition. There has, in some of our schemes, been slight delay in obtaining possession of the land, but the fact remains that at Nevilles Cross, for instance, we informed the Ministry we had possession of the land and were ready to start on December 2. The preliminary grant for this particular portion of the trunk road scheme was only received last week, and 30 men have been started this week, *i.e.*, two and a half months' delay on the part of the Ministry after we were ready to start. More men will be set on as the work opens out.

The other schemes which the County Council have prepared are those included in the first year's section of what is known as the five years' programme. One of these schemes, at Ash Gill Heads, in Teesdale, which will employ about 30 men, we were actually ready to start on October 18, and the County Council has not yet received the preliminary grant to enable a commencement to be made with the actual works.

### STANLEY-CAUSEY NEW ROAD

The largest scheme provisionally included under the first year's section of the five years' programme is the Stanley-Causey new road, estimated to cost £130,000, which will provide work for 400 men. This is a somewhat comprehensive scheme, being an entirely new road over awkward country, but even with this scheme our county engineer was ready to make a start on December 10 with 30 to 40 men on the first short section of the new road.

With regard to the land required for the further section of this road, the district valuer reported in October that it would be useless for him to make any further overtures to the owners, and he advised proceedings for compulsory purchase. As it is necessary that the county council should be in possession of a certificate of the Ministry of Labour that the works should be put in hand for the purpose of relieving unemployment, steps were immediately taken to obtain this certificate, and the certificate was, in fact, issued by the Ministry of Labour, after protracted negotiations, on January 10, 1930. The county council were then in a position to proceed with the compulsory order, but on January 13 were informed by the Ministry of Transport that the Minister could not be advised to press for Treasury sanction to this scheme as one which would promote the economic development of the district. This intimation was received after practically five months' delay in decision on the part of the Ministry, during which valuable time on the part of our legal and highway staffs and consideration of the works committee has been spent upon the preparation of this scheme which, at the moment, appears to have been all in vain.

The Ministry now suggest that the Council might submit other schemes amounting to £130,000 in lieu of the Stanley-Causey new road scheme, but it will be readily understood that it may take another few months to prepare alternative schemes and get them into such a position as to be able to make a start.

The County Works Committee have appointed a deputation to visit the Ministry of Transport with the idea of pressing for sanction to the Stanley-Causey scheme and discussing the whole of the five years' schemes. The Ministry will, of course, reply to the above that when the particulars of each scheme have been sent forward they have requested some further information on details, but our contention is that all the detailed information the Ministry have continually requested from time to time could have been supplied after the works had actually been commenced and the object had been achieved of getting men started, which, after all, was the prime reason for urgency.

The Durham County Council schemes provide for employing about 1,700 men. Up to date we have 657 men employed on the schemes in question. This figure could have been almost doubled by this time if preliminary grants had been made by the Ministry.

# METAL AIR YACHT

## A SUPERMARINE MONOPLANE TO TAKE SIX PASSENGERS

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

A three-engined Supermarine metal monoplane air yacht has been designed and constructed at the Supermarine Works of Vickers (Aviation), Limited. It is the first flying yacht to be built in this country to the order of a private owner ; it is also the first multi-engined monoplane to be designed and built by the Supermarine Works.

The engines are three Siddeley Geared "Jaguars," which enable a cruising speed of 100 m.p.h. to be comfortably maintained with a top speed of 120 m.p.h., which will be increased when fully tuned up. With full tanks and a minimum crew 2,000 miles can be covered without refuelling. The fuel and oil tanks are placed in the wing. Normally six passengers, three crew, and 600lb. of baggage allow of a range of 650 miles, and in this condition the total weight of the machine is 10½ tons. The total length is 66ft. 6in., with a wing span of 92ft.

Side by side dual control is fitted, also two open cockpits for passengers. Down below the owner's accommodation is spacious and comfortable, the saloon and cabins are provided with sideboards, dressing tables, bookcases, and wardrobes similar to those usually fitted in yachts. Electric light is fitted and a ventilating system supplying warm or cold air at will permits an even temperature to be maintained in any climate.

The hull and superstructure are built of duralumin with fittings of stainless steel ; the wing coverings are of fabric. Stub floats or stabilizers are fitted amidships ; they contain extra or emergency fuel tanks. A tender can come alongside the deck provided by the stabilizer, whence entry to the craft is greatly facilitated by a companionway ; when at anchor the space is available for ordinary deck use.

The machine has been specially designed and constructed to the order of Mr. A. E. Guinness. During the past two seasons he has used the Supermarine Solent three-engined biplane flying-boat as an aerial yacht when crossing from England to his castle in Ireland and for cruises over the Irish lakes.

### *ASSIZE TRIAL ADJOURNED*

At the Kent Assizes on Saturday, Sidney Harry Fox, 28, described as a medical student, who is on remand on the charge of the murder of his mother, Mrs. Rosaline Fox, at Margate, was brought up on a series of charges of obtaining credit by false pretences and fraud. Mr. Frank Powell said he had been instructed by the Director of Public Prosecutions to ask that the case might stand over until the Kent Summer Assizes. Mr. James, for Fox, said that he offered no objection. The application was granted, and Fox, who was present, left the dock smiling.

# ST. MARY'S HALL, COVENTRY

## ARCHITECT'S REPORT ON NORTH WALL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

COVENTRY, Feb. 23

At the request of the Estates Committee of Coventry Corporation, Mr. H. T. Jackson, A.R.I.B.A. (of Coventry), has prepared a report on the condition of the north wall of the city's ancient Guild Hall, known as St. Mary's Hall.

Mr. Jackson stated that the north wall is constructed generally of a soft friable local red sandstone, but occasionally a whiter and slightly more durable stone was used, especially in the niches. The wall is of two storeys. The portion above the string course forms the northern wall of the hall and consists chiefly of a nine-light window, the lower portion of which is solid and carved to form nine niches. The lower portion of the wall forms the north side of the Fore-Crypt and contains a doorway and five single-light windows. The wall projects slightly for one-half of its height on the west side to take the doorway (now built up), which once led out to an iron balcony from which the Acts of Leet were formerly proclaimed.

About 36 years ago the upper half of the wall was refaced with plain stonework, without any regard to the original design. This was in accordance with the views of the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings, but it is now admitted to be a failure. The new course and heavy stonework destroyed the perpendicular feeling of the window, and gave the building a top-heavy appearance. The structure is sound. The old stone, which was not refaced 36 years ago, has weathered very badly, crumbling away to the extent of obliterating practically the whole of the ornamental moulding and carving.

### A DISCOVERY

"The most important discovery I have made during the survey," Mr. Jackson writes, "is that the north window is not a part of the original hall, but was added later, at a date not earlier than 1475, and possibly nearer 1490. The flattish, four-centred, almost segmental arch, such as spans this window, was unknown when the hall was built (1394-1414) and represents a stage in the development of fenestration, which was only reached towards the end of the 15th century. There is, however, definite proof of this later alteration, for an examination of the stonework in the hall (where it is well preserved) shows clearly that the original walling has been cut and notched to take the later window jambs. The mortar used for the window joins is different, and the jointing of the jambs is that used when stones are inserted in an existing wall. There are also other proofs. The present window cuts up into the roof behind a carved wooden figure once fixed to the wall, showing that a window of this height was not anticipated when the roof was constructed. Another important point is the workmanship ; the tracery of the north window is carefully and accurately worked, unlike that of the side windows, where the workmanship is poor and crude (especially in the upper lights which are farthest from the eye)."

Advising the committee that the approximate estimate of the proposed restoration is £4,700, Mr. Jackson says that the object of restoration is to preserve and give new life to fine and old buildings, but one cannot preserve what has ceased to exist. The methods by which the committee can best obtain its objects are as follows :—

(a) All stones bearing visible evidence of human craftsmanship should be carefully preserved and retained in their original position, decayed edges being carefully repaired by one of several approved methods where necessary to form a weatherproof joint with the new stonework ; (b) where all evidence of original work has disappeared, but an exact record of the original work is available, a different process is desirable.

Details are added as to the exact form of the reconstruction work to be done.

### *DEATH FROM HUNTING ACCIDENT*

Mrs. Kathleen Lakin, wife of the Master of the Wexford Hounds, Major M. L. Lakin, died yesterday as a result of injuries received in a fall from her horse when hunting on Friday. Mrs. Lakin, who was born in 1892, was married to Major Lakin in 1914. She was a daughter of the late Lord Maurice FitzGerald, second son of the fourth Duke of Leinster, and was a cousin of the present Duke. She leaves two young sons.

# ROUND THE SHOPS

## THE NEW FASHIONS

The "ready-to-wear" departments are now giving much attention to detail. This season's fashions are very difficult to produce in "ready-mades," but already there is a big range of clothes showing the new trend in its simplest form in day and evening clothes, and allowing for the neater fitting by the use of fastenings, boleros, and various adjustments.

Harrods, Brompton-road, have a number of interesting events in their house this week. This is orange week, and it is suggested that an orange a day keeps a good deal of illness away, and a big display of this decorative fruit can be seen in the Floral section of the Food Halls, where vast pyramids of oranges and orange trees laden with fruit create a desire to try the orange squeezing machine and its resultant drink, free of charge. New fashions are already to be found in many departments, and there are interesting examples of new millinery in hand-woven straws, tweed straws, and jersey éponge. Lamb coats are being shown for hard wear in a moderately priced collection which ranges from 10 guineas to 25 guineas.

Jay's, Regent-street, are showing a new collection of spring clothes in their ready-to-wear department on the second floor. The new reverse or companionate tweeds are used in some smart two-pieces. One on a black and yellow ground with a snowflake fleck has a blouse top of the material in the reverse. Another companionate tweed in a mushroom and grey mixture has the dress of the material used on the opposite side to that of the coat, whose lining shows the same material as the dress. Rodier's "crêpe aelic" is used in a week-end three-piece in rose beige ; the outfit consists of a frock, an open skirt which goes on over the frock, buttoning in front, and a smart three-quarter coat with the popular military collar and an ecclesiastical tab at the back. A neat two-piece in madiana is in the new rhododendron red and has a collar in grey krimmer ; its details show scalloped tucking on both the coat and dress. Three Rodier woollen materials in the new saxe blue are used to make a three-piece which has a tweed coat faced with a fancy blue and white material and a jumper in a jersey fabric.

Harvey Nichols, Knightsbridge, have some new two-pieces and suits in their knitwear department which are seasonable wear. There are outfits with tweed coats and stockinette dresses and smart suits in tweed with cardigan coats and hand-knitted jumpers in cubist designs; the belts are adjustable, so that they can be placed to suit any figure. Chiffon tweed makes a very smart two-piece with a long coat.

Debenham and Freebody, Wigmore-street, have a new selection of jumpers and blouses for wear with spring suits. There are sleeveless blouses in new styles in crêpe de Chine shirting from 25s. 9d. in the new soft colourings finished with smart details at the throat, and there are blouses and jumpers also in washing silks to wear over skirts, both with and without sleeves. A charming tailored jumper is in heavy crêpe de Chine shirting with a fastening down the front and ends to tie attached to the collar; it costs 59s. 6d.

Barkers, High-street, Kensington, are holding a white sale at the present time, which is notable for the range of beautiful coloured linens and coloured appliqué on white which are included in it. Handworked Italian and Madeira cream linens are at a big discount; they formed part of an order for the Christmas trade, but arrived too late and were purchased on favourable terms which allow of their being sold very cheap. This department has a large floor space, which gives special facilities for the display of goods, and already the sale has been making records owing to the excellent values offered in household and fancy linens. In the Display Hall this week there are mannequin parades of inexpensive frocks in tweeds, artificial silk crêpe de Chine, art satins, and a new flecked wool georgette. Macclesfield washing silks in plain colours and stripes will be shown in summer frocks, and also pure linen in various styles ; the parades take place at 2.30 and 3.30 p.m. to-day, and until Friday at 11, 12, 2.30, and 3.

Selfridges, Oxford-street, are having an Eastern silk week, beginning to-day, when price reductions will be made in Oriental silks of all kinds. Other attractions in the store during the week are Italian evening shawls at special prices in squares and round shapes; they are from 16s. to 5 guineas. A special offer of wireless valves, originally 10s. 6d. and this week reduced to 3s. 9d., is also being made.

# News in Brief

Two young farm servants, Henry Morrice, 15, and Arthur Coutts, 16, were suffocated on Saturday in their sleep by smoke from a stove at a farm four miles from Ellon, Aberdeenshire.

Extensions to the new Harrogate Infirmary have been resolved upon. The cost of the first portion of the building now nearing completion is £46,000, and the new extension an additional £52,000, practically a £100,000 scheme.

The finding of a notice on the door "Beware of gas" led to the Lancaster police discovering the body of Mr. Thomas Ponsonby Tilly, 53, a solicitor, and formerly Town Clerk of Morecambe, in a room of his office in Sun-street, Lancaster.

Mr. John Davie, an assistant gas manager of Edinburgh Corporation, aged about 60, collapsed and died while watching from the grand stand the Rugby International between Scotland and Ireland at Murrayfield, Edinburgh, on Saturday.

Miss Margaret and Miss Elizabeth Blades, twin daughters of Lord and Lady Ebbisham, have been admitted to the Freedom of the City as members of the Gardeners' Company, of which their father is a Past Master. They came of age a few weeks ago.

The shop window of Waigh Brothers, fruiterers, Windmill Hill, Enfield, was blown out early on Saturday when an explosion occurred beneath the staircase at the back of the shop. The side of the staircase was also damaged. No one was injured.

The first number of a new penny monthly journal, entitled *Home and Empire*, will be issued to-morrow under the ægis of the National Union of Conservative and Unionist Associations. An exclusive interview with Mr. Baldwin on Empire Free Trade and the new "party" will appear.

Joseph Stewart, who was sentenced to death at Durham Assizes nearly 10 years ago for the murder of a woman at Durham, and was afterwards reprieved, has written to friends intimating that the Home Secretary is to grant his release as from next July, when 10 years of imprisonment are completed.

At the Thames Police Court on Saturday Mr. J. Sharpe (the magistrate) reduced to £15 the fine of £200 which he had imposed on Friday on Elizabeth Ubee, a white woman, widow of a Chinese, for allowing premises occupied by her in Silver Lion-court, Poplar, to be used for opium smoking.

The council of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers have awarded the "George Stephenson Research Prize" to Mr. C. F. Dendy Marshall for a paper on "The Motion of Railway Vehicles on a Curved Line," and Mr. T. M. Herbert for one on "Locomotive Fireboxes" jointly. Though the prize has been offered for some years, this is the first occasion on which it has been won.

Shortly before midnight on Saturday Miss Alice Hubbard, of Palace-road, Norwood, stepping out of a train at Streatham Hill Station, was caught between the carriage and the platform. She was taken in an unconscious condition to the Weir Hospital, Balham, where she was found to have received severe internal injuries. An operation was performed on Miss Hubbard yesterday, and her condition was stated afterwards to be satisfactory.

The body of Captain Mårtesson, of the Swedish steamer Frida, was washed ashore at New Romney, Kent, on Friday. When his ship was in danger of sinking during the severe gale off Dover on December 10 last year Mårtesson was washed overboard and drowned while a Dover tug was standing by the steamer. A verdict of "Accidental death" was returned at the inquest on Saturday.

## NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found :—

A woman's ring, set with precious stones, has been found. (p. 1)

The Royal Society invites applications from British subjects for the Smithson Research Fellowship. (p. 3)

A reward of £100 is offered for the return of one diamond star brooch, one spray brooch, one large diamond crescent brooch with pearl in the centre, and two hoop diamond rings, lost from an address in Bournemouth. (p. 1)

The London County Council invites applications from women for temporary employment as assistant organizers of children's care work. (p. 3)

Notice is given that Sigmund Metz, of Mead Corner, How-lane, Chipstead, Surrey, has applied to the Home Secretary for naturalization. (p. 1)


# Treasure Cot

*The only Store devoted exclusively to Mothers', Babies' & Children's needs*

THE Treasure Cot Company specialise in Maternity Wear, Babies' needs and clothes for children up to 12 years of age. Founded for Mother and Baby, organised for Mother and Baby, it is to-day the only store which concentrates entirely on their needs. Mothers and Expectant Mothers should write for the catalogues given below and do all their children's shopping at the Treasure Cot Store.

*No. 7272. Pretty Smock and Knickers in delaine with rosebud design. Colours: White, pink and sky. 18in. length.* **24/-**

*No. J. 2954. Boy's washable Buster Suit, the knickers are of blue linen and shirt of striped cotton material.* **38/6**

*No. 103. Stitched Paddy Hat to match coat No. J.9496.* **14/9**

*No. 1824. Useful frock in fine wool marocain, with spun silk collar and cuffs. 26

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

(*Editorial Rooms*), *London*.

NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.

SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

## THE FRESH GLORY OF THE DAWN

*By CALLISTHENES*

Sometimes we meet people who talk as if this generation were living near the end of the world. They talk of the countless generations which have preceded ours. They imply that we are lingering late upon the stage of human life, that there is little left for us to do, that there is nothing new under the sun. The field of memory they hold is greater than the field of hope. The dark continents have become light; the human race has spread over the whole earth. The course of this ancient world is run.

It is wrong, for any reason, to stop hoping and striving and working. It is pathetic as well as wrong to stop because of an error in our scientific opinions.

For the world is yet in its cradle. Hardly even that. It is as if it had been born but a day.

Let us quote for our own inspiration and as an authoritative statement on the world's infancy the magnificent passage with which Professor Sir James Jeans sends his recent book, "The Universe Around Us."

"A million million years lie before us," he says, "over three million times the period through which humanity has so far existed on earth." Then he concludes:

"We are living at the very beginning of time. We have come into being in the fresh glory of the dawn, and a day of almost unthinkable length stretches before us with unimaginable opportunities for accomplishment. Our descendants of far-off ages, looking down this long vista of time from the other end, will see our present age as the misty morning of the world's history; our contemporaries of to-day will appear as dim heroic figures who fought their way through jungles of ignorance, error and superstition to discover truth, to learn how to harness the forces of nature, and to make a world worthy for mankind to live in.

"We are still too much engulfed in the greyness of the morning mists to be able to imagine, however vaguely, how this world of ours will appear to those who will come after us and see it in the full light of day.

"But by what light we have we seem to discern that the main message of astronomy is one of hope to the race and of responsibility to the individual—of responsibility because we are drawing plans and laying foundations for a longer future than we can well imagine."

"Hope," "responsibility," "plans," "foundations," these are words to rouse men from thoughts about the end of the age. We who work and strive to-day are not stumbling among the ancient ruins of the house of mankind. We are building the foundations for a house of unimaginable splendour.

We shall remember in our day's work here that no generation which ever lived had a finer opportunity to make a world worthy of mankind, and we shall work the better for it.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

*Poached Eggs on*

**HOVIS Toast**

Keen appetites can ask for nothing more. Health itself demands nothing less, for HOVIS gives you the essential elements which your body calls for and must have.

**HOVIS**

(Trade Mark)

**Best Bakers Bake it.**

HOVIS LTD., LONDON, BRISTOL, MACCLESFIELD, ETC.

*Say a whisky and*

**Perrier**

*No comparison.*

## GYPSY MUSICIAN'S CAREER

### DEATH OF BELA RADICS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BUDAPEST, FEB. 23

Bela Radics, the most famous Hungarian Tzigane (gypsy) band leader, died here suddenly on Friday night, aged 63.

Having begun as a musician in small provincial towns, he eventually came to Budapest, where for many years he had been the favourite of Hungarian society, playing with his band at private entertainments, as well as at public balls, and he was recognized as the best interpreter of Hungarian popular songs. He often played abroad with his band, and recently he received an invitation to play in Brussels before the Belgian Court, the Royal Family, after hearing him on the wireless, having expressed the wish to hear him in person. He was holding a rehearsal with his band, in view of this Belgian visit, when he had an attack of apoplexy from which he did not recover.

Many anecdotes circulated about him, and he himself used to consider the most wonderful event of his life the evening when he was allowed to play for the late Empress Elizabeth of Austria. It was in the nineties when, one evening at the restaurant where Radics and his band used to play, three ladies made their appearance. Radics recognized that one of them was the Queen of Hungary (the Empress Elizabeth) and "played as he had never played before." The Queen was especially struck by one Hungarian song and expressed her delight at it. Ever since Bela Radics at every one of his performances never omitted to play that song, "the Queen's song," as he called it. The tune of this song is to be played by the Tzigane band at Radics's funeral, which is fixed for to-morrow (Monday) afternoon, about 4 o'clock. About 100 conductors of Tzigane bands are expected at the funeral. They will come from all parts of the old kingdom of Hungary to pay the last honours to their uncrowned king.

**The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 19**

**Week-end Concerts will be found on page 19**

# Entertainments

## THE THEATRES

### SHAW PLAYS AT THE OLD VIC

At the Old Vic this evening *The Dark Lady of the Sonnets* and *Androcles and the Lion* will be produced by Mr. Harcourt Williams. This will be the first time that Mr. Shaw's work has been seen at this theatre. Mr. Harcourt Williams will repeat his performance as Shakespeare in *The Dark Lady of the Sonnets*, with Miss Martita Hunt as Queen Elizabeth. Mr. Henry Wolston as the Beefeater, and Miss Adele Dixon as the Dark Lady. In the second play Mr. Brember Wills will play Androcles; Miss Margaret Webster Magaera; Miss Martita Hunt Lavinia; Mr. John Gielgud the Emperor; Mr. Richard Riddle the Lion; and Mr. John Wyse the Captain.

A special entertainment for school children on their half-term holiday will be given by the Half-Term Theatre at the Embassy Theatre to-day at 3 and 7 o'clock. In arranging the programme attention has been given to the varied tastes of boys and girls of all ages; it will consist of folk-songs, dances, and two plays, *The Workhouse Ward*, by Lady Gregory, and *Shivering Shocks*, by Miss Clemence Dane.

To-morrow afternoon will see the production of Mr. Max Beerbohm's *Savonarola Brown*, which is being performed for the first time at the Haymarket Theatre, in aid of the Oxford Preservation Fund. It will be produced by Sir Nigel Playfair, with an Oxonian cast, including Mr. A. P. Herbert, Mr. Robert Speaight, Mr. Robert Harris, Mr. James B. Fagan, Mr. D. A. Clarke-Smith, Miss Viola Tree, and Mr. Richard Goolden. Mr. John Buchan, Mr. John Hastings Turner, and Mr. Compton Mackenzie have written special pieces for the *matinée*.

As Mr. Maurice Browne is not yet ready with his own production of Commander Stephen King-Hall's naval play *B.J.*, Miss Joan Temple's *Charles and Mary*, which is based on the life of Charles Lamb, will be seen at the Globe Theatre from Friday next. The piece is being partly recast, but most of the members of the Everyman Company, including the author and Mr. Peter Ridgeway, will appear. Mr. Malcolm Morley is the producer.

Next Saturday has been fixed for the opening of *Healthy, Wealthy, and Wise*, the comedy by Miss Eleanor Chilton and Mr. Herbert Agar, which Mr. Basil Dean is producing at the New Theatre. The action takes place in New York at the present time, and the small cast includes Miss Mary Newcomb, Mr. Athole Stewart, Mr. George Curzon, Mr. Deering Wells, Mr. Alec Archdale, and Miss Helen Spencer.

Miss Sybil Thorndike will again be seen this week at the Coliseum in Mr. H. C. G. Stevens's sketch *To Meet the King*, and other contributors to the programme include Mr. Talbot O'Farrell, the Houston Sisters, and the Reno Brothers. Mr. Joe Marks, described as "America's leading eccentric comedian," will be seen for the first time in this country at the Palladium, where he is to appear in a sketch entitled *Then the Fun Began*. At the Victoria Palace are Mr. Carl Brisson and Tamara, the dancer; and at the Holborn Empire Miss Ethel Waters and Mr. Randolph Sutton head the bill.

On Tuesday, March 4, Mr. Peter Godfrey will produce at the Gate Theatre a satirical fantasy called *The Lion Tamer; or, English as She is Eaten*, translated from the French of Alfred Savoir by Mr. Charles N. Spencer, a director of the Gate Theatre. The principal parts will be played by Mr. Ernest Thesiger, Mr. Elliot Seabrooke, and Miss Jeanne de Casalis. A version of *The Lion Tamer* was done in December, 1928, at the Arts Theatre; but Mr. Spencer has made an entirely new translation, adhering very strictly to the French spirit of the play.

Another French play to be given next month is Racine's *Phèdre* which will be given in the original French by the J. T. Grein Cosmopolitan Theatre at the Arts Theatre on Sunday afternoon and evening, March 2. The part of Phèdre will be played by Miss Sybil Thorndike, supported by Miss Minnie Blagden, Miss Marjorie Gabain, Miss Celia Johnson, Mr. H. D'Auvergne, and Mr. Hubert Langley.

The Duchess Theatre will reopen on March 11 with a revue entitled *The Intimate Revue*, of which the book is by Mr. Henry Smalley and Mr. Roland Thomas, with lyrics and music by Mr. Philip Seeley and Mr. Fred Elizalde. The company will include Mr. Morris Harvey, Mr. George Vollaire, Mr. Alexander Oumansky's ballet, Miss Dorothy Seacombe, and Miss Florence McHugh.

Mr. Leon M. Lion announces that, in spite of the genuine enthusiasm of the audiences that have attended his production at Daly's Theatre of *This Way to Paradise*, the play by Mr. Campbell Dixon based on Mr. Aldous Huxley's novel "Point Counter Point," the piece will be withdrawn on Saturday, March 1. It will be succeeded at Daly's Theatre by a new play by Ian Hay and Mr. Guy Bolton, entitled *A Song of Sixpence*, described as a "Scottish comedy."

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

To-night.—*Androcles and the Lion* and *The Dark Lady of the Sonnets*, Old Vic; Half-Term Theatre programme, Embassy.

To-morrow.—*Savonarola Brown*, Haymarket (*matinée*); Marie Rambert's *matinée*, Lyric, Hammersmith.

Friday.—*Charles and Mary*, Globe (trans.).

Saturday.—*Healthy, Wealthy, and Wise*, New.

## A NEW PIRANDELLO PLAY

### "AS YOU WANT ME"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, FEB. 22

A new play by Pirandello, *Come tu mi vuoi* (*As you want me to be*), was produced for the first time this week in Milan, and had a remarkable success.

Its heroine is a woman without identity. During the invasion of Venetia she was taken prisoner, and sent first to Vienna and then to Berlin. Passing through all manner of humiliations, 10 years after the War she no longer knows who she is, and lives by singing and dancing in the *tabarins* of Berlin. A German writer, of perverted tastes, falls in love with her, gives her the name of Helma, and instals her in his home, driving out his wife and daughter. The unknown woman lives for some time with the writer, but is disgusted by the immoral atmosphere which surrounds her.

One evening an Italian approaches her while she is leaving the *tabarin*, and calls out to her: "Signora Lucia! Don't deny it, you are Signora Lucia!" He believes he has recognized in her the wife of one of his friends, a certain Piera, of Udine. The Austro-German invasion had carried her away also. The unknown woman protests that she has never been married, but the Italian insists, and implores her to follow him and rejoin her husband, who for the last 10 years has been waiting for her. She ends by consenting. They have established for her an identity; let it be so, she will be the Signora Lucia Piera.

Four months pass. Helma has become Signora Lucia Piera. She learns from the supposed husband, his relations and friends, what were the habits, ideas, and tastes of the first wife whose place she has taken, and adopts these habits, ideas, and tastes. Little by little she changes herself; "I will make myself," she says to her supposed husband, "as you want me to be." The sister of the true Signora Lucia, however, 10 years after the latter's disappearance, has had her death officially declared, in order to put forward certain claims that she believes she has to the villa and estate of Piera. Then the suspicion arises in the unknown woman's mind that her identification with Lucia has been an imposture concocted by Piera in order to keep the property for himself. While she is struggling with suspicions the German writer arrives from Vienna, with a poor mad woman found in hospital, who seems to be the real Lucia. All protest, believing that the true Lucia is the artist from the *tabarin*, but the latter reveals that this is not so, and to prove her sincerity goes off with the German writer. She now realizes that she had only passed from one immoral life to another. She therefore returns whence she came and leaves Piera with the woman from Vienna who may really be the true Lucia.

Pirandello's inspiration for the subject of the play evidently came from a case which has been interesting the Italian public, the Press, and the Courts here for the last four or five years. It was the case of a man who, having lost his memory, was identified by the Canella family as Professor Canella, who had been reported as missing during the War. But apart from the subject its treatment is quite Pirandellian. Indeed, the play seems the quintessence of Pirandello's philosophy. The truth of a fact does not matter. What matters is to believe that a given fact is true. Not only the fact in itself does not matter, but the individual is only such as he appears. Every one of us assumes a given personality and acts accordingly. The success of the play was due chiefly to a subtle humour, and, above all, to certain human situations which were made impressive more by the art than by the philosophy of the author.

## GREEN ROOM RAG

### A VICTORIAN MUSIC-HALL

Oranges, pot-boys and a Chairman—thus, in the Queen's Theatre last night, to a reconstruction of a Victorian music-hall. It is true that those ladies of the 20th-century audience who found themselves possessed of oranges gazed at them as if they had never before seen such things and did not suspect them of being edible, but the little embarrassment passed, the Chairman shouted for order and accepted drinks, the stage and the spectators warmed to their work, and soon the whole house was roaring in chorus.

And a very good entertainment it was. Miss Vera Pearce, in black tights and with a regal swagger, sang "Come, come, come and make eyes at me"; Miss Heather Thatcher, looking like a cross between Rosalind and a channel-swimmer, had a jest in every movement of a dance that was at once an imitation and a burlesque; and Mr. Robert Atkins sang a martial song with stately spirit. But there was one item in this music-hall programme that stood alone. Mr. Edmund Gwenn appeared in pearlies and in the old songs. "Wot cheer" was sung well, but the upholders of tradition are free to say that it has been sung better. But Mr. Gwenn's "Mrs. 'Enery 'Awkins" is in its own kind a masterpiece of sentiment and humour and character. It was sung with so much life that the audience was hushed and held as an audience is held by drama of the first rank. There had been good entertainment in the earlier part of the evening—the songs of Miss Peggy Woods, which were charming, and a little play by Austin Melford, which was ingeniously contrived—but it is Mr. Gwenn in the Victorian music-hall that we shall remember. His was an unforgettable fragment.

## GIFT TO BRITISH MUSEUM

### A LINNÆAN SATIRE

The Trustees of the British Museum (Natural History) at South Kensington have received a gift of two rare works connected with Linnæus from the private collection of Mr. Basil H. Soulsby, until recently the deputy-keeper in charge of the library, who is editing for the Trustees a catalogue of all Linnæan works at Bloomsbury or Cromwell-road.

One of the volumes is a small official Swedish astronomical almanac for 1743, about 3in. square, and covered with a rough gilded paper of apparently Japanese design of the period. It was sold for a penny and is remarkable as containing a popularly written article in Swedish by Linnæus on the economically valuable plants of the country. Much of this is carried a few sentences at a time across the foot of pages filled with dates and calculations, and it is curious to observe that Linnæus' views were serialized from year to year, the present number referring its readers back to the point reached in the almanac for 1742. Only one other copy of it is known.

The other work is a singular squib upon monastic life and habits, published pseudonymously in 1783 at Augsburg by Baron Ignaz von Born, the mineralogist, and entitled "Joannis Physiophili Specimen Monachologiæ methodo Linnæana." The author, who maliciously attributed the enterprise of the publication to the verger of the Cathedral, purports to examine monks zoologically upon the principles of Linnæus; his Latin dissertation is to be a work in the new sub-science of monachology, and naturally contains at the end three pages devoted to plates illustrating monkish *differentiæ*—cowls, tonsures, sleeves, girdles, sandals, and the like.

### INGENIOUS AND BROAD

The satire is sometimes rather tortuously ingenious, occasionally distinctly broad. Having already substituted monks for insects in a celebrated quotation from Linnæus, the author proceeds to lay it down:—"*Sit Hierarchia universa ad methodum Mammalium Linnæi ordinanda, Monachi ad Bruta referenda.*" They may be divided into three groups according as they are sarcophagous, ichthyophagous, or phytophagous. Species may be separated by points in the head, feet, hood, clothes, and trunk, and the hair, for instance, may be clipped (*glosum*), shaggy (*sactosum*), shaven, round-tonsured, tonsured in an interrupted circle, or finally parted or furrowed. The chin may be bearded or beardless. The feet may be supported by shoes (*calceati*), sandals (*subcalceati*), or they may be bare, or have wooden sandals or clogs.

The Baron defines his victims, with some anticipation of evolutionary theory, as a genus of mammals distinct from mankind and between man and the monkey, though nearer the latter. Economically he considers them "a useless weight upon the earth, born to consume its fruits," and he continues: "*. . . Animal avarum, foelidum, immundum, siticulosum, iners.*" As to nuns:—"*Sexus alter a mare viz differt, nisi capite velato,*" and he proceeds in even more scurrilous terms to define separately the 12 separate orders of monastic and conventual life. Three copies of the work apart from this are known, one being in Upsala, one at Bloomsbury, and one already in the Natural History Museum Library. The present volume has certain bibliographical peculiarities.

### MYCETOZOA FROM EMPEROR

Other gifts to the Museum include six boxes of *Mycetozoa* (plant animals living on decayed bark and leaves) presented by the Emperor of Japan and gathered by his Majesty himself principally from the Palace grounds, and a young Grant's Zebra (*Equus quagga Grauti*) presented by the Rowland Ward Trustees, the first baby zebra acquired by the Museum in a condition mounted for exhibiting. The proprietors of *The Times* have presented reproductions of six photographs of East African elephants, taken by Mr. Marcuswell Maxwell, which will be hung, some in the Central Hall and some in the Lower Mammal Gallery, and may be favourably compared with the famous photographs by Mr. Marius Maxwell already in the Museum.

## COVENT GARDEN OPERA

### PLANS FOR ITALIAN SEASON

It is announced by the Covent Garden Opera Syndicate that for the Italian season of opera in the summer Signor Beniamino Gigli will sing in *Andrea Chenier*, in Puccini's *Manon*, which has recently been revived at the Metropolitan Opera, New York, and in *La Traviata*.

In the last-named opera Mme. Rosa Ponselle will sing, the baritone part being allotted alternately to Signor Giovanni Inghilleri and Mr. John Brownlee, an Australian, who is principal baritone at the Paris Opera. Mme. Ponselle's other appearances will be in Bellini's *Norma* and Montemezzi's *L'Amore dei Tre Re*.

The conductors for the Italian season are again Signor Vincenzo Bellezza and Mr. John Barbirolli.

## HASTINGS MUSICAL FESTIVAL

The Hastings Municipal Orchestra, directed by Mr. Basil Cameron, will begin its annual festival on Wednesday and will conclude with a concert performance of *Merrie England* on Saturday night. The opening concert on Wednesday evening is noteworthy for two works of Sibelius which have not before been performed in England. One is described as a prelude and is called "The Tempest," the other is a tone-poem entitled "Night Ride and Sunrise." Other novelties, to be presented at the Friday evening concert, are suites by Frederic Austin and Cecil Milner. Sir Henry Wood will conduct a Wagner programme on Saturday afternoon. During the festival concertos will be played by Mr. Arthur Rubinstein (Brahms No. 1 for piano), Miss Isolde Menges (Brahms for violin), Miss Harriet Cohen (Bach in D minor for piano), and Mr. Gaspar Cassado (Elgar for violoncello).

### *HYDE PARK CARILLON*

The Wellington (New Zealand) War Memorial Carillon in Hyde Park will be played daily at each hour from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m. during the present week by means of the electro-pneumatic mechanism. The programme will be as follows:—

To-day.—"Those Evening Bells."
To-morrow.—"Musette"—Bach.
Wednesday.—"Prelude"—Gebruers.
Thursday.—"Minuet"—Bach.
Friday.—"Les Cloches de Corneville."
Saturday.—"Changes"—on 12 Bells.

## MUSIC THIS WEEK

### CHORAL CONCERTS

Two choral concerts and one orchestral concert of pianoforte concertos are the principal musical events of the present week. On Wednesday Herr Artur Schnabel will play concertos by Beethoven (C minor), Mozart (D minor K.446), and Brahms (No. 2 in B flat) at the fourth Sargent-Courtauld concert. On Thursday the Royal Choral Society will sing the B minor Mass, and on Friday the B.B.C. will give a performance of Handel's *Solomon*, under Sir Thomas Beecham. The two Viennese sopranos, Mmes. Lotte Lehmann and Elisabeth Schumann, are both giving recitals in London during the week.

TO-NIGHT.—Miss Jean Hamilton will play Beethoven's 32 Variations in C minor, Schumann's Phantasie in C major, and three Preludes by Delius at her second recital (Wigmore Hall, 8.30).

TO-MORROW.—Song recitals will be given by Mme. Lotte Lehmann, who will sing *Lieder* (Queen's Hall, 8.30); by Mr. Sumner Austin (Wigmore Hall, 8.30); and by Miss Lisa Lisona, an American soprano, who will sing Spanish, German, and Russian songs in costume (Æolian Hall, 8.15). The Kutcher String Quartet will play quartets by Haydn and Debussy, and, with Mr. Leon Goossens, Bliss's oboe quintet (46, Grosvenor-street, 8.45).

WEDNESDAY.—Dr. Malcolm Sargent will conduct the Courtauld concert of piano concertos at Queen's Hall at 8.15. Pianoforte trios by Beethoven (Op. 70, No. 2), Malipiero, and Brahms (Op. 8) will be played at Wigmore Hall (8.15) by the Budapest Trio. Mr. Ronald Chamberlain will give a piano recital (Æolian Hall, 8.30).

THURSDAY.—The concert of early Italian music which Mr. Anthony Bernard arranged for the exhibition of Italian pictures at Burlington House will be repeated at Queen's Hall at 3. Dr. Sargent will conduct the Royal Choral Society's performance of Bach's B minor Mass (Albert Hall, 8), at which the soloists will be Miss Dorothy Silk, Miss Muriel Brunskill, Mr. Hubert Eisdell, and Mr. Keith Falkner. Mr. Frank Merrick will play Reger's Bach Variations, Schubert's B flat sonata, and Ravel's "Le Tombeau de Couperin" at his piano recital (Æolian Hall, 8.30). A song recital will be given by Miss Gabrielle Joachim (Wigmore Hall, 5.30). Mr. Sydney Northcote will sing modern English songs at a joint recital which he gives with Mr. Sidney Harrison, who will play Beethoven's sonata Op. 110 (Wigmore Hall, 8.15). The opera at the Old Vic will be *Faust* (7.45). The Insurance Musical Festival Society will perform *The Wedding of Shon Maclean* and a concert version of *Carmen* at the Central Hall at 7.30.

FRIDAY.—Mme. Elisabeth Schumann will give a *Lieder* recital for Mr. Gerald Cooper (Æolian Hall, 8.30). Miss Murray Lambert will play violin concertos by Bach, Delius, and Mozart at the first of three concerts of violin music (Wigmore Hall, 8.15). The soloists in *Solomon*, to be sung by the B.B.C. National Chorus under Sir Thomas Beecham at Queen's Hall at 8, are Miss Dora Labbette, Miss Stiles Allen, Mr. Tudor Davies, and Mr. Keith Falkner.

SATURDAY.—Mme. Adila Fachiri will play a new sonata by Castelnuovo-Tedesco at her violin recital (Wigmore Hall, 3). Mr. Cornelius Fisher will give a piano recital (Grotrian Hall, 3.15). Trios will be played by Mr. Harold Craxton, Mr. Alfred de Reyghere, and Mr. Ivor James at the League of Arts concert at the Victoria and Albert Museum at 3.

## THREE ARTS CLUB

### "STEPHANIE"

BY MABEL ELLAMS HOPE

| | |
|---|---|
| Mrs. Cloudesley-Waring | KATIE JOHNSON |
| Cynthia | STEPHANIE RIVERS |
| Geoffrey Manders | PHILIP DESBOROUGH |
| Lord Rockhaven | GEORGE ZUCCO |
| Peggy Marlow | MAUREEN KERRIAN |
| Basil Fortescue | JOHN BODDINGTON |
| Stephen Colehurst | TERENCE DE MARNEY |
| Stephanie | MARY SHERIDAN |
| Juliet | MARGARET EVELYN |

This play is as full of improbabilities as any play can be and yet reach the stage. Cynthia secretly loves Stephen. Accordingly, she spies upon Stephanie, who is Stephen's betrothed, and overhears some remark which leads her to suppose that this strange, brilliant creature has "a past." Few audiences are quite so simple as Cynthia. It is only too clear that Stephanie's "past" must belong to some other woman. She herself never shapes like a woman with a past. But Stephen is even simpler than Cynthia. He accepts the tale without troubling to verify it, and in the presence of his family denies Stephanie access to honourable marriage. Stephanie makes no defence, but regards Lord Rockhaven, Stephen's father, rather thoughtfully. She goes to her own flat, and the next day Lord Rockhaven calls upon her. He bluntly proposes marriage to her; she joyfully accepts him. Then Cynthia calls, to apologize for her meanness, and after her comes Stephen, to renew his offer of marriage.

The author presents these naïve complications in no very high-spirited mood. Miss Mary Sheridan gives an air of brilliance to Stephanie, and Mr. George Zucco contrives to persuade us that Lord Rockhaven is a man of good sense and some humour. But Miss Rivers, Miss Katie Johnson, and Mr. de Marney can do no more than bravely struggle with adversity.

## ART EXHIBITIONS

*THE NEW YEAR GROUP.*
MODERN PAINTINGS.
**THE FRENCH GALLERY,**
158, New Bond-street, W.

**CARDINAL AND HARFORD**
(LONDON and PERSIA), Ltd.
(Est. 1792.)
COLLECTION of RARE PERSIAN CARPETS and RUGS of 15th, 16th, 17th, and 18th centuries.
The largest and most unique collection in London.
Inquiries and inspection invited.
108-110, High Holborn, W.C.1.

**PAUL GUILLAUME, BRANDON DAVIS,** LTD.
Exhibition of Paintings.
JOHN SICKERT, MATTHEW SMITH, DUNCAN GRANT, and PAUL NASH.
73, Grosvenor-street, W.1. 10-6. Sats 10-1.

PAINTINGS AND DRAWINGS.—The first exhibition of a series showing the work of living artists, both English and Continental. February 8 until March 14.
**MANSARD ANNEXE.** Admission free.
Heal and Son, Ltd., 196, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

**FINE ART SOCIETY EXHIBITIONS.**
1. *EINAR FORSETH*
PAINTINGS of SWEDEN and GREECE, &c.
2. ELAINE BARRAN.—Water-colour Drawings.
3. ETCHINGS by LEADING ARTISTS.
148, New Bond-street, W.1. Admission Free.

Landscapes and Portraits by
GEORGE FENYO. Closing February 28th.
**ARLINGTON GALLERY,** 22, Old Bond-st., W.1

**WALKER'S GALLERIES,** 118, New Bond-st.
1. Windmills in Sussex.—Water-colour Drawings by A. FOORD HUGHES.
2. Russia, Transcaucasia, &c.—Water-colour Drawings by ELIOT O'HARA.
3. Water-colour Landscape Paintings of Mountain Scenery by JOCK FORBES.
Admission and catalogues, free.

*LONDON ARTISTS' ASSOCIATION.*
Paintings by VANESSA BELL.
**COOLING GALLERIES,** 92, New Bond-st.

**ROYAL SOCIETY OF PAINTER ETCHERS and ENGRAVERS,** 5a, Pall Mall East, S.W.
48th ANNUAL EXHIBITION.
Daily 10 to 5.

WOOD-BLOCK PRINTING.—Exhibition of this art as applied to woodcuts and engravings, illustrated books, printed fabrics, end-papers, &c., February 8 to early March.
**MANSARD GALLERY.** Admission free.
Heal and Son, Ltd., 196, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

"THE GREATEST ARTIST of our time."—*Anatole France*
*BOURDELLE*
Memorial Exhibition of Sculpture.
**LEICESTER GALLERIES,** Leicester-sq. 10-6.

CHARLES CUNDALL.
Paintings of England, France, and Sweden.
**GALLERIES of P. & D. COLNAGHI & Co.,**
144-146, New Bond-street, W.1. 10-6. Sats., 10-1. Free.

WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL ART CLUB.
**SUFFOLK-STREET GALLERIES,**
Pall Mall East, S.W.1. 10-5. Admission 1s.

Exhibition of Children's Portraits in Crayon and Water-Colour, by Dora Noyes.
**MACRAE GALLERY,** 16, Fulham-rd., S.W.3.
Open till February 28th inclusive.

SCULPTURE BY
*BENNO SCHOTZ.*
**ALEX. REID & LEFEVRE, LTD.,**
1a, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1. 10-6. Sats., 10-1.

**PAUL GUILLAUME, BRANDON DAVIS,** LTD.
IMPORTANT PAINTINGS
by MODERN FRENCH ARTISTS.
73, Grosvenor-street, W.1. 10-6. Sats., 10-1.

**BEAUX ARTS GALLERY,** Bruton-place, W.
"COTSWOLD PASTORALS."
Paintings by B. SHARPLEY.
Also MODERN FRENCH PAINTINGS. 10-5.30.

## OPERA

**SAVOY THEATRE.** LAST WEEKS.
Proprietors: The Savoy Theatre, Ltd.
Lessees: The Executors of H. B. Irving.
Lessees: Charles Egerton Killick & Victor Payne-Jennings
RUPERT D'OYLY CARTE'S season of
*GILBERT AND SULLIVAN*
OPERAS.
TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
*IOLANTHE.*
Tues., at 8.15 .. .. RUDDIGORE
Wed., 2.30 and 8.15 .. THE MIKADO
Thurs., at 8.15 .. THE YEOMEN OF THE GUARD
Fri., at 8.15 .. "TRIAL" and "PIRATES"
Sat., 2.30 and 8.15 .. THE GONDOLIERS

## THEATRES

**ADELPHI.** (Prop., J. & R. Gatti.) Tem. Bar 2522.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Thurs., Sat., at 2.30.
*THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.*
New Revue by Ronald Jeans, Ivor Novello, Douglas Furber.
With
CICELY COURTNEIDGE. JACK HULBERT.

**ALDWYCH.** Tem. 6404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"*A NIGHT LIKE THIS.*"
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

**AMBASSADORS.** Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
*THE MAN IN POSSESSION.*
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES."

**APOLLO.** Ger. 6970. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinées, THUR. and SAT., 2.30.
Mrs. Charles B. Cochran presents
"*NINE TILL SIX.*"
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

**COMEDY.** LAST WEEK. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
*THE WAY OUT.*
By "SAPPER."
"FINE ACTING AND MANY THRILLS."—*Morning Post*

**COURT.** (Sloane 5137.) NIGHTLY, at 8.
*HAMLET.*
MATS., THURS. and SAT., at 2.30. Popular Prices.

**CRITERION.** At 8.30. Tues., Th., Sat., 2.30.
*MILESTONES.*
By Arnold Bennett and Edward Knoblock.
ALLAN JEAYES, CLAIRE EAMES, ION SWINLEY.

**DALY'S.** EVGS., 8.15. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.15.
LAST WEEK of LEON M. LION'S Production of
*THIS WAY TO PARADISE.*

**DOMINION,** Tottenham Ct.-road. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY,
*SILVER WINGS.*
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
JOHN KIRBY DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d., PLUS TAX.

**DRURY LANE.** Temple Bar 7171.
EVERY EVG., 7.45. MATS., WED., THUR., SAT., 2.
*THE SLEEPING BEAUTY.*
FINAL PERFORMANCES SATURDAY NEXT.

**DUCHESS.** TUES., Mar. 11, & Every Evening
*THE INTIMATE REVUE.*
Morris Harvey, Oumansky's Ballet and Florence McHugh.
Box-office (Tem. Bar 6888) now open.

**DUKE OF YORK'S.** Props., Willhut, Ltd.
(Tem. Bar 5122.) EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Wed., Sat., 2.30.
MATHESON LANG
in
"*JEW SÜSS.*"
By Ashley Dukes, from Feuchtwanger's Novel.

**FORTUNE.** Temple Bar 7373.
EVENINGS, at 8.30. MATS., THURS. & SAT., 2.30.
TOM WALLS presents
*THE LAST ENEMY.*
By Frank Harvey.
Athene Seyler, Nicholas Hannen, Marjorie Mars, Robert Douglas, Laurence Olivier, Carl Harbord, C. B. Clarence.

**GAIETY.** Tem. Bar 6991.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., Tues. and Fri., 2.30.
"*DARLING, I LOVE YOU.*"
A New Musical Play.
Vera Lennox, Neil McKay, Harold French,
and GEORGE CLARKE.

**GARRICK.** Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinees, Thurs. and Sat., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"*ALMOST A HONEYMOON.*"

**HAYMARKET.** Evgs., 8.30. Wed., Sat., 2.30.
*THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.*
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

**HIPPODROME,** LONDON. Ph. Gerr. 0648.
EVENINGS, at 8.15. Weds., Thurs., and Sats., 2.30.
"*MR. CINDERS.*"
Musical Comedy. BOBBY HOWES, RENE MALLORY.
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE.

**HIS MAJESTY'S.**
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30.
CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S PRODUCTION of
"*BITTER SWEET.*"
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

**KINGSWAY.** NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Hol. 4032.
MATS., WED. and SAT., 2.30. (Last 2 Weeks.)
"*THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.*"
ANGELA BADDELEY. FRANK CELLIER.

**LITTLE.** (Temple Bar 6501.) NIGHTLY at 8.30.
"*FRANKENSTEIN.*"
By PEGGY WEBLING. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.

**LYCEUM.** PANTOMIME.
LAST TWO WEEKS.
*PUSS IN BOOTS.*
TWICE DAILY, 2 and 7.30.
"LAVISH SPECTACULAR EFFECTS."—*D. Telegraph.*
Seats bookable, 2s. 4d., 3s., 4s. 9d., 5s. 9d., 7s. 6d., 12s., inclusive. Temple Bar 7617.

**LYRIC.** (Ger. 3686.) Licensee, A. C. Belsey.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
*MURDER on the SECOND FLOOR.*
A COMEDY by Frank Vosper.

**LYRIC,** Hammersmith. EVENINGS, 8.30.
(Riverside 3012.) MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
NIGEL PLAYFAIR and MARIE LOHR in
THE FAMOUS SPORTING FARCE,
*DANDY DICK.*
By ARTHUR PINERO.
"AN EVENING OF PURE JOY."—*Evg. News.*

**PALACE.** Ger. 6834.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., Wed., Sat., 2.30.
HERBERT CLAYTON and JACK WALLER present
*DEAR LOVE.*
A New Musical Comedy.
TOM BURKE.
Claude Hulbert. Vera Pearce.
Ena Grossmith. ANNIE CROFT. Robert Nainby. SYDNEY HOWARD. Kate Cutler

**PICCADILLY.** (Reg. 4508.) Opp. Regent Palace Hotel.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS. WED. and SAT., 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Production.
"*HERE COMES THE BRIDE.*"
A Musical Farcical Comedy.
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harper and Nabil.
Prices from 14s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. All Seats Bookable.

**PLAYHOUSE.** Evgs., 8.30. Thurs., Sat., 2.30.
*DEVONSHIRE CREAM.*
By Eden Phillpotts.
Sam Livesey, Mary Jerrold, Horace Hodges.
"A CHARMING PLAY OF RURAL LOVE. . . . EDEN PHILLPOTT'S HUMOUR AT ITS BEST. 'DEVONSHIRE CREAM' IS A PLAY TO SEE. IT IS CLEAN, HUMOROUS AND—HAPPY."
—E. A. Baughan, *Daily News.*
"A BETTER STORY THAN 'THE FARMER'S WIFE' . . . YOU COULD NOT WISH A PIECE BETTER ACTED THAN THIS WAS BY THE LEADING PLAYERS."—*Morning Post.*

**PRINCE OF WALES.** Gerrard 7481.
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
*JOURNEY'S END.*
Mats., Thursday and Saturday, at 2.30.
"LONDON'S FINEST PL

# Imperial and Foreign News

## INSECURITY IN MOROCCO

### FRENCH MILITARY ACTION

(FROM OUR MOROCCO CORRESPONDENT)

So admirable and so consecutive has been the work achieved by France in Morocco that the delay in putting an end to the insecurity that has for some time past existed in South-East Morocco has caused some surprise. But the French Government was determined to exhaust every other means of intervention before resorting to military measures.

It has shown great patience—some people say too much. Every inducement was held out to bring the recalcitrant tribesmen to reason, but without result. At first confined to raids upon the tribes under the protection of France, whose welfare the Protectorate Government had pledged itself to defend, the "razzias" of the tribal bands grew in time to the importance of organized expeditions. French, Algerian, and Moroccan troops suffered severe losses, due either to unexpected attack or to

skilfully prepared ambush. Before a force could be organized for the pursuit the raiding tribesmen, enriched often by the capture of arms and ammunition, retired across the strip of desert that separates their field of action from the oases of Tafilet, whence they had come.

They did not hesitate to invade Algerian territory and played havoc on both sides of the frontier. The submitted tribes, which had recognized the authority of the Sultan and of the Protectorate Government, were at the complete mercy of these invading hordes. The country—for the most part a high plateau—is thinly inhabited and abounds in ravines and dry water-courses lending themselves to approach and concealment. Even the vigilant airmen failed to discover their lines of retreat.

#### RUTHLESS RAIDERS

These bands of raiders are by no means members of the same tribe and often do not come from the same district. Their raid concluded, they separate, each to his own district, to meet again at a fixed date or when propitious circumstances warrant a raid. The bands generally consist of between 100 and 200 men. They travel with great rapidity, strike their blow, and retreat with their booty—as a rule cattle and flocks and herds. Their methods are heartless—they show no mercy. At times their incursions are directed against the small French posts, either by direct attack or by laying an ambush and tempting the troops to leave their fortified bases by a demonstration in the vicinity. The result has too frequently been the massacre of practically the whole garrison, on one occasion, at least, amounting to several hundred men.

A series of unfortunate incidents of this kind made it clear that if France intended to maintain her prestige as a protecting Power, steps must be taken to put an end to a state of affairs that was not only detrimental to her honour but was also devastating the regions open to attack, the inhabitants of which France was pledged to defend. There was, too, the risk that other tribes, dissatisfied with the protection afforded, would revert to dissidence. The incidents left the French Government no choice of methods of action if security was to be introduced and the dangers of an increasing state of anarchy to be avoided, but it was only after some hesitation that the French Government consented to countenance military action.

For some time past preparations have been on foot. A discreet silence has been observed as to detail, but it is known that armoured cars and aeroplanes will play an important part in the coming expedition. Mobile columns will be employed, and every step has been taken to ensure that the little campaign will be short and effective. There is no doubt that some of the districts from which the raiders are drawn will welcome French intervention, for the inhabitants are at the mercy of these armed bands, who pillage friend and foe alike.

#### UNITY OF COMMAND

Meanwhile the French Government has taken an important decision—unity of command on both sides of the frontier, with headquarters at Bu Denib, in Moroccan territory. There is no doubt that the previously existing dual command led to divergences of policy and to a want of combined action. If it did not facilitate the raiders, it tended to lead to immunity from pursuit and punishment. This important change is due, it is said, to the insistence of M. Saint, the French Resident-General in Morocco, who has already given many proofs of wisdom in his administration of the country.

Already troops are concentrating in South-East Morocco, a region that is fairly accessible. Colomb Bechar, on the Algerian side of the frontier, is connected with Oran by rail, and there is a narrow-gauge railway from Midelt, in the Upper Muluya Valley, to Ujda. Colomb Bechar and Midelt are themselves connected by a road passing through Bu Denib and Gurama, practicable for motor service. Other roads—new and old—are, no doubt, to-day in a condition suitable for all kinds of mechanical traffic, for there has been much activity in preparation for the coming expedition.

It is significant that at this juncture the Moroccan branch of the "Ligue des droits de l'homme" should have published a resolution demanding the immediate suppression of the system of expropriation of native lands for the installation of European colonists. To the native of Morocco his faith and his land are equally dear. He has no objection to the voluntary sale of land by his co-religionists to Europeans, but the system in practice of compulsory expropriation of the natives' land, followed by the installation thereon of a European in his place, has awakened throughout Morocco a deep sense of injustice. It is to be hoped that the Ligue's resolution will receive the attention that it deserves on this point.

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Princess Marie Louise left BUENOS AIRES on Saturday night for Mar del Plata. She will return to the Argentine capital to-morrow to re-embark in the Arlanza for Rio de Janeiro.

## SPANISH FOREIGN MINISTER

### DUKE OF ALBA APPOINTED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, FEB. 23

The Duke of Alba, Minister of Education in General Berenguer's Cabinet, has been appointed Foreign Minister. Although in the course of his three weeks at the Ministry of Education he has not had time to deal with any large reforms, he has by a series of rapid decisions allayed the unrest in the Universities and given redress to the students and professors who rebelled against the Dictatorship. The new Minister of Education has not yet been appointed. The Duke of Alba took the oath yesterday morning at the Royal Palace. His appointment has created an excellent impression in diplomatic circles, where he is a well-known figure.

Another outstanding appointment by General Berenguer is the promotion of General Goded, the Military Governor of Cadiz, who on the fall of the Dictatorship was made Director of Army Training, to be Chief Under-Secretary in the Army Office, a post which the Marqués de Estella had suppressed. It is understood that General Goded will be General Berenguer's close collaborator in extensive reforms which are contemplated.

The Government has not yet authorized unfettered political propaganda, but every day significant events bear witness to the new political temper in Spain. In the course of a lecture at San Sebastian last week, Don Miguel Maura (son of the late Señor Antonio Maura, the Conservative Prime Minister, and for a quarter of a century a prominent figure among King Alfonso's counsellors) declared that, although he was a man of the Right, he would enrol under the banner of the Republic if he secures a seat in the Cortes. His elder brother, Count Mortera, recently published the first volume of a history of the Dictatorship, dealing with the period 1923-1926. Although he strives to be impartial, he cannot conceal his disapproval of and contempt for many of the measures to which the Marqués de Estella secured the King's signature. Count Mortera's book gives an insight into the Dictatorship unobtainable elsewhere at present. One of the conclusions he reaches is that the Dictatorship was exercised at the expense of the Monarchy, and that the position of King Alfonso has been weakened by his prolonged support of the Dictatorship.

The student leader Antonio Sbert, who was deprived of his civil rights and exiled by the Dictatorship, made a triumphal entry into Madrid at noon yesterday. Riding in a motor-car, surrounded by students in scarlet jerseys, he was met in the large circular *plaza* opposite the Post Office by student delegations from Madrid and the provinces carrying banners, who escorted him to the University. There in the large lecture hall, where many professors had gathered with several thousand students, men and women, Sbert made a short speech thanking his comrades. Then students and professors adjourned to a banquet on the outskirts of Madrid, at which speeches were made amid a heated political atmosphere.

## THE "TARIFF TRUCE" CONFERENCE

### MR. GRAHAM'S STATEMENT

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

GENEVA, FEB. 23

The President of the Board of Trade (Mr. Graham), who on Friday gave to the first committee of the League Conference for concerted economic action the British Government's views on the details of the proposed tariff truce, visited the second committee of the conference yesterday morning, before leaving for London, and expressed his opinion on the programme of negotiations that should be begun immediately upon the establishment of the truce.

Mr. Graham said he felt that the principal aim of the conference should be the reduction of tariffs, so as to create the wider markets required by European industry for its national development, but he had no objection to the study of indirect protection or of the various methods of international economic cooperation. He favoured the successive examination of the more important groups of commodities. In the case of each commodity he would first invite the opinions of the Governments more nearly concerned, after which he would convoke a conference on each group of commodities. If by this practice it were found possible to obtain certain immediate and progressive results it might then be possible to succeed in a general reduction of tariffs.

Three sub-committees have been formed from the second committee—one to deal with the reconciliation of agricultural and industrial interests; a second to examine the effect of collective agreements on the relations between the signatories and other States, and a third to prepare a programme of measures to complete the work already undertaken by the economic committee. It is hoped that these sub-committees will complete their work in four days.

Mr. Graham expressed his intention to return to Geneva in a fortnight, if possible, for the general discussions on the work of the two main committees.

## WILKINS EXPEDITION

### ARRIVAL AT MONTEVIDEO

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTEVIDEO, FEB. 23

The steamer Henrik Ibsen, in which members of the Wilkins Antarctic Expedition are returning, reached Montevideo yesterday. Sir Hubert Wilkins, when the steamer was 100 miles from port, took off in the seaplane Los Angeles, which was piloted by Mr. Cheesman, and arrived in advance of the others.

Sir Hubert Wilkins will leave here on February 28 for the United States, whence he will proceed to England to arrange for his Arctic submarine expedition. He states that his preliminary Antarctic explorations are now complete, but submarine exploration is the next step to the establishment of meteorological stations. The flights this year proved more dangerous than had been expected.

## £600,000 GIFT TO YALE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, FEB. 23

The trustees of the estate of the late Mr. John W. Sterling, who gave to Yale University the magnificent Sterling Library and its Law School building, have made a gift of $3,000,000 (£600,000) to the University for a graduate school quadrangle, together with a maintenance fund which is expected to total $1,000,000. The plans for the new buildings have been drawn by Mr. James Gamble Rogers, who designed other buildings of the Sterling group.

In announcing the gift yesterday the President of Yale, Dr. James R. Angell, said that the group, when completed, would be without a peer anywhere in the academic world.

The new quadrangle will have living quarters, including lounges and refectory, for over 200 students, and commodious seminars, lecture halls, and quarters for the staff. One of the wings will house the departments of economics, sociology, and government.

Dr. Angell announced that the building of quadrangles for undergraduates, in accordance with the plan made possible by the munificence of Mr. Edward S. Harkness, another Yale *alumnus*, would be begun next June. There will be 11 units, including two for Sheffield Scientific School.

## INDIAN MINORITIES' RIGHTS

### CONSULTATIVE MEETING TO BE HELD

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DELHI, FEB. 23

The open circular letter signed by a large number of influential persons belonging to nine different minority communities in India proposing a minorities conference in relation to the constitutional problem [mentioned in *The Times* of February 18] has received a cordial response. As a result a consultative meeting has been arranged for Delhi on March 1.

A small number representative of different minorities met to-day to consider the agenda. The invitations to the March meeting will be strictly limited in number, and the purpose of the meeting will be to endeavour to discover a common working basis. If successful in this respect the minorities conference will according to present expectations meet after the publication of the report of the Statutory Commission with a view to examining it from the point of view of the minorities.

Keen efforts are being made to secure the restoration of unity in the All-India Moslem League. Deliberations between Sir Muhammed Shafi and his friends and Mr. Jinnah and his friends, representing the two sections of the divided league, are imminent. The Shafi section insists that a condition of a reunion shall be full acceptance by the Jinnah section of the programme of demands formulated by the All-India Moslem Conference under the Aga Khan at Delhi in January, 1929. Maulvi Mahomed Yakub, Deputy-President of the Legislative Assembly, and one of the conveners and a prominent organizer of that conference, has just accepted the hon. secretaryship of the Jinnah section of the league in order to assist the re-establishment of unity.

## THE INDIAN ASSEMBLY DISPUTE

### EUROPEAN GROUP SPLIT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 23

Arising out of Mr. Arthur Moore's resignation from the European Group in the Legislative Assembly, the Calcutta branch of the European Association has issued a statement in which, after reviewing the history of the dispute in regard to the admission of police to the Assembly, it regrets that the course of events has resulted in a member of the group detaching himself from his fellows, "especially since Mr. Moore had shown courage and initiative, even though, in our opinion, they were misdirected. As to our other two representatives, we regret that they were parties to the long delay in bringing this unfortunate dispute to an end, and we wish they could have been successful in leading the way to an early settlement."

Calling on members to close their ranks, the statement proceeds to criticize the Government, and says of the Home Member, Sir James Crerar, "it may without question be said that his handling of the situation has not inspired confidence in the country." The statement urges on the Government the "supreme necessity of bringing back into their counsels that firmness and promptitude of decision which has been characteristic of the best Indian Administrations."

*** In the recent dispute between Mr. Patel, the President of the Assembly, and the Government of India over the control of the public galleries Mr. Moore gave notice of a motion of no confidence in the Chair. Sir Darcy Lindsay, leader of the group, repudiated Mr. Moore's action, and the division of opinion among the members was so sharp that Mr. Moore resigned.

## BOMB EXPLOSION AT INDIAN COLLEGE

### ELEVEN STUDENTS INJURED

AMRITSAR, Feb. 23.—A bomb exploded during the celebration of the anniversary of Khalsa College here and seriously wounded one student. Ten others were slightly injured.

The explosion occurred during a student meeting held late last night near the Patiala block of the college at which the Principal and members of the staff were present. Pratap Singh, the student who was severely injured, was presiding over the meeting at the time of the outrage. He is reported to be in a serious condition, one of his legs having had to be amputated.

The police believe that the bomb was intended for the Principal of the college, who was unhurt.—*Reuter.*

## THE TROUBLES IN FRENCH INDO-CHINA

### NUMEROUS ARRESTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, FEB. 23

A message from Hanoi, French Indo-China, states that many arrests have been made following the recent outbreaks there. At Yen Bay, where the mutiny occurred, 60 civilians and 52 soldiers are in custody; at Fu-To another 60 people have been arrested; and 34 more have been taken at the rebel headquarters in the village of Coam, Hai-Duong Province. One of the three ringleaders, whose arrest has already been reported, is Fo-Duc Chin, a former official in the Public Works Department.

An agency message says that the seizure by a Communist organization of the town of Lungchu [in the Chinese province of Yunnan], and 30 miles from the frontier of Tongking, was followed by an outbreak of violence against foreigners caused by Communist agents from Shanghai. On the night of February 19 the French Consulate was attacked and the Consul, M. Valère Cadet, was made a prisoner. Later he was released and sent to the frontier, where he arrived safely on Friday after two days' march, accompanied by some French missionaries and by two men and two women, under the escort of 60 soldiers, who fought bands of brigands several times on the way. The Commissioner of Taxes at Lungchu, Mr. O'Kelly, and three Frenchmen are reported to have fallen into the hands of the brigands.

## VERDUN MEMORIAL BEACON

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, FEB. 23

The 14th anniversary of the battle of Verdun was commemorated yesterday by the lighting of a beacon on the top of the ossuary at Douaumont, in which the bones of French soldiers have been deposited. The beacon is the gift of the Princesse de Polignac; it forms the summit of the central tower of the ossuary, and will throw out alternate red and white flashes for one hour every evening. The inaugural service was performed by Mgr. Ginisty, Bishop of Verdun.

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Herr Ludwig Kastl, who was the chief of the Reparations Department of the German Ministry of Finance and was appointed a member of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League on the admission of Germany to the League, has informed the Secretary-General of his inability to remain a member of the Commission owing to lack of time.

## AUSTRIAN CHANCELLOR IN BERLIN

### POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, FEB. 23

The Austrian Chancellor, Herr Schober, arrived here yesterday for a short visit. He was received by President von Hindenburg at midday, and in the afternoon he began political discussions which are to be continued to-morrow with the Chancellor, Herr Müller, and the Foreign Minister, Herr Curtius.

Several years have passed since an Austrian Chancellor, Dr. Ramek, visited Berlin and said that the *Anschluss*, or union of Austria with Germany, was not only a law of justice but the only cure for the economic ills of his country. On the German side the realization of the *Anschluss* is a cherished hope: the Constitution speaks of it and reserves a seat for Austria in the Reichsrat as soon as it has been effected. From time to time demonstrations in its favour are organized, such as the German Choral Festival in Vienna in 1928. In France and some other countries it arouses misgivings, and Dr. Schober's present visit causes the *Temps* to warn him against treading this "forbidden path."

The visit has caused the greater interest here because of the acceleration of Austrian political progress since Herr Schober took office, as shown by the constitutional reforms, the restoration of Austrian financial independence through The Hague Conference, and the treaty with Italy. The German newspapers greet Dr. Schober as "a great German statesman," speak of "two Governments, but a single people," and in other ways emphasize the feeling of solidarity with Austria.

The main object of his visit, however, would seem to be to clear up a matter which has of late years done much to damp enthusiasm for the *Anschluss*, especially in Austria—namely, the negotiations for a trade treaty. These negotiations have continued for four years and have shown that, while much popular enthusiasm can be aroused for the idea of a spectacular political union, agreement on a question which demands give and take in material matters may be attended with great difficulties. Austria, economically a small and struggling unit, finds Germany buying less and selling more within her borders. The leader of the strongest Austrian party, the Christian Social Party, recently drew attention to the "four years of futile endeavour by Austria to obtain from Germany a commercial agreement which would leave the trade between the two countries less one-sidedly to the advantage of Germany."

It seems to have been realized in Germany that an atmosphere unfavourable to the *Anschluss* would arise if the present state of affairs continued. Herr Curtius, in a statement to a Viennese newspaper correspondent, said:—"We shall discuss all matters mutually affecting us, especially the trade treaty negotiations," and the Press urges that a good opportunity now offers to do useful work for the *Anschluss* and that, in view of the political object ultimately in view, Germany should be generous in the negotiations. It is recalled that the German Customs Union preceded the German Empire, and the Government is urgently recommended to make acceptable proposals to Austria so that the trade treaty as a first step towards an eventual Austro-German Customs union may be assured.

At a banquet last night the German Chancellor said that Herr Schober visited Germany at a time when he was faced with grave decisions. They had a difficult path before them but believed it would ultimately lead them upwards, and they hoped to have their Austrian brothers as loyal companions. He congratulated Herr Schober on obtaining a satisfactory settlement for Austria at The Hague, and said the common destiny of the two countries made Germany regard Austria's fortune and prosperity as a part of their own fate.

Herr Schober said that each country had been left to fight for existence unaided, and this sorrow shared had strengthened the feeling of solidarity rooted in their common stock. He hoped that "both Governments would succeed in leading the German people to a better and happier future."

This evening Herr Schober broadcast a speech of greeting "to the German people," which was relayed from all German stations and from Vienna.

## THE EUROPA'S TRIALS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, FEB. 23

Thousands of people from Hamburg and farther afield gathered at the waterside yesterday morning to watch the 51,000-ton North German Lloyd liner Europa, the sister ship of the Bremen, start her voyage downstream to the North Sea, where she will go through her trials before proceeding to Bremerhaven, her home port.

It was the greatest event of its kind since the 52,200-ton Imperator, now the Berengaria, left the port in 1912. The water conditions were unfavourable for the difficult operation of bringing the Europa out from the wharf into the stream. The ship twice touched bottom, so that her stern swung round until she seemed to be in danger of being driven upstream, but eventually, after two hours' effort, the tugs brought her into position and she began her voyage down the Elbe. She spent the night at anchor off Brunsbüttel, and continued this morning past Cuxhaven to the open sea.

## THE DEAD AIRMEN IN SIBERIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, FEB. 23

The bodies of Eielson and Borland were taken on Friday by Commander Slipenoff, the Russian airman, from the place where their aeroplane was wrecked in Northern Siberia, to the motor-ship Nanuk. The trip was made with the temperature 50deg. below zero. Commander Slipenoff and Mr. Harold Hillam, an American airman, had previously flown to the Nanuk and back in an aeroplane with an open cockpit, to get additional fuel for the funeral journey.

There are now six aeroplanes—Russian, Canadian, and American—gathered at the Nanuk to serve as a funeral *cortège* for the dead airmen, whenever the weather will permit a flight to be made to Alaska. The United States Government has granted special permission to the Russian airmen to enter this country.

## A NEW COMET

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, FEB. 23

The observatory at Bergedorf, near Hamburg, reports the discovery of a new comet of the 10th or 11th magnitude in the constellation of the Lion.

It is stated that the comet must be fairly near the earth, as it is moving across the sky at great speed, covering nearly 6deg. daily, in a north-westerly direction. It was expected this evening to be near a star in the constellation of the Great Bear. It is not visible to the human eye, but the photographic plate reveals a starlike nucleus and a considerable nebulous haze.

## FINANCIAL OUTLOOK IN EGYPT

### EFFECTS OF THE COTTON "SLUMP"

(FROM OUR CAIRO CORRESPONDENT)

The report of the Finance Committee covering the new Budget opens with the statement that the year 1929 could not be considered a prosperous period. This unsatisfactory condition is attributed to the fluctuations of cotton prices.

The report maintains that the intervention of the Government on the cotton market was justified, since other than economic factors were responsible for the extent to which Egyptian cotton dropped in value, and it adds that but for this action the consequences would have been much more serious. Under this intervention a total of 345,000 cantars, of which 110,000 cantars were Sakellaridis, have been taken over during the year by the Government at a cost of nearly £E.1,500,000. To this must be added 234,000 cantars (all Sakellaridis), costing £E.1,825,000, standing over from the purchases made in 1925 and 1926, making a total of 589,000 cantars of Sakellaridis, costing £E.3,300,000, still in the hands of the Government.

The committee points out that if the scheme for advancing funds to the growers on their crops had met with the success expected there would have been no need for the Government to intervene. Unfortunately, by the time the advances scheme was put into operation the growers had already sold their crops to the trade before they had been even picked. It was for this reason that the Government arranged to make advances to the grower-tenants, as well as to the proprietors, to enable them to meet the cost of cultivation.

The committee hopes that the new Customs régime will eventually increase the revenues of the State by about £E.12,500,000. It points out, however, that there has been so much speculation since the tariff was published that it is doubtful whether in the first year the receipts will be anywhere near what had been expected.

The Budget for the new year is fixed at £E44,950,000 expenditure and £E38,062,000 revenue, as compared with £E47,410,000 and £E38,020,000 respectively for the previous year. There will be a deficit of £E6,880,000, as compared with an anticipated deficit of £E8,460,000 in 1929-30, to be met by a draft on the reserve. The deficit for the current year (1929-30), already promises to become a surplus of £E1,500,000, as the various administrations budgeted for sums which it has been impossible for them to spend in the year. As this has been a feature of all Egyptian Budgets, it is not improbable, in spite of the closer budgeting carried out this time in some departments, that the deficit will not be realized. In any event the committee considers that the proposed draft on the general reserve will be fully justified, since £E4,700,000 is to be spent on remunerative works for which provision was made in previous Budgets, but the credits on which went to swell the reserve, as they were not spent.

Although the Finance Committee's report is optimistic, its view is not generally shared. The new Customs tariff will, in the opinion of many, strike at the root of economic life in Egypt. The uncertain political outlook and the financial policy of the Government, particularly in the matter of the investment and utilization of the general reserve, are also causing concern. This reserve amounts to about £E37,000,000, of which about £E3,000,000 is tied up in cotton and £E9,000,000 invested in Egyptian Unified, Preference and Guarantee stock. This leaves a balance of £E24,000,000, which corresponds almost exactly to the cost of the development works to which the country is committed.

## NOVA SCOTIA APPLE-GROWING INDUSTRY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HALIFAX (N.S.), FEB. 23

Fruit growers of Nova Scotia have requested the provincial Government to appoint a Royal Commission to study the apple-growing industry. The failure of the British market has placed the growers in a serious situation, and drastic action to improve quality and marketing organization is planned.

## HEREDITARY PRINCESS OF MONACO

### HUSBAND'S SUIT FOR SEPARATION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, FEB. 23

What appears to be an acute domestic difference between Prince Pierre of Monaco and his wife, the hereditary Princess Charlotte, has thrown the Principality back into the state of political uncertainty from which it seemed to be recovering.

Messages from Monaco say that Princess Charlotte has left the Palace and gone to Ospedaletti, in Italy, where she intends to remain as long as Prince Pierre stays in Monaco. Prince Pierre is stated to have filed a suit for legal separation, in which he asks for the custody of his two children. The latest messages say that he also has left the Principality, leaving the children in the charge of the Duchesse de Vendôme at Cannes; and that, in consequence of the breaking up of the Prince's household, his civilian Chancellor and the Princess's ladies of honour have resigned and left the Palace.

If their separation becomes final Prince Pierre and Princess Charlotte will have followed the example of their grandparents, Prince Albert I. and his wife, who before her marriage was Lady Mary Douglas-Hamilton. They were married in September, 1869, and Prince Louis, the present sovereign, was born to them at Baden-Baden in the following July. Their marriage was declared null and void in Rome in January, 1880, and dissolved by sovereign decree of the Prince of Monaco six months later. Princess Charlotte, the legitimized daughter of Prince Louis, was born at Constantine in 1898. In March, 1920, she married the Comte du Polignac, a French cavalry officer, who was then naturalized a Monégasque, and took the name and arms of the Grimaldi family by decree of the Prince of Monaco.

At a meeting of the General Council of Electors of Monaco held on Friday night M. Eugène Marquet, the Mayor, announced that the National and Communal Councils were to be dissolved owing to the refusal of eight of the councillors to resign. At the first meeting of the electors some weeks ago M. Marquet publicly attacked his first assistant, Me. Félix Bonaventure, a member of the Council, and there followed a demand for the resignation of Me. Bonaventure and his friends, which was refused. It is now stated that the Councils will be dissolved by Royal proclamation on Wednesday, and new elections held on March 6.

## AUSTRALIAN PETROL TAX

### STATE PREMIERS' REQUEST FOR INCREASE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, FEB. 23

The Australian State Premiers, at their conference here, declined to transfer to the Commonwealth Government the powers of the States to pass laws on the production, distribution, and exhibition of films, as recommended by the Royal Commission of 1927. They agreed, however, to make an effort to secure uniformity in the State laws.

The Premiers unanimously adopted a resolution asking the Commonwealth Government to increase the petrol duty by 2½d. and pay the money thus secured to the States. Mr. Hogan (Victoria) said there was no guarantee that the present registration fees of motor-vehicles on the basis of power and weight would be reduced. A storm of protests is being raised throughout the Commonwealth against increased taxation of motorists. The present petrol tax is 4d. and returns £3,300,000 a year.

# Telegrams in Brief

The ancient SWEDISH convent of Vadstena, dedicated to St. Bridget, has just celebrated its 500th anniversary.

Signor Turati, President of the ITALIAN Chamber, was received on Saturday in private audience by the Pope.

With a view to the prevention of psittacosis (parrot disease), the importing of parrots into FRANCE has been forbidden.

Two women have been killed and three women and a Chinese injured by an explosion in a fireworks factory at ALENÇON.

The Epidemiological Congress at Bandoeng, JAVA, of the Eastern Bureau of the League of Nations Health Committee ended on Saturday.

In consequence of the outbreak of Hindu-Moslem riots in Una, JUNAGADH STATE, martial law has been declared. Eleven Moslems have been arrested.—*Reuter.*

NOVA SCOTIA Legislature opens on March 3. Legislation to be dealt with includes measures for the Government control of liquor, a minimum wage for women, and maternity allowances.

The congress at ZAGREB of the Roman Catholic Bishops of Yugoslavia ended on Saturday. No public statement was made, but a memorandum is to be sent to the Government within the next few days.

Wireless telephone communication between BANGKOK and COPENHAGEN was opened on Saturday when the Danish Crown Prince, who is touring in the Far East, conversed with M. Andersen, of the East Asiatic Company, in Copenhagen.—*Exchange.*

Mr. William S. Calvert, who sat in the CANADIAN House of Commons for the West Middlesex Division of Ontario as a Liberal from 1896 to 1911, and served as Chief Party Whip from 1901 until his retirement, died at Toronto on Saturday at the age of 71.

It is understood in CAIRO that the British Government has indicated that it will be glad to receive the Egyptian statesmen who are to negotiate concerning the draft treaty at the end of March. The Egyptian Delegation will therefore leave for London on March 20.—*Reuter.*

Leading Egyptians and foreign residents have formed the Aero Club of Egypt under the presidency of Prince Abbas Halim, the second cousin of King Fuad. It will be affiliated with the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale and will devote itself to the development of aeronautics in EGYPT.

Mr. Taschereau, Premier of QUEBEC, has intimated that the Bercovitch Bill, which seeks to establish a separate school system for the Jewish community in Quebec Province, will be taken over as a Government measure, provided its sponsors reach agreement with the other educational authorities on various points.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA CROWN LANDS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, FEB. 23

The Dominion and British Columbia Governments have signed an agreement which settles the controversy about the control of Crown lands, dating back half a century. Under its terms the Dominion Government will hand over to the Province, as soon as the necessary legislation is passed, all the unalienated lands, timber, and mineral resources of the area known as the Rail Belt, and of the Peace River *bloc* which were given to the Dominion by the Province when it entered the Confederation. The Dominion Government retains all the Federal parks in the railway belt, including the famous holiday resorts in the Rockies, and also the Indian Reserves, although these when they cease to be used for Indian purposes will revert to the Province. The Province will also continue to receive from the Federal treasury an annual subsidy of $400,000 (£80,000) as fixed by the terms of union.

Other Foreign News on following page

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# NEW FRENCH CABINET

## PREPARATION OF PROGRAMME

## UNCERTAIN SUPPORT

## NAVAL POLICY UNCHANGED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Feb. 23

A meeting of the new Cabinet will be held to-morrow for the purpose of giving final form to the declaration to be read on Tuesday, in the Chamber by M. Chautemps, the Prime Minister, and in the Senate by M. Steeg, Minister of Justice.

The broad lines of the declaration are already known. It contains little that is new, and a great deal that belonged to the programme of the late Government. In foreign policy there is to be continuity. The new Minister of Marine, M. Sarraut, visited M. Leygues yesterday and after a brief conversation declared himself to be in full agreement with the material of the French naval thesis, as presented in London. Although the Socialist-Radicals have repeatedly declared for a reduction of war expenditure, there is not likely to be any great change in the policy of the French delegation when M. Briand and M. Sarraut return to London on Wednesday to resume the negotiations. The main principles of French foreign policy have long been fixed; they were confirmed in detail in the debate on foreign affairs last Christmas, and there is little margin or need for alteration. There is, in fact, practically no difference in the outlook on foreign affairs between M. Tardieu, M. Briand, and M. Paul-Boncour, while no leading Radical-Socialist takes more than a mild interest in the subject. The Geneva and Saar negotiations are to be resumed forthwith.

The composition of the Cabinet indicates that domestic affairs were dominant in the mind of M. Chautemps and his advisers throughout the whole period of bargaining. His policy is coloured by the fact that he began with an attempt to secure the adhesion of M. Tardieu, and therefore adopted as much of the late Government's programme as his adherents would stand. When, under the stress of a refusal, he drifted away first towards a "Republican Concentration" Cabinet and, finally, to a veiled form of the Cartel, the elements of the Tardieu programme still survived. He made no brilliant improvisations. The Finance Bill is to be voted and the Budget passed. The opportunities that still offer for weaving contentious clauses into the former are to be neglected in favour of separate legislation later, to reduce taxation, and to give pensions to ex-Service men from the age of 50 upwards. The Social Insurance scheme will remain in the hands of M. Loucheur. It is to come into force on July 1, as promised by M. Tardieu.

### GENERAL AMNESTY

The late Government's amnesty Bill for political offences, which extended only to the Alsatian Autonomists, is to be made general. Its scope will no doubt be dictated by the Socialists, who are anxious above all to obtain the release of the imprisoned Communist Deputies. Measures of relief for agriculture were already in hand when the late Government fell, and they are to be widened, especially in respect of current prices and the protection of viticulture. Finally, it would appear that M. Tardieu's brilliant proposals for industrial development, as set forth in his declaration on taking office, are to be adopted as a whole.

It will be necessary to wait for the exact text of the programme before estimating the Government's chances on Tuesday. A keen debate is certain to follow M. Chautemps's statement, and the present proposal is that a vote of confidence shall be taken the same evening. The statement of policy must be such as to command the approval of the Socialists, since without their support there will not be a majority for the Government. The five parties from which M. Chautemps has drawn his Ministers comprise at most 221 Deputies (121 Socialist-Radicals, 52 Radical Left, 18 Left Independents, 12 French Socialists, and 18 Republican Socialists), though conceivably some of the 44 independent Deputies might vote with the Government. The Socialist votes (excluding that of the President of the Chamber, M. Bouisson, they number 98) would bring the majority up to 319 out of a total of 596 Deputies.

### SOCIALIST ATTITUDE

In view of the need of Socialist support, M. Chautemps met some of the Socialist leaders yesterday and received unofficial assurances that in certain circumstances he might count on the support of their party. But it was expressly declared that this was not in any way binding, and the assurance, such as it was, appears to have been somewhat coldly given. Nor does the prospective attitude of the Radical Left inspire much confidence for the Cabinet's chances. Three Ministers belong to it, MM. Loucheur, Laurent-Eynac, and Dandelou, but they were rather personalities than party men, and the party as a whole is somewhat perturbed at the prospect of being allied, even indirectly, with the Socialists. As for the Opposition, it is likely to be implacable. The entire Press of the Nationalists and Right Centre has nothing but scorn for the whole proceeding. The revival of a Cartel is regarded as an insult to the Chamber elected to carry out the policy of M. Poincaré. A short life for it is predicted, and not a very merry one. The Right and Right Centre in opposition may, however, be capable of sufficient statesmanship to allow the new Government to carry through such urgent business as the Budget and the Naval Conference before delivering their main attack.

Members of the Socialist-Radical Party who have been associated with M. Chautemps in his many campaigns credit him with unusual tactical ability. The party which now holds the predominating position in the Cabinet has two distinct wings, the one moderate and leaning towards a Radical Republicanism, the other much more extreme and occasionally affording justification for the Socialist half of the title. The moderate wing, to which M. Chautemps belongs, is predominant in the group that represents the party in the Chamber. But behind the Parliamentary group is the party executive, representing the highly organized rank and file in the country. In this body, of which M. Daladier, the new Minister of Public Works, is the chairman, the counsels of the more extreme are usually uppermost. The moderation of M. Chautemps is, moreover, tinged with freemasonry (in the Continental sense) and sectarianism.

The personalities of his Cabinet are interesting. They include (besides such prominent statesmen as M. Briand and M. Loucheur) as Minister of Justice M. Steeg, who was Governor-General of Algeria and Resident-General in Morocco. The Minister of Marine, M. Albert Sarraut, is one of the gifted brothers who own the *Dépêche de Toulouse*, the most influential provincial newspaper in France. M. Sarraut was formerly Governor of Indo-China and Ambassador to Turkey, and was a member of the French naval delegation at the Washington Conference in 1921. The memory of that event still rankles in the minds of most patriotic Frenchmen, so that his activities in London are likely to be watched very closely indeed. M. Chautemps has chosen for Minister of Finance M. Charles Dumont, who has the experience of having acted as *rapporteur* to the Senate, but the actual Budget debate will be in charge of M. Palmade, the Minister for the Budget (a revival of an obsolete office), the *rapporteur* on the finance estimates to the Chamber, who counts as the most authoritative member of the Finance Committee.

# CAPITAL AND LABOUR IN BOMBAY

## GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSALS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Feb. 23

The Government of Bombay published to-day an important Note in which the labour position in Bombay City is surveyed. Starting with the postulate that nowhere in India, and in few if any other parts of the world, is the relationship between Capital and Labour of greater delicacy and importance than in Bombay, the Government explains how it has been closely studying the position of industry, and says it publishes the Note in order that the whole situation may be surveyed and every possible sound method of improvement examined and adopted.

The Government's general conclusion is that the textile industry of Bombay is severely depressed partly owing to the impossibility of selling the cloth produced at remunerative rates and partly because of the unsettled labour conditions. The mill-owners are endeavouring to set their house in order and to remedy the defects demonstrated by the Textile Tariff Board, and are also endeavouring to improve the relations with Labour.

"If the millowners clearly demonstrate definite steps towards, and good faith in, establishing a sound position, it would seem very desirable [the Note says] that the industry should receive assistance during the transitional period. The Bombay Government has taken up with the Government of India the question of amending the Trade Unions Act and Trade Disputes Act, and is also considering whether it would assist industry if it set up a department on the lines of the Industrial Relations Department in the United Kingdom. Regarding the tariff, it seems to the Bombay Government that, provided effect is given to the considerations mentioned, a case has been made out for protection against foreign competition. The present depression in the textile industry is economic rather than political, and labour disputes are largely the result of the depression and not its primary cause. At the same time, the organization of the industry and the promotion of a healthier atmosphere within it are preliminaries essential to economic recovery. It is agreed that there must be conditions upon the satisfaction of which must depend the imposition of any protective tariff. Such a tariff must be carefully devised not to bolster up indefinitely uneconomic mills, but simply to give the industry a breathing space in which it may effect its reorganization; and after a suitable period the tariff should be withdrawn, if necessary."

The Note lays particular stress on the Government's position as a party interested to assist the mill industry and to maintain industrial peace, and says that the contentment of the mill operatives involves not only the millowners' practical sympathy, but the exclusion of those external forces which seek to use labour for the propagation of subversive doctrines. The Note continues:—"It is unfortunate that certain individuals are fastening upon the workers, deluding them with promises incapable of fulfilment, and endeavouring to use the cloak of trade unionism as a mask for revolution. Such exploitation is disastrous to the working classes, and the Government desires to do everything to check it. The Government's object is in no sense to crush labour or stifle the growth of any genuine trade union movement, but rather to assist labour to organize itself generally for its own protection and other purposes, enabling the employers to proceed with the consideration of the recommendations of the Textile Tariff Board and the Bombay Strike Inquiry Committee.

# BROADCASTING IN INDIA

## GOVERNMENT TO TAKE CHARGE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DELHI, Feb. 23

The adoption last Monday by the shareholders of the Indian Broadcasting Corporation of the directors' recommendation to go into voluntary liquidation because of the failure to make a business success of their Bombay and Calcutta broadcasting stations has been followed by the decision of the Government of India to take over the concern from the liquidators. The transfer will become effective from March 1, and from the outset broadcasting will continue exactly as before.

The purchase price is said to be about three lakhs of rupees (£22,500), and the department concerned will to-morrow submit its proposals to the standing Finance Committee of the Legislative Assembly. The Government policy in this connexion has been under discussion for two years, owing to the constant signs of the Broadcasting Corporation's financial difficulties. It was at first held that the matter concerned the provinces, and the opinions of the provincial Governments on whether the State should take over broadcasting at their expense were secured. All except the Punjab decided that broadcasting was of no educational value and therefore unworthy of expenditure. Now the Central Government has resolved to undertake the work.

It is proposed to establish a board of control. The board will probably comprise eight members, four official members, including the Government Member concerned, who will be chairman, two non-official members from Bombay, and two non-official members from Calcutta. There will also be a secretary and a financial adviser.

# THE INVALIDS

The following bulletin was issued on Saturday night concerning Lady Stradbroke:—"The improvement is continued and her ladyship has had a good day."

On Saturday a bulletin concerning the Duke of Buccleuch stated:—"His Grace's temperature is now normal, and slight progress was made yesterday, but his condition is still weak." Yesterday morning's bulletin stated that the Duke of Buccleuch had had a fairly good night, and that progress was satisfactory. Last night he was reported to have spent a quiet day and to be making satisfactory progress.

Mr. W. J. Locke is reported to be lying seriously ill at Rocquebrune, Cap Martin.

Lord Glenarthur was reported last night to be slowly improving, but it is stated that it will be some weeks before he is able to attend to business or receive any correspondence.

# THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

## BRITISH DOCUMENTS SOLD TO U.S.

### HISTORIC COLLECTION

It is announced that the original papers of the Headquarters Staff of successive British commanders-in-chief during the American War of Independence, which have been in the possession of the Royal Institution of Great Britain, Albemarle-street, for over 100 years, have been sold to Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, the American collector, and his brother, Mr. P. H. Rosenbach.

An announcement of the sale was made in general terms last November, but details and the names of the purchasers were withheld, at their wish, until the books had safely reached them in the United States. The purchase price is not stated, but is understood to be substantial. The purpose of the sale was to provide funds for rebuilding the institution and for the endowment of research.

The collection consists of 58 bound volumes and four cases or rolls. The papers are known as the Carleton or Dorchester papers, and their contents were printed in four volumes by the Historical Manuscripts Commission in 1904. Copies are in the library of the Royal Institution.

In the introduction to the first volume is a statement that the papers, "sometimes spoken of as the Carleton or Dorchester papers," were presented to the Royal Institution by Mr. John Symmons, of Paddington House, in 1804. The statement continues:—

These papers belonged to Mr. M. Morgann, secretary to Sir Guy Carleton (since Lord Dorchester) during the last years of the American War, and consist of many curious and unique documents relative to the transactions of those times. By him they were given in 1798 to Mr. John Symmons, and by Mr. Symmons to the Royal Institution in 1804. Maurice Morgann died on March 28, 1802, aged 76.

Our New York Correspondent telegraphs:—

The collection has already been brought to New York. It comprises 62 volumes of 20,000 items, and is practically a day-to-day history of the revolution. The correspondence between British and American commanders includes 69 letters from Washington to Sir Henry Clinton and Sir William Howe. There are many intercepted letters of American generals, and innumerable orderly books, accounts, regimental returns, and the like, as well as the most complete collection known of letters of American loyalists and papers relating to the capture and evacuation of New York City. Among other riches are the declaration of war, in the handwriting of John Hancock, which Washington sent to Sir Henry Clinton, and the letter which Washington sent to Clinton to tell him of the decision to execute Major André as a spy.

The purchase was made possible by the good will of the managers of the Royal Institution, who, Dr. Rosenbach explained yesterday, "thought they belonged by right to the United States, where American students could have easy access to them." The collection will be kept together, and will be sold with that understanding. It is expected that eventually they will come into the possession of one of the great public libraries.

# SOVIET PERSECUTION OF RELIGION

## ARRESTED RABBIS' "CRIMES"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, Feb. 23

In connexion with the arrest of the Rabbis in Minsk, White Russia [reported in *The Times* of February 17], the Soviet authorities have published an account of the "crimes" charged against them.

The Ogpu [Cheka] describes these "crimes" as counter-revolutionary. The Rabbis corresponded with Jewish organizations and Jews abroad, and, in particular, "sent an appeal to Jewish political groups and economic organizations abroad begging assistance for dying Jews" within the U.S.S.R. The greatest crime, according to the Soviet authorities, was committed by the American Rabbi Gleser, who is alleged to have abused the Soviet Government's confidence. When, recently, he was allowed to visit Minsk for family reasons he "secretly inquired about the Soviet Government's attitude towards religion, and clandestinely discussed with the local Rabbis the economic conditions in which the Jewish masses lived." Then Rabbi Gleser went to Paris, where he informed other Rabbis about the conditions of Jews within the U.S.S.R.

The Press reports that the Soviet authorities have banished from Leningrad Rabbi Katzenellenbogen, who is 84 years old.

# SALE OF CONFISCATED RELIGIOUS BOOKS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, Feb. 23

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency reports that the American-Russian Trading Company [a Soviet organization] here has been trying to sell to the New York Public Library and to Jewish libraries some of the Jewish religious books confiscated by the Soviet Government. Several volumes of much historical value have been sold to Jewish book-collectors in Chicago.

# ANTI-RELIGIOUS CARTOONS IMPOUNDED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, Feb. 23

The Police President has intervened to check Communist anti-religious propaganda which was being publicly carried on in Berlin.

A "Workers' Cultural Exhibition," organized by the Communists, is being held in the Potsdamer Platz. One department is in the form of a church, the windows of which are occupied by large cartoons. One of these shows an aged and worn-out workman kneeling before a priest, and bears the legend, "He who toils not shall eat most; I pray for you, and you work for me." The others are similar. There is also a plastic model of a cartoon by Herr Georg Grosz, which was recently the subject of blasphemy proceedings. The Police President has impounded two of the cartoons and the model and opened proceedings against the exhibitors. His action in respect of the model after Herr Grosz's cartoon causes some discussion, as the artist was acquitted on appeal and a counter-appeal is pending.

# DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF KILMORE

The Right Rev. William Richard Moore, Protestant Bishop of Kilmore and Elphin and Ardagh, died suddenly yesterday at Kinawley Rectory, Fermanagh, at the age of 71.

# LONDON NAVAL CONFERENCE

## POLITICAL PACT OPPOSED

## MR. HOOVER'S VIEW

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23

No official statement of the Administration's attitude towards the possibility of some form of political pact being included in any Naval Limitation Treaty agreed on in London has yet been made either by the White House or by the State Department. Conversations with Administration officials have, however, given rise to the conviction that the Administration is in fact—however reluctantly—opposed to the inclusion of a political pact in a Limitation Treaty, and it is assumed that any decision by the United States delegation in London to refrain from taking part in such a pact could have been taken only on the authority of the President.

From the outset the State Department has been extremely unwilling to discuss any form of political arrangement, and even the possibility of a consultative provision without an obligation to action, being appended to the Kellogg Pact. The fear that the Senate would reject any treaty containing such a provision veiled the whole subject in the mists of uncertainty, until the story that the delegation was proposing to take part in a Mediterranean Pact was suddenly sprung on Washington. Since then Senatorial opposition to the United States having anything to do with any form of political agreement has been vocal and emphatic.

Hitherto the Administration has kept silence, but the fact that indications of its present attitude have now been allowed to leak out may reasonably be taken as a sign that it is averse from the inclusion of a political pact in any Naval Limitation Treaty. There are, however, some grounds for believing that the Administration still cherishes the hope of implementing the Kellogg Pact by a consultative provision, but is anxious that this should be kept entirely separate from the naval negotiations in London.

## SPECIAL SHIPS

### WORK OF THE NAVAL EXPERTS

The Naval Conference, which was adjourned until Wednesday owing to the fall of M. Tardieu's Cabinet, will not be able to resume its full activity before Thursday at the earliest. M. Chautemps, the head of the new French Government, is not to meet the Chamber to ask for a vote of confidence until to-morrow, and the French delegates therefore cannot start for London before the next day.

Rear-Admiral Hilary P. Jones, one of the advisers to the American delegation, is to return to America owing to illness. He is suffering from an internal complaint, and, on medical advice, he is going home. He hopes to sail in the Berengaria on Wednesday.

### THE EXPERTS' REPORT

The Committee of Experts set up by the First Committee of the Conference to examine the question of special ships which do not fall within any clearly defined category has made such good progress that its report, it is hoped, will be ready before the Conference meets again. The term "special ships" covers minelayers, armoured coast defence vessels and monitors, torpedo-boats, sloops, coastal motor-boats, gunboats and dispatch vessels, river gunboats, minesweepers, together with hulks normally employed on harbour service which might conceivably be made use of in war. It is understood that the experts will propose that as many of these vessels as possible should be absorbed into categories.

It has been suggested that regular war vessels of between 600 and 200 tons standard tonnage shall be exempted from limitation, provided that (1) they do not carry guns of more than 6in. calibre; (2) do not mount more than four guns more than 3in. in calibre; (3) are not capable of firing torpedoes; and (4) have a speed of less than 18 knots. This ruling would leave such craft as torpedo-boats and coastal motor-boats subject to limitation, but would place no restriction upon most of the river gunboats, smaller patrol craft, and other similar vessels. It is also proposed that the total tonnage of fleet auxiliaries, such as oil fuel ships, store carriers, ammunition carriers, depôt and repair ships, and other similar vessels, shall remain unrestricted provided that the ships concerned conform to the rules mentioned above as to armament and speed, and provided also that they are unarmoured and are not fitted to lay mines or to "fly on" aeroplanes. They may, however, be provided with apparatus for launching aircraft.

The following table shows the strength of the five Powers in the vessels, built, building, and projected, in the classes upon which the experts are to report:—

| Type | British Empire | U.S. | Japan | France | Italy |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Minelayers | 1 | — | 5 | 2 | — |
| Armoured coast defence vessels or monitors | 3 | 1 | — | — | — |
| Torpedo-boats | — | — | — | 7 | 40 |
| Sloops .. | 42* | 22† | — | 12 | 22 |
| Coastal motor-boats .. | 6 | — | 3 | 4 | 69 |
| Gunboats, &c. .. | — | 27‡ | 3 | 45 | 7 |
| River gunboats | 19 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 2 |
| Minesweepers | 33 | 42 | 12 | 26 | 44 |

* Includes four not yet ordered.
† First-class coastguard "cutters."
‡ Includes 16 second-class coastguard "cutters."

### THE EIGHT CLASSES

The strengths of the five Powers in each of these eight classes may be summarized as follows:—

**MINELAYERS**

Great Britain possesses the minelaying cruiser Adventure, of 6,740 tons, completed in 1927 and capable of a speed of 27¾ knots. She is armed with four 4.7in. guns. Japan has the 1,540-ton Katsuriki, completed in 1917 and having a speed of 13 knots. Armed with three small guns, she carries 150 mines. The old cruisers Aso and Tokiwa have also been converted into minelayers. The Aso, originally the Russian Bayan, is a ship of 7,180 tons, completed in 1903, with a speed of 22 knots. She carries 420 mines and 10 5.9in. guns. The Tokiwa, completed four years earlier, is of 9,240 tons, with a speed of 21½ knots, and is armed with two 8in. and eight 5.9in. guns. Another Japanese minelayer, the Itsukushima, of about 3,000 tons, was launched at Uraga last year, while another is projected.

France is building the 4,773-ton Pluton, which has a speed of 30 knots. She is armed with four 5.4in. guns and is reputed to have stowage for 1,000 mines. Another surface minelayer was included in the programme presented to the French Parlia-

(Continued on page 14, col. 5.)

# THE JAPANESE ELECTIONS

## LARGE GOVERNMENT MAJORITY

### THE LABOUR DEFEAT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

TOKYO, Feb. 23

The Government's success at the polls has surpassed all expectations. The final figures are as follows:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Minseito (Government Party) | .. | 273 seats |
| Seiyukai (Opposition) | .. | 174 ,, |
| Labour .. | .. | 5 ,, |
| Other groups | .. | 9 ,, |
| Independents | .. | 5 ,, |

The five Labour candidates returned are divided between three parties. Among the explanations of the Labour defeat are over-confidence, the curious working of the modified system of proportional representation used in Japan, and the fickleness of new voters. All explanations given may have some degree of truth, but the ruling reason is the lack of organization and the absence of a solid foundation for Labour sentiment in the electorate.

The great turnover of votes reveals how unpopular the late Seiyukai Cabinet had become. Mr. Inukai, the Seiyukai leader, accuses the Government of employing its official influence freely, but independent reports suggest that this practice was less pronounced than during the last election. Naval affairs hardly figured in the campaign, and the result does not affect the issues before the Naval Conference in London except in so far as the Government is in a stronger position than it was before.

The Japanese are evidently unaffected by European talk about the decay of Parliament, for the present election marks a distinct step forward in the evolution of party government. The chief weakness of the Lower House has been the swarm of opportunists who, under the guise of Independents, bargained with every Cabinet and formed the mainstay of super-party Governments, to whom they furnished purchasable majorities. The process of eliminating them, which has been going on for the past decade, is now almost complete. The House is divided between his Majesty's Government and his Majesty's Opposition, and the foundations of a Parliamentary system are firmly laid.

*** At the last general election in February, 1928, the 466 seats were thus allotted:—Seiyukai, 221; Minseito, 214; Independents, 16; Labour, eight; Business Men's Party, four; and Kakushin (the former Shinsei Club), three. The Seiyukai claimed six of the Independents and conceded one to the Minseito, making the voting strength of the two parties 227 and 215 respectively. With Labour's eight and the Kakushin's three seats the Opposition could muster 226 votes. The balance was thus held by the Business Men's Party and the nine neutral Independents. The Seiyukai Government was defeated in July, 1929, and Mr. Hamaguchi (Minseito) was asked to form a Cabinet.

# THIRTEEN KILLED BY AN AVALANCHE

## FATE OF APENNINE VILLAGE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, Feb. 23

The little hamlet of Villa di Mezzo in the Province of Marche [East-Central Italy] consisting of 30 cottages, has been overwhelmed by an avalanche. So far as is known at present there are 13 persons killed and nine injured. It is to be feared, however, that these figures will be increased, since several of the cottages are still buried in the snow.

The avalanche came from Monte Petrano, one of the Apennine heights, and fell with such rapidity that the population of Villa di Mezzo had no time to escape. The avalanche also broke the telephone and telegraph cables and thus delayed the arrival of relief. When news of the disaster was received, a number of people from the neighbouring villages went to the rescue on skis, and help was promptly organized by the local authorities with the assistance of soldiers. A quantity of livestock has also been lost.

# THE KING AND QUEEN

## VISIT TO THE EXHIBITION OF ITALIAN ART

The King and Queen, accompanied by Prince George and Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, paid a private visit yesterday to the Exhibition of Italian Art at Burlington House.

The King and Queen were received by the Italian Ambassador, Lady (Austen) Chamberlain, Sir William Llewellyn, President of the Royal Academy, Major A. A. Longden, and Commendatore Modigliani.

The King seemed to be particularly attracted by exhibits in the bronze section, while the Queen spent the longest time in the rooms devoted to the Venetian artists.

Others present were Princess Helena Victoria, Lady Patricia Ramsay, the Marquess and Marchioness of Cambridge, Lord Carnegie and Lady Maud Carnegie, the Dowager Marchioness of Milford Haven, and the Duke and Duchess of Beaufort.

# THE PRINCE AT NAIROBI

## END OF FIRST SAFARI

NAIROBI, Feb. 23.—The Prince of Wales arrived here yesterday morning, on the completion of the first part of his *safari*, which has been in the Voi-Taveta area. He went to Government House. It is understood that the *safari* was thoroughly enjoyed and that a cinematograph record was taken. The Prince has not yet shot an elephant. He had stalked one and was preparing to shoot when the approach of native porters alarmed the elephant, which made off.

The Prince played golf yesterday afternoon at the Muthaiga Country Club with Sir Edward Grigg (the Governor), and renewed the acquaintanceship of many people he met on his previous visit. In the evening the Prince attended a public dance at Torrs Hotel, being accompanied by the Governor and Lady Grigg, Lady Delamere, and others. Later the Prince gave a supper party and danced at the Muthaiga Club.

It is believed that the Prince will again go on *safari* on Tuesday.—*Exchange.*

# AUSTRIA AND CANADA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, Feb. 23

Direct diplomatic relations between the Austrian Republic and Canada have been established by the arrival in Ottawa this week of Dr. Kleinwachter, who is the first Austrian Consul *de carrière* in Canada. He was for a number of years Counsellor of the Austrian Legation in Washington, and has frequently visited Canada. Heretofore the Austrian Legation in London has been in charge of all diplomatic negotiations with the British Dominions.

# THE INDIA NUMBER

## A TRIBUTE FROM BOMBAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, Feb. 23

The publication of the Special India Number of *The Times* is warmly appreciated by the *Times of India*, which, in a leading article, says that while many London newspapers are engaged in misrepresenting India and Indian ambitions, it is pleasant to note that *The Times*, true to its cherished traditions, has consistently endeavoured to present the Indian problem as a whole in its true perspective, and to give its readers information about India. The article adds:—

There is no question that *The Times* has done a great service in thus presenting India not only to English readers but to all the world, and the fact that the first article in it is an excellent study of the origin and purpose of the Simon Commission emphasizes the need for that wide appreciation of India and her problems at the present moment which the unrivalled resources of *The Times* can obtain.

Quoting the Viceroy's remarks on the need for a firm foundation of knowledge, the newspaper says it is precisely that knowledge which the Special Number contains, and, after showing the breadth of the Special Number's scope and the great body of authority behind it, the *Times of India* says:—

That need has been deliberately ignored by many papers in England, but it is the essential idea running throughout the many pages of this Special Number. Therefore, it is assured of a ready welcome from all those who both know India and believe in its future as a self-governing unit in the British Commonwealth.

## ISSUE OF ADDITIONAL COPIES

Additional copies of *The Times* Special Number on India, which was completely sold out on the day of issue, have now been printed and are being distributed. It is hoped to satisfy a large part of the outstanding demand within a few days.

Readers who have still to receive copies of the Special Number should arrange for delivery with their newsagents without delay. While it is impossible to guarantee a quantity of the coloured plates sufficient to provide for all the additional copies of the Number that have been required, fresh supplies are being prepared.

# NEW CONVERSION OPERATION

## FOUR-AND-A-HALF PER CENTS.

A new conversion operation is announced to-day by the Treasury, the object of which is to provide means for repaying the balance—over £50,000,000—of the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds, which fall due on May 15. A fresh issue of the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan, 1940-44, is being made for this purpose at the price of 95; at this price the interest yield is £4 14s. 9d., but the total average yield over the full period of the loan, 14 years, allowing for the bonus of £5 payable on redemption, is just over 5 per cent. This is an attractive rate to the investor.

Holders of the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds due May 15 are invited to exchange their bonds for the new stock at the rate of £105 10s. of Conversion Loan for each £100 Treasury Bond, on terms which give the holders an opportunity to secure the loan at a price slightly less than cash applicants.

The list for cash applications will be opened on Wednesday next and closed on or before the next day. Conversion applications will be received forthwith, and the list for these will not be closed until Saturday, March 8. As pointed out in our City columns, being a short-term security, Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds are probably mainly held by bankers and other professional investors, who might have preferred a shorter-dated security than the Conversion Loan; and the object of inviting cash applications is to enable the Treasury to pay off those who do not wish to exercise the conversion right.

A previous conversion operation was carried out last November, when the Five per Cent. Conversion Loan, 1944-64, was issued at par; the object of the issue was to provide means for meeting £160,000,000 short-term indebtedness, including the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds, due May 15, the amount of which then outstanding was about £134,000,000, and also to reduce the floating debt. That loan was a considerable success, about £233,000,000 being subscribed, of which about £154,000,000 was in cash and £79,000,000 in the form of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds. It is not to be expected that the response to the present operation will be as large as it was last November, nor is so great a response required.

# INTERNATIONAL RUGBY

## FRANCE AND SCOTLAND BEATEN

England beat France at Twickenham on Saturday by a goal and two tries (11 points) to a goal (5 points). This was the most important international match France had played since their first experience of international football with England in 1905-1906. France had gained narrow victories over Scotland and Ireland this season, and had they beaten England their record would have been unbeatable, though either Scotland or Ireland might have equalled it. England won because of the excellence of their forwards, and the English backs, though they never were perfectly together, shared in the triumph of saving and winning a game that had seemed in a fair way towards being lost.

Ireland beat Scotland at Murrayfield by a goal and 3 tries (14 points) to a goal and 2 tries (11 points), thus maintaining their unbeaten record on this ground. The Scottish team, however, having been led by 11 points to 3 at half-time, made a gallant rally in the second half of the game, and only a most determined defence on the part of Ireland, who at one time had looked like overrunning their opponents, kept them from scoring again and possibly winning the match.

A full report will be found on page 5.

# ESCAPED MONKEYS STILL AT LARGE

The two monkeys which have been at large since February 14 were again seen in Regent's Park by several people at the week-end. The animal-dealer in Camden Town who owns them says that he is a little weary of the chase, and that his main hope of recapturing them is to wait until the monkeys choose to quit the wide spaces of the park for the surrounding streets. In the meantime the hope of catching a glimpse of the monkeys among the trees is adding to the popularity of Regent's Park.

# PARLIAMENT THIS WEEK

## THE COAL BILL

### PERSECUTION IN RUSSIA

**(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)**

The return of Mr. Graham from Geneva will enable the House of Commons to resume the consideration of the Coal Mines Bill, and three days this week—to-morrow, Wednesday, and Thursday—have been allotted for this purpose.

A stage of the Session has now been reached when the Government hope to make more rapid progress with their business, as they will have the advantage of one more day in each week. Under the new Standing Order, passed to meet the conditions created by the beginning of Parliamentary Sessions in the autumn, the days for the discussion of private members' motions came to an end last week, and for the remainder of this Session Wednesdays will be at the disposal of the Government. Fridays will still be available for the second reading of private members' Bills until March 21, which is the last private members' day.

It is unlikely that Part I. of the Coal Mines Bill, which deals with marketing schemes and the quota, will be reached until Thursday at the earliest. A number of new clauses have first to be considered. There is a good deal of difference of opinion among members of all parties as to the desirability of compulsory amalgamation, and the discussions on this subject are expected to take some time. No serious trouble, however, is anticipated until Part I. is begun. It will be remembered that, after prolonged negotiations, Mr. Graham consented to move the postponement of Part I. in view of the strong opposition of Mr. Lloyd George and the majority of his followers to any artificial restriction of output. It was hoped that agreement might be arrived at before the quota provisions were reached in Committee, but this now seems unlikely, although further conversations to this end are expected this week.

### THE QUOTA

The Government have never altered their view that the quota is an integral part of the whole scheme, and their hands have been strengthened by the insistence of the miners' leaders on this point. On the other hand, the Liberal Parliamentary Party, at their meeting last week, reaffirmed their decision to oppose the quota. As the Conservative Party as a whole will vote with the Liberals on this issue, the position at first sight would seem to be delicate, but there is little fear of a crisis for two reasons. In the first place, some of the Liberals who supported the second reading of the Bill against the advice of Mr. Lloyd George do not feel bound to follow his leadership this week. Secondly, there are Conservatives who favour the quota, and are likely to abstain from voting. The Government, therefore, unless the unexpected happens, hope to get Part I. through Committee with an adequate majority.

Many questions will be put to Mr. Henderson this afternoon about the relations between this country and Soviet Russia. Sir Kingsley Wood is to ask the Foreign Secretary whether he is now in a position to communicate to the House the contents of the report from the British Ambassador at Moscow on religious persecution, and this subject will also be raised by other members. After questions Supplementary Estimates will be taken in Committee. The first Estimate is for expenditure on the Royal parks, and Mr. Lansbury will be afforded an opportunity of making a detailed statement of his plans for Regent's Park and Hyde Park. The business for Friday is the second reading of the Advertisements Regulations Bill.

Members of the House of Lords will have a light week. The only business so far down for consideration is on Wednesday, when an important debate on housing is expected. The Bishop of Southwark is to call attention to recent annual reports of medical officers on bad housing conditions, and he will ask the Government when it is proposed to introduce legislation affecting the slums.

# ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 10)

**OPERA**

Savoy IOLANTHE A 8.15

**THEATRES**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Adelphi | THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT | 8.15 |
| Aldwych | A NIGHT LIKE THIS | 8.15 |
| Ambassadors | THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION | 8.15 |
| Apollo | NINE TILL SIX | 8.30 |
| Comedy | THE WAY OUT | 8.30 |
| Court | HAMLET | 8 |
| Criterion | MILESTONES | 8.30 |
| Daly's | THIS WAY TO PARADISE | 8.15 |
| Dominion | SILVER WINGS | 8.15 |
| Drury Lane | THE SLEEPING BEAUTY | 7.45 |
| Duke of York's | JEW SUSS | 8.30 |
| Fortune | THE LAST ENEMY | 8.30 |
| Gaiety | DARLING, I LOVE YOU | 8.15 |
| Garrick | ALMOST A HONEYMOON | 8.30 |
| Haymarket | THE FIRST MRS. FRASER | 8.30 |
| Hippodrome | MR. CINDERS | 8.15 |
| His Majesty's | BITTER SWEET | 8.30 |
| Kingsway | THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL | 8.15 |
| Little | FRANKENSTEIN | 8.30 |
| Lyceum | PUSS IN BOOTS | 2 & 7.30 |
| Lyric | MURDER ON THE SECOND FLOOR | 8.30 |
| Lyric, Hammersmith | DANDY DICK | 8.30 |
| Palace | DEAR LOVE | 8.15 |
| Piccadilly | HERE COMES THE BRIDE | 8.15 |
| Playhouse | DEVONSHIRE CREAM | 8.30 |
| Prince of Wales | JOURNEY'S END | 8.30 |
| Princes | A WARM CORNER | 8.30 |
| Queen's | THE APPLE CART | 8.15 |
| St. James's | MICHAEL AND MARY | 8.30 |
| St. Martin's | HONOURS EASY | 8.30 |
| Shaftesbury | THE MIDDLE WATCH | 8.30 |
| The Old Vic | THE DARK LADY OF THE SONNETS AND ANDROCLES AND THE LION | 7.30 |
| Vaudeville | FRENCH LEAVE | 2.30 & 8.30 |
| Wyndham's | THE CALENDAR | 8.30 |

**VARIETIES**

| | |
|---|---|
| Coliseum | 2.15, 5.15, & 8.15 |
| Holborn Empire | 6.30 & 9 |
| Maskelyne's Theatre | 5 & 8 |
| Palladium | 6.30 & 9 |
| Victoria Palace | 6.15 & 8.30 |

**CONCERT**

Wigmore Hall MISS JEAN HAMILTON 8.30

**EXHIBITIONS**

The Italian Art Exhibition is open daily. Sundays excepted, from 9.30 to 7

| | |
|---|---|
| Crystal Palace | 10 to 10 |
| Olympia BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR | |
| Tussaud's | 10 to 10 |
| Zoological Gardens | 9 a.m. to sunset |

**PICTURE THEATRES**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Alhambra | JUNO AND THE PAYCOCK | 12 to 11 |
| Astoria | FLIGHT | 12.45 to 11 |
| Avenue | A COTTAGE ON DARTMOOR | 1 to 12 |
| Capitol | HOT FOR PARIS | 12 to 11 |
| Carlton | THE LOVE PARADE | 2.45, 6, & 8.45 |
| Empire | IT'S A GREAT LIFE | 12 to 12 |
| Kensington | STUDIO MURDER MYSTERY | 2 to 11 |
| London Pavilion | CONDEMNED | 2.30, 6, & 8.30 |
| Marble Arch Pavilion | DISRAELI | 2 to 11 |
| New Gallery | ROOKERY NOOK | 1.30 to 11 |
| Plaza | WHY BRING THAT UP? | 11.45 to 11 |
| Polytechnic | STAMPEDE | 2.30, 5.30, & 8.30 |
| Regal | ATLANTIC | 12 to 

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### Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Wind between east and north-east, light or moderate; cloudy, rather cold.

Further Outlook.—Little change expected for some days. (p. 14)

## TO-DAY'S NEWS

**HOME**

The sub-committee of experts appointed by the First Committee of the Naval Conference to examine the question of special ships which do not come within any of the main categories has made good progress with its work. Its report will be ready before the Conference meets again after the adjournment caused by the French political crisis. (p. 12)

A meeting of the Crown tenants of the Regent's Park Estate on Saturday passed a resolution protesting against the recent changes which have injured the amenities of Regent's Park. A committee was appointed to watch the activities of the Office of Works in the park. (p. 9)

The original papers of the Headquarters Staff of the British Commanders-in-Chief during the American War of Independence, which have been in the possession of the Royal Institution of Great Britain for over 100 years, have been sold to an American collector. (p. 12)

A number of changes and appointments affecting the management of the Southern Railway are announced. (p. 9)

The first course of the year began at the Bonar Law College, Ashridge Park, on Saturday. (p. 17)

The Chief Registrar of Friendly Societies has issued his report for 1928 on the proceedings of industrial and provident societies. (p. 7)

At the annual meeting of the Newspaper Press Fund in London on Saturday it was reported that the receipts last year were a record, and the council had been able to make an all-round increase in pensions. (p. 18)

The proposed alteration in helm orders has received the support of the Council of the Officers' (Merchant Navy) Federation. (p. 19)

The annual conference of the East Anglian Area of the British Legion was held at the Caxton Hall on Saturday. (p. 19)

**POLITICS**

Mr. Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at Slaithwaite on Saturday, said that he was not going to say whether there would be a deficiency on his Budget. There might be. If there was one it would not be his fault. (p. 14)

Sir A. Steel-Maitland, M.P., speaking at Glascote on Saturday, said that the wisest thing for the country to do would be to extend the policy of safeguarding. (p. 14)

**IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN**

A meeting of the new French Cabinet is to be held to-day to decide on the declaration of its programme to be made to Parliament to-morrow. No change in French policy at the London Naval Conference is expected. (p. 12)

The final figures in the Japanese General Election show a Government majority of 80 over all other parties and 99 over the Opposition. (p. 12)

Unofficial indications have been given in Washington that the Administration is opposed to the inclusion of a political pact in any Limitation Treaty agreed on at the London Naval Conference. (p. 12)

The Government of India has decided to take over the Indian Broadcasting Corporation, the transfer to be effective from March 1. (p. 12)

In a review of the industrial situation in Bombay City, the Government says it is agreeable to the imposition, on certain conditions, of a protective tariff for the textile industry. It expresses its desire to check the exploitation of the workers by those who use trade unionism as a mask for revolution. (p. 12)

The Prince of Wales has arrived at Nairobi on the conclusion of his first *safari*. (p. 12)

Thirteen persons have been killed and nine injured by an avalanche which overwhelmed a village in the Apennines. (p. 12)

**SPORT**

England beat France in a Rugby football match at Twickenham on Saturday by 11 points to 5 ; Ireland beat Scotland at Murrayfield by 14 points to 11. (p. 5)

The Oxford University golf team beat the Stoke Poges Club in a match at Stoke Poges on Saturday ; and Cambridge University beat the Royal Mid-Surrey Club at Richmond. (p. 7)

The Kempton Park race meeting was concluded on Saturday. (p. 4)

Emmanuel finished at the Head of the River at the end of the Lent races at Cambridge on Saturday ; the Torpid races were continued at Oxford on Saturday. (p. 5)

Scotland beat Wales in a hockey match at Gobowen on Saturday by seven goals to three. (p. 6)

Scotland beat Ireland in an Association football match in Glasgow on Saturday by three goals to one. (p. 6)

McConachy beat Lindrum in a billiard match which was concluded in London on Saturday. (p. 4)

Prince's Club beat the M.C.C. in a tennis match at Prince's Club on Saturday. (p. 7)

**FINANCE AND COMMERCE**

In "City Notes" comment is made on :—New Conversion Loan Offer; the Inveresk Paper Investigation; the Olympia Prospectus; an Ironworks Capital Scheme; Tire Company's Success. (p. 20)

Money was in plentiful supply in Lombard-street on Saturday at 3½ to 3 per cent., and discount quotations were easier. The London-New York exchange was quoted at $4.86½c. (a fall of 3-64c.). The French rate was lower at 124f. 24½c., but the German rate rose to 20m. 36½pf. Silver fell 1-16d. to 19 15-16d. per ounce. (p. 21)

## THE JAPANESE ELECTIONS

The second Japanese General Election to be held under manhood suffrage has ended in a decisive victory for the Minseito, or Liberals, who have a majority of ninety-nine over their only serious rivals, the Seiyukai, or Conservative, Party, and an absolute majority over the combined Opposition. The last General Election ended very differently. When the last results were received from the Loochoo Islands, the Japanese electoral analogue of our Orkneys and Shetlands, the Seiyukai had a majority of only seven seats over the Minseito and were in a minority of thirty in the Lower House of 466 members. Their chief, BARON TANAKA, remained in office mainly because the nation did not desire a second General Election in the year in which the EMPEROR was to be crowned with solemn splendour. He fell last July in consequence of the irritation which his policy had caused among the Elder Statesmen of the Privy Council and other high quarters. A Minseito Government under MR. HAMAGUCHI succeeded his Ministry. The change was popular, but the Liberals remained in a minority of 60 in the Diet. Little as they liked the prospect of a General Election during the sessions of the Naval Conference in London, they felt compelled to take the risk. They could not afford to wait until the Conservatives rallied and perhaps passed resolutions affecting that Conference over their powerless if unwilling heads. On January 21, after his Cabinet's policy had been outlined in the customary Ministerial speeches, MR. HAMAGUCHI dissolved the Diet and ordered a General Election. From the beginning of the campaign it was clear that the Seiyukai were still unpopular and that Labour was likely to suffer from its numerous divisions. The result has amply justified the confidence of the Ministerialists, whose victory gives them the pleasant prospect of power uncrippled by the necessity of placating neutrals and purchasing mercenary "Independents."

The decrease in the number of independent members elected to the Diet marks an important step in the growth of party government in the Island Empire. In the past Cabinet after Cabinet found itself compelled to bargain before and still more after a General Election with a number of active opportunists calling themselves Independents, whom it was dangerous to repulse but whose support cost Governments dear. In the days when the suffrage was restricted to about 3,000,000 voters party government made little real headway. Parties might win, but their victories were hardly ever decisive enough to enable their leaders to dispense with Independent votes and to form purely party Governments. Since 1920, however, electoral opinion has been better educated. The organized parties have gained ground at the expense of the Independents, but even at the last General Election sixteen were elected, and were able to give BARON TANAKA a precarious majority on their own terms. On this occasion they have won only nine seats and the absolute majority of the Minseito Party gives them no chance of "shifting their weight" in the Diet with any hope of early success. Equally important is the evidence that the Labour groups, generally known as the "Proletarian" parties, have failed to obtain any general support. Their failure may be due in part to their divisions—of the ninety-six Labour candidates, seventy-three belonged to four different parties and twenty-three were unattached—as well as to the curious working of the modified system of proportional representation which obtains in Japan. But after all excuses have been made the fact that Labour could only elect five of its candidates and the defeat of such well-known leaders as MR. ABE, the leader of the Social Democrats, and MR. SUZUKI, the President of the Japanese Federation of Labour, seem to show that European and Japanese observers have greatly over-rated the influence of trade unionism, not to mention Socialism or Communism, in industrial Japan. In the country the mass of small-holders seems to have divided its vote between the Seiyukai and the Minseito. Neither in town nor country have the extreme Nationalist societies caused serious disturbances during the election, a satisfactory proof of the ability of the authorities to deal with the "National Foundations," the "Black Dragon" and other super-patriotic groups which did their utmost to create a "nuisance value" two years ago.

The victory of the Minseito is unlikely to cause any change in the foreign policy of the Japanese Empire. The Liberals have been in power since BARON TANAKA fell ; their policy in China has been more conciliatory than that of their predecessors, but they have made it abundantly clear to all Chinese politicians who can see that they will neither tolerate any attack on Japanese economic interests in China, and especially in Manchuria, nor accept any unilateral abolition of the judicial privileges of Japanese subjects in China. Naval affairs, our Tokyo Correspondent points out in the telegram which we publish to-day, hardly figured in the election campaign, and the result does not affect the issues before the Naval Conference in London, except in so far as the Government is in a stronger position than it was before it went to the polls. The real importance of the election is the evidence that it has also given of the increasing strength of parliamentary and party government in Japan. The Japanese have been described as an imitative people, but students of politics will remark that they have refused to follow the anti-parliamentary and anti-democratic lead given them not only by Soviet Russia but by more advanced and civilized countries, and that the extension of the franchise so stoutly resisted by Japanese Conservatives seems to have strengthened Parliament rather than to have weakened it. The old days when the Diet talked and the bureaucracy governed have passed away, but the "move to the Left," of which so much was heard before the last General Election, has, so far, amounted in fact to something less than a quarter-turn. The Throne is still regarded with veneration ; the Elder Statesmen can still unmake a Ministry ; the majority of Japanese citizens seem to be moving calmly enough along the middle of the road, though, as our Tokyo Correspondent recently wrote, "they instinctively turn to the Right rather than to the Left in moments of excitement."

### Foreign Meat Supplies

A study of the figures quoted to-day in SIR WILLIAM HALDANE'S article on the changes now taking place in our meat supplies from abroad makes it clear that the warnings and advice which he gave in these columns last April were fully warranted. His purpose then was to draw attention to certain ominous conditions which might, he thought, before very long seriously affect the beef supply of this country. To-day there is no longer any doubt about what is happening. On all sides our supplies are diminishing. To satisfy the hunger of its 122 million people the United States, he writes, has devoured the surplus cattle and beef with which Canada used partly to feed us; has seized the great bulk of our beef supplies from New Zealand; has begun competing with us, alongside the growing Eastern demand, for whatever supplies of beef Australia can afford to export ; and is now attacking the monopoly hitherto held by this country as the one big buyer in the South American markets, the main source upon which we have long depended for the cheap and ample feeding of our people. In this brief *résumé* he exposes, without any beating about the bush, the gravity of the outlook. Though for different reasons, it certainly calls for the attention of British farmers and of those responsible for the country's supplies of food. The causes that have brought it about, by converting the United States from a great beef-exporting country into a community forced to import beef and cattle from abroad on a scale proportionate to the needs of its huge and increasing population, began to operate after the War, though the full effects were not felt till some years later. During the War years the United States, because of the high War prices, built up a cattle population of seventy-three millions. In the five years following the fall of prices in 1921 extensive slaughter due to financial difficulties brought the total down to sixty millions, and since then the population have been living on their cattle stocks and so many Western graziers have turned from cattle to sheep that last year there were fewer beef cattle in the country than at any time during the last half century. As the result of these successive reductions the United States, no longer self-sufficing for all its needs behind the high tariff walls which kept out imports from Canada, Mexico, and South Africa, has been forced to get what it could from abroad. In 1925 it had a net export of four and a quarter million pounds of beef, two years later it swallowed up all the surplus cattle that Canada and Mexico could spare, and in 1929 it imported about one hundred and twenty million pounds of beef, besides half a million cattle.

Meanwhile the Americans, having so to speak eaten us out of hearth and home in Canada—from which we now get no beef at all—have in the last two or three years tapped for the first time our sources of supply in New Zealand, Australia, and South America, and each year, while their population and their needs are growing, our own imports of beef are shrinking and we have to pay more for what we do get. So far—that is to say, during the last two years—the deficiency has been made good in this country by means of larger imports from Ireland and an increased slaughter of home stocks, the total number of which is now 300,000 less than in 1927. But that is a process of gradual elimination which cannot be continued indefinitely, more especially in view of the fact that at the present moment there is a similar decline in the cattle population of almost all the beef-producing countries of the world. The necessary inference, still more clear than it was a year ago, is that British farmers, in the country's interest as well as in their own, should set to work to breed the cattle that will be needed to maintain the nation's supplies of meat. Almost everywhere except in Great Britain the supplies of mutton and lamb are at present increasing almost in inverse ratio to the amount of beef produced, so that larger imports of this form of meat and consequently lower prices for home-bred sheep are to be expected. On the other hand, though for the moment sheep are paying well, the decline in the world's production of beef and beef imports into this country is likely to raise prices. There can be little doubt, says SIR WILLIAM HALDANE, that the decline now making itself felt in our imported beef supplies entitles our home producers to reckon on a higher level of prices compared with those of the past three years, and, at last, on a remunerative return for the breeding and feeding of cattle.

### Treatment of Rheumatism

When, to-morrow, the first clinic provided by the Red Cross Society for the treatment of rheumatism is opened by the QUEEN, the methods in use at the various spas will become available to large numbers of men and women who formerly lacked the opportunity of benefiting by them. These methods, which have their origins in a remote past, have continued to afford a larger measure of relief, if not of cure, than any others, and only the difficulty of obtaining access to them has prevented their universal application. The new clinic is therefore a first step in a campaign against rheumatism which, as it grows in strength, will spread over the whole country and from the success of which the nation is likely to reap substantial advantage. The clinic is intended to provide treatment for two kinds of patients—first, the industrial worker who can receive treatment out of working hours, and, secondly, those able to pay a reasonable fee. The case of the industrial worker is specially important because rheumatism is the most prevalent chronic disease in these islands and exacts a heavy toll of suffering and loss every year. Some three years ago the British Committee on Rheumatism, in a letter published in these columns, urged that clinics for physical treatment should be established in London and other large towns for "the investigation, diagnosis, and treatment "especially of early cases." This Committee later invited the British Red Cross Society to help them ; an assurance was received from the Ministry of Health that if treatment at such clinics became available the Health Insurance regulations would be so amended as to enable approved societies to pay capitation rates on behalf of members receiving treatment.

These facts were stated in a letter signed by MR. BALDWIN, MR. LLOYD GEORGE, and MR. MACDONALD which was published two years ago in these columns. Their appeal, which had the support of the General Federation of Trade Unions and of a number of friendly societies, met with a generous response, and a sum of £40,000, of which one-third was given by SIR OTTO BEIT, was subscribed. The new clinic, which is situated in Regent's Park, is to receive three shillings for each treatment of a member of an approved society, or twenty-five shillings for a course of treatment ; private patients will be required to pay larger fees. The clinic, SIR ARTHUR STANLEY stated last week, can deal with between 300 and 400 patients a day. He added that there are upwards of thirty Red Cross clinics in the country which were established after the War for the treatment of disabled men, and that, should the new clinic prove a success, they can be equipped also for the treatment of rheumatism. The plan is an excellent one, for it is clear that a single centre is quite incapable of satisfying the needs of the country. Indeed there is likely to be an urgent demand not only for additional centres, but also for auxiliary clinics where the simpler and less costly forms of treatment can be administered. It has been estimated that at present rheumatic diseases cost nearly £2,000,000 in sickness benefit each year, and that over 3,000,000 weeks of work are lost annually from this cause by insured workers.

### A Welcome Concession

The plea that the exhibition of Italian pictures at Burlington House should be given an extension of time has not fallen upon deaf ears. As SIR WILLIAM LLEWELLYN (the President of the Royal Academy) explains in his letter to-day, a prompt bargain has been struck between the Royal Academy and SIGNOR MODIGLIANI, the upshot of which is that the pictures shall remain on view for another ten working days, that is until Thursday, March 20. It may be called a bargain because if the Royal Academy has made a concession so also has SIGNOR MODIGLIANI, for he has undertaken to have all the pictures for which he is responsible packed up and removed within a week later so as to leave Burlington House clear for the preparations for the Academy's summer show. For his staff to have to work to so short a time limit cannot but be exacting, and the necessity for it should make the art-loving public all the more grateful for the reprieve given to them, even if the term of ten days falls short of their more ardent expectations. But they ought to be, and will be, grateful also for the candid manner in which SIR WILLIAM LLEWELLYN has taken them into his confidence and explained the Academy's difficulties. Though it would like to keep the Italians on its walls for a much longer time, it has its duty to perform towards British artists ; and by now promises have been made, undertakings given, and arrangements fixed which cannot apparently be undone. If the Academy is to open its doors at the usual time this year it will have to get through a great deal of delicate preliminary work quickly and withal conscientiously—work of a nature which does not arise when it is a question of housing a number of predetermined masterpieces on loan. The whole process is clearly indicated by SIR WILLIAM LLEWELLYN. He adds a wise word of consolation. When all these beautiful visitors have left, there will still remain the Italians in the National Gallery to study. Not even the brilliant assemblage at Burlington House has been able to eclipse them ; and many visitors must have gone to them of late from Burlington House with fresh appreciation.

## SUPPORT FOR BRITISH TRADE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—British trade is attracting considerable attention at the present time, and any question appertaining thereto is likely to be of great interest to the public. It has been brought to my notice that last year the Hastings Union authorities in the invitation to tender substituted "Cape" for "French" brandy, and the experience thus gained has encouraged the Union authorities to insert "Rhodesian Produce" in their form of tender for supplies of tobacco to the Union.

The self-governing Colony which I have the honour to represent is doing everything possible to stimulate British trade. The Government and the public are doing their utmost in this direction. Southern Rhodesia, therefore, is extremely grateful to the Hastings Union authorities for their very practical example of buying British by substituting British for foreign tobacco, and I express the hope that this action on their part may induce other local authorities to give similar help.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
B. F. WRIGHT, Acting High Commissioner for Southern Rhodesia.
Crown House, Aldwych, W.C.

## JOHNSON AT TUNBRIDGE WELLS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your correspondent inquires upon what evidence the Dr. Johnson depicted in the print of 1748 is to be identified with the lexicographer. It is well on such questions to consult the first authority, Dr. Birkbeck Hill. A footnote at page 190 of the first volume of his Boswell's "Life" says :—

> The well-known picture of the company at Tunbridge Wells in August, 1748, with the references in Richardson's own writing, is given as a frontispiece to Volume III. of Richardson's "Correspondence." There can be no doubt that the figure marked by Richardson as Dr. Johnson is not Samuel Johnson, who did not receive a doctor's degree till more than four years after Richardson's death.

Your obedient servant,
F. D. M.

## MEDIEVAL PAINTINGS IN ROMSEY ABBEY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Referring to your note in the "Ecclesiastical *News*" in *The Times* of January 24, it may be of interest to your readers to know that, after restoring the wall paintings in Winchester Cathedral, Professor Tristram and his assistant, Mr. Moberly, came on to Romsey Abbey and recently spent a fortnight here at work on the restoration of our valuable painted wooden reredos and also of the very considerable remaining portion of a wall painting, depicting, it is thought, scenes from the life of the first Abbess of Romsey, St. Ethelflaeda.

Most experts now put the date of our painted reredos at 1520—*i.e.*, only 20 years before the dissolution of the monasteries. It is therefore of very great interest to antiquaries and students of history. Now that Professor Tristram has finished its restoration much that was formerly hidden has been brought to light. A band of superimposed whitish paint, nearly a foot deep, which formerly obscured the base of the reredos has been cleaned off, and the Tudor features of the dresses of many of the figures can now be clearly discerned. As soon as sufficient funds are available it is hoped to remove the reredos from its present badly lighted situation and to place it in a position where it can be better seen.

Yours faithfully,
W. B. CORBAN, Vicar.

## ITALIAN PICTURES

### AN EXTENSION UNTIL MARCH 20

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As President of the Royal Academy and one of the Academicians who are members of the executive committee of the Italian Exhibition, I must confess to feeling surprised that if the committee wished to put forward the request made in a letter which appeared in your issue of February 21 they did not think fit to lay it first before me and my council, and to consider our views upon it, before asking a number of eminent persons to bring public pressure to bear on the Royal Academy for an extension of the period originally arranged for the exhibition. It seems absurd (to say the least) to place me and some of my colleagues on the committee and to accept our cooperation in many essentials, and then to exclude us from consultation on such a material question as this, in the new aspect that it has at present.

I can assure you that the council of the Royal Academy, both in deciding among the numerous proposals for exhibitions which are presented to them and in the cooperation which they give when a scheme is adopted, think not merely of the moral or material advantage to the Academy but chiefly of their duty to use its resources for the general advancement of art. Accordingly, since we realized the magnitude of the effort which Italy had made to provide the present exhibition and its exceptional interest for the public, we have given much thought to the question of its duration.

At the same time, we have had to remember that the main responsibility of the Academy is concerned with the public interest in modern art and the encouragement of living artists. We are under engagement with the latter to receive their works—numbering about 10,000 in all classes—in the last few days of March, and from that time onwards our hands are full every day with the preparation of the Summer Exhibition. This is very different from the preparation of the present or any loan exhibition. The selection takes one week, the hanging two ; the judgment passed on each work must be recorded and notified to the artist. Then follow cataloguing (with an index of about 1,000 artists and their addresses), adjusting, varnishing days for members and non-members, Press days, the Royal day, the private view, and the annual dinner : these dates are fixed and notified long beforehand. Our work is conducted with the utmost economy of time consistent with fair consideration of the various classes and styles of modern art ; and we know from long experience that it could not be compressed into a shorter time without injustice to the artists and great risk of disorganization. What we do in selecting, arranging, and publishing a good representation of current work is the great event of the year to both producers and supporters of art in this country. An institution which annually incurs such a responsibility as this must be the target of unfriendly as well as friendly criticism. But we make it our constant aim not merely to show occasional masterpieces but to uphold a standard of sincerity and thoroughness in the exhibits as a whole, and to offer to the public a fair and useful survey of the various artistic tendencies of the time.

For over 40 years before the War (1870-1913) the Royal Academy held Winter Exhibitions of works by Old Masters in January and February, revealing to the nation a great part of its artistic treasures. Since the War it has been glad to lend its galleries and services for a series of loan exhibitions held in those two months ; and by postponing much-needed repairs and alterations it has lately been able to allow these exhibitions to continue through the first week of March. After the Dutch Exhibition last year the packing and clearance of the works from galleries and store-rooms was hardly completed in time for the reception of the modern works.

But we have now been in consultation with Signor Modigliani and have suggested to him that by special efforts of his skilled assistants the exhibits might be packed and removed in seven days, the Academy on its part making shift to do without the time usually reserved for fitting up apparatus in the galleries for the work of selection. By this means the Italian Exhibition might be kept open till March 20 (instead of March 8) ; and we understand from Signor Modigliani that this addition of ten weekdays, with as late hours as possible, is acceptable and practicable.

The members of the Royal Academy are, of course, delighted to have the present superb display of Italian art provided in Burlington House for the benefit of the public, and they would be very pleased if they could keep it there for a much longer period. But we are even now at work on our many preparations in the interest of modern art, which has the first claim on the energies and resources of the Academy ; and at this date it is impossible to alter the whole programme for the season. If, after this great exhibition has closed, there is still a widely felt appetite for the study of Italian art I would suggest that it can be well satisfied in our splendid but comparatively neglected National Gallery.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
WM. LLEWELLYN, President.
Royal Academy of Arts, Feb. 23.

## RELIGIOUS PERSECUTION IN RUSSIA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—That the sequence of events to which the Bishop of Guildford refers may not be forgotten in the lapse of years, it should be remembered that His Holiness Pope Pius XI. in 1922, immediately after his election to the Papal Chair, appealed to the representatives of the Powers assembled at Genoa to make united representations to Russia on this matter of religious persecution, and to lay down as conditions for the recognition of the Soviet Government freedom of religious worship and respect for ecclesiastical property. Since then further action has been taken by the Holy See on many occasions.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
FRANCIS CARDINAL BOURNE,
Archbishop of Westminster.
Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

## SURTAX AND THE BUDGET

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There have been recent references in the Press to the probability of the Chancellor of the Exchequer finding it necessary to increase the burden of surtax in order to balance his Budget for the ensuing year, but I have not seen in the Press any recognition of the fact that no increase in the rate or change in the incidence of surtax in the Finance Act for this year can affect the receipts from surtax before that payable on January 1, 1932, which means that no increase of surtax in the forthcoming Budget can assist the income of the year ending April 5, 1931.

The change from supertax to surtax was carried through by Mr. Churchill in the Finance Act, 1927, Section 42 of which begins as follows :—

> Surtax shall be due and payable as a deferred instalment of income-tax on or before the 1st day of January next after the end of the year of assessment for which it is payable.

The Finance Act, 1929, fixes income-tax and surtax rates for the year 1929-30. The surtax in respect of that year is payable on January 1, 1931. It is surely not suggested that in the forthcoming Budget the Chancellor will embody an increase in the rate of surtax or a change in its incidence for the year 1929-30 as imposed by the 1929 Finance Act.

I am your obedient servant,
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT.
February 21.

# MEAT AND THE HOME FARMER

## BEEF SUPPLIES SHRINKING

## GROWING U.S. DEMAND

**(By Sir William S. Haldane)**

The changes in relation to our meat supplies from abroad demand much more serious attention than is yet being given them either by the farmers of this country or by those responsible for the food of the people. It has been pointed out already in the columns of *The Times* that the supplies of both cattle and sheep throughout the world have been altering greatly during the last few years, increasingly so since 1926. The effect on our meat markets is now becoming evident.

The change of most fundamental and permanent consequence to ourselves has been the passing over of the United States from the position of a great beef-exporting country to that of requiring large and increasing imports of cattle and beef for the feeding of their huge population. It is mainly due to this change that our imports of beef have shrunk substantially in the past year and that the prices we have to pay overseas are increasing seriously. Actually the United States ceased to produce a sufficiency of cattle for their own needs soon after the War, but the change hardly showed itself even in their own markets till 1926. The United States emerged from the War with a very large cattle population, increased because high War prices had induced greater production, and had they maintained their increased cattle numbers, 73,000,000, they could have met their domestic requirements of beef for many years to come. But the fall in War prices in 1921 had to be borne by an industry inflated through speculation with the borrowed money their cattle mortgage system had helped to swell to the utmost limit. The consequent collapse of western banks and other lending institutions threw their cattle wealth into a liquidation so extensive that by 1926 slaughter realization had brought the cattle numbers down to 60,000,000. Nor did it end there, for losses turned the western graziers still left in business from cattle to sheep, and to-day flocks are in possession of a very large proportion of the great cattle ranges of the past. Thus it is that last year's figures (57,500,000 of all cattle) show fewer beef cattle in the United States than in any year since 1878.

### INDEPENDENT AMERICA

It was only in 1927 that the people of the United States awoke to the fact that their traditional independence of all other countries was gone as regards beef, in former times one of their great sources of revenue from other countries. Then shortage of supply and rapid rise in prices opened their eyes suddenly, prices leaping to nearly double the pre-War level, or that of 1921-22. The position had been made worse by their Government in 1922 having imposed duties on imports of cattle and beef, to help cattle farmers and financiers in their straits by keeping out imports from Canada, Mexico, and South America. But in 1927 to meet their need for meat, overleaping these tariff walls, they seized on the whole surplus of cattle and beef Canada or Mexico could spare, and at high prices. In 1925 they had a net export of 4,250,000lb. of beef (fresh, canned, and cured), but in 1929 it changed to a net import of about 120,000,000lb., besides 500,000 cattle. By the end of 1927 they had swallowed up all and more of the surplus Canada or Mexico could spare of cattle or beef, bringing down Canada's cattle numbers for 1928 half a million compared with 1925, when we got from Canada 110,000 cattle and 10,000,000lb. of beef. Now, of course, we get nothing.

In their increasing need for beef in 1928 the United States turned to New Zealand, and, together with Canada, drew into the pool, in spite of tariffs, 250,000cwt. of New Zealand beef and veal, an entirely new contribution from a country whose supplies they had not drawn on till 1927. Since 1928 New Zealand has been sending them more and more, and the New Zealand Meat Board in their last report (year to May 31, 1929) state that North America had taken 60 per cent. of their season's overseas export of beef. In 1929 our imports of frozen beef from New Zealand dropped to 125,000cwt. from 456,000cwt. in 1928. The United States have also begun to draw on Australian supplies, and in 1928-29 North America took away from Australia's export surplus 2 1-3 million pounds of frozen beef as against only a trifle in the previous year.

### CANNED BEEF

In spite of their embargo forbidding import of fresh meat from South America the United States are now taking from there very large quantities of canned beef, obtaining in this form a substantial share of the beef hitherto supplied mainly to us, frozen or chilled—canned beef being regarded as safe from foot-and-mouth infection. Their trade figures show that for the ten months to October last they imported over 80,000,000lb. of canned beef, compared with 45,000,000lb. for the same months of 1928. Recent Argentine reports indicate satisfaction in that country because in this way they are getting into the big U.S. market they have been seeking for years, to compete with our demand.

It will be seen that the United States, to satisfy the hunger of their people, have devoured the surplus cattle and beef Canada fed us with before ; have seized the great bulk of our beef supplies from New Zealand ; have begun competing with us, alongside the growing Eastern demand, for whatever supplies of beef Australia can afford ; and are now attacking seriously the monopoly we have hitherto held as the one big buyer in the South American markets, the mainstay of supply we have long leant on.

But the seriousness of the position does not end here, for this new, important and wealthy competitor in the markets we depend on has appeared when world supplies are lower than for many years. The Washington authorities have made a world survey, the results of which confirm the anxieties expressed in the articles published in *The Times* in April last, which the American survey has followed. It points to the substantial reductions in cattle stocks in almost all the beef-producing countries, to which attention has been drawn in *The Times*—Australian numbers down nearly 2,000,000 (15 per cent.) since 1925, and still shrinking seriously ; Canada's down nearly 400,000 since the same year, though showing a slight recovery last year ; in New Zealand a continuous decrease in beef cattle since 1925, though now some increase in dairy cattle. To South American countries the Washington authorities have given particular attention. Though there is no census for these countries, they have examined other data available, finding that "definite reductions in cattle numbers are apparent, with current beef production considerably below 1928." Last year Argentina's total export of quarters of chilled and frozen beef as reported fell over 6 per cent. compared with 1928, while their official returns show continuing and substantial increase in the slaughter of cows and calves in endeavour to maintain supply.

Owing to the United States demand on world supplies in 1928 and 1929, our net imports of beef last year, compared with 1928, fell 700,000cwt., or 5 per cent. Compared with 1927 the drop was 1,600,000cwt., or 13½ per cent. On the other hand, values have risen 5 per cent. compared with 1928, and 19 per cent. compared with 1927. The shortage through

the diminished imports of the last two years has been made good by the slaughtering of home cattle stocks and increased imports of cattle from Ireland. Since 1927 we have reduced the cattle stocks of Great Britain 300,000, notwithstanding that we imported from Ireland in 1928 and 1929 together 260,000 cattle in excess of the number that would have come over had imports continued at the average of the three preceding years.

The increased slaughtering of home cattle was a natural outcome of the unprofitable results to our farmers of beef production during the last three years. This increased slaughtering, of course, depressed prices of home-fed cattle, particularly in England and Wales, where the whole reduction of our cattle stocks has occurred.

An estimate of the production of beef in Great Britain, recently issued by the Ministry of Agriculture, indicates that, if we are to maintain our herds at their present reduced level, our slaughter of home-bred cattle in the current year will be about 1,280,000 head, compared with 1,904,000 in 1928-29 and 1,880,000 in 1927-28 (the two years of excessive slaughtering), and with 1,767,000 the average number for the four previous years. It is further pointed out that meantime there is no indication of supplies of Irish stores increasing.

### THE FIRST TO PROFIT

As the writer forecast in an address published over a year ago, the organized importers have been the first to secure the rise in market values, the unorganized farmers having to wait. Argentine chilled beef is reported as having actually touched 10d. a lb. at Smithfield last December, and a general rise in price has prevailed for several months past. There can be little doubt that the changed situation entitles our home producers to reckon on a higher level of prices than those of the past three years, with at last a remunerative return from the breeding and feeding of cattle. But the losses during the past three years, since the South American meat war brought ruin to the cattle industry both at home and in our Dominions, have left British farmers short of capital with which to rebuild the cattle stocks they had been forced to bring down. It is to be hoped, however, that those who can afford to do so will now endeavour to breed the cattle that will be needed towards maintaining the nation's supplies, making use of bulls and heifers of the type to breed calves that can produce beef of the better quality now sought. Reduced consumption will doubtless accompany increased price, but the increasing demand from the United States and other countries would seem to ensure that imports of beef will no longer flood our home markets as in recent years. The population of the United States is increasing 1,250,000 a year, and to feed such increase at their present reduced *per capita* consumption the U.S.A. will require about 650,000cwt. more of beef each year, or fully 5 per cent. of our total net imports last year.

### SHEEP IN THE WEST

The changes in sheep production and in supplies of mutton, lamb, and wool are almost the exact converse of those affecting cattle and beef supply. The extent to which sheep have been taking the place of cattle in the United States since 1923 has already been indicated, and the firm hold flocks have taken of the Western American pastures. Since 1923 the sheep population of the United States has increased fully 11,000,000, or about 30 per cent. In the last three years the increase has been specially marked in its rapidity, sheep numbers having risen 7,500,000 since 1926. The same reasons as have led flocks to oust herds from the Western American ranges have operated in other pastoral countries. Sheep have been paying their way much better than cattle almost everywhere. In Canada the sheep population has increased about 1,000,000 (35 per cent.) since 1925, and the latest returns indicate continuing expansion. In Australia, despite drought, the last returns show an increase of 5,000,000 in the year (5 per cent.), and in New Zealand an increase of 4,000,000, since 1926 (16 per cent.), the last returns being nearly 2,000,000 up in the one year.

As regards South America, there are indications of increased production of mutton in Argentina and Uruguay, though there are no recent official figures available for these countries apart from slaughter and export returns. These show that the number of sheep and lambs slaughtered in Argentina from January to November, 1929, is higher than in 1928 by nearly 10 per cent., and in Uruguay the numbers have more than doubled.

### A CAUTION

Whatever increase there may be in the supplies of mutton and lamb from the producing countries of the world, their supplies to countries other than the United States seem certain to increase by reason of the large expansion in the domestic supplies of the latter country enabling it to cease importing. The Washington authorities' reports indicate that the United States will now be practically self-supporting as regards mutton and lamb. In 1928 the United States imported over 3,000,000lb. of mutton and lamb, their supplies of the latter from New Zealand being the leading item. It is therefore likely that the bulk of the United States' present supplies from abroad of mutton and lamb will be thrown on other markets of the world, and that this country will receive rather more through this cause, apart from the additional supplies available through increased sheep stocks in the great exporting countries. Although our markets for home mutton and lamb are largely separate from the import markets, it can hardly be expected that the increase in oversea supply will not soon bring down prices of home supplies also, though to a less degree than the excess of fine wools is breaking that market. Our sheep farmers should exercise caution in viewing prospects, however well sheep are paying at present.

It is true that since 1926 the number of sheep in Great Britain has fallen 400,000 (under 2 per cent., all in England and Wales), but the number in Ireland has risen 500,000, breeding stocks steadily increasing. The number of sheep and lambs we import from Ireland each year is now 230,000 more than in 1926. There is thus no likelihood of any reduction in market supplies of home-killed mutton and lamb.

It is necessary always to bear in mind that our farming depends on live stock far more than on all crops put together, and that through cattle consumption vast quantities of farm crop are marketed. An increase of 10 to 12 per cent. on farmer returns for fattening cattle would make beef production quite economic, and increased tillage for cattle-feeding would soon follow.

### *TUDOR MANOR HOUSE DAMAGED BY FIRE*

The lower part of Alderton Hall, Loughton, Essex, an old Tudor manor house, was damaged by fire on Saturday night. It is occupied by Mr. Stephen Padfield, but he, his family, and servants were out when flames coming from the windows were seen by a neighbour who summoned the fire brigade. Queen Anne was a visitor to Loughton on more than one occasion, and in Alderton Hall there is a large old four-poster bed in which it is said she slept. This escaped destruction. The house also contains some fine oak beams and these also were saved. The damage is estimated at close upon £2,000.

# Political Speeches

## MR. SNOWDEN ON THE BUDGET

### POSSIBILITY OF A DEFICIENCY

Mr. Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, attended the annual meeting of the Colne Valley Labour Party at Slaithwaite, near Huddersfield, on Saturday.

He said that at the General Election he had stated that he did not envy the one who had to take over the responsibility for the country's finances owing to the profligacy and the extravagances that had characterized the administration of those finances during the last government. When he got to the Treasury he found things to be infinitely worse than he had ever realized. Not only was the till empty of cash, but it was chock full of unpaid bills which he had got to meet.

He was not going to say whether there would be a deficiency on his Budget. There might be. If there was one it would not be his fault. The last Budget was, as he had described it, a fraudulent Budget. The estimates of revenue were put at a figure beyond reasonable expectation, and the expenditure had been put down at a figure reduced beyond all reasonable expectation. If people budgeted on that basis they were bound to find themselves in difficulties. If there was a deficiency in the Budget the Labour Party would not be responsible for it. Practically the whole expenditure they had been compelled to carry through was due to deficiencies they had to make up on account of the action of their predecessors.

He did not know when the next General Election would be. Perhaps the Labour Party were secure for the time being. He had no desire for office, but, having taken up a duty and a responsibility, he wanted to see it through. He could not see it through in one Session of Parliament, or in two. It would take them three years to bring back the finances of the country to the condition in which they were when he left them five years ago, and he wanted an opportunity of doing that.

At the General Election the Labour Party issued a manifesto, which was limited to the work which they thought a Labour Government, having a majority in the House of Commons, might be able to accomplish in the lifetime of a Parliament. Though the Labour Party had an enormous number of votes and secured the largest party representation in the House of Commons, they did not have a majority. Therefore, the conditions on which they based their election programme of reform which they would try to carry out in four or five years was not quite fulfilled.

### THE GOVERNMENT'S RECORD

He claimed that in the seven or eight months since they took office they had accomplished more than had been accomplished by any previous Government in the same space of time. They put before Parliament a King's Speech in which they outlined the legislative programme for the forthcoming Session. They indicated the measures they hoped to introduce and pass, and other things they intended to do by administrative action.

The other day he turned up a copy of that manifesto and of the King's Speech, and ticked off those items with which they had dealt and then those which were the subject of measures which had not yet been passed by Parliament. Some were introduced and others were in course of preparation. He was amazed at the result of that investigation. Nearly half of the things they promised at the beginning of this Session had already been passed into law, or, where it could be done, had been carried out by administrative action.

Turning to foreign affairs, Mr. Snowden said that the two Conferences held at The Hague had succeeded, after innumerable previous Conferences had failed, in liquidating the financial legacy of the War and removing from European politics differences and disagreements which had been poisoning the political relations of Europe for the last 10 years. The question of Germany's financial obligations and payments had been settled, and, what was far more difficult—a matter which the League of Nations at its annual Assembly had had under consideration every year for the past few years and had failed—the settlement of the financial differences between the Eastern countries of Europe.

This had seemed a problem that was insoluble. He went to the second Hague Conference determined if possible that these long-standing problems should be settled, and at the end of 15 days they succeeded in reaching a settlement which he believed was quite satisfactory to all countries concerned. The attitude taken up at the first Conference in August by the British Government had undoubtedly raised the prestige of Great Britain on the Continent. That was very markedly illustrated by the respect and friendship with which the British delegation was treated by all the other members of the Conference in January.

### THE NAVAL CONFERENCE

Probably some people thought that by this time they ought to have arrived at some conclusion at the Naval Conference, but international conferences never worked very quickly. From all he heard the outlook at the Conference was distinctly promising. The outlook seemed to point to some arrangement being made by which the tremendous burden of naval expenditure would be considerably lightened.

There had been a great deal of criticism of the Government for increasing the national expenditure in increased doles, and other ways. That criticism was unfounded. There would have been no need for the Government to introduce two Unemployment Insurance Bills if it had not been for the depredations on the fund carried out by the previous Government. He had to find £8,000,000 this financial year and £15,000,000 next year. That was practically wholly due to the legacy left by the previous Government.

He thought that the Coal Mines Bill would not result in any increase in the price of coal. The Government would introduce in a week or two, and would make every effort to pass into law before the end of the summer, a Bill to deal with the slum problem. He hoped that as a result of that measure it would be possible, in the course of the next few years, to sweep away those slums which were a danger to the health and morality of the population.

## SIR A. STEEL-MAITLAND ON SAFEGUARDING

### EMPIRE FREE TRADE A "FINE IDEAL"

Sir Arthur Steel-Maitland, M.P., speaking at Glascote, near Tamworth, on Saturday, said that the country was having an amazingly bad time from unemployment. The wisest thing for the country to do would be to extend the policy of safeguarding.

Free trade within the Empire was a splendid thing, and a fine ideal, but he was a practical man and wanted to do something to make things better. Therefore he asked whether that was an ideal which he was sure to get or if he would be wise to make sure of one bird in the hand rather than to try to get two in the bush.

If they tried to get Free Trade within the Empire it meant that, first of all, they had to get the Dominions to take the whole of their taxes off British goods going there, but they had met with nothing but "No" from them. Then they had to ask the people of this country to tax their food and to give preference to the Dominions. This country had pronounced against taxation of food.

A really good policy of safeguarding carried in this country would be good for the industries protected, good for the railways which carried British goods, and good for the coal trade, in providing coal for industry. From that point of view they would have a more prosperous country than they had to-day.

### MR. HURD'S POSITION

Mr. Hurd, M.P., addressing the annual meeting of the Devizes Unionist Association, at Marlborough, on Saturday, said that to his astonishment he saw it stated in the *Daily Mail* that day that he, with five other members of Parliament, had given "unqualified adherence" to the policy of a new party to be organized by Lord Beaverbrook and Lord Rothermere. He had said nothing and done nothing to justify any such statement. On the contrary, when a milder statement of the kind was reported to him as having been made in the Rothermere journal in Bristol he at once denied it. What he had said on several occasions in the division, and now repeated, was that we should thank Heaven when men with the patriotic instincts of Lord Beaverbrook and Lord Rothermere used their great journalistic influence to awaken the masses of our people to a sense of the perils of Socialism in action, and to the necessity for a policy of home first and Empire development. Such a policy he had always advocated, and the electors of the Devizes Division had supported it by large majorities at two successive elections. The details of such a policy must, of necessity, await consultations with our Empire partners in the Dominions and the authorized spokesmen for the Colonies and Dependencies. Ours was an Empire of consent through conference. To talk of forming a new party at this stage was to court disaster to the cause they sought to promote. It would only split the anti-Socialist vote and give the Socialist enemy more power for mischief. He was a Conservative, and Mr. Baldwin was the leader which the Conservative party had chosen.

Colonel Heward Bell, ex-M.P. for the division, moved a vote of confidence in Mr. Baldwin as leader of the party. This was carried with one dissentient.

## RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA

### MR. CLYNES'S DOUBTS

Mr. Clynes, the Home Secretary, speaking at Merthyr yesterday, said that Labour policy and the policy of the Government had been to restore trade relations and a diplomatic understanding with Russia. He feared that the worst use was being made of the news as to what was alleged to be happening in Russia in relation to religion.

He wished we had the facts. He doubted whether we could get them, but he could not believe the stories of physical persecutions, executions, and deaths which, it was said, were occurring because of the practice of religious beliefs in Russia. He expressed for himself unqualified reprobation of any act of religious repression or persecution, whether in Russia or elsewhere. It was the greatest futility on the part of whoever might try to persecute the spirit of God. That would be, indeed, as futile an effort as passing a resolution against the law of gravitation.

## LOYALTY TO MR. BALDWIN

### MR. J. C. C. DAVIDSON ON RISING ENTHUSIASM

Mr. J. C. C. Davidson, M.P., Chairman of the Conservative Party, in a statement on Saturday, said that resolutions of loyalty to the party and confidence in Mr. Baldwin were pouring in from all parts of the country. What was obviously puzzling people was the motive which lay behind the decision to launch a new party, the only result of which must be to split the anti-Socialist vote, sound the death-knell of safeguarding, and thwart the efforts of the only party which stood resolutely for Empire trade development.

The important declaration recently made by Mr. Baldwin, in Belfast, with respect to "Freer Trade" within the Empire as practical politics to-day had been completely ignored in papers engaged in "boosting" the new party. Highly significant, also, was the withdrawal of large numbers of those who joined as "Crusaders," and who entirely disapproved of the formation of a party in opposition to that led by Mr. Baldwin.

A statement by the leader would be published in a day or so, which should do much to clear the air. Meanwhile, the Conservative Party had obviously taken a new lease of life and enthusiasm for it was mounting everywhere.

## LORD PARMOOR ON DISARMAMENT

Lord Parmoor, Lord President of the Council, speaking at the Peel Institute yesterday on "Peace and how to maintain it," said that there was no need of pessimism, even in regard to the Naval Conference. Time was needed in which to arrive at a mutually satisfactory solution to the problems which had arisen from the Great War. He placed great faith in the Naval Conference, and he felt that one of its results would be the end of the Anglo-American competition in naval forces. We could not expect to obtain all that we desired on naval disarmament, and it was right to give due weight to the susceptibility of other countries and to endeavour to understand their attitude. Our efforts must not be sporadic and fitful, but continuous. The complete substitution of the spirit and method of international order and cooperation for the spirit of international isolation was a matter of time. With regard to Russia, we were probably all of one opinion in expressing the traditional opposition of all parties in this country to religious persecution, but if we were not to enhance the very evil against which we desired to protest, caution and care were very necessary. Whatever the conditions might be, the best hope lay in the friendly attitude and in the maintenance of normal diplomatic relationships.

## MR. MAXTON ON DISLOYALTY

Mr. Maxton, M.P., chairman of the Independent Labour Party, speaking at Peckham yesterday, said that unless the Government made a change in the unemployment figures in the right direction they would not be given a mandate by the country at the next General Election. He was prepared to accept a charge of disloyalty if that charge were made specific and limited to a charge of being disloyal to certain temporary expediency decisions made by the Government. If, however, anyone attempted to charge them with being disloyal to the basic principles of Socialism or to the working class which gave them their place in the House of Commons he would give it a flat and definite denial.

## THE UNITED EMPIRE PARTY

### LORD ELIBANK'S SUPPORT

Lord Elibank, in a letter to Lord Salisbury, has declared himself a supporter of the policy of the United Empire Party. In the course of the letter he referred to Mr. Baldwin's policy as outlined in his speech at the Coliseum, and said: "I do not understand how this is a practicable policy, for under any wide measure of safeguarding there are many articles which will necessarily fall under the category of foodstuffs. In my judgment, and there are many others in the party who think like me, any real progress along the lines of Imperial economic unity can only be achieved by a Government possessing complete fiscal freedom and with the full power to impose, wherever necessity arises, import taxes and countervailing duties on foreign foodstuffs as well as on foreign manufactured articles. It should also include the power to grant subsidies to our farmers where that method may be found to be more expedient than the other.

"Under the policy advanced by Mr. Stanley Baldwin the power to impose taxes on foreign foodstuffs is definitely precluded, and with that disappears all chance of any comprehensive and far-reaching measure of Imperial economic unity during the lifetime of any Government returned on the Coliseum programme. This in my belief would be disastrous, because all the signs point to the urgent necessity for an immediate expansion of trade with our Dominions and Colonies. Foreign trade with them is advancing by leaps and bounds. If we do not act now we may be too late, and if we are too late we should be the principal losers. Moreover, we shall not be able to blame the Dominions and Colonies, who consistently for 30 years have granted us substantial preferences, while we have given them little in return.

"In these circumstances, while you may rely upon me to support the party as in the past on all other questions of Unionist policy, I, with much regret, find myself, from sincere conviction, unable to support the Coliseum programme in so far as stated above, and I must ask you to consider me free to speak and vote according to that conviction on all matters appertaining to the carrying into effect of the policy of Imperial economic unity as advocated by the United Empire Party."

Lord Salisbury replied:—

"I am sorry, of course, that you feel bound to separate yourself from us upon the fiscal question, but am glad that upon all other issues I may still reckon you as a member of the Conservative Party, for which you have done so much.

"I feel the more regret at the difference between us because, like every other Conservative, I have hoped, and still hope, for close fiscal relations with our Dominions beyond the seas; so that the difference is not one of ultimate aim, but of conditions and opportunity.

"But the fulfilment of our dream is, I am afraid, a long way off, and if we were to pretend that the urgent gravity of our industrial position can be cured or even mitigated by generalities about Empire free trade, whose beginning is not even in sight and cannot be until public opinion in all parts of the Empire is changed, we should be only deceiving the country. To deceive the country on such a point seems to me to be the unforgiveable sin. It is to our own immediate and unwearying efforts we must look, and not to an uncertain future political development. Above all, we must do nothing to weaken the Conservative Party, under whose leadership I trust those efforts will be undertaken."

Messrs. Vickers-Armstrongs have completed the Chilean submarine depôt ship Araucano, which left Barrow on Saturday for her trials on the Clyde. The vessel, which is of 4,000 tons, is fitted with geared turbines to develop 2,500 h.p., and has workshops to carry out repairs independent of her sea base. H.M.S. Arrow, the destroyer which was built at Barrow, has just been through her trials. She is a vessel of 1,300 tons, and develops 34,000 h.p.

## MINERS' WELFARE FUND

### A GREAT AMELIORATIVE WORK

(FROM OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT)

The annual reports of the committee of the Miners' Welfare Fund describe the progress the fund makes possible in the improvement of the circumstances of life in mining areas. An enormous ameliorative work is being done. The outlay in the eighth year of the fund's existence was indicated recently when it was reported that the allocations from the fund in 1929 amounted to £1,456,946. Of this sum £130,146 was assigned for research and education, £468,880 for the erection of pit-head baths, and £853,741 for recreation and sports grounds, institutes and halls, swimming baths, hospitals, and convalescent homes.

A new development has been made at Llanbradach, a South Wales village, where £2,400 is being spent on the laying out of 2½ acres of a recreation ground as a model children's playground. It incorporates the most modern ideas on the subject of children's playgrounds, and the committee expect it to prove an example and an incentive to the development of similar schemes elsewhere.

At Ashington, Northumberland, £23,000 is being spent on an institute and swimming bath, a bowling green, and three hard tennis courts. Large areas had already been developed as playing fields by the colliery company before this scheme of the Welfare Fund was begun. In the institute there will be a billiards room with six tables and a "super-games" room. At Llay, North Wales, an institute and recreation ground are being provided at a cost of £20,000. The institute will include a concert hall with seating for 500 persons and a billiards room with six tables. Recreation grounds at Hednesford, Cannock Chase, and at Kilsyth, Lanark, are to cost £10,000 and £8,000 respectively.

### CONVALESCENT HOMES

Last summer Conishead Priory, on the western shore of Morecambe Bay, was purchased for £28,000. It is to become a convalescent home for the Durham district. Adaptations are expected to cost £17,000, and other expenses have amounted to £8,500. There will be accommodation for 170 patients, so that the cost per bed works out at approximately £320—the lowest figure yet recorded by the committee. In addition, £200,000 has been allocated for the endowment of the home. During the year also the endowment of the South Wales home at Talygarn was increased by £40,000, that of the North Staffordshire home at Rudyard by £15,000, and that of the West Yorkshire home at Lytham by £10,000. The Nottinghamshire convalescent fund received a supplementary allocation of £25,000, bringing the fund up to £100,000, and the South Derbyshire convalescent fund £4,000, making it £17,000. The income from these funds is devoted to the purchase of tickets of admission to whatever homes seem most suitable for the needs of the beneficiaries. A similar fund, amounting in all to £40,000, was established in the South Yorkshire district. Altogether the grants for convalescent homes last year amounted to £402,493.

Hospitals, ambulance services, and nursing schemes received allocations amounting to £26,015, £7,687, and £3,870 respectively. The allocations for educational purposes recommended by district committees totalled £6,820

For the year 1929-30 the Safety in Mines Research Board was granted £33,391 from the Welfare Fund, making its total income £50,000.

A sum of £19,800 was provisionally allocated to new schemes for the provision of buildings or equipment for technical mining education, and £93,394 provisionally allocated was confirmed on the approval of schemes in detail. The total grants from the sum of £750,000 set aside for technical mining education now amount to £528,912, of which the allocation of £456,233 has been confirmed.

The third report on the national scholarship scheme shows that 12 candidates—seven being working miners and five the children of miners—were recommended for university scholarships. It was possible to make 12 recommendations because two of the successful applicants only required scholarships for one year. Ten will probably be the average number of annual awards in future. All the students who received awards in 1927 and 1928 have been satisfactorily reported upon by the universities they are attending.

## ESSEX FIELD CLUB

### 50TH ANNIVERSARY

At the Municipal College, Romford-road, Stratford, on Saturday afternoon there was a commemoration meeting in connexion with the 50th anniversary of the Essex Field Club.

The Mayor of West Ham, who presided, said that the suggestion that the club might house its collection in the then Technical Institute of the borough came before the West Ham Corporation 32 years ago, and since then there had been a friendly connexion between the borough and the club. With the help of the munificence of Mr. Passmore Edwards in October, 1900, the corporation found a permanent home for the club and in the museum adjoining their Technical Institute housed their library and collection of specimens of prehistoric and antiquarian interest.

Mr. D. J. Scourfield, the president of the club, said that though the Essex Field Club was anchored in West Ham they still took the whole of Essex as their province, and in the near future hoped to go again into every nook and corner of the county. They were very thankful to many public bodies for assisting them, and especially to the Verderers of Epping Forest, who had permitted the creation of a little museum at Queen Elizabeth's Lodge at Chingford.

Frances Lady Warwick said that the side of the club which she most appreciated was that of natural history. She wondered if on this 50th anniversary those present looked forward to its centenary. She did not, for she did not think there would be a centenary—there would be no fields and no woods very soon! There would be only bricks and mortar and petrol pumps to investigate. All the bird life would be gone from the county of Essex and its countryside would be deprived of all beauty spots. She did not think much of the pious resolutions of the House of Commons and would, therefore, ask the members of the Essex Field Club to take a definite stand to stop the spoilage that was going on.

Brigadier-General R. B. Colvin, Lord Lieutenant of Essex, and Sir Henry Miers also spoke in commendation of the work of the club; and on the motion of Sir Arthur Woodward, seconded by Lieutenant-Colonel Sir David Prain, a vote of thanks was given to the Mayor of West Ham for presiding. Later on lantern talks were given on "Some Features of Essex Bird Life," by Mr. W. E. Glegg, and on "The Land of Lyonesse in Essex," by Mr. S. H. Warren.

### *COTTAGES DESTROYED BY FIRE*

Thirty-two people, the occupants of eight cottages, left their homes hurriedly when a fire broke out at Buntingford, Herts, on Saturday night. The fire was discovered in the roof of two of the cottages, and police and other helpers assisted to remove furniture and clothing. The occupants sought refuge in the Buntingford Poor Law Institution and at the homes of friends. The Buntingford and Royston fire brigades saved part of the property, but four cottages were severely damaged and four others were burned near the roof. Mrs. Hills, an elderly widow, lost all her belongings. She had occupied her cottage for 37 years. All she escaped with was the clothes she was wearing and 3s. 6d.

### *I.L.P. AND A "REVOLUTIONARY" BUDGET*

Speaking at an Independent Labour Party meeting at Gillingham, Kent, last night, Mr. Brockway, M.P., said that the I.L.P. definitely wanted the Budget to be a revolutionary instrument by which the national income would be more fairly distributed. They would like to see Mr. Snowden, in his next Budget, levy additional taxation on the wealthy and "luxury classes" of at least £200,000,000 per annum. The I.L.P. believed that the Government should fight the next election on the fundamental issue of Socialism. "The moment of their defeat must come, so let them be defeated on something worth while, which raised the basic challenge of Socialism."

Albert Brough, 24, of Merton-road, Southfields, while motor-cycling across the junction of Merton-road and Replingham-road, Southfields, on Saturday night came into collision with a woman crossing the road and received injuries from which he died in St. John's Hospital. The woman, Miss Doris Handley, 20, of Haythorpe-street, Southfields, was also taken to the hospital with her skull fractured. A pillion passenger was treated for minor injuries.

### NAVAL CONFERENCE—continued from page 12, col. 4.

ment on November 13 last. There are no other vessels that may be called "regular minelayers" in the navies of the five Powers taking part in the Conference, though all of them have flotilla leaders and destroyers convertible into fast minelayers. Four Italian sloops and six minesweepers can also be fitted for the same purpose.

**ARMOURED COAST DEFENCE VESSELS AND MONITORS**

Great Britain has three monitors built during the War, the Marshal Soult, Terror, and Erebus, now used as training ships. They are vessels of between 6,400 and 7,200 tons, and all mount two 15in. guns and various smaller weapons. The Marshal Soult has a speed of 6.7 knots and the two others a speed of 12. The United States Cheyenne, a 3,225-ton vessel completed in 1902 and carrying two 12in. guns, is the only other ship falling within this category. She also is used for training purposes.

**TORPEDO-BOATS**

Vessels of this type are now more or less obsolete, and the only Powers possessing them are France and Italy. The first has seven 85-ton craft of 26 knots all over 22 years old. Italy has 40 torpedo-boats of between 120 and 160 tons completed between 1911 and 1918.

**SLOOPS**

The British Empire has 31 sloops built, seven building, and four others to be built but not yet ordered. They are small ships of between 1,040 and 2,000 tons with speeds varying between 14½ and 17 knots, armed with one or two 4in. guns. Twenty-seven of them date from 1918 or before, having been used during the War for convoy work or other special duties. Since the War most of them have done useful and varied service on foreign stations.

France is building two 1,968-ton sloops of 15½ knots, each armed with three 5.1in. guns, and two more of a type as yet undecided. The two former, of the Bougainville class, are designed for foreign service and have shallow draught for river work. They are fitted with Diesel engines, and each will carry a seaplane. In addition, France has eight 1,121-ton sloops of 17 knots, dating from 1916-17, all but one of them being armed with two 5.5in. guns.

Italy has 22 vessels classified as sloops, two being of 4,430 tons, three of about 2,000 tons, and all the remainder of 600 tons or less. Fifteen of them date from 1917 or before.

The United States has no sloops in regular naval service, but there are many cruising "cutters" of the Coastguard Service administered by the Treasury Department which might usefully be employed in war. The American Coastguard fleet is administered by the Treasury Department, but in war is automatically taken over by the Navy. Its work, training, and organization being run on strictly naval lines, it provides a disciplined force well suited for such subsidiary functions as convoy, minesweeping, and patrol work. In all, its *personnel* comprises nearly 2,000 officers and 10,000 men. The fleet includes 25 destroyers transferred from the Navy; 22 cruising "cutters," first class, of between 800 and 2,000 tons, together with three more now building; 16 second-class cutters of between 400 and 900 tons, and 219 smaller patrol craft. The latest coastguard cutters carry three 5in. guns, while the three newest have a tonnage of 2,000, have turbo-electric propulsion, and can steam 8,000 miles without refuelling. They are therefore larger and more formidable ships than the British sloops, and, as they may be used for war purposes, can hardly be omitted from any classified list of the sloops belonging to other Powers.

**COASTAL MOTOR-BOATS**

Great Britain has six coastal motor-boats of 11 tons with a speed of 38-40 knots and armed with machine-guns, depth charges, and torpedoes. Japan possesses two similar craft and is building one more. France has three built and is building one more, while Italy has 69 built and four building.

**GUNBOATS AND DISPATCH VESSELS**

The British Empire has no ships classified under this head, the line of demarcation between gunboats and sloops is a very narrow one. The United States has 11 gunboats of between 990 and 2,600 tons armed with 4in. guns, seven of them being used for training purposes. Five of these ships are 33 years old, and three more date from 1905 or before. Japan has two small gunboats of about 600 tons and one of 1,320 tons, together with a dispatch vessel of 3,510. All are old ships. France has 45 dispatch vessels, or "avisos," of between 452 and 600 tons, all of which have been completed since 1917. The greater number have a speed of 20 knots, and the 33 ships of this type built since the War carry 5.5in. guns. Italy has seven "escort gunboats," the five most modern of which, completed in 1922, are craft of 230 tons with a speed of 23 knots and armed with two 4in. guns.

**RIVER GUNBOATS**

Great Britain has 19 river gunboats built and building, of which three are vessels of 180 tons dating from 1904 or before used on the Chinese rivers. Eleven others are 625-ton ships armed with 6in. guns built during the War, while the other five are modern craft of some 300 tons designed for up-river work. The United States has 10 river gunboats, Japan nine with another building, France 11, and Italy two.

**MINESWEEPERS**

The British Empire has 33 minesweepers of 710 tons or less, four of which are minesweeping trawlers belonging to the Royal Indian Marine. All these vessels are of War design and were completed in 1919 or before. The United States has 42 such vessels of 950 tons also of War design. Japan has six minesweepers of 615 tons completed in 1923 or later, and six old destroyers used for the same purpose which will shortly be scrapped. France has 26 sweepers of between 265 and 354 tons all built during the War, while Italy has nine such craft of 462 tons or more, six of which can be utilized for minelaying. She also possesses 35 smaller sweepers of about 200 tons.

## SIGNOR GRANDI IN ROME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, Feb. 23

Signor Grandi, who arrived in Rome on Friday evening, is leaving again for London to-morrow morning. Signor Grandi and Admiral Sirianni had a conversation lasting two hours yesterday with Signor Mussolini, who, according to the brief official *communiqué*, expressed his complete approval of the work of the Italian delegation to the Naval Conference. It is understood that both Signor and Signora Grandi have expressed great pleasure at the very warm welcome extended to them in London.

In an address on the Conference broadcast to America yesterday on the Columbia Broadcasting system from the B.B.C. Studios, Savoy-hill, Lady Astor said:—"I don't think there is going to be any mistake about limitation, reduction, and parity so far as the two leading navies in the world are concerned. I feel certain that where women have political rights they will bring pressure to bear on their Governments to take some risks for peace. And although in France, Italy, and Japan the women, alas, have not the vote yet, we know that they want peace too."

# THE WEATHER

## CLOUDY AND COLD

**Meteorological Office, Feb. 23**

General Inference from Observations at 6 p.m.—A large anticyclone centred over Scandinavia is increasing in intensity. Wind will continue from some easterly point, with mainly cloudy cold weather.

### Forecasts for To-day

London, England, S.E., E., S.W., N.W., Midlands, Wales, Scotland, S.W., Isle of Man.—Wind between east and north-east, light or moderate; cloudy, rather cold.

Further Outlook.—Little change expected for some days.

### SEA PASSAGES

English Channel.—Wind north-east, light or moderate; cloudy, visibility moderate to good; sea slight.

Irish Sea.—Wind east, light; fair; local coastal morning mist; sea slight.

### FLYING PROSPECTS

Air Routes (London-Paris-Brussels-Cologne-Amsterdam).—Wind east-north-east, 5-15 m.p.h. at the surface and 20-25 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Weather cloudy in South-east England, fair on the Continent. Visibility 500-1,000 yards locally on the Continent at first, improving to from 2-4 miles in most places.

Sun rises, 6.59 a.m.; sets, 5.28 p.m.
Moon rises, 5.49 a.m.; sets, 12.41 p.m.
New Moon, February 28.
Lighting-up time, 5.58 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 11.18 a.m. and 11.46 p.m.

### LONDON OBSERVATIONS

Kensington Palace, Feb. 22, 6 p.m.—Bar., 1,025.3mb. (30.28in.), steady; temp., 40.2deg.; humidity, 66 per cent.; wind, N.E., light; weather, fine.

Friday, 6 p.m., to Saturday, 9 a.m.—Min. temp., 36deg.; rainfall, nil.

Saturday, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.—Max. temp., 42deg.; rainfall, nil.

Sunshine at Kew, 2.2 hours.

Feb. 23, 6 p.m.—Bar., 1,029.2mb. (30.39in.), steady; temp., 37.6deg.; humidity, 81 per cent.; wind, N.E., light; weather, dull.

Saturday, 6 p.m. to Sunday, 9 a.m.—Min. temp., 34deg.; rainfall, nil.

Sunday, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.—Max. temp., 39deg.; rainfall, nil.

Sunshine at Kew, 0.0 hour.

### FOREIGN WINTER RESORTS

The following reports of weather in Switzerland and Austria, compiled on the spot by members of the Ski Club of Great Britain, were received last evening (temperatures are Fahrenheit):—

Arosa.—Light snow falling.
Chateau d'Oex.—Light snow falling.
Grindelwald.—Cloudy and cold; powder snow about 4,000ft., crust below.
Klosters.—Cloudy and cold; light snow falling.
Morgins.—Thick mist; light snow falling.
Mürren.—Overcast; 3in. powder snow.
Pontresina.—Perfect conditions; sun, frost, and 2ft. of powder snow on north slopes; light powder on crust on south slopes.
Saanenmoser.—Cloudy and cold.
St. Anton am Arlberg.—Sun and frost; snow conditions rather difficult.
St. Moritz.—Cloudy and cold; light snow falling.

### *SOLICITOR AND CLIENTS' MONEY*

George Emerson, 66, who, it was stated, was arrested on a warrant at Cleobury Mortimer, appeared before the Birmingham Magistrates on Saturday, charged with the fraudulent conversion of money of clients. The prosecuting solicitor, Mr. M. P. Pugh, said that Emerson was charged with having converted to his own use £346 10s. entrusted to him by a client. Emerson had been in practice in Birmingham as a solicitor for a number of years, and the allegation was that for a long time he had been fraudulently converting to his own use large sums of money. Evidence would be submitted on a future occasion showing that the defendant had converted to his own use no less than £20,000 belonging to other people. A remand was granted until Wednesday, bail being allowed, Emerson in £1,000 and two sureties in £500 each or four in £250 each.

## HEALTH RESORTS

The following reports of weather at health resorts yesterday were received last night. The rainfall is for 24 hours up to last evening:—

| Stations | Sunshine | Rainfall | Temp. Min. | Temp. Max. | Weather (Day) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Hrs. | Mm. | Deg. | Deg. | |
| Aberystwyth | 8·2 | — | 34 | 43 | Fine. |
| Bath | — | — | 35 | 37 | Dull. |
| Buxton | — | 2 | 35 | 39 | Dull. |
| Bexhill | 6·6 | — | 33 | 44 | Fine. |
| Blackpool | 5·2 | — | 29 | 43 | Fair. |
| Bognor R. | 1·9 | — | 29 | 43 | Cloudy. |
| B'mouth | 0·9 | — | 31 | 38 | Cloudy, some fog. |
| Bridlington | — | — | 37 | 40 | Dull. |
| Brighton | 5·8 | — | 33 | 45 | Fair. |
| Cheltenham | — | — | 32 | 39 | Dull. |
| Clacton | 1·3 | — | 34 | 40 | Cloudy. |
| Cleethorpes | — | — | 36 | 39 | Dull. |
| Colwyn Bay | 2·6 | — | 32 | 42 | Bright periods. |
| Deal | 5·4 | — | 36 | 42 | Fair. |
| Douglas | 0·7 | — | 36 | 41 | Cloudy. |
| Dover | 2·6 | — | 35 | 42 | Fine. |
| Dovercourt | 2·6 | — | 33 | 39 | Bright periods. |
| Eastbourne | 5·8 | — | 33 | 38 | Fair. |
| Falmouth | — | — | 35 | 39 | Dull. |
| Felixstowe | 3·3 | — | 31 | 40 | Bright periods. |
| Folkestone | 7·1 | — | 34 | 42 | Fine. |
| Guernsey | — | — | 38 | 41 | Dull, misty. |
| Harrogate | — | — | 35 | 37 | Dull. |
| Hastings | 6·9 | — | 33 | 43 | Fine. |
| Ilfracombe | — | — | 36 | 40 | Dull. |
| Ilkley | — | — | 34 | 38 | Dull. |
| Jersey | 1·5 | — | 37 | 43 | Cloudy, some haze |
| Leamington | — | — | 30 | 39 | Dull. |
| Lerwick | 0·6 | — | 36 | 41 | Cloudy. |
| Littlehmptn. | 2·4 | — | 35 | 44 | Bright intervals. |
| Llandudno. | 1·5 | — | 35 | 41 | Cloudy. |
| Lowestoft | 3·4 | — | 35 | 38 | Bright periods. |
| Malvethorpe | — | — | 37 | 39 | Dull, some mist. |
| Maldon | 0·9 | — | 34 | 40 | Cloudy. |
| Margate | 4·8 | — | 36 | 41 | Bright periods. |
| Morecambe | 7·8 | — | 33 | 43 | Fine. |
| Newquay | 0·7 | — | 33 | 40 | Cloudy. |
| Penzance | — | — | 35 | 41 | Dull, misty. |
| Plymouth | — | — | 35 | 39 | Dull. |
| Ramsgate | 3·5

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ATTRACTIVE TWO-PIECE in hopsack tweed. Coat with inserted strapping at back and novelty pockets and cuffs, lined crêpe de Chine. Dress of lighter weight tweed to tone, with pleated skirt on a new yoke. Stocked in many spring colours, and three sizes, W., S.W. and O.S.
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Price 8½ Gns
Outsizes 21/- extra.

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## Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, FEB. 22

The Prince George, attended by Major Ulick Alexander, witnessed the Rugby Football Match between England and France which took place at Twickenham to-day.

FEBRUARY 23

The King and Queen, the Princess Mary (Countess of Harewood), and the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. L. H. Nixon (Priest-in-Ordinary in Waiting), and the Revd. S. F. L. Bernays (Rector of Finchley) preached the Sermon.

The Duke of Beaufort had the honour of being received by The King, when His Majesty conferred upon him the honour of Knighthood and invested him with the Insignia of a Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order.

The Prince George visited Their Majesties and remained to Luncheon.

The King and Queen, accompanied by the Prince George and the Princess Mary (Countess of Harewood), honoured with Their presence the Exhibition of Italian Art at the Royal Academy of Arts, Burlington House, this afternoon.

Their Majesties were received by Sir William Llewellyn (President of the Royal Academy of Arts), and by His Excellency the Italian Ambassador and Lady Chamberlain (Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Exhibition).

The Dowager Countess of Airlie and Lieut.-Colonel the Lord Alastair Innes-Ker were in attendance upon The King and Queen.

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The Queen will entertain at tea at Buckingham Palace next Thursday the wives of members of all the delegations to the London Naval Conference.

The Earl of Iddesleigh returned to 107, Ebury-street yesterday from Switzerland.

Lady Juliet Duff has returned to 3, Belgrave-square from the Continent.

Lady Magdalen Williams-Bulkeley and Miss Barbara Hughes left Tilbury on Friday to join the yacht Andrea, at Gibraltar, for a prolonged cruise with Commodore Sir Richard Williams-Bulkeley.

Lord Hampton arrived at 18, Evelyn-gardens yesterday from the country.

Lady Denman will return to 43, Upper Grosvenor-street to-day from the country.

Lord and Lady Annaly have sold Allexton House, Uppingham, and their only address at present is 19, Hyde Park-gardens.

Count Alfred Potocka and Countess E. Potocka have arrived at the Ritz Hotel from Paris, and Countess Helen Potocka will join them at the Ritz Hotel to-day.

Sir Henri and Lady Deterding will return to 40, Park-lane on Thursday from Switzerland.

Lady Sassoon has left 17, Belgrave-square for the Riviera and Italy, where she will remain until the end of April.

Lady Cunard has returned to 7, Grosvenor-square from Germany.

Mr. Douglas Vickers returned to Chapel House, Charles-street, yesterday, from Egypt, and the Hon. Mrs. Vickers will join him shortly.

Miss Ishbel MacDonald will receive the guests at 9 o'clock to-morrow evening, when a music party will take place at 10, Downing-street in aid of Queen Charlotte's Hospital Rebuilding Fund.

### DINNERS

PARLIAMENTARY BAR

The Parliamentary Bar entertained Lord Macmillan at dinner on Friday, on his appointment as Lord of Appeal in Ordinary.

There were present:—

Sir Lynden Macassey, K.C. (Leader of the Parliamentary Bar); the following members of the Parliamentary Bar Mess Committee, the Hon. Evan Charteris, K.C., Mr. W. J. Jewers, K.C., Mr. W. E. Tyldesley Jones, K.C., Mr. H. F. Bidder, Mr. F. T. Villiers Bayly, and Mr. Maurice Fitzgerald (secretary); and the following members of the Parliamentary Bar: Mr. Sylvain Mayer, K.C., Mr. F. G. Thomas, K.C., Mr. Joshua Scholefield, K.C., Mr. W. Craig Henderson, K.C., Sir John Seymour-Lloyd, K.C., Mr. R. A. Gordon, K.C., Mr. Rowand Harker, K.C., Mr. F. J. Wrottesley, K.C., the Hon. Stafford Cripps, K.C., Mr. Arthur Moon, K.C., Mr. W. Bruce Thomas, K.C., Mr. Alfred Hildesley, K.C., Mr. P. M. Keen, Mr. Edwin Clarke, Mr. Ralph Bury, Mr. H. W. Beveridge, Mr. W. P. Donald, Mr. Jacques Abady, Mr. S. G. Turner, Mr. W. W. Schumper, Mr. Archibald Mains, Mr. J. H. Thorpe, Mr. Alfred Tylor, Mr. Sydney Cope Morgan, Mr. A. Cecil Morgan, Mr. Henry Hope, Mr. Ralph Etherton, Mr. Harold Willis, and Mr. Herbert R. Askew.

SOCIETY OF AUCTIONEERS

The annual dinner of the Incorporated Society of Auctioneers and Landed Property Agents was held at the Savoy Hotel on Friday, Mr. Hubert F. Homan, the president, was in the chair. Among those present were:—

Lord Russell of Killowen, Lord Eustace Percy, Mr. Samuel Wallrock, the Bishop of Norwich, Sir Patrick Hastings, K.C., Sir William Plender, Mr. Herbert J. Furlong, Mr. Leonard F. Arnold, Mr. John Stevenson, Lord Hertie of Thame (president of the National Federation of Property Owners and Ratepayers), Mr. Miss Hornby, the Archdeacon of Rochester and Mrs. Tait, the Mayor and Mayoress of Rochester, Mr. W. B. Taylor, M.P., Mr. W. J. Womersley, M.P., Captain E. T. Morris (president, National Farmers' Union), Mr. E. G. Culpin (president, Incorporated Architects and Surveyors), Mr. Ernest Evans, M.P., Sir Enoch and Lady Hill, Sir Robert Gower, M.P., Dr. Graham Little, M.P., and Mrs. Graham Little, Mr. H. G. Williams, Mr. P. Strachan Gardiner, and Mr. W. R. Davidge.

### SERVICE DINNERS

298TH (ARMY) BRIGADE, R.F.A.

The regimental dinner of the 298th (Army) Brigade, R.F.A., was held at the Trocadero Restaurant on Saturday evening. Among those present were:—

Lieutenant-Colonel H. V. de Saté; Majors D. H. Currer-Briggs, F. Gillion, E. W. Pendleton, Viscount Sandon, F. D. Thomas; Captains R. Colrow, Clement Cooke, D. G. Evans, D. Failthorpe, J. G. Wood; Messrs. G. E. W. Beeson, J. P. Bromwich, J. A. Bulger, T. S. M. Badgery, P. J. Dawson, N. G. Dixey, S. W. Jennings, C. S. Meadows, N. S. Samms, and R. K. Wilson.

THIRD ARMY RAILWAY TRAFFIC

The 11th annual dinner of the Third Army Railway Traffic was held at the Trocadero Restaurant on Saturday evening. Among those present were:—

Lieutenant-Colonel G. M. Sorley; Major W. T. A. Everton; Captains H. M. Beeson, H. M. Blows, Kenneth Bond (secretary), R. J. P. Campbell, W. T. Collins, Mr. C. V. Dalrymple Hay; Captains E. L. Downey, J. O. Duncan, G. Edwards; Mr. H. Gascoigne, Mr. Walter Krailsheimer, Captain O. H. Lindberg, Mr. H. McNiven, Captain Leslie Neck, Mr. J. K. Stevens, Captain Leslie Sturt, Mr. A. C. Tayleur, Captain T. H. Turner, and Mr. J. M. F. Whyte.

### CONCERT

The Léner Quartet gave a concert at the Queen's Hall yesterday afternoon in aid of the Greater London Fund for the Blind. Among those present were:—

The Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress, Lady Stadd, the Countess of Oxford and Asquith, the Belgian Ambassador, the Mexican Minister, Miss Edith Sitwell, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Amery, Miss Violet Vanbrugh, Miss Gladys Cooper, Mr. A. P. Herbert, Miss Muriel Barnby, Dame May Whitty, Mrs. C. B. Cochran, Lady Violet Bonham Carter, Sir Michael and Lady O'Dwyer, 19 Mayors of London Boroughs, Mr. Tom Walls, and Mrs Harry Welchman.

Mrs. Philip Snowden made a special appeal for helpers on Geranium Day, May 6, to sell flags in the street.

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*Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Block letters should be used for names and addresses.*

## FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

LIEUT.-COLONEL P. M. MEDILL AND MISS DAVIES

The engagement is announced, and the marriage will take place in July, of Lieut.-Colonel Percy Montgomery Medill, D.S.O., Royal Artillery, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Medill, of Wimbledon, and Miss Muriel Edith Davies, of 24, Bina-gardens, S.W.5, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clive Davies, of Hawkley Hurst, Hampshire, and also of Honolulu.

MR. L. NORRIS AND MISS M. SALISBURY

The engagement is announced between Leonard, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Rupert L. Norris, of Newstead Hall, Horley, Surrey, and Monica, twin daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank O. Salisbury, of 62, Avenue-road, Regent's Park.

CAPTAIN C. P. WHITAKER AND MISS S. E. H. BELL

The marriage has been arranged, and will take place in April, in India, between Captain Christopher P. Whitaker, M.C., Dorset Regiment, and Sheila Eileen Hope Bell, younger daughter of the late Dr. Frederick Bell and of Mrs. Bell, of Humshaugh.

CAPTAIN H. B. BARCLAY AND MISS KILKELLY

The marriage arranged between Captain H. B. Barclay, M.C., and Miss Patricia Kilkelly will take place at Nakaru, Kenya, on February 25.

THE REV. L. COULSHAW AND MISS Y. C. J. HANMER-STRUDWICK

The engagement is announced between the Rev. Leonard Coulshaw, M.C., A.K.C., R.N., only son of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Dean Coulshaw, of Westcliff-on-Sea, and Yvonne Cecilia Joan, youngest daughter of the Rev. C. and Mrs. Hanmer-Strudwick, of Slawston Vicarage, Market Harborough, Leicestershire.

MR. H. R. HECHLE AND MISS OAKLEY

The engagement is announced between Herbert Rea, elder son of Mr. J. H. Hechle, C.I.E., and Mrs. Hechle, late of Calcutta and Birnam, Camberley, Surrey, and Joan de Brissac, only daughter of Mr. E. J. Oakley and Mrs. Oakley, M.B.E., late of Calcutta and 13, Cavendish-road, London, N.W.8.

MR. J. B. PHELIPS AND MISS ROBB

The engagement is announced of John B Phelips, eldest son of the Rev. James and Mrs. Phelips, of Ashdene, Winchester, and Marion M. Robb, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Robb, of Kenmure, Unthank-road, Norwich.

## MARRIAGES

MR. F. B. CHILDE AND LADY DORIA PELHAM-CLINTON-HOPE

The marriage took place at Christ Church, Down-street, on Saturday afternoon, of Mr. Frederick Baldwin Childe, only surviving son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Childe and of Mrs. Maxwell, of 3, Petersham-terrace, S.W., and Lady Doria Pelham-Clinton-Hope, elder daughter of the Duke of Newcastle. The Rev. George E. Farran officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a coat and skirt of sand-coloured cloth, with a jumper of a similar colour, and a tweed coat with a brown fur collar, and a small beige felt helmet hat. A posy of mauve orchids was pinned to her coat. There were no bridesmaids. Mr. John Holcroft was best man. There was no reception, and the honeymoon is being spent in Italy.

ENGINEER-COMMANDER A. EVELEGH, R.N., AND MISS ARMITAGE

The marriage took place at St. Giles' Church, Great Longstone, Derbyshire, on Saturday of Engineer-Commander Aldridge Evelegh, R.N., twin son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Bonham Carter Evelegh, and Miss Mary Betty Armitage, only daughter of Mr. Cecil H. Armitage and Mrs. Armitage, of Longstone Grange, near Bakewell. Bishop Abraham and the Rev. H. E. Sherlock officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a dress of ivory panne radiant, with gold tissue train lined with flesh-coloured georgette, and an old family veil of Honiton lace. She carried a sheaf of Madonna lilies. The bridesmaids were Miss Doris Josselyn, Miss Pamela Lovibond, and Miss Barbara Smith. They all wore dresses of almond-green silk net, with head-dresses of shaded green leaves. The little trainbearer was Mlle. Marie Josephe Gurrey, who was dressed in ivory panne radiant with gold shoes and gold net cap. The bridesmaids' bouquets were of mimosa and shaded yellow tulips. The best man was Engineer-Commander Wilkinson, R.N. A reception was held afterwards at Longstone Grange.

The honeymoon is being spent in Paris, and the bride went away in a brown and yellow cardigan suit with yellow blouse and hat to match, and a fur coat.

## IRONMONGERS' GRANTS TO CHARITY

The following grants have been made by the Worshipful Company of Ironmongers to charitable institutions:—

St. Bartholomew's Hospital Reconstruction Fund, £500; City and Guilds of London Institute, £262 10s.; City and Guilds of London Institute (Prize Fund), £10 10s.; Royal Metal Trades Pension and Benevolent Society, £200; Borough Polytechnic Institute, the London Hospital, King George Hospital Building Fund, Durham Castle Preservation Fund, Dr. Barnardo's Homes Rebuilding Fund, and Child Emigration Society, £100 each; Guy's Hospital, St. Bartholomew's Hospital, St. Dunstan's Hostel for Blinded Soldiers and Sailors, Royal Free Hospital, Lord Mayor Treloar's Cripples Hospital Rebuilding Fund, and King's College Hospital, £52 10s. each; London Philanthropic Society, St. Luke's, Old-street, Parochial Charities, Sir Robert Geffery Memorial Hall, Mount Vernon Hospital for Consumption, St. Thomas's Hospital, University College Hospital, Middlesex Cancer Hospital, Middlesex Hospital, and St. Mary's Hospital, Paddington, £50 each; Prince of Wales General Hospital, Sanford Convalescent Home, British Empire Cancer Campaign, Invalid Children's Aid Association, Royal United Kingdom Benevolent Institution, Studley College, London Lock Hospital, Navy League Training Ship Stork, Friends of the Poor, Cereals and Baltic Friendly Society, and St. Lawrence Jewry Church Repair Fund, £25 each; Mineral Water Hospital, Bath, National Benevolent Institution, Charity Organization Society, Talbot Settlement, Royal Surgical Aid Society, Toc H, Shipbrokers' Benevolent Society, and League of Mercy, £21 each; West Ham Hostel and Club for Youths, Dr. Barnardo's Homes, Central London Ophthalmic Hospital, and Central Employment Bureau for Women and Students Careers Association, £20 each; Royal Maternity Hospital, Redham Orphanage, Working Men's College, St. Pancras, and Princess Louise Kensington Hospital for Children, £15 15s. each; and St. Botolph's Without Aldersgate Parochial Fund, £15.

West Ham, Old-street, and Stratford Police Court Poor-box funds, St. Francis Hostel for Boys, East London Hospital for Children, Ratcliff Settlement, Seamen's Hospital Society, Dreadnought training ship Warspite, training ship Arethusa, Dockland Settlement Clubs, Orphan Working School and Alexandra Orphanage, Royal National Lifeboat Institution, British Legion, Be grave Hospital for Children, Watts' Cloister Memorial, Greater London Fund for the Blind, National Artillery Association, Brixton Prison Discharged Prisoners Aid Society, Y.M.C.A., Y.W.C.A. (extension work), Royal Female Orphanage, Beddington, Lord Mayor Treloar's Cripples' Hospital, Boy Scouts' Association, Royal National Orthopædic Hospital, Police Court Mission, School for the Blind, Leatherhead, Royal Hospital for Incurables, Putney, Children's Country Holidays Fund, Mothercraft Training Society, Hanyard Mission, Homes for Little Boys, Farningham, Brentford Hospital, Seaside Settlement and Camps Association, and Friend of the Clergy Corporation, £10 10s. each; Eltham Cottage Hospital, Mottingham Parochial Church Council, Landrake Boy Scouts and Girl Guides, St. Luke's Hospital for Advanced Cases, London Rifle Brigade Sports Ground, British Home and Hospital for Incurables, Tower Hamlets Mission, Oxford House, Bethnal Green, St. George the Martyr Church, Southwark (repair fund), St. Erney Church (repair fund), St. Paul's Church, Hagerston (repair fund), Landrake School Prize Fund, National Hospital for Paralysis and Epileptic, and Soldiers', Sailors' and Air Force Families Association, £10 each; Queen Mary's Hospital for the East End, Mottingham District Nurses' Association, Central Council for District Nursing, Distressed Gentlefolks' Aid Association, City Waiters' Provident Society, Victoria League, London Gardens Guild and Fellowship of St. Michael and All Angels, £5 5s. each; Metropolitan Hospital, Seamen's Christian Friend Society, Winchester College Mission, and Royal Alfred Aged Merchant Seamen's Institution, £5 each; Marylebone Health Society, £3 3s.

## *NEW RED CROSS CLINIC FOR RHEUMATISM*

The Duke of York, it is announced, will accompany the Queen to-morrow when she opens the new Red Cross Society Clinic at Regent's Park for the treatment of rheumatism. The ceremony takes place at 3 p.m. The Queen will officially inaugurate the clinic by releasing the valve which controls the flow of water into the treatment pool in the centre of the building. It was formerly the baptismal pool of the Baptist Chapel. After the ceremony the Queen is to be presented with a bouquet by the seven-year-old daughter of the Medical Superintendent, and the Minister of Health is to convey to her the thanks of the Red Cross Society for opening the clinic. The Queen will then make a tour of inspection under the guidance of the medical superintendent and sister-in-charge.

The Prudential Assurance Company has made a donation of £1,000 to the funds of the British Red Cross Society to assist in providing the linen required at the new clinic at Regent's Park.

## FUNERAL AND MEMORIAL SERVICES

MR. A. A. CAMPBELL SWINTON

A private service for relatives and intimate friends of Mr. Alan Archibald Campbell Swinton was held at Golders Green Crematorium on Saturday morning. The Rev. Herbert Trundle officiated, and those present were:—

Miss Alice Swinton (sister), Captain and Mrs. George S. C. Swinton (brother and sister-in-law), Viscount Combermere, Major and Mrs. Alan H. C. Swinton, Lady (William) Perry, Mr. Robert H. F. Houstoun, Mr. H. A. Hetherington (representing the board of Ricardo and Co., engineers), and Mr. Robert C. Pierce (representing the Cambridge Company and also representing Sir Robert Forsyth Scott, master of St. John's College, Cambridge).

A memorial service for Mr. Campbell Swinton was held on Saturday afternoon at St. Michael's Church, Chester-square. Archbishop Lord Davidson and Canon Mitchell officiated, and members of the family present included Major and Mrs. Alan Swinton, Viscount Combermere, Lady Davidson, Miss Alice Swinton, Captain and Mrs. George Swinton, and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. B. Swinton. Others in the congregation included:—

Lord Rayleigh and Colonel Sir Henry Lyons (representing the Royal Society), Mr. H. A. Hetherington, Mr. Robert Houstoun, the Hon. Sir Charles Parsons, Major Gilbert Barnes, Mr. Arthur Preece, Mr. A. M. Sillar, Viscount D'Abernon, Mr. G. Shrimpton, Major Evan Evers, Mr. J. C. M. Stanton, Mr. Eveleigh Nash, Brigadier-General Sitwell, Mr. B. F. Lee, Mr. G. L. Parsons, Major-General Sir Steuart Hare, Mr. Theodore E. James, Mr. Alfred E. Taylor, Mr. W. Wyatt Paine, Mr. E. Reeves (representing Crompton Parkinson and Co.), Viscount Falmouth, Lieutenant-Colonel Walter O'Meara (hon. secretary of the British Science Guild), Mrs. Langley, Mr. and Mrs. Davis, Mr. Francis Thomas, Mr. H. Emmons, Sir George Sutton, Colonel Sir Herbert Jackson, Mr. H. M. Jacob (representing Henley's Telegraph Works Company), Mr. G. L. Addenbrooke, Mr. and Mrs. W. Vaux Graham, Mr. William Wingfield, Mr. R. J. Hatton, Colonel Sir Thomas Fortune Purves (Engineer-in-Chief of the Post Office and President of the Institute of Electrical Engineers), Sir Dugald Clerk and Miss Clerk, Rear-Admiral J. de Courcy Hamilton, Mr. John Rorey, Mr. A. H. Barker (director of Parsons Foreign Patents Company), Mr. Stanley F. Prest (director of Parsons Marine Steam Turbine Company), Major Sir Humphrey Leggett, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry McMahon, Mr. Evelyn Trenow, Mr. Harry Ricardo, Mr. J. Swinburne, Mr. C. J. Baker, Mr. Arthur R. Joare, Dr. Llewellyn, Sir Montague Hughman, Mr. Burrell (representing J. Highfield, of Highfield and Roger Smith), Sir Eustace Tennyson d'Eyncourt, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Wolseley Haig, Mrs. Brooman White, Colonel R. E. Compton, Mr. H. Savage, Mrs. Eadie, and Mr. and Mrs. Percy Rosline.

MRS. JOHN BRIDGEMAN

The funeral of the Hon. Mrs. John Bridgeman took place on Saturday at Weston, Shropshire, Prebendary E. R. O. Bridgeman and the Rev. Hervey Rabone officiated. The mourners included:—

Viscount and Viscountess Bridgeman, Captain the Hon. Robert Bridgeman, the Hon. Geoffrey and Mrs. Bridgeman, the Hon. Maurice Bridgeman, the Countess of Bradford, Lady Mabel Kenyon-Slaney, Viscountess Boyne, Captain Orlando Bridgeman, Colonel Walter Murray, Miss Murray, Miss Margaret Murray, Brigadier-General Arthur Lloyd, the Dean of Windsor, Miss Palgrave, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Henry Bridgeman, Miss Bridgeman, Major and Mrs. Roger Bridgeman, Mrs. King, Colonel Howard McLean, Mr. Gerald Fitzgerald, the Rev. H. P. Fraser, the Rev. A. R. Guinness, and Miss Rabone.

The Earl of Bradford was absent abroad, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bridgeman were absent through illness.

At the same time as the funeral a memorial service was held at St. Mark's Church, Torquay. The officiating clergy were the Rev. J. L. Cobham and the Rev. A. E. Ward. Among those present were:—

The Hon. H. Hanbury-Tracey, the Hon. Mrs. Dundas, Lady Layland-Barratt, Major G. C. B. Musgrave, and Captain and Mrs. E. T. C. Bower.

COLONEL SIR CLAUDE LAURIE

The funeral of Colonel Sir Claude Villiers Emilius Laurie, Bt., took place on Saturday at Glencairn Churchyard. The officiating clergy were the Rev. James Campbell, the Rev. H. Wilson, the Rev. C. Pollard Ramsay, and Dr. Montgomery Campbell. The chief mourners were Mr. Wilfrid Emilius Laurie (brother), Major James E. Laurie, Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. D. Anderson, Mr. Ronald Laurie, of Jarbruck, Miss Cassandra Laurie, Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Bray, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Joy, Colonel N. E. Baxter, of Gilston, Colonel Maxwell Itham, of Kirkconnell, Colonel Archibald Hume, of Auchendolly, and Colonel John McKie, of Ernespie. Others present included:—

Mr. George F. Boughey (representing the National Provincial Bank), Major Burns (representing Brigadier-General Macfarlane and The King's Own Scottish Borderers), Mr. Young (representing the 5th King's Own Scottish Borderers), Major William McCall, of Caltloch, Colonel Carruthers, of Dormont, Colonel Crichton-Browne, Colonel Herries, of Spottes, Major Clarence Dubs, of Craigdarroch, Mr. J. I. McConnel, of Hetland, Mr. H. S. Gladstone, of Capenoch, and Mr. Moffat, of Auchencheyne.

SIR D. SETON-STEUART

The funeral of Sir Douglas Archibald Seton-Steuart, Bt., of Allanton, took place at St. Ninians Churchyard, Stirling, on Saturday, after a funeral service in Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, Stirling, when the officiating clergymen were the Rev. K. M. Sutherland-Graeme, the Primus of the Episcopal Church (Dr. Robberds), and the Bishop of Edinburgh. The only relatives present were Colonel Sir Bruce and Lady Seton, and Mr. R. Stein (cousins).

The pall bearers were:—

Sir Bruce Seton, Mr. R. Stein, Mr. C. Stirling, Gargunnock; Major Hugenon, Uddingston; Mr. C. A. Buchanan of Touch; Mr. Hope Gill, Mr. John Duncan, and Mr. R. Menzies.

Others present included:—

Provost Duff, Captain Bucknell (representing the Church Army), Mr. R. T. Mortar (secretary of the Representative Church Council), Major A. J. Coupar (Craigforth), Mrs. Buchanan of Touch; and Captain A. P. Buchanan, and Mr. A. J. H. Mowbray, Easter Livilands.

The Bishop of Edinburgh said the prayer of committal at the graveside.

MR. H. E. FITZCLARENCE

A funeral service for Mr. Henry Edward FitzClarence was held at St. Saviour's, Walton-street, on Saturday morning. The Rev. H. E. Trask officiated, and among those present were:—

Mrs. FitzClarence (widow), Captain and Mrs. Roland Orred (son-in-law and daughter), Miss Diana Orred, the Earl of Munster, Margaret Lady Parsons, Mrs. C. A. Kershaw, Mrs. Victor Christian, Major and Lady Cecilie Goff, the Hon. William Sidney, Major K. Tower, Mr. Charles Drummond, Mrs. Dick Lauder, Mrs. Leather Culley, Mr. A. Harter, Mr. Edmund Charrington, Mr. T. Huxley, Mr. Herbert Steward, Mr. C. T. Steward, Mr. W. H. Brown, Mrs. Brooman White, Mr. E. Boyle, Mrs. Mummery, and Mrs. Reytlens.

MR. G. J. T. SECKHAM

The funeral of Mr. Gerald James Thorne Seckham, of Leamington, formerly of Lichfield, took place on Saturday at Christ Church, Lichfield. Prebendary T. C. Keble officiated, and the chief mourners were Colonel Douglas Seckham and Major Guy Seckham (brothers), Miss Seckham and Mrs. Wardlaw (sisters), Mr. Adair (brother-in-law), Mrs. Pinckney (sister-in-law), Miss Heather Seckham (niece), and Nurse Mathews. Others present included:—

Captain S. H. Gillett, Mr. E. C. Baker, Brigadier-General C. B. Westmacott, Sir Villiers Forster, Dr. G. W. Homan, Mr. H. J. C. Whitehorn, Mr. Spencer Madan, Mr. George Birch, Mr. Somers Smith, the Rev. G. E. Green, and the following representatives of the Northampton Brewery Company, Limited, of which Mr. Seckham was joint managing director: Mr. A. T. Page, Mr. L. C. Ballon, Major A. C. McDermott, Mr. G. H. Robinson, and Mr. E. C. Coulston.

### REQUIEM MASS

MRS. W. CODRINGTON

A requiem Mass for the Hon. Mrs. William Codrington was said on Saturday at the Carmelite Church, Kensington. Father Benedict officiated, assisted by the Abbot of Belmont. Among those present were:—

The Dowager Viscountess Hambleden, Viscount Hambleden, the Hon. Edith Hambleden, Mr. and Mrs. M. Molloy, Mr. S. Molloy, Mr. Edward Codrington, Miss D. Codrington, Miss Codrington, Sir William Acland, Miss Lilian Power, Miss Florence Power, Miss Betty Power, Mr. Arnold Power.

Admiral Sir Arthur Moore, Viscount and Viscountess Sandon, Miss Catherine Acland, Mr. A. W. Acland, Lady Boyson, the Marquis de Prestero, Dr. K. D. Brinton, Miss Edith Brinton, Miss Maud Brinton, Dr. and Mrs. Wilfred Bleaden, Miss Bleaden, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Brinton, Miss M. D. Brinton, Miss Feilding, Mr. Edward Seymour, Mr. S. E. Thornton, Miss Evelyn Leeke, Miss Cole Baker, Mr. W. H. Beever, the Misses de Zulueta, Miss Ethel Boursot, Miss Yolande Vande Vend, Mr. and Mrs. Danvers Sladen, Mrs. Horsfall, Mrs. Dingwall, Mrs. Ellis Danvers, Miss Mellor, and Mrs. Wardell Ramsey.

The interment took place at Hambleden, near Henley.

## *SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF REUNION DINNER*

The old boys of the Northampton School for the Deaf held a reunion dinner at the Hotel Cecil on Saturday evening. Thirty were present. The toast of "The School" was proposed by Mr. A. FARRAR, a pupil 62 years ago. He congratulated the school upon the number of recent successes in university examinations. Mr. INCE-JONES, the headmaster, responded. Mr. A. BANKS proposed "Old Boys Not Present" and referred specially to those scattered in all parts of the British Empire. Among those attending the dinner were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Ince-Jones, Mr. Ivan H. Ball, Mr. G. H. Bottomley, Mr. J. O. C. Chaley, Mr. C. Condy, Mr. Vivian J. Yorke, Mr. N. G. Maddison, Mr. A. Billbin, Mr. E. J. H. Hedges, Mr. Michael Marshall, Mr. S. Doubleday, Mr. E. B. Valentine, Mr. D. C. Eady, and Mr. E. L. Mundin.

## LANDSCAPE IN ART

### PICTURES AS REGISTERS OF CHANGE

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

It is commonplace experience that the look of towns and cities alters radically and quickly: that towns transform themselves. The Delft of to-day looks utterly different from the town in Vermeer's "View of Delft." The modification of the open landscape, though slower, proceeds with a greater thoroughness and rapidity than we know. Mediterranean Europe most likely had its general "used" aspect of to-day 2,000 years ago. Not, however, until about the 15th century did the whole of effective Europe have its occupied and used appearance. And by that time parts of Mediterranean Europe had fallen back towards ruin, through excessive use.

The painters, in their backgrounds and landscapes, have recorded the subsequent changes in the appearance of Europe. It would be more correct, perhaps, to say that they have registered the kind of change, for the record is complete neither for time nor place. Landscape forced only a slow recognition from the painters, and has not yet properly entered literature. On that account we depend, for information, on the backgrounds of the early painters, and are hampered, more or less, by the artists' imperfect technique, faulty observation, and habit of making up scenes from memory. With later landscape-pictures we have to remember that artists paint chosen scenes and that creative composition adapts the object to its idea. We may be sure, however, that all painters of natural scenery give us something of the world as things looked in it during their lifetime.

The early Flemings and Italians show how different were the states of the Low Countries and Italy in the 15th century; the former green and growing, the latter barren, and gone to waste. If, however, we study the backgrounds of a chain of artists, such as Giovanni and Gentile Bellini, Raphael, Titian, and Tintoretto, who cover about 150 years of continuous painting, we discern nothing less than the re-afforestation of Italy during the late 15th and the 16th centuries. Trees are planted, grow to be gay saplings, multiply, and gather into woods, as the canvases are passed in review. And foreigners continue to produce the same evidence of more and older trees in Italy in later time—Claude and the Poussins in the 17th century and Turner right down to the first half of the 19th century. Turner, indeed, shows that parts of Italy were heavily wooded in his time.

Coming back to the north, we can take such a chain as Dürer, Rubens, Aart van der Neer, Philip de Koninck, Isaak van Ostade, Jacob van Ruisdael, Wynants, and Hobbema, and find, over the 200 years of their painting, a slow but appreciable change affecting the landscape. Wildness and solitude become rarer and formality of arrangement more marked. We move closer to the kind of scenery we know, as we examine these canvases in order. From the pollard osiers of Rubens to the lopped elms of Hobbema is a long step towards the formal scene.

The evidence of great landscape-painting is continued in the 18th century, in England, by Gainsborough, Crome, Constable, and Turner; and, if it be only in roads, embankments, and bridges, the slow change is nevertheless apparent, even in this informal England.

We have to go to France to witness the changes of the 19th century properly, but France alone convinces us quickly that the landscape suffered more changes in the 19th century than during the 400 preceding years! From the birth of Corot to the death of Claude Monet is 130 years, and the French landscape-painters of the first half of that period—Corot, Daubigny, Rousseau, Harpignies—differ from those of the latter half—Cézanne, Pissarro, Puvis de Chavannes, Monet—on account of more than a revolution in art. The thing to be painted underwent a transformation that gave the latter group a kind of new material for art.

Suddenly one remembers Turner's Italy of the early 19th century. Where, now, are those woods that used to extend to the far distance? One remembers, also, the Dutch scenes of Wouwermans and the Cuyps; Philip de Koninck's panoramas. Views that do not exist in Holland to-day. Crome's mill; Constable's ford. England, too? What universal magic so transformed the land of Europe in the second half of the 19th century? Where are the great trees gone? Even Watteau tells us that there were once great trees in France. And where are the wider pastures of those earlier times?

"Rain, Steam, and Speed"—the vision of Turner; the coming of the engine, the factory, and the hungry crowd; a new intensity of life that clamoured for the simple things of earth, timber, food—that is the force that created a new landscape in half a hundred years. It put the whole land to its use, trimmed it, and constrained it with railways and highroads and bridges; made it prim with rows of trees; and turned it into an open farm. Whistler turned away from its artificial neatness to paint new beauty of the ancient Thames of London. Dürer's "Mill House" is an extinct halcyon that lived 400 years ago, before the plane tree and the horse-chestnut and the Lombardy poplar had conquered the land.

## *8TH BATT., THE BEDFORDSHIRE REGIMENT*

The 11th annual general meeting, dinner, and smoking concert of the 8th Battalion, The Bedfordshire Regiment, was held at Slater's Restaurant, Newgate-street, on Saturday night. COLONEL LORD AMPTHILL presided, and among those present were:—

Major D. M. Hawkins, Captain N. Tyrer, Captain R. B. L. Hatch, Captain A. Cathercole, Captain G. B. Brewster, Captain A. Hawkes, Mr. W. G. Cann, Mr. P. W. Wretts, Mr. A. W. Smith, Mr. C. Verner, Mr. W. O. Wilson, Mr. W. F. Garrod, Mr. A. Dark, and about 100 other ranks.

In the afternoon the whole company had witnessed the performance of *Journey's End*. During the evening Lord Ampthill, on behalf of the association, presented Captain N. Tyrer with a pair of sleeve links, inlaid with the association's badge in colours, in token of his services as hon. secretary since its formation 11 years ago. The summer meeting will take place on Saturday, August 2, at Lord Ampthill's residence, Oakley House, Bedford.

## *PRIME MINISTER'S APPEAL FOR BABY CLINIC*

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD made an appeal for funds on Saturday at a *matinée* at the Palladium in aid of the Baby Clinic and Hospital, North Kensington. Referring to the fact that Dr. Ethel Bentham has left the staff of medical officers, although still retaining an honorary connexion with the institution, Mr. MacDonald said, "I cannot think of the clinic without at the same time thinking of Dr. Ethel Bentham." Premises for a new hospital had just been purchased, and the clinic was facing a debt of £6,000. Miss SYBIL THORNDIKE, who organized the concert, announced that £400 had been collected.

**Ecclesiastical News and Wills and Bequests will be found on page 17**

## PARIS FASHIONS

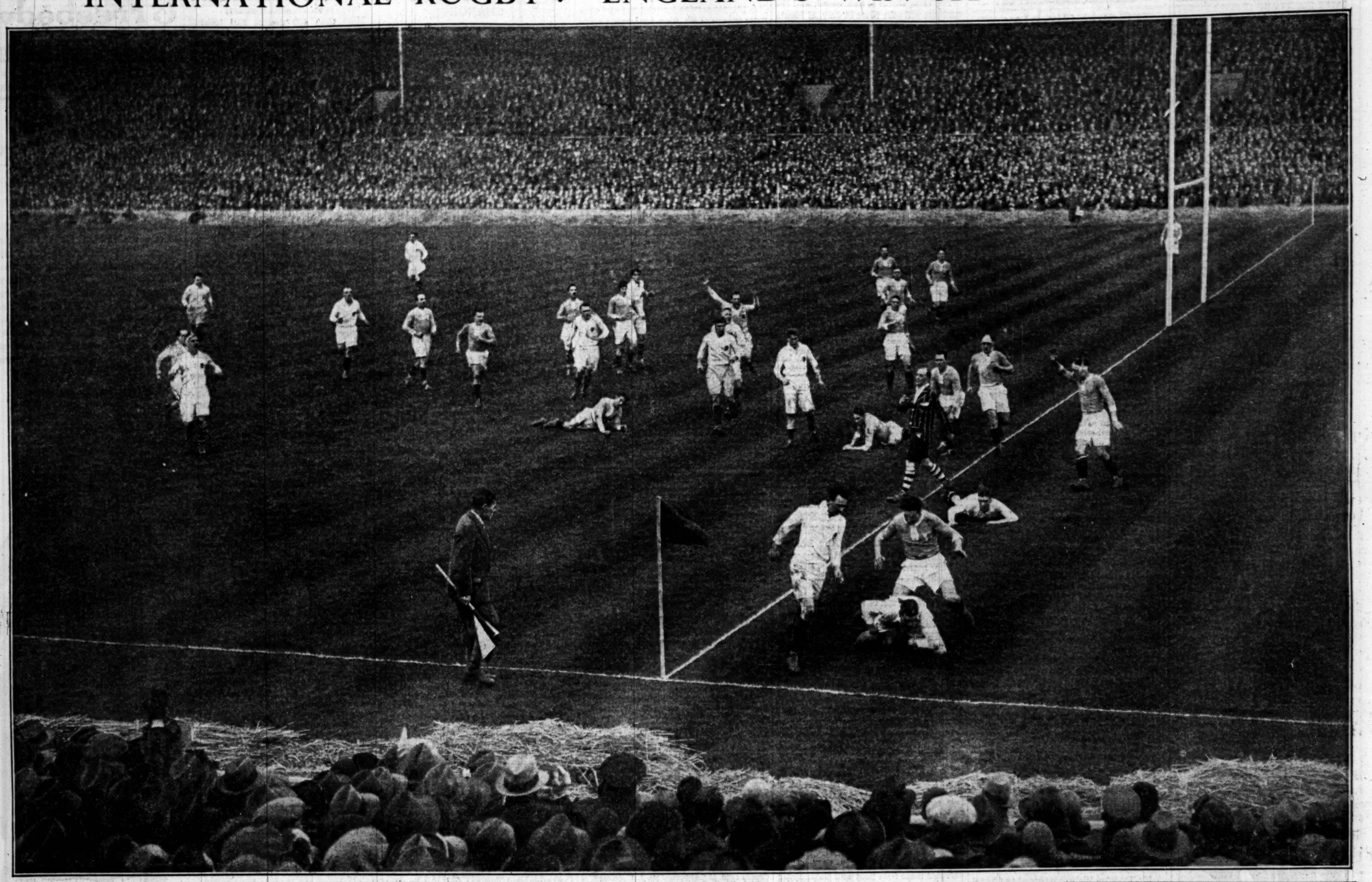
### ANOTHER NEW COLLECTION

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

More than 400 dresses and tailored costumes have been shown by Gabrielle Chanel. There is something new about them all, and the fineness of the workmanship and the cut and style put them in a class apart.

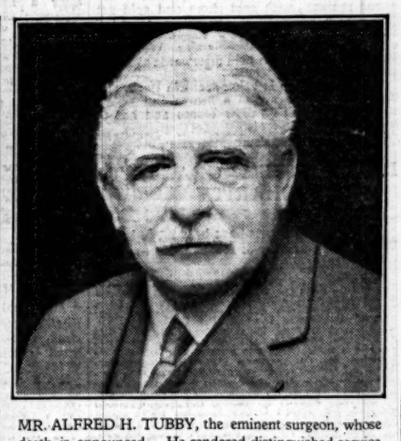
Figured jerseys and lace tweeds are incrusted with complicated patterns. Skirts have short sections of drawn thread work, fagotted seams, strappings, and stitchings. There are white piqué and calendered linen collars, cuffs, flowers, and waistcoats. On figured chiffon dresses a single blossom is applied in relief. The edges of flounces are similarly cut out, for scissors do the work of the needle. A feather-patterned chiffon has the plumes cut out and applied until the whole dress looks as if it were made of real feathers. The hem line of tweed and cloth skirts is cut out into teeth or other patterns; the front lines of short and long coats have the same edging, so have the basques. Sashes with long ends and short bows are applied at the back of the hip line on crê

# INTERNATIONAL RUGBY: ENGLAND'S WIN AT TWICKENHAM



THE DEFEAT OF FRANCE.—France failed at Twickenham on Saturday to retain their unbeaten record in this season's International Rugby Championship, England winning a hard and fast game by 11 points to five. The result is that England, France, and Ireland have now each won two games and lost one. Our photograph shows an exciting incident in the second half. An English player has got over the French line and touched down the ball, but the whistle had been blown for an infringement a few seconds before.

A BURNING LINER.—The scene in New York harbour when the Nord-deutscher-Lloyd liner München (13,483 tons gross) caught fire at her pier in the North River. The fire was caused by an explosion that occurred in one of the holds when some of the passengers were still on board. Two men lost their lives.



MR. ALFRED H. TUBBY, the eminent surgeon, whose death is announced. He rendered distinguished service in the War, and was made C.B. and C.M.G.

LADY DORIA HOPE, daughter of the Duke of Newcastle, was married at Christ Church, Down-street, Piccadilly, on Saturday to Mr. Frederick B. Childe. The bride and bridegroom.

THE NEW FRENCH CABINET.—M. Chautemps, the new Prime Minister of France, and the members of his Cabinet. In the front row from left to right are: M. Dumont (Finance), M. Steeg (Justice), M. Chautemps, M. Briand (Foreign Affairs), and M. Gallet (Pensions). The new Government will meet the Chamber to-morrow.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# Obituary

## MR. A. H. TUBBY

### A DISTINGUISHED SURGEON

Mr. Alfred Herbert Tubby, C.B., C.M.G., F.R.C.S.Eng., the orthopædic surgeon who did much in England in the treatment of the surgical diseases of children, died yesterday at the age of 67.

Born on May 23, 1862, he was educated at Christ's Hospital, of which he was afterwards consulting surgeon, a Governor, and an Almoner. He went from the school to Guy's Hospital, where he soon distinguished himself by gaining the gold medals in surgery and medicine, and honours in forensic medicine, anatomy, and materia medica at the University of London. He then completed his studies at Halle and Leipzig, and was elected assistant surgeon at the Westminster Hospital in 1894, becoming full surgeon four years later and consulting surgeon in 1919. His interest in the diseases of children dated from his appointment as surgeon to the Evelina Hospital for Children and led to his election as surgeon to the Royal National Orthopædic Hospital in London and to the Hip Hospital at Sevenoaks.

When the War broke out he went as consulting surgeon, with the rank of Colonel, A.M.S., to the British Mediterranean Expeditionary Force, and from 1915 to 1919 served with the Egyptian Expeditionary Force, where he did excellent work, for which he was three times mentioned in dispatches, and was created C.M.G. in 1916 and C.B. in 1918. During this period he found time to cultivate his taste for archæology by excavating at Chatby, near Alexandria, an account of which he published in 1918, and was elected a Fellow of the Society of Antiquaries in 1924. As an orthopædic surgeon, he published one of the earliest and best textbooks on the subject under the title of "Deformities." It was well written and well illustrated, and soon became a standard work. With Mr. S. Stephenson he was the joint founder of the Society for the Study of Diseases in Children, and was chairman of its council. He was also president of the section of diseases of children at the Royal Society of Medicine, and president of the same section at the British Medical Association.

Although Mr. Tubby's name is chiefly associated with the treatment of deformities, he was able to devote some of his energies to general surgery, for he was at one time president of the Hunterian Society and was a member of the International Society of Surgery. He was, too, well known on the Continent, where he was a member of many societies, and had received the gold medal of the Accademia Fisico-Chimica Italiana. But even this did not exhaust his energies, for he was a member of the Alpine Club, wrote on chamois hunting, and was a keen sportsman and fisherman. He married in 1890 Beatrice, the second daughter of Mr. William Payne; she survives him with one daughter. It will thus be seen that Mr. Tubby was a good all-round surgeon with many outside interests which he cultivated as much to the interest of his friends as to himself, for he was a delightful talker, full of what he had seen and done both at home and abroad.

### CARDINAL PEROSI

Our Rome Correspondent telegraphs:—

Cardinal Carlo Perosi, Secretary of the Consistorial Congregation, who had been operated upon on Friday, died on Saturday morning. He was born at Tortona in 1868, and was ordained priest in 1891. After some years' work in the country, he was in 1902 offered by Leo XIII. the chair of Ecclesiastical History in the School of Auburn College of Propaganda Fide, but he declined the offer. Pope Pius X. called him to Rome and gave him the benefice in the Vatican Basilica, and shortly afterwards nominated him Consultor of the Sacred Congregation of the Council and a member of the Tribunal of the Apostolic Penitentiary. In 1907 Perosi was nominated visitor of the seminaries of Sicily. In the next year he was appointed Substitute at the Sacred Consistorial Congregation, where he remained until 1911. In January, 1915, Pope Benedict XV. nominated Mgr. Perosi one of the Consultors of the Supreme Sacred Congregation of the Holy Office, and later Canon of Santa Maria Maggiore. After about nine and a half years of work in this position, he was, in June, 1926, raised to the purple. In 1928, after the death of Cardinal de Lai, Cardinal Perosi, who had already been appointed Pro-Secretary of the Sacred Consistorial Congregation, was appointed by Pope Pius XI. Secretary of the Congregation Inception. Cardinal Perosi is the brother of the famous composer of Church music. With his death the number of the Sacred College is reduced to 61. Of these 28 are Italians and 33 non-Italians.

### LIEUTENANT EIELSON

A correspondent writes:—The Polar work of Lieutenant Eielson was not confined to the Arctic. When Sir Hubert Wilkins went on his expedition to the Antarctic late in 1928 Eielson again accompanied him, and it was Eielson who piloted the machine when, on December 19, Wilkins made his 1,200 miles flight over Graham's Land. It was found impossible to land, as had been intended, but besides ascertaining that Graham's Land was an island and not part of the Antarctic continent six previously uncharted islands were discovered. This expedition reached the Falkland Islands on their way home in February, 1929. It was after this that Eielson went back to Alaska.

### SIR HERBERT HUNTER

Sir Herbert Hunter, J.P., L.C.C., died on Saturday at his residence in London at the age of 65.

The son of Mr. John Humphrey Hunter, John Herbert Hunter was born on March 7, 1864, and became a partner in a firm of auctioneers and surveyors. He entered the London County Council in 1907 as Moderate member for North Paddington, was vice-chairman in 1912-13, and chairman in 1924-25, when he was knighted. Since 1914 he had been chairman of the North Paddington Conservative Association. He married, in 1890, Rosalie, daughter of the late Mr. A. G. Bicker-Caarten, and had three daughters.

### ENGINEER-COMMANDER CLARKE

Engineer-Commander George Puleston Clarke, who died at the Royal Naval Hospital, Haslar, on February 17, became an engineer-lieutenant in the Royal Canadian Navy on August 17, 1912, and served with the Royal Navy throughout the late War. When hostilities began he was in the battleship Monarch in the Grand Fleet. From August, 1915, he served in the cruiser Sutlej, and from May, 1917, in the light cruiser Coventry. Since the War he had been successively engineer officer of the Canadian destroyers Patriot and Patrician, and in October, 1925, was appointed for duty at Esquimalt. After two years there he joined the Headquarters Staff at Ottawa. He was promoted to engineer-commander on March 3, 1927. Engineer-Commander Clarke was married, and his wife survives him.

### THE REV. J. O. BEVAN

The Rev. James Oliver Bevan, who was buried on Friday in his old parish of Chillenden, near Canterbury, began his career as a civil engineer, and was at the time of his death one of the oldest members of the Institution of Civil Engineers. Then his thoughts turned to Holy Orders; in spite of impaired eyesight, which hampered him throughout but was never permitted to quench his zeal, he worked up his mathematics by himself and obtained a Scholarship at Emmanuel College, Cambridge, and was a Wrangler in the Mathematical Tripos of 1867. His first curacy was in the heart of Birmingham; then he became chaplain to the Sheffield Infirmary; then, after a few years as a schoolmaster, chaplain to the Birmingham Workhouses. Subsequently he accepted the living of Vowchurch, near Hereford, and during his vicariate there helped to bring out an archæological map of the county; shortly after this the Society of Antiquaries elected him a Fellow. He next decided to come to live in London, which had been the great desire of his life, and take up clerical and educational work; but after a brief experience as a "free lance" his health

(Continued at foot of next column)

gave way and he had to retire to the country, becoming rector of Chillenden. After many years' work there, he retired and went to live at Eastbourne, where he died.

Mr. Bevan touched life—and enriched it—at many points. He was a devoted member of the British Association for the Advancement of Science, and with them twice crossed the Atlantic and once visited South Africa. He was a most interesting talker and raconteur, and happily retained his faculties to the last; his memory was wonderful and his knowledge almost encyclopædic; he was a most devoted son of the Church and was taking clerical duty till within a few days of his death. His services were ever at the disposal of his many friends, who delighted in his humour and his marvellous fund of stories. He was the author of "Egypt and the Egyptians," "The Genesis and Evolution of the Individual Soul," "Wits and Their Humours," and a number of minor works. Among his theological writings were "St. Paul in the Light of To-day" and a treatise on the Collects of the Christian Year; while he wrote many letters to the Press on subjects of general as well as local interest. He leaves a widow and two daughters and his only son is and has been for many years a master at Eton College.

Mr. Barnet Kenyon, who died on Thursday at the age of 78, was Liberal member for the Chesterfield Division of Derbyshire from 1913 to 1929, when he retired. He was a Primitive Methodist and local preacher. From 1880 to 1906 he was a checkweighman at Southgate Pit, and from 1896 to 1906 was president of the Derbyshire Miners' Association, then becoming assistant secretary.

# BONAR LAW COLLEGE

## OPENING OF NEW SESSION

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BERKHAMSTED, FEB. 22

The first course for this year assembled to-day at the Bonar Law College in Ashridge Park, and various courses will continue until November. The first few courses are specialized and are not expected to appeal to so wide a body of students as the later ones, which are more general in character and are arranged to take place when holidays may reasonably be devoted to them. The first general course opens on April 28; the last will end on November 1.

The fortnight spent by the average student here is in most respects the equivalent of a period of college life. The day opens with chapel. The long morning is devoted to lectures and the early evening to debates. The rest of the day is free for social or recreational purposes, the facilities for which are even better than most colleges can offer.

The old monastic house which first occupied this site was largely devoted to true learning. The college, which has risen like a small Gothic city above and alongside its remains, is pursuing diligently the same purpose. It refuses to serve any propagandist aim. Two only of its subjects for this year are directly concerned with Conservatism, and they as much with the history of Conservative ideas as with the justification of modern programmes. The rest are as academic as the brief space of a fortnight will allow. The growth of the Constitution, of Parliamentary practice, the effects of legislation, local government, foreign relationships, recent economic practice, the growth of British sea power, the making of the Empire from the time of the Tudors to that of Cecil Rhodes, are some of the subjects which indicate the determination to give a solid foundation to those interested in politics.

Accommodation will be found for about 120 students at every course this year, about 20 in excess of those taken last year. Room might be found for still more, but in the interests of comfort and convenience a margin is to be left. The special short courses which precede the main season will each be attended by about 40 students. The one which has opened to-day deals with local government, and a number of members of local authorities are among the students. It is to be followed a week hence by a course for the wives of members of Parliament and of candidates. The course in the following week will deal with the coal industry, and the lecturers will be mostly specialists in various branches. Another week will be devoted to Empire trade, and in Easter week the subject will be unemployment. Then the fortnightly courses will begin, and but for an occasional week set aside for a special subject will follow one after another until November.

The possibility of keeping the college busy throughout the year has been examined, and Major-General Sir Reginald Hoskins, the principal, has a tentative scheme for filling the four winter months with a course for more detailed study.

# PERSECUTION IN RUSSIA

## BISHOP OF NORWICH ON "AWFUL SUFFERINGS"

The Bishop of Norwich (Dr. Pollock), speaking at a mystery play given on Saturday afternoon, at the Palace, Norwich, said:—

My mind cannot help reverting to the awful sufferings of our fellow Christians in Russia, when I think of the way in which they are being cruelly thwarted, in following their religion, by means of organized persecutions more savage than anything that happened in England in the century in which these mystery plays drew to their end.

After the vigorous speeches of Lord Birkenhead and the Archbishop of Canterbury in the House of Lords last week, I come back with a renewed love of our Bible records of the love of God. Too many people to-day take only an artistic or literary and antiquarian interest in what the Bible puts before us. If we were persecuted for our faith it might become more firm and more vigorous.

### BISHOP OF CHESTER'S APPEAL

The Bishop of Chester (Dr. Paget) writes in the *Chester Diocesan Gazette*:—

You will expect me to say something about the hideous persecution going on in Russia. Not simply Christianity, but religious faith of any sort is being brutally attacked, and while we sympathize with all those who are suffering through loyalty to their religion, we join in indignant protest against this cruel and blasphemous assault on religious belief. We are warned that ill-advised action might even increase the sufferings of those who, God knows, are suffering intolerably even now; and the words spoken by the Archbishops in their Convocations, as well as last night's debate in Parliament, encourage us to hope that those who are responsible for action will do what needs to be done. But at all events I ask every incumbent in the diocese to arrange for the solemn observance of Sunday, March 16, and the week following, as a time of united prayer that "God may restrain the fierceness of men and uphold the sufferers by His mercy and protection."

# CHURCH AND STATE

## VIEWS OF CHURCH ASSOCIATION

A statement issued by the council of the Church Association, "in view of the request of the National Assembly of the Church of England for the appointment of a Commission by the Archbishops to inquire into the relations of Church and State," urges that "the Assembly is not representative in any real sense of the 'congregation of faithful men' which, according to Article XIX., constitutes the 'Church.' It has, therefore, no serious claim to speak on behalf of the Church of England.

"The desired Commission is a belated and entirely unnecessary sequel to the repeated rejection of the (happily abortive) 'Deposited Book' by the House of Commons two years ago. The responsibility for that humiliating episode rests upon the now dominant party among the Bishops. Despite the strongest possible evidence that it was distasteful to the majority of Churchpeople, they forced it through the Assembly to Parliament; and then, after its first defeat, persisted, against all counsels of charity and prudence, in thrusting it (unchanged in any material point) once again upon the House of Commons, the first day that the rules of the House permitted its reintroduction. Accordingly, it was rejected once more, and by an increased majority. . . . In this case the House of Commons has defended the Established Religion of the Church, which the Assembly was attacking. Parliament has simply asked the Bishops and clergy to 'hear the Church' and not to transgress the plain teaching of the formularies to which every one of them has of his own free will and choice solemnly pledged his allegiance before God and man."

# WILLS AND BEQUESTS

## ESTATE OF SIR ERNEST BIRCH

SIR ERNEST CHARLES JAMES WOODFORD BIRCH, K.C.M.G., of Kincardine, Brassey-road, Bexhill, chairman of the Eastern Smelting Company, Limited, and of numerous other tin and rubber companies in the Malay States, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Labuan and British North Borneo from 1901 to 1904, who died on December 17, aged 72, left unsettled property in England of the gross value of £22,944, with net personalty £7,420.

Mr. EDWARD AITKEN, of Mayen House, Rothiemay, Banffshire, largely interested in various East Indian concerns, who died on October 1, aged 82, left, in addition to real estate, personal estate in Great Britain and in the East Indies valued for probate at £187,231, of which the personal estate in Great Britain amounts to £86,590.

Mr. ARTHUR FORESTER WALKER, of Newcourt, Lincoln's Inn, W.C., solicitor, principal of the firm of Shelton and Co., of Wolverhampton and Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C., who died on December 20, left estate of the gross value of £29,843, with net personalty £8,873. He left:—

£100 each, free of duty, to Charles Edward Johnson, "formerly a clerk in my firm's office at Wolverhampton," and his clerks (at the London office), Arthur Gilbert Smale and John Nicholson.

Mr. WILLIAM SMALL, of Bromyard-road, St. John's, Worcester, died on December 23, aged 86, leaving property of the value of £29,708, with net personalty £29,403. He gives:—

Furniture of the value of £50 and the income from £3,000 Stock to his servant, Charlotte Wall.

Miss LOUISA MARY FOWLER, of The Spring, Pembury, Kent, who died on January 2, left estate of the gross value of £22,538, with net personalty £20,575. She left:—

£1,000 to the Friends' Foreign Mission Association; £750 each to her helpers and friends, Lucy Knight and Mary Mann; and £100 to the Woodford Jubilee Hospital.

Mr. HENRY GRATTON BARKER, of The Pagoda, Maidenhead, stockbroker, who died on January 9, aged 76, left estate of the gross value of £27,584, with net personalty £26,018. He left:—

£950, whether in his service at the time of his decease or not, to his servant, William Wagner; £50 to his late housekeeper, Mrs. Lawton; and £150 each to W. H. Windsor and G. E. Mead, in the employ of Ernest Barker and Co.

Miss CAROLINE ELLEN LEIGHTON, of St. Julian's Farm-road, West Norwood, S.E., who died on January 5, aged 76, left £18,080, with net personalty £17,205. She left:—

£50 to James Martin, coachman; £100 to Harriet Louisa Rees, housekeeper, if still in her service; and £100 to Worthing Hospital.

The REV. CHARLES THOMAS LAWRENCE, M.A., of the Rutland Court Hotel, Lancaster-gate, Hyde Park, W., who died on August 21, left estate of the gross value of £13,258, with net personalty £13,144. He left:—

After a few legacies, all other his property equally between the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, the Universities Mission to Central Africa, and the Cambridge Mission to Delhi, saying that he did not make any provision, bequests, or gifts to or for any of his relatives, as he had reason to think they were all well provided for.

Mrs. EMMA DOXAT, of Langsmead, Pyrford, Surrey, who died on January 17, aged 89, widow of E. T. Doxat, left £8,833, with net personalty £3,187. She left:—

One year's wages to her servant,—Taylor: £200 to her servant,—Kirby; £50 to her servant,—Chennells; and £10 to any other servant, in each case if in her service at her decease.

The REV. THOMAS LEWIS, F.R.G.S., of Cornwall-avenue, Wood Green, N., from 1908 to 1912 principal of the Anglo-American College at Kimpesi, Portuguese Congo, who died on December 5, aged 70, left £5,740 gross, with net personalty £3,729. He left:—

£500 worth of Government stock in trust for Beatrice Jessie Percival for life, with remainder to the Baptist Missionary Society, and he also left to the said society any rights in any books published in his name or any manuscripts left by him, together with royalties due therefrom; and £100 to the Baptist Missionary Society.

Mr. JOHN BEALE, of Maldon, Essex, director of E. H. Bentall and Co., Limited, agricultural implement makers, of Heybridge, Maldon, who died on January 16, aged 87, left £5,055, with net personalty £4,177. He left:—

£80 per annum to his housekeeper, Mary Emma Hayward, if in his service at his death; and £30 per annum to his servant, Margaret Murton.

Other latest wills include the following:—

| | Gross value |
|---|---|
| BURNERS, Miss Ann Catherine, of Fourth-avenue, Hove (net personalty £84,629) .. | £84,882 |
| DAVIES, Mr. Howard, M.R.C.S., L.S.A. (67), of The Ash Grove, Pontypridd, Glam. (net personalty £39,472) .. .. .. .. | 40,459 |
| ELLICE, Mrs. Margaret Georgiana, of Aberchalder, Invergarry, Inverness-shire, wife of Major E. C. Ellice, D.S.O., and sister of Viscount Willingdon, Governor-General of Canada (unsettled personal property) .. | 4,382 |
| JONES, Mr. Sidney, Chevalier de la Légion d'Honneur (53), of Beechanger Court, Caterham, Surrey, and Société Générale de Paris, Old Broad-street, E.C., London manager since 1916 of the Société Générale de Paris, general and foreign bankers (net personalty £15,180) | 22,336 |
| LEMON, Mr. Edward (90), of St. Mary's-road, Frindsbury, Rochester, retired boat-builder, a personal friend of Charles Dickens .. .. | 339 |
| OSBORN, Mr. Harry (73), of Beresford, Genoa-avenue, Putney, S.W., and of Chalves (net personalty £11,343) .. .. .. .. | 12,079 |
| SOMERVELL, Mr. Colin (73), of Tenterfield, Kendal, Westmorland, chairman of Messrs. Somervell Brothers, Limited, boot manufacturers, Kendal (net personalty £35,262) .. | 34,095 |
| WATSON, the Right Rev. Mgr. Edward John, M.A. (83), of Westward House, Kneesworth-road, New London-road, Royston, Herts (net personalty £109) .. .. .. .. .. | 674 |

# ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

## SONS OF THE CLERGY

At the usual monthly meeting of the Court of Assistants of the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy held at the Corporation House, 6, Woburn-square, W.C.1, on February 21, grants totalling nearly £1,500 were made to over 80 applicants, including widows and aged daughters of deceased clergymen, as well as clergymen themselves seeking personal help or grants towards the education or start in life of their children. The 276th anniversary festival of the Sons of the Clergy will be celebrated on Wednesday, May 21, 1930; the service, in accordance with ancient tradition, will be held in St. Paul's Cathedral, the preacher being the Rev. Anthony C. Deane, Canon of Windsor. The customary dinner will be held the same evening in the Merchant Taylors' Hall, presided over by the Lord Mayor, who, with the Sheriffs, will attend in state. It is interesting to recall that these festivals are the oldest ceremonies of their kind in Europe. Sixty-two ladies and gentlemen have volunteered to serve the office of "Steward of the Festival," but at least double that number are required; the qualification for the "stewardship" will gladly be explained to any intending benefactor.

The parochial church council of Eaton-Socon, Hunts, where the parish church was completely destroyed by fire a fortnight ago, have appointed a rebuilding committee. It is anticipated that the insurance company will meet the claim of £18,000, for which the fabric of the church was insured, and the committee have issued an appeal for £8,000 towards the restoration.

### CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The REV. F. APPLETON, a former organizing secretary of the C.M.S. for the dioceses of Ripon and Wakefield, has been appointed by the Bishop of Leicester to the benefice of Hose, near Melton Mowbray.

The REV. F. F. G. WARMAN, elder son of the Bishop of Manchester, and at present curate of St. Nicholas, Radford, Coventry, has been appointed a curate at Chilvers Coton (Warwickshire).

### NOTES

Thanksgiving services for the preservation of St. Paul's Cathedral will be held in June for the diocese of London as follows:—On Thursday, June 26, for the Archdeaconry of London; on Friday, June 27, for the Archdeaconry of Hampstead; and on Saturday, June 28, for the Archdeaconry of Middlesex. The services on each day will be at 10 (Choral Communion), 4 (Evensong), and 8 (Special Service). Those wishing to be present at the special service must obtain tickets from the local clergy, and not from the Cathedral. At the other services no tickets are required. The clergy attending the special services are asked to bring their robes.

Dr. Lovertoft will lecture at St. Edmund's, Lombard-street, on Wednesday, February 26, at 1.10 p.m., on "Christ and the Modern Jew."

The bells of Windsor Parish Church, which have been in use for over 100 years, are being taken down for repair and retuning. The King is among the subscribers to the repair fund.

### *SEATING STANDARD FOR VEHICLES*

An allowance of 16in. for each passenger, the standard prescribed in an Act 100 years old, was the basis of a summons for overcrowding a motor-omnibus brought against DAISY LOADWICK, a Doncaster Corporation omnibus conductor, who at Doncaster on Saturday was fined £1 for permitting 49 passengers in an omnibus licensed for 32. It was pointed out on behalf of the Corporation that this was the last omnibus by which the miners working at a certain colliery could travel to work, and that had a party who boarded the omnibus at the last minute been turned off they would have lost a day's work at the colliery.


# Distinctive Wear for the Ice Rink

WHETHER you are a golfer or an ice rink enthusiast you will find Harrods Knit Wear Salon a wonderful source of Style-right, Colour-right and Fabric-right garments suitable for each and every occasion.

**SARI.**—Distinctive tailor-made Jumper Suit of Wool Tweed. The fine White Piqué front and cuffs, the narrow leather belt, and the wide box-pleats with an inlet of reversed Tweed are all very new. In Sea Foam, Marine Blue, Leafmold and Black/White. Average fittings. Swathed Cap to match **6½ Gns.** **15/9**

**SUZANNE.**—Three-piece Cardigan Suit in fine quality Wool Stockinette. The Skirt is very finely pleated and the Jumper is embroidered in softly toning colours. The Cardigan has two pockets and can be made with or without sleeves. In Sea Foam, Marine Blue, Warm Beige, Leafmold, and Black/Grey. Three average sizes, also extra size. **5 Gns.**

**SAMMY.**—New Skating Costume. The circular skirt is made from Harrods finest quality Stockinette and lined with heavy Crêpe de Chine to tone with the Pullover, which may be worn over the skirt or tucked in. In Sea Foam, Tempest, Marine Blue, Barcelona, Matador, Leafmold and Black. Three average sizes. Skirt **4 Gns.** Pullover **45/9**

HARRODS WINDOWS REVEAL THE LATEST FASHIONS SHOWN AT THE PARIS OPENINGS

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**21/60 h.p.**

SIX CYLINDER
LONG WHEEL BASE
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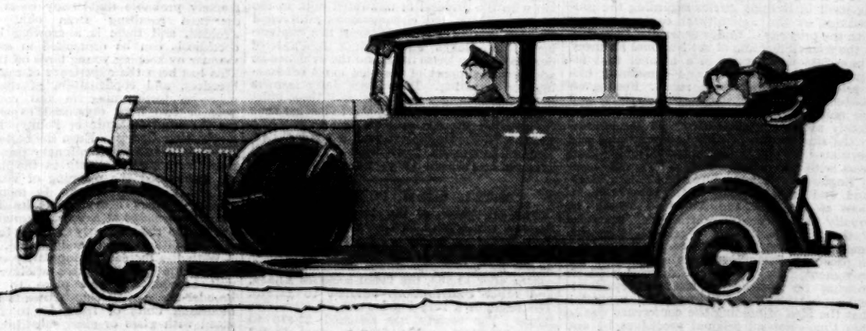
*(To seat seven)*



**Price £695**

*Also supplied as seven-seater Limousine or seven-seater Saloon de Luxe at same price.*

*The equipment includes: Chromium Plating, Radiator Shutters, Fog Lamp, Screen Wiper, Hydraulic Shock Absorbers, Two Spare Wheels, Two Spare Wheel Covers, Sun Visor, 12-volt Electric Starting and Lighting Set, Illuminated Instrument Panel, Interior Roof Light, Electric Horn, Bulb Horn, Lady's Companion, Lady's Umbrella, Smoker's Companion with Electric Cigar Lighter, Skin Rug, Pile Carpet front and rear, Two Silk-covered Head Cushions, Parcels Net, Roof Ventilator.*

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# Agriculture

## THE HEAVY HORSE

### ECONOMIC PLACE IN TRANSPORT

### SHIRE SHOW THIS WEEK

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

This week the heavy horse will make his annual incursion into London in a manner less familiar to the public than that which they note from daily observation. The draught horses seen on the streets and roads fulfil a purpose in the economy of the Metropolis and other great industrial centres that far surpasses in efficiency what is commonly represented. It has been suggested, possibly more from theoretical than from experienced understanding of things, that the heavy horse can well be dispensed with from the streets of populous cities; that he blocks the way for motor-cars and motor-lorries, and is no longer a factor of importance in the requirements of business areas.

Lovers of horses do not accept this view, but it is not their ideas that keep the horse in the towns. They would deplore on various grounds the disappearance of the horse, or indeed his further supersession by the aggressive self-propelling vehicles, but it is acknowledged that any effort on their part would be unavailing in preventing the changes they would so sincerely regret. The heavy horse persists in resolute opposition to the motor-lorries on strictly economic grounds. It is the employer of hauling power who keeps the place of the horse secure in towns and cities. This choice is inspired by and based upon no shade of sentiment. It is dictated exclusively by reasons of economic experience and, resting upon so impregnable a foundation, it is improbable that the present position of the horse in London and other urban centres will be considerably restricted, if, indeed, it is not appreciably extended and consolidated.

#### SOCIETY'S REMARKABLE RECORD

The show of the Shire Horse Society, a body now in its 51st year and with a record of remarkable activity and effective work to its credit, has contrived to link itself up intimately with the horses of the street, and on Thursday next, the third day of the show, the programme gives prominence to the commercial classes; but the outstanding features of the meeting are connected with the breeding studs. The society aims at the encouragement of breeding of the types of Shire demanded, those that bring the best reward to the farmers who cling to the pure-bred heavy horses in order primarily to supply a changed market for the progeny, or to produce the stock that will enable others to cater for the market. Visitors to the Royal Agricultural Hall this week will see classes slightly reduced from some former years, but a total entry of 333 animals will certainly provide a representation worthy of the breed and indicative of its place in the rural and urban transport industries under modern conditions.

The future of the horse in urban and suburban work depends upon the surest and most enduring of all conditions—that of inexpensive power. Due recognition of this distinguishing characteristic invests the returning London shows of Shire horses with interest and importance for all connected with transport work of the heavier types. This week's exhibition, which will be held under the presidency of Mr. A. Thomas Loyd—one of the most successful owners of the day, as former owners of Lockinge Park were before him—Lord Wantage, Lady Wantage, and Mr. A. K. Loyd, promises to be exceptionally attractive on account of the class and group entries. The finest specimens of the greatest breed of cart horses are catalogued, and, in addition to strong musters in the younger classes, there is to be a particularly notable collection of animals that have already won distinction here and at other shows, and whose frequent reappearance testifies to the soundness and lasting properties of the breed.

#### STILL A FAIR MARKET

The fascination of the show for farmers and landowners is of a different description. For them as breeders the advantage of the exhibition consists in the opportunity the event affords for placing the choicest representatives of their studs before probable buyers of the highest grades of animals. Although the time may have passed when exorbitant prices, such as were often paid a decade or two ago, can be expected, there is still a fair market for well-bred colts and fillies. A steady gelding trade lacks the temptations of the old order, but, conducted in prudent conjunction with the working of the farms, the breeding of heavy draught horses is able to make a substantial item in the affairs of the composite holding. The progeny of registered stock have the very significant advantage that they are virtually exempt from hereditary unsoundness, and unite with this important quality greater enduring merits.

The Shire Horse Society, in addition to other work for the benefit of the breed and its owners, has been resolute in eradicating hereditary diseases and in banishing from the roads stallions unfitted to propagate stock of an approved description. The improving work of former years has been robbed to some extent of its full influences by reason of the curtailed market for horses, but it is definitely recognisable in the horses that are to be seen at show or sale, or in work, to-day. The Islington collection this week can be trusted to present an impressive representation of the modern Shire. Most of the principal studs, including his Majesty's Sandringham stud, have entered consignments, and the most confident expectations are likely to be fully realized.

## FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

### THE AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

It is not surprising that impatience is showing itself in farming circles regarding the proceedings at the agricultural conference and with the progress of things generally. Delegates to the council meeting of the National Farmers' Union last week spoke in a manner that reflected both impatience and something like hopelessness of appreciable result. Feeling on matters of the kind is changing rapidly, and the only interpretation of an attitude completely alien to a class of people accustomed to the slow action of natural operations, and associated causes, is that financial obligations press with increasing urgency. The situation in England is no less acute than it is in Scotland, and mass meetings of the proportions of those at Dingwall and Aberdeen would be equally impressive and warranted. The state of things is unmistakably critical, and with financial reserves or credit steadily ebbing, and no prospect whatever discernible of early improvement, the feeling of distrust that is growing up throughout the countryside is understandable. It is frequently suggested that the idea of holding the conference was to gain time—not an original procedure by any means, but one to which farmers have grown accustomed, and which can no longer either silence or restrain them in an endeavour to save their business from ruin. The N.F.U., wisely and with the sanction of the council, is taking part in the conference, and while the conference continues the representatives are pledged to secrecy, but the tone and temper of the industry as reflected at Thursday's meeting inspire the hope that there will be no avoidable delay in arriving at and announcing whatever conclusions may be possible. One interesting result of the acute urgency of the position is that last week's debate brought into prominence extremely promising recruits to the deliberations and work of the N.F.U. No public body has been, or could be, better served by its leading representatives than the N.F.U., but evidence of new talent arising to "carry on" will be welcomed at headquarters and by the general body of members.

#### BROADCASTING FAT STOCK PRICES

Farmers are considerably perturbed by the suggestion that the B.B.C. may have to cease to broadcast fat stock prices on account of complaints received from listeners-in, who are not only uninterested, but impatient of the few minutes' interruption of alternative programmes. Agriculturists may be less vocal than most other classes in manifesting their appreciation of services, but the statement of market prices is of real help to farmers and the service is greatly appreciated by them. The reading of the market quotations takes from three to five minutes a week, surely not an excessive proportion of the many hours' service a day to devote to what is still the greatest industry in the land. The B.B.C. can rest assured that in this case at all events silence does not mean lack of general and genuine appreciation of the service rendered.

#### SUPERFLUOUS SURVEYS

The scheme for extensive surveys of farms is sharply and justly criticized. The results of inquiries of the kind, often undertaken by officials of limited experience, may be "interesting" from certain points of view, but the only question that appeals to farmers is their practical value. The pigeon-holes in Whitehall must be packed with reports on agricultural investigations far more important than any that can result from cursory work of this type. There is, for instance, the comprehensive and closely reasoned report of the Agricultural Economic Tribunal of 1924. The late Sir W. Ashley, who was chairman, and his colleagues penetrated into the deeper recesses of the industry in all its aspects in a manner not possible in the present system, and any reasonable and necessary information concerning the state of the farming industry can be supplied by their exceptionally exhaustive and lucid report. As far as experienced practical opinion can be sounded, it is not surveys but examples in successful farming that are wanted. The preparation of surveys may entail much careful labour, but the work is held to be simple compared with that of demonstrating in actual practice the teaching that is deemed appropriate for farmers. If demonstration farms as distinct from experimental farms were established at suitable centres for proving the merits of procedures advocated, farmers would watch them with the keenest interest. They would be critical, naturally, but entirely sympathetic, and work of this kind would be more effective in winning the support of the industry than numerous surveys. The system would also serve to enlighten headquarters as to the difficulties of the business, and to unite the whole resources in sound schemes for the solution of existing problems.

#### PIG MARKETS

The pig markets furnish pronounced evidence of the low prices for potatoes and cereals. Pork and bacon pigs sell well at good prices, but it is the demand for young pigs that illustrates the disorganized state of things on the farms. Litters from eight to 12 weeks old, or even older stores, excite something like frenzied competition, with the result that prices reach levels out of all proportion to the values of the finished animals. Nothing but a wish to consume unsaleable commodities rather than allow them to go to waste can explain or justify from 50s. to 60s. for newly weaned pigs.

#### CONTROL OF FARMING

When the farming industry was released from State control after the War it was loudly and boldly declared that, whatever happens, there must be no more control. Understanding of the hampering effects of official direction and supervision fully explained the determination not to tolerate central interference again. In view of these protestations only a few years ago, it seems strange that certain branches of the industry appear to be ready to re-enter the state of official bondage. It is admitted at once that growers of potatoes are absolutely at their wit's end to discover a remedy for the terrible plight of their business. But voluntary recourse to statutory bondage does not seem to be the most attractive way out of their position. The fact that such a thing was even proposed must be read, not as indicating recognition of merit in official control, but as proof of the hopeless state of the potato-growing pursuit. The country can ill-afford to sacrifice this fruitful form of production and employment. It would be a grave calamity if it were seriously curtailed either by reduced consumption of potatoes or, still worse, by the importation of unnecessary supplies from abroad.

#### PRESENT-DAY FARMING

In addressing meetings of Devonshire farmers last week Mr. Alfred Mansell, College Hill, Shrewsbury, was able to draw upon a reserve of practical knowledge and experience rarely equalled. He made full use of his exceptional qualifications to indicate to his fortunate hearers the lines along which agriculture had travelled in the past 50 years and, in his view, was likely to develop in the coming years. Live stock, said Mr. Mansell, are more than ever destined to be the basic feature of British farming, and he counselled young farmers to play close heed to matters relating to herds and flocks. More important even than the general outline of probable progress, the speaker advised strict observance of proved rudimentary principles in the management of either live stock or land. Mr. Mansell advised caution in adopting or developing new methods, and no one has had wider opportunities of noting the results of the different systems preferred. Much disappointment and money would be saved, he said, if more care and consideration were given to the adaptability of the farm and district for any particular class of stock before departing considerably from the established custom of the locality. Knowledge in such complicated matters as animal production at best comes slowly, since the most trustworthy information is acquired by personal experience, and this is dependable only when repeated and proved over a number of years. The personal element, of course, counts for much, as has always been recognized, in farming, as in other spheres of activity, industrial, commercial, or scientific, and Mr. Mansell's observations on the varying ideas and preferences of farmers are instructive and of absorbing interest.

#### MILK TRADE PROSPECTS

Whatever the exact financial results, business relating to liquid milk appears to proceed smoothly in the interval between the fixing of new contracts. If one reads between the lines, or listens to responsible expressions of opinion, however, all is not so calm and reassuring as appearances might indicate. Each successive settlement leaves relations between the contracting parties a little more ruffled than the last, and with increasing competition from various sources it would be difficult to attempt to foretell the terms that can be obtained for the producers next September. Mr. J. H. Maggs, whose prominent association with both production and distribution is known, appears to be exceedingly apprehensive regarding the future. Speaking at Pewsey Vale N.F.U. dinner, he warned the dairy farmers of Wiltshire and other districts to be prepared for keener controversies over the next contract terms. Circumstances had combined to send into the market embarrassing quantities of milk, and it was essential that more definite conditions should be devised and enforced for the disposal of surplus milk—the supplies that the liquid milk market cannot absorb. It was known that far-seeing farmers and informed distributors were anxious last year to inaugurate some scheme for a greater equality of risk in connexion with the disposal of unwanted milk to the best advantage, but circumstances intervened to force delay in its development last September. Mr. Maggs advocates a renewal of negotiations on these lines, and the evidence he adduces in support of his plea looks convincing and arresting. He advises dairy farmers not to wait for new contracts as if these must come as a matter of course, but to lose no time in investigating the problem and to get into touch with the headquarters of the N.F.U., 45, Bedford-square, on the subject. The counsel is sound and should not pass unheeded.

#### ROYAL SHOW PRIZE SHEET

For the show of the Royal Agricultural Society, which is to be held at Manchester on July 8-12 next, prizes to the value of £15,650 are to be offered. The society sets aside £8,500 for prizes, the Manchester Local Committee offer £1,503, the breed societies £3,434, and other contributions amount to £2,213. The result is a very handsome and attractive figure. The society has assigned £3,470 to horses, £6,318 to cattle, £110 to goats, £2,283 to sheep, £1,772 to pigs, £499 to produce, and £526 to poultry. The provision made for livestock and produce is adequate to ensure comprehensive representations of the principal classes of animals and produce. It is important to note that all entries for the show must be received by the secretary, Mr. T. B. Turner, 16, Bedford-square, London, W.C.1, not later than May 20.

#### N.F.U. YEAR BOOK

The farmer is urged from all quarters to keep himself well informed in matters concerning his industry. There is no more helpful or informative source to which he can turn for instruction and guidance than the Year Book, compiled and published by the National Farmers' Union (45, Bedford-square, London, W.C.1, price 5s.). From the 560 pages of the volume nothing seems to be omitted that is of immediate importance for the agriculturist to know. The wide field of research is dealt with, and facilities for reference indicated in a way competent to the needs of the most acquisitive, and special articles on subjects of current importance, and by writers of repute, add to the value of the book. The editor, Captain Fyfe, and all who have had a hand in the preparation of the book, are to be complimented upon the efficiency that distinguishes their work.

## THE PIG INDUSTRY

### COUNCIL ON DIRECT STATE ASSISTANCE

The Pig Industry Council has presented its Second Interim Report to the Minister of Agriculture. The Report, which is published to-day, states that the Council is of opinion that direct assistance from the State would probably be necessary, in some form, to secure an immediate expansion of the pig industry.

In issuing the Report the Minister states that he cannot be held to endorse any suggestions therein involving direct Government assistance, whether in the form of subsidies or of prohibition or restriction of the importation of articles of food. This would be contrary to the general policy of the Government. The whole report will, however, receive the most careful consideration. The Council have been asked to continue with the task of exploring and assessing the economies which the industry can secure of itself, of recommending such action by the industry as will secure these economies, of investigating the economic environment of competing bacon industries abroad, and generally pointing the way to a higher, all-round standard of efficiency at home.

The Council state in their report:—"We do not doubt that some economies can be achieved in production, marketing, and manufacture, but, at the present stage of our investigation, we are unable to say whether they would ever be on such a scale as to put the industry at a distinct advantage compared with European competitors. We therefore arrive at the fundamental question of whether the Government desires to see an immediate expansion of the pig industry of this country. We can see certain definite advantages in such an expansion; both from the standpoint of the nation in general and of the agricultural industry in particular.

"It would be of great importance to ascertain whether other markets would be available for Scandinavian products in the event of the expansion, at their expense, of our home output of mild-cured bacon, or whether sheer economic necessity would compel these countries either to change their whole agricultural system or to engage in a severe price war with the revived pig industry of this country. The last of these contingencies appears the most likely, and it would be essential that during the transitional phase a reasonable margin of profit should be obtainable by English producers until the revival of the English industry became real and lasting. During this hypothetical period, therefore, the Council is of opinion that direct assistance from the Government would in all probability be necessary.

"Whether such assistance should take the form of a bonus on the production of the proper type of bacon pig, or be brought about by a limitation or rationing of imports or by the operations of an Import Board, the Council does not feel it is the right body to decide. Should, however, the Government consider it to be in the national interests to take active steps to foster the home pig industry and stimulate it into prompt and effective development, the Council would urge that a Committee be appointed to advise upon the matter, and that this body should not consist, as does the present Council, of members all of whom are interested in the production or marketing of pigs and pig products, but of persons able to take an entirely detached view of the problem."

Discussing the advantages that would accrue from an expansion of the industry, the report refers to the increase in the manurial value of the land and the extra demand for labour. On the extreme hypothesis that all the pig products now imported were produced in this country, it is estimated that regular employment would be provided for 48,000 more men on the farms, 20,000 in factories, transport, and accessory services, and 10,000 in providing the additional foodstuffs required—a total of 78,000 men—while the increase in wheat milling at home to provide the millers' offals needed would create still further employment.

## CHICKEN REARING

### THE INDOOR SYSTEM

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

During the past 20 years many poultry-keepers have been engaged in a series of independent experiments to find the most favourable and economical conditions for the artificial rearing of chickens; and the fact that to-day rearing is generally considered to be the most difficult and critical of the poultryman's activities may be accepted as conclusive proof that the search has not been fruitful. For while prolonged tests have been made with outdoor and indoor small brooders, coal and oil burning stoves for large and small units, brooder houses of various designs, and eventually the battery or bird-cage system, nothing has emerged which can be interpreted as definite guidance for all breeders and all circumstances. The most we can expect is that individual breeders have discovered methods which suit their particular conditions better than others, though few would go so far as to declare their complete satisfaction.

There is, however, an indication that more definite and substantial ideas are forming in the minds of chicken rearers, and to some extent certain of these may be attributed to the extension of the hatching season, which has necessitated special precautions for the protection of young chickens during the first three months of the year, and even in April. The advocate of natural methods who declared for the policy of getting his chickens out upon mother earth at the earliest reasonable moment may have justified his principle when he hatched in April and May; but earlier breeding has presented a different set of circumstances, and in all probability he will become a ready convert to the policy of intensive rearing, which in many cases means that chickens are not allowed to run upon grass or earth until they are eight or 10 weeks old. Twenty years ago the majority of breeders would have condemned such a method as unnatural, and, with limited knowledge of feeding requirements and the means of correcting the tendency to rickets the intensive system of rearing certainly seemed to stand a very poor chance. It has become a practical policy to-day through the preliminary results of organized research, so that with increasing facilities for studying nutritional and physical factors the solution of our rearing problems should present less difficulty in the future.

The policy of rearing chickens indoors is dictated by the need for protecting young birds from chills, for avoiding contamination through the soil, and for reducing the risks of mortality from diarrhœa and coccidiosis. It is not expected that bacillary white diarrhœa can be prevented by rearing chickens on dry floors and under cover; but it is extremely probable that many cases of simple diarrhœa resulting from chill might be avoided, and there is a growing belief that coccidiosis can be controlled in an effective manner by keeping young birds off the ground. This has been the experience of many private breeders, and confirmation of the principle may be forthcoming in the course of a year or two from organized experiments at the National Institute of Poultry Husbandry and at Wye College. Even the battery system, which introduces revolutionary principles that must have proved costly in the days before we understood the meaning of vitamins and mineral mixtures, appeals to many modern poultry-farmers because, besides facilitating rearing *en masse* at a very reasonable cost, it avoids the risks of early exposure to unfavourable conditions of air and ground.

With the increasing popularity of intensive rearing the question arises whether the small unit brooder will give place to the fixed brooder-house with compartments for accommodating units of from 50 to 200 chicks, fitted with glass or glass substitute that will transmit the ultra violet ray. One objection to the fixed brooder-house was that the ground in the outer runs became fouled; but with the adoption of the close confinement principle that factor disappears.

### *MINISTER'S LETTER TO HOUSEWIVES*

The Minister of Agriculture has sent a letter to over 50,000 housewives in Acton, Chelsea, Chiswick, Ealing, Earl's Court, Hammersmith, Hanwell, Kensington, South Kensington, West Ealing, and West Kensington, enclosing a list of the butchers in those areas who are regular sellers of National Mark beef. A similar letter has been sent to 9,000 housewives in Birmingham. The letter states:—"The splendid new movement for up-to-date marketing, which is bringing National Mark produce into the shops, has recently made it possible for us in London to buy beef at reasonable prices with the certainty that it is home produce and that it has been passed by experts as of high quality. The movement is growing rapidly on its merits, and I write to enlist your support for it. I am sure that you believe with me that 'Empire buying begins at home.' Here is a chance to put that belief into practice."

## LIVESTOCK SALES

### PURE-BRED SHORTHORNS AT PENRITH

At the two days' sale of pure-bred Shorthorn cattle conducted by Messrs. John Thornborrow and Co. at Penrith, Cumberland, on Thursday and Friday, trade was very encouraging, and 194 head changed hands at an average price of £42 5s. 6d. Forty-nine females averaged £37 5s. 11d. and 101 dairy bulls £46 4s. The average for 44 dual-purpose bulls was £38 16s. 3d. The dual-purpose bull championship was awarded to Baron Brideskirk 112th, a dark roan calf, Mr. J. Barnes, Wigton, who was the successful exhibitor, and he sold his winner for 130 guineas, the top price of the sale, to Mr. James Sidey, of Coupar-Angus, the exporter. Farrar Dairy Duke, exhibited by Messrs. T. Park and Sons, of Burgh-by-Sands, gained the Dairy Bull Championship, and made 120 guineas from Mr. E. McGregor, of Leamington, and 100 guineas was paid by Sir William Hicking, Brackenhurst Hall, Notts, for Lord Henry Bentinck's Underley Prince George, which won reserve championship honours. Among the females the champion was Mrs. Armstrong's cow Fair Rose the Fourth, whose buyer, for 41 guineas, was Mr. J. E. Jordan, of Morpeth. Mr. J. Thomlinson's reserve female champion, Butterfly Marie, was purchased for 50 guineas by Dr. Shene, and the leading female price of 76 guineas was bid by Mr. H. Shilleto, Tadcaster, Yorkshire, for Mr. S. B. Mason's Hilda the Eleventh.

At the first sale this year of pedigree Hereford bulls, held at Hereford on Wednesday by the Hereford Herd Book Society, 92 head realized an average of £76 7s. Messrs. Edwards, Russell, and Baldwin sold the animals and made prices as high as 600 guineas, which was the successful bid of the representative of the Irish Free State Department of Agriculture for Mr. W. H. D. Davies's Desert Storm, a yearling which at the show on Tuesday gained championship honours. Another bull which went to the Irish Free State at 150 guineas was Mr. H. R. Griffiths's Tarrington Defender. Several of the "plums" were purchased by various buyers for export to Australia and South America, among them being Messrs. J. Pryce and Sons' reserve champion, Penmaes Statesman; Messrs. P. and G. Hughes, of Gresty, Crewe, who export to South America, obtained this prizewinner for 200 guineas, and other animals purchased by them included, at 300 guineas, Mr. W. Smith's Leen Timepiece. An Australian buyer gave 400 guineas for Mr. W. H. Jones's Golden Masterpiece, while another high price was 380 guineas, the final bid of Messrs. Edward Webb and Sons, Stourbridge, for Mr. P. E. Bradstock's Free Town Councellor.

#### C.W.S. WILTSHIRE STOCK

The second of several auctions arranged by the Co-operative Wholesale Society, on account of the sale of their Wiltshire estates, took place on Friday at Yatesbury, Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley being the auctioneers. The C.W.S. live stock in Wiltshire altogether included over 1,000 head of cattle, 1,000 sheep, and about 100 horses. Friday's offering was comprised of the registered herd of Red Poll cattle, as well as 110 Shorthorn cows, and a large number of sheep. There was a splendid level trade for the non-pedigree cows and heifers, which brought in £2,606 12s. 6d., and averaged £23 14s. Among the Red Polls the top price was 41 guineas for a heifer.

At Nettleham Hall Farm, near Lincoln, on Thursday, there was a sale of a selection of pure-bred milk-recorded Lincolnshire Red Shorthorns, from the prize-winning herd of Mr. Benjamin Bowser, of Scothern Manor, Lincoln. Messrs. George L. Tinsley and Laverack were associated with Messrs. J. E. Walter and Son, of Horncastle, in selling the cattle, and an average was recorded for 60 head of between £23 and £24, the total sum realized being over £1,400.

The total of £3,385 15s. was paid for 246 head at Messrs. John Thornton and Co.'s annual spring sale of pedigree and other pigs at Reading on Wednesday. Apart from store pigs, 224 head averaged £14 10s. 6d. and realized £3,254 5s. The top price was £33 paid by Mr. E. Rawle for a five-year-old Wessex Saddleback sow, entered by Mr. H. T. Holloway, West Lavington, Devizes.

The sale at Packwood Grange, Dorridge, on Tuesday, of a selection of pure-bred Large White pigs from Mr. Ernest Harding's Packwood herd, produced an average of £18 14s. 6d. for 78 head. Messrs. Harry Hobson and Co., the auctioneers, sold boars as high as 45 guineas, Packwood Masterpiece being secured at this price for export to the Irish Free State; Packwood Bob 2nd, a boar only a few months old, being taken by the same buyer at 30 guineas.

Excellent prices were paid for pedigree Shire horses at a dispersal sale, conducted by Messrs. Henry Manley and Sons at Bettisfield Hall Farm, near Wem, on Thursday, of the live and dead farm stock, the property of Mrs. Kelsall. The top figure was 90 guineas for Bettisfield Gem, an eight-year-old bay mare, sired by Theale Lockinge, and winner of numerous prizes, including first at the Royal Welsh Show two years ago. Bettisfield Eureka, a two-year-old bay filly, which has also obtained several first prizes, made 80 guineas, while 48 guineas was paid for Bettisfield Mimic, a bay colt, 41 guineas for Bettisfield Rose Queen, a brown filly, and 40 guineas for Bettisfield Wild Rose, a seven-year-old brown mare. At the same sale 62 dairy cattle changed hands at an average price of £22 5s., including barreners.

## NEWSPAPER PRESS FUND

### AN ALL-ROUND INCREASE IN PENSIONS

At the annual meeting of the Newspaper Press Fund, held at 11, Garrick-street on Saturday, Mr. GORDON ROBBINS, who presided, said that while there was an increase in the claims, grants, and pensions last year, the receipts amounted to £28,098, or £4,500 more than the previous record on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee appeal in 1923. Consequently the Council had been able to make an all-round increase in pensions. The Duke of York had consented to preside at the annual dinner at the Hotel Victoria on May 7, and was thus continuing the interest shown by the Royal Family in the fund.

Members would note with regret the deaths during the year of Mr. T. P. O'Connor and of Sir John Somers Vine, who was the last surviving petitioner for the charter of the fund. Among the annuitants of the fund were 42 widows for whom there was no provision under ordinary actuarial schemes. During 1929 183 members were elected, and at the next meeting of the Council 50 applications for membership would be considered. At the last annual meeting the Council was instructed to ascertain the number of members of staffs of periodicals who would be eligible for membership if it were found possible to admit them. The number approached 500, of whom about 100 were in provincial centres.

Lord Rothermere was re-elected president of the fund. Mr. W. Thornton Sharpe was re-elected treasurer, and was asked to defer his resignation for another year.

A motion by Mr. P. B. M. ROBERTS, seconded by Mr. R. SOMERVILLE, instructing the Council to take a ballot of members on the question of making full-time members of the literary staffs of periodicals eligible for membership of the fund was defeated by a large majority.

### *WORLD AIR RECORDS*

The Royal Aero Club has been notified by the Fédération Aéronautique Internationale of the granting of the following world's records:—

USEFUL LOAD, 500 kilos.—France:—Breguet 19 special, with 600 h.p. Hispano Suiza engine, piloted by M. Costes and M. Codes at Istres on January 17 and 18; duration, 23hrs. 22min.; distance, 4,361kms. 980m.; speed over 2,000 kms., 214kms. 553m. an hour.

LIGHT AEROPLANES (two-seater).—Italy:—Fiat A.S.1, with Fiat A.50 engine, piloted by M. Renato Donati at Montecelio, Rome, on January 19 and 20; duration, 29hrs. 4min.; distance in a closed circuit, 2,746kms. 200m.

### *FARMERS AND NEW PARTY*

The agricultural policy of the United Empire Party was referred to at a meeting of the Somerset Executive of the National Farmers' Union at Taunton on Saturday. A letter was read from the headquarters of the union advising members, before pledging their support of any new body, to await the outcome of the agricultural conference now sitting, on which the three sections of the industry are represented. An assurance was given that the whole question of policy would be considered by the council of the union as soon as the conference concluded its labours.

## FARM ECONOMIES

### SPEED OF HORSE AND MAN

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

At a time when any form of economy which can be practised without impairing the efficiency of the farm may make the difference between a profit and a loss at the end of the year, the question of the speed of farm horses is well worth exploring. The type of farm horse most commonly seen in England was standardized before the days of wages boards, short working hours, and general foreign competition. While every one will realize that a type which for many years has suited the farmer cannot be changed suddenly and that there are other points besides quickness at work which have to be considered, speedier farm horses would be of practical benefit to the farmer.

A pair of horses which can plough a furrow nine inches wide and 300 yards long while another pair ploughs a 280-yards furrow of the same width will, in 60 days of ploughing, cover almost four more acres than the slower team. This may not seem a great amount, but on large arable farms it may mean a difference of a pair of horses and a man at an estimated cost of at least £150 a year.

In these days of wages boards and restricted hours there is the additional consideration that most horses work two to three hours less in a day than formerly, so that in a week the farmer, on account of restricted hours alone, may be getting an acre less of ploughing done than he did in the past, and if he calculates that the team will be at plough for 60 days in the year he will be losing seven to eight acres of ploughing and a proportionate amount of other work. If the four acres lost by the slower team are added to the seven to eight acres lost by restricted hours, it will be seen that costs will soon reach an uneconomical figure.

The solution of part of the problem lies between the farmer on the one hand and the breeder of stallions on the other. The farmer can do a great deal by breeding from active, free-moving mares and using a stallion which is likely to leave produce of the desired sort. The type of stallion available for use is almost entirely determined by the owners of large studs, and while there are many sires which conform to present-day requirements there is a large number which have apparently been bred solely with a view to getting weighty produce. Breeders should be able to produce a stallion which will get horses able to move heavy loads, do all the work of the farm, be saleable for town use when at the best age, and still be able to move at a more rapid pace than is at present usually the case.

While the speed of the horses could, in all probability, be altered to suit modern conditions, there remains the more difficult problem of hours spent at work. A partial solution exists in paying for overtime, but few farmers can afford that to-day, and the return for it is often a doubtful quantity. The horses must be in the stable a sufficient time to feed and to be cleaned, and any reduction here is likely to do more harm than good. A little time can be made by seeing that the men keep their horses on the move while in the fields and that they do not stop too long on the headlands to gossip with anyone who may be about. The difficulty is to get many of the men to see that things which were feasible in the past are no longer so, and that, in return for better pay and shorter hours, they must put in as much work as possible during the time they are on the farm.

## SALE OF DAIRY COW

### QUESTION OF WARRANTY

A case of great interest to cattle buyers was heard before Judge R. H. Roope Reeve, K.C., at the Hereford County Court on Tuesday, when Mr. William Ridley Thomas, dairy farmer, of Nunnington, near Hereford, was successful in his claim against Mr. Montague Perkins, Holme Lacy, Hereford, Shorthorn breeder, for alleged breach of warranty regarding a cow the plaintiff bought from the defendant at the annual sale held at Hereford last autumn, promoted by the Herefordshire, Gloucestershire, and Worcestershire Milk-Recording Societies.

Mr. Thomas purchased for 18 guineas Mr. Perkins's heifer Holme Lacy Primula V., which was described as "having passed both intradermal and ophthalmic tests, September 19, 1929," and relied on the animal being free from tuberculosis, because the defendant dealt very largely in dairy cattle, and it was part of his business to supply cattle of the particular character required at the sale. Subsequently the animal was found to be in a very advanced stage of tuberculosis and had eventually to be destroyed.

Evidence called for the plaintiff included that of Mr. R. Wooff, M.R.C.V.S., county veterinary officer, who said that when he examined the animal on December 8 there were clinical symptoms of tuberculosis, a chronic cough, distinct lesions in the lungs, and enlargement of glands in the back of the throat. He afterwards made a *post-mortem* examination, and found tuberculosis which had existed for at least six months.

The defence was that there was no warranty, and no knowledge on the part of the defendant that the animal was tuberculous, and that the defendant had had a certificate from a veterinary surgeon that the cow had passed the tuberculin test.

JUDGE ROOPE REEVE, in giving judgment for the plaintiff for the amount claimed, with costs, said the heifer was sold as suitable for milk-production, and was described in the catalogue as having passed both intradermal and ophthalmic tests. There could only be one purpose in putting in that statement—to lead a purchaser to believe that the heifer was free from tuberculosis, though it did not actually say so. He held it had been made out that there was an implied warranty under the section, the defendant having a high reputation for milk-recorded animals, so that it was a case in which the heifer had been bought by description. There would be no implied warranty if the buyer had examined the animal before the sale, but he (his Honour) was not satisfied that he had.

## "CRISIS IN AGRICULTURE"

### TRADE UNIONISTS' CALL FOR STATE HELP

A conference of the agricultural workers' section of the Transport and General Workers' Union at Transport House on Saturday passed a resolution calling upon the Government to give immediate assistance to agriculture. Mr. CHARLES DUNCAN, M.P., presided. The resolution "viewed with great concern the serious crisis in agriculture, the alarming increase in unemployment among agricultural workers due to the tremendous amount of land which is going rapidly out of cultivation, and the uncertainty and lack of confidence thus created." The Government was asked "to make an immediate declaration of assistance to tide the industry over the gravest difficulties which it has had to face in the present generation."

The resolution was moved by Mr. JOHN BEARD, chairman of the Trades Union Congress, and seconded by Mr. GEORGE DALLAS, M.P. A statement issued after the conference, which was private, said that the meeting was conscious that the ordinary laws of supply and demand could not meet the situation, and that there seemed to be no satisfactory way of dealing with it other than by assuming that the price of the next harvest crops should be such as would repay the present cultivation.

The conference did not express any definite opinion whether that should be brought about by a grant-in-aid, by a bounty, or any other particular method. The method most favoured was the proposal by Mr. E. F. WISE, M.P., for the setting up of a board to control the buying of foreign wheat and ensure stability of prices at a figure which would make home-grown cereals remunerative.

### *WINTER EGG PRODUCTION*

Reports from the leading egg-laying tests covering the first 16 weeks, which are regarded as the most critical test of productive ability, generally reveal higher returns than have previously been experienced. In the National Egg-laying Test at Milford, Surrey, in which 2,934 pullets were entered, the average production for the 16 winter weeks is 55.13 eggs a bird, compared with 48.79 for the corresponding period of last season's test. In the Harpe, Adams Laying Trials, in which 1,837 pullets are competing, the average is 49.6 eggs a bird. These figures are easily beaten by some of the smaller contests, especially by the county laying trials promoted by county authorities under the Ministry of Agriculture's scheme. The Somerset trials have returned the best average yield for the 16 winter weeks, which works out at about 67 eggs a bird, while the Kent and Surrey trials, which are conducted at Wye College, returned 63.65 eggs a bird.

## STATE OF BRITISH AGRICULTURE

### THE OXFORD REPORT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The short report on the present state of English agriculture appearing in *The Times* of January 29, prepared by the Oxford University Institute of Agricultural Economics, appears to be ill-timed, inaccurate, and misleading, and it can serve no useful purpose, except it be to raise a storm of protest from all those, be they landlords, tenant farmers, or labourers, closely connected with arable land who have already suffered so much and are to-day on the verge of despair.

The report is ill-timed, for it is published when the Press is devoting columns to bringing the needs of agriculture before the urban and industrial communities, and to impress upon them that agriculture is not just a pleasant country occupation, but an industry of vital importance to the nation. It is inaccurate, for statements are made, without any qualification, which can only give the man in the street the impression that there is nothing really the matter with agriculture—*e.g.*, we read:—"Where one (farm) is to be let there are perhaps dozens of applicants for it. . . ." This may be true of a 250-acre farm with at least 25 per cent. of grass, provided it is well situated and adequately equipped, but increase the acreage and offer any farm of from 500-900 acres, mostly arable, and there will be no applicant for it. Then again, the report says nothing about rent: there may be dozens of applications even for a poor or bad farm, but most of the applicants will be found to be "men of straw" with little or no capital, even less scruples, and the rent they will offer will probably hardly pay for the year's repairs.

It is misleading, for as we read on we find that "in some parts of England there is not a farm to be let and only by offering him a figure in excess of market prices can the tenant be persuaded to give up his holding." Can the O.U.I.A.E. inform your readers where in this country such a practice or custom as this exists; is it seriously suggested that one farmer will approach another with an offer to relieve him of an apparently profit-earning farm for some consideration; and is he going to pay over cash to the man he hopes to get rid of for the so-called goodwill of the farm, or is he going to the landlord with an offer of increased rent if the sitting tenant can be persuaded to clear out?

Then we come to this statement, which can only be described as amazing:—"Although our national agriculture cannot be considered prosperous, yet at the same time to affirm its general depression is both unwise and untrue." It has been said that photographs cannot lie; it has been admitted that they may mislead. It may be claimed that you cannot get away from statistics; there are, however, stern and cruel facts which no statistics and no O.U.I.A.E. can get away from, and these are the flooding of the country with subsidized foreign corn, &c., resulting in our farmers' barns being full of unmarketable corn, potatoes unsaleable at 30s. or 40s. a ton, and unlet and unlettable farms. Taking the last two of the three "conclusions":—

(2) (a) Are we to understand from this that we are to break new land, take no more out of the land than it naturally gives, and in no way force production; can it be possible that all the science of manuring is a mistake and that after all the years of striving and being urged to make the land yield more, we are now told by the O.U.I.A.E. that we must just let the soil produce what it will?

(3) May we be told how it is possible to "operate" a holding "without recourse to hired labour? This can only be possible on a farm of, say, up to 100 acres, and then only if the farmer has three or four able-bodied sons or brothers; even then he is in effect having "recourse to hired labour," for they must all be paid something.

The only conclusion which anyone ignorant of agriculture and agricultural conditions can come to after reading the report is that there is nothing wrong with the industry, and that farmers are probably in a better position than many manufacturers: they have always been arch-grumblers, so we need not take much notice of their cries of "wolf" now.

I remain, Sir, your obedient servant,
L. EVERS-SWINDELL, F.L.A.S.,
Chartered Land Agent.

Saffron Walden.

## DRAINAGE OF THE OUSE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I wish to support Mr. Winship in his contention that special legislation is necessary for the satisfactory drainage of the Ouse, and that a Bill for that purpose should not be based upon any enabling Bill introduced upon the result of the Royal Commission's Report.

As a member of the present Ouse Drainage Board and interested for a life-time in the drainage of the Fens, one cannot have failed to see that much of the unsatisfactory character of the present Act of 1920 is due to its being based upon the enabling Act of 1861. The Act of 1861 was only intended for the drainage of small homogeneous areas. The Ouse catchment area is some 3,000,000 acres, of which some 1,600,000 acres drain by natural rivers and some 400,000 acres of fen land by means of largely artificial rivers enclosed by high banks. The fen land is very largely arable and not grass. There are some 100 internal drainage boards, which discharge by means

# COAL MINES BILL

There appears to be little doubt that as the meaning and effect of the Coal Mines Bill now in the Committee stage in the House of Commons becomes more fully known there is arising a stronger and broader feeling of opposition throughout the Country.

This is hardly to be wondered at when we consider how a ready supply of cheap coal has for the last 100 years been looked upon not only as a necessity but as a certainty for the guidance and well-being both of the housewife and the manufacturer.

The present Bill, although promoted ostensibly on the question of Hours in fulfilment of an Election pledge unthinkingly perhaps given by the Socialist Party, contains provisions which not only make the technical and commercial affairs of the Coal Trade subject to bureaucratic and political influence and control, but must also restrict the Export Trade and increase the price of Coal to the inland consumer.

The explanatory Memorandum states in terms that Part I, i.e., Minimum Prices and Quotas, proposes to regulate the production, supply and sale of Coal under Schemes approved or made by the Board of Trade.

Part 2 purports to reduce the working day to 7½ Hours but leaves untouched the fact that the 7 Hours Act of 1919 then automatically comes into effect on the 30th June, 1931, unless the 1919 Act is repealed or varied.

Since the Second Reading in December, 1929, the President of the Board of Trade has set down proposals in the shape of new Clauses for the purpose of setting up and constituting a Coal Mines Reorganisation Committee whose powers will be to encourage and in fact to enforce compulsory Amalgamations amongst the different Colliery Companies in suitable cases.

If these various proposals become law Government control of a basic industry is (apart from War conditions) for the first time set up and the Coal Industry has before it another period of continuous unrest instead of peace and prosperity into which it was almost emerging after the staggering effect of the previous political interference and the disastrous Strikes of 1921 and especially 1926.

The restriction of Hours from 8 to 7½ means in those Districts where 8 Hours have hitherto been worked an increase in the cost of production of about 1s. 6d. per ton, and it is believed that this estimated increase of cost is not seriously challenged in any quarters.

The workmen appear to be under the delusion that they are to be paid the same Wages for 7½ hours as hitherto they have been paid for 8, thereby ignoring the fact that this is an economic impossibility.

The last Wage Ascertainments showed a loss in South Wales of over 2.43d. per ton, and if this is to be accentuated by another 1s. 6d. per ton the economic result is obvious.

The Householder (large and small), the Shopkeeper, the small Tradesman, must all pay a higher price for their Coal.

The Railways, consuming many millions of tons, must pay more and pass on the burden in the shape of higher charges or reduced facilities.

The Municipalities, in respect of their Public Utility Departments, such as Tramways, Electric Light, Gas, Education, etc., must all pay largely increased sums for their Coal and must distribute this increased burden upon the Rates.

The basic Trades, such as the Iron and Steel Trades, will be still further handicapped in endeavours towards a cheap cost of production to meet the struggle of foreign competition.

It is not too much to say that dearer coal which is inevitable under this Bill must re-act throughout the whole body politic and increase the general cost of living.

This reduction of hours however is not all.

Part 1 of the Bill is definitely projected to impose compulsory Marketing Schemes on all the coal producing Districts in the Country, and included in those Marketing Schemes will be a restriction of output commonly known as Quotas.

The object of every producer, whether of raw material or finished article, is to increase his volume of production so as to spread his standing and inevitable charges over a larger output and thereby reduce the cost of production.

This is believed to be an unchallengable economic and commercial principle.

In South Wales with an Output of about 50 million tons over 30 million tons is exported. As the price obtainable for Export Coal cannot be increased the whole burden thrown on the Trade by the Bill falls on the Home Consumers.

The policy of encouraging our Export Trade and especially our Coal Trade, in order to enable the Steamers carrying the Coal to accept lower Freights on the return voyage to the U.K. with the necessary commodities of Food and Raw Material, has hitherto been common to all parties and all Governments, and it is believed to be wholly unsound in principle that the reversal in this policy proposed by this Bill should be effected.

It is known that during the last three weeks since the Bill has been before the House of Commons there has been a great revulsion of feeling and that opposition is stiffening not only in the Coal Trade itself but amongst all users of Coal.

Surely the Government will not shut their eyes to these growing forces and the increasing opposition to this Bill.

*Issued by the South Wales Independent Coal Owners' Committee,*

*4, Mount Stuart Square, Cardiff.*

[ADVT.

## From The Times of 1830

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1830. Price 7d.

We have not time to notice, as it deserves, the debate on Lord John Russell's proposition for giving the elective franchise to the important and populous towns of Leeds, Birmingham, and Manchester. The trifling majority (48; the number being 188-140) which defeated the motion, speaks pretty intelligibly as to the disposition of the house; and presents an encouraging prospect of a successful result at no distant day. The patience, the perseverance, the knowledge and discretion of the noble mover must at last triumph, especially when his cause is founded on the solid principle of sound sense and intelligible truth.

* * * *

Mr. R. Gordon [during a debate in the House of Commons on the malt and spirit duties] admitted the propriety of decreasing the duty on beer, but doubted the policy of increasing the spirit duties. There was a great deal of spurious humanity abroad on this subject. Gentlemen liked to indulge in the luxury of wine (a laugh), but viewed with severity the indulgence of the lower orders in spirits, which were not merely a luxury and comfort, but, in many instances, a necessary of life to such persons. So also in respect to the amusement of bull-baiting and cock-fighting: they were put down because they were diversions of the lower order, while gentlemen scrupulously adhered to their own sports of shooting, hunting, &c.

Colonel Davies . . . admitted all sumptuary laws were bad (hear); but at the same time that he would not pass an Act to prevent a man from drinking or buying gin, he should be glad to check the practice of gin-drinking by raising the duties on British spirits.

3 per Cent. Cons. 92 to ½.

Samuel Isaacs, 37, Edward Charles Isaacs, 35, Ernest Michael Isaacs, 30, and Leslie Israel Philip Isaacs, 28, partners in the Covent Garden firm of Edward Isaacs, were at London Sessions on Friday acquitted on a charge of selling two boxes of oranges to which a false trade description was applied. They were discharged.

# Broadcasting

## THE PROGRAMMES

### "LE ROI D'YS"

A performance of the opera, *Le Roi d'Ys*, will be relayed this evening from the Parlophone studio and broadcast from Daventry (5GB). The soloists will include Mr. Frank Titterton and Miss Alma Borodino. At 9.20 p.m. the third talk in the new "Points of View" series will be given by Sir James Jeans.

## PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting programmes for today, February 24, are as follows:—

**LONDON—Call 2LO (842kc.) (356.3m.) and DAVENTRY—Call 5XX (1936kc.) (1,544.4m.).**

During alternative programme tests between 12 midday and 1 p.m., 3.5 p.m. and 3.20 p.m., and 11.5 p.m. and 12 midnight, London programme will be broadcast on 1,148kc. (261.3m.).

**10.15 a.m.** :—Service. **10.30** :—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45** :—A Hundred Years Ago. 1—What the World was Like, by Mr. J. W. Robertson Scott. **11-12** :—(5XX only) :—Gramophone Records. **11-11.30** (2LO only) :—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process.

**12** :—Organ Recital by Edgar T. Cook, relayed from Southwark Cathedral; Irene Roe (soprano). **1.15** :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales, Cardiff. **2** :—For the Schools: French Dialogue, 3—Au Restaurant, by Mlle. Camille Viere and M. E. M. Stéphan. **2.15** :—Spanish Reading: Un Verano en Espana, pp. 68-75, by Señor Don Andros Leon. **2.30** :—Days of Old: Tudor and Stuart Days, 6—Rehearsal Day at Blackfriars, by Miss Rhoda Power. **3** :—Interlude. **3.5** :—Stories for Younger Pupils, 6—Why Dogs Wag their Tails (Philippine). **3.20** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **4.15** :—Orchestra, from Grosvenor House.

**5.15** :—Children: The Border Ballad (Cowen) and other songs, sung by Arthur Wynn. The Third of The Incredible Adventures of Professor Branestaum, this time the Professor borrows a book (Norman Hunter); various piano solos, including Valse Vive (Palmgren), played by Cecil Dixon. **6** :—The Relief of Ladysmith, by Mr. Ernest Smith. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—Haydn Quartets, Op. 1, No. 1, in B flat, played by the Kutcher Quartet. **7-7.20** :—Books in General, by Mr. Desmond MacCarthy. **7.25** :—French Talk, by M. E. M. Stéphan.

**7.45** :—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by B. Walton O'Donnell; Leonard Gowings (tenor); Anthony Pini (violoncello). **9** :—Weather; News: Local News and Summary of London Stock Exchange; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (5XX only). **9.20** :—Points of View, 3—by Sir James H. Jeans. **9.35** :—Organ Recital by G. D. Cunningham, relayed from All Saints', Margaret-street. **10.35** :—Reading from Herodotus by Mr. Ronald Watkins. **11.5-12** :—Band, from Ciro's Club.

**DAVENTRY—Call 5GB (626kc.) (479.2m.).**

**12** :—Josephine Malone (soprano); Kenneth Lowe (baritone). **12.30** :—Gramophone Records. **1** :—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. **2-3** :—Orchestra. **5.15** :—Children: Selections by the Birmingham Studio Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis, including a Children's Suite, Seascape (arranged Eric Fogg); Songs at the Piano by Edith James. **6** :—The Birmingham Studio Orchestra, conducted by Joseph Lewis. **6.15** :—Weather; News. **6.40** :—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **7.10** :—Act I. of Le Roi d'Ys, an opera in three acts and five tableaux. Music by Edouard Lalo, poem by Edouard Blau. English version by Arthur Davenport; with the Wireless Chorus, Stanford Robinson (chorus master), the Wireless Symphony Orchestra (Leader, S. Kneale Kelley), conducted by Percy Pitt; Frank Titterton, Howard Fry, Harry Brindle, Frank Phillips, Herbert Simmonds, Olga Haley, Alma Borodine, and Filson Young (narrator). Relayed from the Parlophone Studio. **7.55** :—English Personalities of the 18th Century, 6—Wilkes and Lord George Gordon, by Mr. Bonamy Dobrée. **8.30** :—Le Roi d'Ys, Acts II. and III. **10.15-10.30** :—Weather; News.

**ABERDEEN—Call 2BD (995kc.) (301.5m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2.40** :—See Glasgow. **3** :—See Glasgow. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **7.45** :—See Glasgow. **9** :—See London. **9.15** :—See Glasgow. **10.30-11.5** :—See London.

**BELFAST—Call 2BE (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **12-1** :—Gramophone Records. **2-3.20** :—See London. **3.30** :—The Orchestra; Harry Martin (tenor); Philip Whiteway (violin). **5** :—Stop Press. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **7.45** :—The Station Choir and Orchestra, conducted by E. Godfrey Brown; Albert B. Fergusson (baritone solo). **9-11.5** :—See London.

**BOURNEMOUTH—Call 6BM (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **9.15** :—Local News. **9.20-11.5** :—See London.

**CARDIFF—Call 5WA (968kc.) (309.9m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **1.15-2** :—The National Orchestra of Wales (Leader, Louis Levitus), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales. **2** :—See London. **4.45** :—Life in a 20th Century Welsh Village—3, Miss Muriel Davies' Fellow Villagers. **5** :—See London. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **9.15** :—West Regional News. **9.20-11.5** :—See London.

**DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.**

**1.30** :—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Concert. **6** :—Gramophone Concert. **6.15** :—Children. **7** :—Gramophone Concert. **7.20** :—News. **7.30** :—Time and Irish Lesson. **7.45** :—Talk. **8** :—Concert by Mr. Fogarty and M. Joyce (violin and song recital); Sydney Jamison (contralto); the Station Orchestra: (a) Intermezzo from Cavalleria Rusticana; (b) Barcarolle from the Tales of Hoffmann; A. J. O'Farrell (barcitone solo). The Station Orchestra: Overture, A Midsummer Night's Dream; Jack Dwan and Company in a Short Play; the Station Orchestra. **10.30** :—Time, News, and Weather.

**DUNDEE—Call 2DE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

**EDINBURGH—Call 2EH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2.40** :—See Glasgow. **3** :—See Glasgow. **4** :—See London. **5.15** :—See Glasgow. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **9.15** :—See Glasgow. **9.20-11.5** :—See London.

**GLASGOW—Call 5SC (752kc.) (398.9m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2.40** :—For the Schools—Dr. R. Stewart MacDougall—Natural History Round the Year, 7, Mosquitoes and Midges, from Edinburgh. **3** :—The Octet: Margaret Smart (violin), Conductress. **3.30** :—The Octet; Violet Coburn (soprano); Reno and Burdett (entertainers). **5.15** :—Children. **5.57** :—Weather for Farmers. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **7.45** :—The Singing Bands, a play in verse by Gordon Bottomley, presented by the Glasgow Branch of the Scottish Association for the Speaking of Verse, produced by Nan Scott; music by the Octet. **8.30** :—David McCallum (violin). **9** :—See London. **9.15** :—Scottish News Bulletin. **9.20-11.5** :—See London.

**MANCHESTER—Call 2ZY (797kc.) (376.4m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2** :—See London. **3.20** :—The Northern Wireless Orchestra; Frank Kyran (clarinet), from Manchester; Isobel Fullerton-James (pianoforte), from Newcastle. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **7.45** :—Light Orchestral Concert and a Play—the Northern Wireless Orchestra, A Marrying Man, a comedy in one act, by Harold Brighouse. **9** :—See London. **9.15** :—North Regional News. **9.20** :—Points of View (New Series)—3, Dr. James H. Jeans. **9.55** :—See London. **10.35-11.5** :—Harry Grey (banjo); Arthur Dixon (entertainer).

**PLYMOUTH—Call 5PY (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **2** :—See London. **5.15** :—Children. **6** :—See London. **6.15-11.5** :—See London.

**SWANSEA—Call 5SX (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

**10.15-10.30 a.m.** :—See Daventry. **1.15** :—See Cardiff. **2** :—See London. **5.15** :—See Cardiff. **6** :—See London. **6.15** :—See London. **9.15** :—See Cardiff. **9.20-11.5** :—See London.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

### FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are Greenwich Mean Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

**BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 4kw.**—4 :—Market Prices, Exchange Quotations and Talk. In the interval, News. **8.30** :—Astronomical Talk. **9** :—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. **9.5** :—Humorous Review of the Week's Events in Verse. **9.20** :—Orchestral Selections. **9.30** :—Concert of Choral Music. In the intervals, Selections by the Cobla Barcelona. **10** :—News. **10.5** :—Recital of Sardanas, followed by Barcelona Exhibition Notes.

**BELGRADE (429m.), 2.5kw.—6.30** :—French Language Lesson. **7** :—Song Recital. **7.45** :—Quartet Concert—Selections from Tristan und Isolde (Wagner), Romeo and Juliet (Gounod), and Werther (Massenet). **8.30** :—Time and News. **8.45** :—Concert. **9.30** :—Concert by a Balalaika Orchestra from the Restaurant Ruska Lira.

**BERLIN (Konigswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 25kw.—3.30** :—See Berlin (Witzleben). **4.30** :—Talks. **5.40** :—Elementary English Lesson. **6.5** :—Readings. **6.30** :—Talk. **7** :—Concert from the Hotel Kaiserhof. **8.30** :—Talk. **7.45** :—Chamber Music Concert—String Quartet in F major (Kamfinski); String Quintet in F major (Bruckner), followed by News and Dance Music from Berlin (Witzleben).

**BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 4kw. 3.30** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert. **4.30** :—Talk on Hockey for Young People. **4.55** :—Topical Programme. **5.20** :—Talks. **6.5** :—Vocal Recital of Operatic Music. **6.35** :—Recitations. **7** :—Concert of Old Music—Symphony No. 4 in A major (Frederick the Great); Danse animee from Amphitryon (Gretry); Gavotte from Paris and Helen (Gluck); Minuet (Boccherini); Concerto grosso in B flat major, No. 7, Op. 6 (Handel). **8** :—Concert from the Hotel Kaiserhof. **8.30** :—Baritone Recital of Songs by Hans Hermann and Clemens Schmuslich, with the Composers at the Pianoforte, followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music. **11.30** :—Orchestral Concert—Suite, Jeux d'enfants (Bizet); Ballet Music from Lakme (Delibes); Pizzicato Polka (Strauss); Waltz from Eugene Onegine (Tchaikovsky); Italian Serenade (Wolf); Accelerationen (Strauss).

**BERNE (468m.), 1.5kw.—6.25** :—Time and Weather. **6.30** :—Educational Talk. **7** :—Dr. Vatter, One-act Play (Halder). Translated into Bern Dialect. **7.40** :—Orchestral Selections. **8** :—Recital of Songs to the Lute. **8.40** :—Orchestral Concert, from the Kursaal Schanzli. **9** :—News and Weather. **9.15** :—Dance Selections.

**BRATISLAVA (278m.), 12.5kw.—6.5** :—Slovakian Programme relayed from Kosice (293m.). **7** :—See Prague. **7.20** :—Programme from Brunn. **8.30** :—Orchestral Selections. **9** :—See Prague. **9.15** :—Programme from Brunn. **9.55** :—News and Programme Announcements.

**BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.).**—**6.30** :—Weather for Agriculturists. **6.32** :—Gramophone Concert. **7** :—Weather. **7.2** :—Geographical Talk. **7.30** :—Franz Baumann Song Recital from the Works of Walter Schutt. **8.30** :—Ballads of the Life of Man, with Fritz Kaatz at the Harmonium. **9.10** :—News. **9.35** :—Answers to Correspondents on Technical Questions.

**BRUNN (342m.), 2.4kw.—6.5** :—Slovakian Programme relayed from Kosice (293m.). **7** :—Talk. **7.20** :—Wireless Cabaret. **8.30** :—See Prague. **9.15** :—Concert of Popular Music. **9.55** :—News and Theatre Review.

**BRUSSELS (508.5m., 1kw.—5** :—Concert of Trio Music. **6** :—Talk. **6.15** :—Lesson in Popular Dramatic Art. **6.30** :—Gramophone Concert. **7.30** :—Le Journal Parle. **8.15** :—Vocal and Orchestral Concert—Overture, Les Deux Journees (Cherubini); Selection from Les Saltimbanques (Ganne); Song, Couvou bonjour (Bonnel); Chanson a Berger (Rousseau); Selection from Rosette et Bruno (Kyp); Pieces for Cello. In the interval at 9:—Topical Talk. **9.45** :—Gramophone Dance Records. **10.15** :—News.

**BUDAPEST (550m., 20kw.—6.20** :—Gramophone Records. **7.30** :—Orchestral Concert. **9** :—Time, Weather and News, followed by Tziganc Concert from the Grand Hotel Britannia. **10.15** :—Dance Music.

**COPENHAGEN (281m., 1kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m., 7kw.—6** :—News. **6.15** :—Time Signal. **6.30** :—Talk. **7** :—Town Hall Chimes. **7.2** :—The Danish Concert Society's Second Concert from the Odd Fellows' Hall—Symphony No. 3 (Hoffding); Concerto for Oboe and Small Orchestra, op. 70 (Emborg). **8.45** :—News. **9** :—Dance Music. **11** :—Chimes.

**CRACOW (31.3m.), 1kw.—6.10** :—Agricultural Report. **6.25** :—Talk on Music. **6.58** :—Time and Chimes. **7.15** :—Talk, Operetta, and News from Warsaw (1,411m.). **10** :—Restaurant Concert. **11** :—Chimes from the Church of Notre Dame.

**FRANKFURT (390m., 3kw., and CASSEL (346m.).**—**6.5** :—English Language Lesson. **6.30** :—Ninth Monday Concert, relayed from the Saalbau.—Aria from Demophon (Cherubini); Tarantella (Rosenh); Summer Poem, Three Movements for full Orchestra (Bernhard Sekles); Symphony No. 1 in E major (Brahms). **8** :—Reading. **8.30** :—Pianoforte Recital, Prelude and Fugue (Bach); Sonata, Op. 106 (Beethoven); Impromptu (Chopin). **9.5** :—News.

**HAMBURG—Call ha (in Morse) (372m.), 3kw., and BREMEN (319m.), FLENSBURG (216m.), HANOVER (360m.), KIEL (246m.).**—**5.40** :—See Konigswusterhausen. **6.5** :—Talk, Exchange and Market Prices. **7** :—Weather. **7.15** :—Orchestral Concert, relayed from the Colosseum.—Overture, The Unfinished Island (Rafin); Selection from the Haffner Serenade (Mozart); Pianoforte Concerto, No. 4 in G major, Op. 58 (Beethoven); Symphony No. 4 in A major, Op. 90 (Mendelssohn). **9** :—Talks, News, Weather, Political and Miscellaneous Announcements and Sports Notes. **9.20** :—Restaurant Ostermann Concert.

**HILVERSUM (1,875m., 6.5kw.—9.40 a.m.** :—Time, Daily Service. **10.55** :—Talk. **11.40** :—Programme Announcements. **11.55** :—Trio Concert. **1.40** :—Talk on Cooking. **2.25** :—Orchestral Concert. **4.40** :—Children. **5.40** :—Time Signal. **5.42** :—Gramophone Records. **6.25** :—Talk. **6.55** :—English Language Lesson. **7.25** :—Police Announcements. **7.40** :—Time Signal. **7.41** :—Chamber Music by the Haydn Quartet: Quartet for Strings in A minor, op. 76, No. 2 (Haydn); Quartet for Strings in F major, op. 96 (Dvorak). **8.40** :—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Marths (Flotow); Selection from Carmen (Bizet). **9.10** :—The Fugitive, play (James Yoland). **9.30** :—Concert—Torch Dance of the Bride of Kashmir, from Feramors (Rubinstein); Overture to a Spanish Comedy (Kistler); Weather and News in the Interval. **10.40** :—Gramophone Records.

**HUIZEN (298m., 5kw.—After 5.40 p.m. on 1,071m.—7.55** :—Time Signal. **7.56** :—Concert. **10.10** :—Time Signal. **10.11** :—Church Service. **10.40** :—Reading. **11.10** :—Vocal and Instrumental Concert of Sacred Music. **12.10** :—Time Signal. **12.11** :—Organ Recital. **1.40** :—Time Signal. **1.41** :—Programme for Schools. **2.25** :—Talk. **2.55** :—Dressmaking Lesson. **3.40** :—Time Signal. **3.41** :—Religious Programme. **4.40** :—Time Signal. **4.41** :—Instrumental Trio Recital. **6.10** :—Exchange Quotations. **6.20** :—Music Talk. **6.50** :—Programme for Young People; Gramophone Music and Talks. **7.40** :—Time Signal. **7.41** :—Concert—Choral Prelude (or Organ): Vom Himmel hoch, da komm' ich her (Bach); Soprano Aria from The Messiah (Handel); Pastoral for Organ (de Lange); Soprano Aria from The Messiah (Handel); Recitative and Aria for Contralto from The St. Matthew Passion (Bach); Aria for Soprano from The St. Matthew Passion (Bach); Contralto Solo, Errate Geadine No. 6 (Brahms). **8.40** :—Time Signal. **8.41** :—Talk. **9.10** :—Concerto for Flute and Harp with Pianoforte accompaniment (Mozart). **10.40** :—News and Talk. **10.45** :—Concert—Suite in Old Style for two Flutes and Pianoforte (Kuchler); Fantasia for Harp (Saint-Saens); Trio des Jeunes Israelites, for two Flutes and Harp (Berlioz).

**LANGENBERG (467.4m., 15kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (483m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (234m.).**—**6** :—Report on Economics, Weather, and Sports Notes. **6.15** :—Spanish Conversation. **6.40** :—Talk for Workers. **7** :—Orchestral Concert—Prelude, King Manfred (Reinecke); Gavotte and Tarantella (Fuhrmeister); Romantica (Lindorff); Die Spielhahl, for Five Wind Instruments and Pianoforte (Sauer); Romantic Waltz (Sibelius); Old French Dances for Six Wind Instruments (Scherer); Concert for Bassoon (Jung). **8.0** :—Cabaret of Yesterday and To-day, featured by News, Sports and Miscellaneous Notices, Concert, and Dance Music.

**LEIPZIG (259m.), 3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).**—**6** :—Talk. **6.30** :—Orchestral Concert. **6** :—The German Symphony, No. 8; the Second (Erotica) Symphony (Beethoven). **9** :—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, Concert, and Dance Music.

**MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EAJ7 (424m.), 2kw.—7** :—Chimes, Exchange Quotations, and Dance Music. **8.35** :—News.

**MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 7kw.—6.15** :—Dinner Concert. **7** :—Government Announcements, Weather. **7.10** :—News. **7.20** :—Theatre Notes. **7.30** :—Time Signal. **7.32** :—Variety Items. **8** :—Variety Items. **8.15** :—Concert of Light Variety Music. **10.30** :—News.

**MUNICH (533m., 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (360m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (270m.), NUREMBERG (239m.).**—**6.10** :—Talk for Workers. **6.35** :—Symphony Concert from the Tonhalle:—Largue for Strings (Kaminski); The Ninth Symphony (Beethoven). **8.45** :—Dancing Lesson. **9.20** :—News, followed by Dance Music.

**NAPLES—Call INA (331.4m.), 1.5kw.—7.30** :—Sports Notes, News, Government Report, Announcements, and Harbour Notices. **8** :—Verdi Programme: Aida, arranged in four acts (Flotow): Sports Notes in the Interval. **9.50** :—News, Calendar, and Programme Announcements.

**OSLO (490.1m., 60kw., and FREDRIKSTAD (385m.).**—**HAMAR (570m.), NOTODDEN (445m.), PORSGRUND (453m.), RJUKAN (445m.).**—**6** :—Shorthand Dictation. **6.15** :—Weather Report and News. **6.30** :—German Language Lesson. **7** :—Time Signal. **7.2** :—Talk. **7.30** :—Relay of Foreign Stations. **8.30** :—Weather and News. **8.50** :—Topical Talk. **9.10** :—Reading. **9.40** :—Relay of Foreign Stations.

**PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m.), 12kw.—7.56 a.m.** :—Time Signal on 32.5m. **5.45** :—Le Journal Parle. **7.20** :—News.

**PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m., 12kw.—12.45** :—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at 1 :—Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.30 :—Exchange Quotations, Exchange, Market Prices. **3.30** :—Exchange Quotations. **3.45** :—Concert. Talk—Vermandois and Thicrache; Violin Solos: (a) Lamento (Dinith), (b) Piece breve (Filament); Recitations: (a) Ivresse, (b) Ut Mare Coelum, (c) Le Cour (Galoy), (d) A la Belle Gabrielle (Lalande); Talk—The Painter and Engraver, Maurice Raphael Quentin Petit; Songs: (a) Serenades, (b) L'eau qui rêve (Delmas), (c) Aria from Le Roi Dagobert (Rousseau), (d) Printemps (Baudemont); Recitations: (a) The Ballads, (b) Gabriel Rongot (Demarquet), (b) Les trois Bergers (Lotthe), (c) Mes 80 Ans (Migenne), (d) Cour d'enfant (Prunes). **4.55** :—News and Exchange Quotations. **5** :—Agricultural Reports and Racing Results. **6.30** :—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35** :—Gramophone Records. **7.5** :—Talk. **7.30** :—Elementary Bookkeeping Lesson. **7.45** :—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes, and News. **8** :—L'Ecole des Veufs, play (Ancey), by M. Desfontaines and his Company. In the interval at **8.30** :—Sports Review. **9.15** :—Press Review, News, and Time Signal. **9.30** :—Concert—Quintet with Clarinet (Mozart); Selections (Rabaud): (a) Instant, (b) Reliques, (c) Pastourelle; Introduction and Allegro for Harp, String Quartet, Flute, and Clarinet (Ravel).

**ROME—Call 1RO (441m., 50kw.—7.15** :—Press Review, Announcements, Sports Notes, News, Exchange, and Weather. **8** :—Time Signal. **8.2** :—Neapolitan Evening. In the Interval:—Amore Sorrentino, a sea sketch (Piergiovanni). **10.30** :—News.

**STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (435m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,935m., 30kw., BODEN (1,200m., GOTEBORG (322m., HORBY (257m., OSTERSUND (770m., SUNDSVALL (542m.).**—**4** :—Elementary English Lesson. **4.30** :—Health Talk. **6.50** :—Concert of Russian Music. **7.45** :—Technical Talk. **8.40** :—Concert of Light Music.

**STUTTGART (360m., 3kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).**—**5** :—Time Signal. **6.5-9.30** :—Programme from Frankfurt.

**TOULOUSE (Radiophonie du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—6** :—Dance Music. **6.15** :—Transmission of Pictures. **6.25** :—Talk for Farmers. **6.40** :—Historical Selections of Argentine Music. **6.50** :—Exchange Quotations and Racing Results. **7** :—Concert of Russian Songs. **7.15** :—News. **7.30** :—Orchestral Concert of Symphony Music—Marche heroique (Saint-Saens); Invitation to the Waltz (Weber); Selection from The Italian Girl in Algiers (Rossini); Norwegian Rhapsody (Lalo); Selection from The Bird Fancier (Zeller). **8** :—Exchange Quotations. **8.15** :—Transmission of Pictures. **8.25** :—Song Recital. **9** :—A Comedy Selection. **9.45** :—Orchestral Concert, relayed from the Cafe Sion. In the Interval:—North African News.

**VIENNA (516.3m., 15kw., and GRAZ (352.5m.), INNSBRUCK (2,214m., KLAGENFURT (453.2m., and LINZ (248.9m.).**—**6** :—Talks. **7** :—Time and Weather. **7.5** :—Orchestral Concert—Overture, The Marriage of Figaro (Mozart); Symphony No. 9 in C major (Schubert); Pianoforte Concerto No. 9 in C minor (Beethoven); followed by Dance Music.

### OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes, beginning at the times stated:—

**KATOWICE (408.7m., 10kw.—10.58 a.m.**
**KONIGSWUSTERHAUSEN (.27m., 3kw.—5.30 p.m.**
**LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (680m., 1.5kw.—6.45 a.m.**
**LYONS (Radio Lyon) (236m., 1.3kw.—12 (noon).**
**PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Call KDKA (980m., 25kw.—1 p.m.** :—Programme relayed at intervals on 63m. and 25m. from 11 p.m.
**SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 20kw.—11.45 a.m.** :—Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 11-p.m. and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 3-5 p.m. and 11 p.m.-5 a.m.
**WARSAW (1,411m., 10kw.—10.58 a.m.**
**ZAGREB (467m., 2.5kw.—11.30 a.m.**
**ZURICH (459m., 0.63kw.—11.30 a.m.**

## MACHINE-GUN CORPS

### IMPORTANCE IN WINNING THE WAR

Over 300 former members of the Machine Gun Corps (Infantry) attended the fourth reunion dinner of the corps held at the Baltic House Restaurant, Leadenhall-street, on Saturday. COLONEL W. J. LOCKETT, who commanded the first Machine Gun Corps Battalion, was in the chair, and he was supported by, among others, Lieutenant-Colonel R. V. R. Applin, who was in command of the 2nd Battalion. A telegram acknowledging a message of loyalty and devotion was received from the King.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL APPLIN, in proposing the toast of the corps, remarked that some day, when its history was written, it would be paid that honour for which, to-day, they did not even ask. It would be said that the corps was the main factor which enabled them to push on and win the War. So long as they continued to meet at those reunions, so long would they be able to keep together the spirit of the Machine Gun Corps which won the War.

COLONEL LOCKETT, in reply, said the spirit of self-sacrifice which animated the corps still prevailed throughout the Empire. He appealed for a good muster of machine-gunners on Armistice Day, when a wreath was to be placed on the memorial at Hyde Park Corner.

Among others present were:—

Major Lord Southwell, Colonel S. J. Miller, Major R. J. Atkinson, Major R. F. Burnand, Major H. D. McGregor James, Major W. S. Wilding, Captain N. H. Mathews, Mr. W. A. White, V.C., Mr. A. H. Cross, V.C., and Mr. E. J. Death (hon. secretary).

## ROAD REPAIRS IN LONDON

### TRANSPORT MINISTER'S LIST

Below is the list issued by the Minister of Transport of works of road maintenance and improvement in London to be begun during the fortnight ending March 8. The Minister points out that the statement deals only with works by road authorities which involve one-third or more of the carriage-way being closed to traffic.

In the following list alternative routes are shown in parentheses, and the date of beginning and the estimated date of completion follow:—

Seven Sisters-road, Islington.—No. 205 to No. 213 (no suitable alternative route available). Feb. 24-March 8.

Edgware-road, Willesden.—No. 133 to Chichele-road.—(no suitable alternative route). March 1-15.

Kilburn High-road, Hampstead.—South of Victoria-road (no suitable alternative route). March 8-15.

Hornsey-road, Islington.—Tollington Park to Corby-street (Grove-road, Cottenham-road, and Marlboro-road). March 3-31.

## WEEK-END CONCERTS

### THE LENER QUARTET

At their third recital in the Queen's Hall on Saturday afternoon the Léner Quartet played works by César Franck, Respighi, and Debussy.

The good qualities of this *ensemble* are not those which show off Franck's quartet to the best advantage. The rather orchestral manner of the writing and the immense scale of the work call for robust tone and a broad treatment of the climaxes. The refinement and meticulous balance of the Léner Quartet's playing made the work sound over-long, and Franck's chromatic idiom seemed weaker than it really is.

In Debussy's quartet, the structure bears a distinct resemblance to that of Franck, but the content is far more refined and subtle, so that the Léner Quartet's style was more suited to it. The performance was excellent, except for an occasional touch of sentimentality. The *scherzo* went particularly well.

Respighi, whose orchestral music is almost entirely descriptive, is naturally bound to adopt a more purely musical style in writing for a string quartet. His Quartetto Dorico has, therefore, more real strength than his pictorial essays. The strength is not quite sustained throughout, and we did not feel that he has welded his ideas into a satisfactory whole. But the quartet, which was admirably played, is original without being eccentric and is pleasant to listen to.

### M. GEORGES PITSCH

Bach's Suite in G major for violoncello alone and Brahms's Sonata in E minor for pianoforte and violoncello were the chief works included in the programme of M. Georges Pitsch's recital in the Wigmore Hall last Thursday. M. Pitsch's performances had fine qualities. His rhythm and phrasing were excellent, and, except in some of the more exciting moments of Brahms's Sonata, his tone had, even on the high notes, none of that unpleasant dryness which so often spoils one's pleasure in the instrument. The exotic rhythms of two pieces by Glazounow and Granados did not seem to come so natural to M. Pitsch as those of the German classics, but that is a fault of minor importance beside the positive qualities of his playing. Miss Kathleen Long collaborated admirably in the performance of the Sonata, and Miss Kathleen Markwell accompanied the other pieces.

### HERR RUDOLF SERKIN

Herr Rudolf Serkin, who is well known as the able collaborator with Herr Adolph Busch in the performance of duo sonatas, gave a pianoforte recital in the Æolian Hall on Friday night. His performance of Beethoven's Sonata in C major (Opus 53, "The Waldstein") was wholly admirable. It was poetical, well-balanced, and serious, without any touch of didacticism. The pianist's fine quality was exemplified in his beautiful handling of the slow Introduction to the *Finale*, where anything too much or too little is at once discernible. The *finale* itself was taken more slowly than us

A copy of this Prospectus has been delivered to the Registrar of Companies for registration.

*Application will be made to the Committee of the Stock Exchange, London, for permission to deal in the Preference and Ordinary Shares now being issued, and in due course for an official quotation.*

**The Subscription List will close on or before Tuesday, the 25th day of February, 1930.**

# OLYMPIA LIMITED.

*(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)*

## CAPITAL:

| *Authorised.* | *Issued or proposed to be issued.* |
|---|---|
| £1,000,000 in 1,000,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each | £850,000 |
| £500,000 in 2,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 5/- each | £425,000 |
| £1,500,000 | £1,275,000 |

A Mortgage for £500,000 at 5 per cent. per annum has been created on a portion of the Company's property.

The holders of the Preference Shares are entitled out of the profits determined to be distributed by way of dividend to a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on the amount for the time being paid up thereon, and on a winding-up to the return of capital paid up thereon, and arrears of fixed preferential dividend, whether earned, or declared, or not, down to the commencement of the winding-up in priority to the Ordinary Shares, but are not entitled to any further right to participate in profits or assets.

Subject to the rights of the Preference Shareholders and to any special rights attached to the Shares in any increased capital, any balance of profits determined to be distributed and any surplus assets available for distribution in a winding-up are divisible amongst the holders of the Ordinary Shares in proportion to the capital paid up thereon.

The Articles of Association provide that no mortgage, Debentures or Debenture Stock, other than in substitution for the aforesaid mortgage (except to secure Bankers' or other loans incurred in the ordinary course of business), shall be created at any time without the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the Preference Shareholders at a separate class meeting.

### ISSUE AT PAR OF

## 450,000 7% Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 450,000 Ordinary Shares of 5s. each.

Applicants for Preference Shares have the right to apply for and have allotted to them one Ordinary Share in respect of each Preference Share allotted. Applications for Ordinary Shares alone will not be accepted.

Mr. Philip E. Hill, in accordance with the option he holds under Contract No. 7 hereinafter referred to, has subscribed at par for 450,000 further Ordinary Shares not included in this issue, and has also the right to subscribe at par for one Ordinary Share for every further Preference Share in the original capital hereafter issued within a period of three years from the 29th day of April, 1929.

It is proposed to pay the fixed dividend on the Preference Shares half-yearly on the 30th day of April and the 31st day of October. The first dividend on the 450,000 Preference Shares now being issued will be payable on the 30th day of April, 1930, and will be calculated on the amounts paid up on the shares from the respective due dates of payment. The first dividend payable on the Ordinary Shares now offered for subscription and on those taken up under the said option will be calculated from the date of allotment.

**This issue is to provide for the costs of the extensions and improvements to Olympia.**

**DIRECTORS.**

**PHILIP ERNEST HILL**, 15, King Street, St. James's, London, S.W.1 (Chairman, Covent Garden Properties Company, Limited), Chairman.
**LEO FREDERIC ALFRED D'ERLANGER**, Park House, Rutland Gate, London, S.W.7 (Director, Erlangers Limited).
**CLAUD FRANCIS GODDARD**, of Messrs. Goddard & Smith, Auctioneers and Estate Agents, 22, King Street, St. James's, London, S.W.1.
**PAUL STANLEY MAY**, Surveyor (late Senior Partner of Messrs. May & Rowden, Auctioneers and Estate Agents), Polebrook, Hever, Kent.
**LOUIS NICHOLAS**, 55 & 56, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1, Chartered Accountant.
**REGINALD GARDINER HEATON**, Gays House, Holyport, Berks (Managing Director of International Horse Show, Limited), Managing Director.

**BANKERS.**

COUTTS & CO., 440, Strand, London, W.C.2.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED, 15, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.
ERLANGERS LIMITED, 4, Moorgate, London, E.C.2.

**SOLICITORS.**

SIMMONS & SIMMONS, 1, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2.

**AUDITORS.**

PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO., Chartered Accountants, 3, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry, London, E.C.2.

**BROKERS.**

LONDON: RITCHER & CO., Austin Friars House, E.C.2 } and Stock
BIRMINGHAM: FYSHE & HORTON, 3, Temple Row West } Exchanges.
LIVERPOOL: CRICHTON BROS. & TOWNLEY, 13, Castle Street }

**SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICES.**

W. G. L. HADLEY, Chartered Accountant, 55 & 56, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1.

**MESSRS. COUTTS & CO., 440, Strand, London, W.C.2, and 15, Lombard Street, London, E.C.2, and Branches, NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED, 15, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, and Branches, and ERLANGERS LIMITED, 4, Moorgate, London, E.C.2,**

**have been authorised by the Company to receive applications for the above Preference and Ordinary Shares at par,**

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

| *Preference Shares:* | | *Ordinary Shares:* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| On Application | 2s. 6d. per Share | On Application | 2s. 6d. per Share |
| On Allotment | 7s. 6d. „ „ | On Allotment | 2s. 6d. „ „ |
| On the 31st March, 1930 | 10s. 0d. „ „ | | |
| | 20s. 0d. per Share | | 5s. 0d. per Share |

Payment in full for the Preference Shares may be made within seven days after allotment under discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, which the Company will forward by separate cheque.

Applications from present Preference Shareholders of the Company, if made upon the special pink form sent to them, will carry a preferential right to allotment.

## PROSPECTUS

**OBJECTS.**—The Company was incorporated on the 18th April, 1929, for the purpose of acquiring the Freehold Land and Buildings at West Kensington, in the County of London, known as OLYMPIA, and Freehold Premises in West Kensington Gardens and Maclise Road, and all the other Assets of Olympia (1912) Limited, including the important Goodwill of that Company, together with the benefit of all Contracts entered into and Profits earned by that Company, as from the 1st day of January, 1929, and also the adjoining Freehold Premises in Maclise Road in the occupation of the Civil Service Supply Association Limited, Olympia Mansions in Blythe Road, a Freehold site in North End Road (now used as a Car Park), and two Blocks of Leasehold Flats adjoining Olympia, known as Addison Court Gardens.

**All the above purchases have been completed and the Company has been carrying on business since April, 1929.**

The Company has also purchased the freehold shops numbered 17 and 25, Maclise Road.

**DEVELOPMENTS.**—Extensive and important improvements have been made to the Company's property since its acquisition in April last. These include the erection of an imposing four-storey edifice facing Hammersmith Road, known as "Empire Hall," the cost of which is approximately £580,000.

This building is nearly completed and a considerable portion is now being utilised for the British Industries Fair. It is the most modern Exhibition Building in Europe and has been specially designed internally to be utilised with the existing buildings. It provides an additional floor space of approximately 288,500 square feet, amounting, with the normal accommodation, to a total floor space of approximately 670,500 square feet, and, with the Main Building and what is known as the "New Hall," built in 1924, will provide three separate halls designed alternatively for one great exhibition or for three or more separate exhibitions at one time.

The Company has constructed and equipped a large block of Workshops and a Car Park on its North End Road property. It has also built a bridge directly connecting Olympia and Addison Road Station, and has altered the roadway to the main entrance (which formerly ended in a cul-de-sac), so that vehicular traffic can now pass directly around the whole of the Olympia Buildings.

**DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS.**—The undertaking held by Olympia as a centre for Trade Exhibitions is world-wide known. The Main and "New Hall" buildings are let for practically the whole year round, with the exception of a few days in August which are utilised for the annual cleaning, &c.

Included amongst the present tenants and exhibitors are the following:—

| | |
|---|---|
| **His Majesty's Government.** | **The Aero Exhibition.** |
| **The Royal Military Tournament.** | **The Confectionery Exhibition.** |
| **The International Horse Show.** | **The Shipping and Engineering Exhibition.** |
| **The Ideal Home Exhibition.** | **The Building Trades Exhibition.** |
| **The Motor Show.** | **The Wireless Exhibition.** |
| **The Commercial Motor Show.** | **The Machine Tools Exhibition.** |
| **The Cycle and Motor Cycle Show.** | **The Fashion Fair.** |
| **The Artificial Silk Exhibition.** | **The Antique Furniture Exhibition.** |
| **The International Circus and Fair.** | **The Ladies' Kennel Club Show.** |
| **The Furniture Trades Exhibition.** | **The Terrier Club Show.** |
| **The Printing Exhibition.** | |

His Majesty's Government, through the Department of Overseas Trade, has entered into an agreement to hold the **British Industries Fair** at Olympia for a period of ten years.

**J. Lyons and Company, Limited,** are the caterers under contract with the Company. Accommodation has now been provided in the various restaurants to seat approximately 3,200 customers.

**ASSETS.**—A Valuation of the Freehold and Leasehold Land and Buildings originally and since acquired by the Company, and the Plant, Machinery, Fixtures and other equipment, has been made by Messrs. Goddard and Smith, and is as follows:—

To the Directors of OLYMPIA, LIMITED. 22, King Street, St. James's, S.W.1.
17th February, 1930.

OLYMPIA.

GENTLEMEN,—In compliance with your instructions we made a careful survey and valuation and reported to you on the 18th April, 1929, that in our opinion the freehold and leasehold land, buildings, furniture, machinery, plant, fixtures and equipment as set out in our detailed report and valuation of that date, including, when completed, the new Empire Hall, then in course of construction, were, as a going concern, of the value of £2,184,585.

In accordance with your recent instructions we have again made a survey and re-valuation of the property.

The Empire Hall has been practically completed and the other improvements foreshadowed and in contemplation when we valued in April last have been carried out. In addition, a spacious modern building consisting of workshops and comprising five floors and having a total floor area of about 27,000 square feet has been erected by you in a convenient situation within the confines of the property itself and adjacent to the Main Hall. You have also acquired further freehold land and shops, known as 17 and 25, Maclise Road, abutting on your property.

Another outstanding and important improvement is that whereas the road leading to the main entrance of Olympia, facing Addison Road Station, terminated for vehicular traffic in a cul-de-sac, you have now by agreement with the Railway Company removed the obstacles so that vehicles can now pass around the entire property.

You have also erected a bridge from Olympia over the roadway giving direct access to the Addison Road Railway Station.

In our opinion the value of the whole, subject to the completion of the comparatively small amount of work still to be done to the new Empire Hall, is now, as a going concern, the sum of £2,254,432.

We are, Gentlemen, yours faithfully,
GODDARD & SMITH.

**PROFITS.**—Messrs. Price, Waterhouse & Co., Chartered Accountants, who are the Auditors of the Company, and who investigated the books and accounts of Olympia (1912) Limited, have given the following Certificate of Profits:—

To the Directors of OLYMPIA LIMITED.
3, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry, London, E.C.2.
20th February, 1930.

GENTLEMEN,

We have examined the books and accounts of your Company and of its predecessor, Olympia (1912) Limited, for the seven years to the 31st December, 1929, which embraces the first and only financial period in respect of which accounts of your Company have been made up, viz., 18th April, 1929, to 31st December, 1929.

We certify that the Net Profits, after making such adjustments as in our opinion are necessary, and after charging Management Remuneration and Depreciation, but before deducting interest on Debentures, Loans, &c., Directors' Fees and Income Tax, were as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Year to 31st December, 1923 | £70,816 |
| „ „ „ 1924 | £57,285 |
| „ „ „ 1925 | £77,830 |
| „ „ „ 1926 | £67,007 |
| „ „ „ 1927 | £81,040 |
| „ „ „ 1928 | £90,760 |
| Year to 31st December, 1929, viz.:— | |
| Period 1st January to 17th April, 1929 | £29,427 |
| „ 18th April, 1929, to 31st December, 1929 | £70,954 |
| | £100,381 |

The dividends paid by your Company in respect of the period from its Incorporation to 31st December, 1929, have been at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on the Cumulative Preference Shares from the respective due dates of payment for these shares to the 31st October, 1929, and at the rate of 11 per cent. per annum on the Ordinary Shares from the date of allotment of these shares to the 31st December, 1929.

Yours faithfully,
PRICE, WATERHOUSE & CO., Chartered Accountants.

**The above profits do not include any Revenue from the New Empire Hall. For the year ending 31st December, 1930, the net profits arising out of letting Contracts completed and in course of completion, including a rent of Empire Hall (after providing for all outgoings, including depreciation and Directors' Remuneration), are estimated at £142,500 per annum.**

The New Empire Hall will not be finally completed until the Autumn, so that a full year's Revenue on this important Extension is not included in this estimate. **When this building is completed the net Revenue is estimated at £162,500 per annum.**

**The estimated income for the year 1930, after providing for the Mortgage Interest of £28,000, is sufficient to cover the Dividend on the Preference Shares practically twice. After payment of the Preference Dividend there would be a balance available for the Ordinary Shares equivalent to over 13½ per cent. per annum, and when the New Empire Hall is fully let, the balance available for the Ordinary Shareholders will, on the above estimate, be equivalent to 18 per cent. per annum.**

**On the basis of the above Valuation the total of the Preference Share Capital issued and now offered for subscription is covered twice over by net assets apart from Goodwill. No sum is included in the Company's Balance Sheet for Goodwill.**

400,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 800,000 Ordinary Shares of 5s. each have been issued and paid up in full, seven Ordinary Shares of 5s. each were issued for cash at par on the 18th day of April, 1929, to the signatories to the Memorandum of Association and 20,000 Ordinary Shares of 5s. each were allotted for cash at par on the 29th day of April, 1929, as qualification shares of the Directors, being their qualification, and 400,000 Preference Shares of £1 each and 779,993 Ordinary Shares of 5s. each were allotted for cash at par on the 29th day of April, 1929, as to 779,993 Ordinary Shares to Mr. Philip E. Hill, and as to the balance following on an offer made to the public.

All Preliminary Expenses of the Company (amounting to £56,675, including the underwriting and overriding commissions payable in respect of the previous issue as below mentioned) have been paid by the Vendor in pursuance of Contract No. 7 below referred to.

Under Contract No. 24 below mentioned, Quadrant Trust Limited has underwritten the whole of the present issue of 450,000 Preference Shares for an underwriting commission of 5 per cent. and an overriding commission of 1 per cent. on the nominal amount of the Preference Shares for subscription. Quadrant Trust has entered into various sub-underwriting contracts to which the Company is not a party. The Trust is also to receive a fee of one per cent. on the nominal value of the Preference and Ordinary Shares allotted under the terms of this issue (together with out-of-pocket expenses) for its services in connection with the issue down to allotment.

No part of the proceeds of this Issue is required or will be used for defraying the purchase price of any property purchased or agreed to be purchased by the Company.

The minimum subscription, being the minimum amount which in the opinion of the Directors must be raised by the issue of the above shares (including the 450,000 Ordinary Shares to be subscribed for by Mr. Hill in order to provide the sums required for the payment of the underwriting and overriding commissions (amounting to £19,000), the expenses of the Issue (estimated at £21,000), the amount borrowed from the Company's Bankers in order to finance the building of the Empire Hall and the balance to be paid under various Building Contracts on their completion (estimated at £612,976) and for Working Capital (£329,959), is £875,000, distributed as above indicated. The proceeds of the shares to be subscribed by Mr. Hill will be applied towards payment of the item of £612,976 above referred to.

A print of the Memorandum of Association of the Company, with the names, addresses and descriptions of the signatories and the number of Shares subscribed for by them respectively, is printed in a fold of this Prospectus.

The Articles of Association of the Company contain (*inter alia*) the following provisions:—

73. Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached to any shares by or in accordance with these presents, on a show of hands every Member, who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a representative or proxy not being himself a Member, shall have one vote, and on a poll every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall (subject as hereinafter provided) have three votes for every Cumulative Preference Share held by him and one vote for every Ordinary Share held by him.

The holders of the Cumulative Preference Shares in the capital of the Company shall not be entitled to receive notice of or to attend at any General Meeting of the Company by virtue or in respect of their holdings of Cumulative Preference Shares or to vote either in person or by proxy in respect of such shares held by them, except upon the matters following: (*a*) Any question affecting the rights of the holders of Cumulative Preference Shares; or (*b*) the winding up of the Company or any question arising in such winding up. Provided always that the restriction upon the right of the holders of Cumulative Preference Shares to vote hereinbefore contained shall not take effect if at any time the preferential dividend thereon or any part thereof shall be six months in arrear.

86. The Directors shall be entitled to remuneration at the rate of £500 per annum each, with an additional £500 per annum for the Chairman of the Board, and such remuneration shall accrue *de die in diem*. The Company in General Meeting may also vote extra remuneration to the Directors, either for one year or any longer or shorter period. Such extra remuneration shall be divided between the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as they shall agree and in default of agreement equally. The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable travelling (including hotel and incidental expenses) as he may incur in attending meetings of the Board, or of Committees of the Board, or General Meetings, or which he may otherwise incur in or about the business of the Company.

87. Any Director who serves on any Committee, or who devotes special attention to the business of the Company or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Board, are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, percentage of profits or otherwise, as the Board may determine, which shall be charged as part of the Company's ordinary working expenses.

88. The qualification of a Director shall be the holding alone and not jointly with any other person of shares or stock of the Company of the nominal amount of £1,000.

90. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor) under the Company or under any company in which the Company shall be a shareholder or otherwise interested, and may act and receive remuneration in a professional capacity for the Company in conjunction with his office of Director.

92. The Directors may arrange that any branch of the business carried on by the Company or any other business in which the Company may be interested shall be carried on as to the whole or any part thereof through one or more subsidiary companies, and they may appoint, remove and re-appoint any persons (whether members of their own body or not) to act as Directors, Managing Directors or Managers of any such company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and may determine the remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission on profits or otherwise) of any persons so appointed, and any Directors of this Company may retain any remuneration so payable to them.

93. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere and may appoint any one or more of their number ..... to be members of such local boards or any managers or agents and may fix their remunerations.

99. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to the office of Managing Director for such period and on such terms as they think fit.

100. A Managing Director shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine.

The following Contracts have been entered into:—1. Dated 25th March, 1929, between Olympia (1912), Ltd., and Philip Ernest Hill. 2. Dated 18th April, 1929, between Civil Service Supply Association, Ltd., and Mr. Hill. 3. Dated 17th April, 1929, between the Sun Life Assurance Society and Mr. Hill. 4. Dated 17th April, 1929, between John Wheatley and Mr. Hill. 5. Dated 28th March, 1929, between Eustace Watkins, Ltd., London, and Mr. Hill. 6. Dated 18th April, 1929, between Bartlett Trust Limited and Mr. Hill. 7. Dated 18th April, 1929, between Mr. Hill and the Company. Under this Contract Mr. Hill agreed to make over to the Company the benefits and obligations of Contracts Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 (subject to the recoupment to him of the deposits and purchase money already paid by him) for the sum of £58,675 cash (which sum was the estimated amount of the capital duty and registration fees, underwriting and overriding commissions, brokerage, the fees payable to Walbrook Trust Ltd., and the Valuers, as therein more particularly mentioned, and all other preliminary expenses of this Company), and agreed to subscribe at par for 400,000 Ordinary Shares and had an option to subscribe at par for one further Ordinary Share for every further Preference Share in the original capital thereafter issued during the three years from the 29th April, 1929. The amount of the said underwriting and overriding commissions was £12,000 and was duly paid by Mr. Hill as above stated. 8. Dated 18th April, 1929, between the Company, Mr. Hill and Walbrook Trust Limited whereby (*inter alia*) Mr. Hill agreed to pay Walbrook Trust Limited a fee of £4,150, and the said underwriting and overriding commissions. 9. Dated 18th April, 1929, between the Company and Reginald Gardiner Heaton, under which the latter was appointed Managing Director of the Company for five years at a salary of £3,000 per annum, in addition to his Director's fees. 10. Dated 18th April, 1929, between the Company and S. Fortescue, under which the latter was appointed General Manager of the Company for five years at a salary of £1,500 per annum. 11. Dated 22nd April, 1929, between the Company and James Carmichael (Contractors), Limited. 12. Dated 24th May, 1929, between Frank Atkins and the Company. 13. Dated 18th June, 1929, Mortgage by the Company to Lord Daresbury and The Hon. Mrs. Macdonald Buchanan for £500,000 at 5 per cent. per annum. 14. Dated 11th July, 1929, between the Company and James Carmichael (Contractors), Ltd., for erecting and completing a Workshop. 15. Dated 16th September, 1929, Charge by the Company to Coutts and Co., to secure a sum of £993,000. 16. Dated 4th November, 1929, between Thomas Nathaniel Ashman and Quadrant Trust, Limited (as Agents for the Company). 17. Dated 4th December, 1929, Contract under the Seal of the Company, Lord Daresbury, The Hon. Mrs. Macdonald Buchanan and Coutts and Co., with the London County Council, and acceptance by the last-named dated 18th December, 1929. 18. Dated 5th December, 1929, between the Company and the Sun Alliance and Scottish Railway Company and Great Western Railway Company. 20. Dated 2nd December, 1929, between the Company and Dorman Long and Co., Limited. 21. Dated 28th September, 1929, between Quadrant Trust, Limited and the Company under which the former Company agreed for a period of one year and thereafter subject to three months' notice to act as Secretaries and Registrars to the Company and to supply the necessary secretarial staff and office accommodation for a fixed yearly fee of £400, and additional fee based on the dividends and the issue of capital by the Company and other remuneration in connection with new business, &c., as agreed. 22. Dated 30th January, 1930, Charge by the Company to Coutts and Co. by way of further security in respect of the advances made under Contract No. 15 above. 23. Dated 30th January, 1930, Undertaking by the Company to Coutts and Co. 24. Dated 19th February, 1930, between the Company and Quadrant Trust Limited, whereby the Company agrees to pay the Quadrant Trust Limited the above-mentioned fee (and out-of-pocket expenses) for their services in connection with this Issue down to allotment and the above-mentioned underwriting and overriding commissions.

The interests of the Directors are as follows:—Mr. Hill is interested under Contract No. 7 above to the extent above appearing and holds or is interested in 11,538 Preference Shares and 149,693 Ordinary Shares in the Company. He also holds by his nominees or is otherwise interested in 32,925 shares in Quadrant Trust, Limited, out of an issued capital of 65,850 shares of £1 each (fully paid). Colonel Fields holds 18,758 Ordinary Shares and 41,775 Ordinary Shares of the Company. Mr. Leo Frederic Alfred d'Erlanger holds 5,000 Ordinary Shares in the Company. Mr. Claud Francis Goddard holds 4,000 Ordinary Shares in the Company. He is also a member of the firm of Messrs. Goddard and Smith, who received a fee of £3,675 for their original valuation of the properties and a fee of £1,050 for the valuation set out in this Prospectus. Mr. Paul Stanley May holds 250 Preference Shares and 4,050 Ordinary Shares in the Company. Mr. Louis Nicholas holds or is interested in 11,537 Preference Shares and 149,692 Ordinary Shares in the Company. He also holds or is interested in 220,000 Preference Shares and 110,000 Ordinary Shares in Walbrook Trust, Limited, which has an issued capital of 250,000 £1 each (fully-paid). He also holds by his nominees or is otherwise interested in 32,925 shares of £1 each in Quadrant Trust, Limited. Mr. Reginald G. Heaton is Managing Director of the Company and holds 1,000 Preference Shares and 5,000 Ordinary Shares in the Company. He also holds 1,020 fully-paid shares in and was Managing Director of Olympia (1912), Limited, which has an issued capital of 30,000 fully-paid shares of £10 each, and which Company is now in liquidation. The Directors are interested in sub-underwriting Contracts as follows:—Mr. Leo Frederic Alfred d'Erlanger is a Director of and Shareholder in Erlangers, Limited, who have sub-underwritten 30,000 Preference Shares of this Issue at an underwriting commission of 3 per cent. and an overriding commission of 1 per cent., and are receiving the usual Bankers' fee. Mr. Claud Francis Goddard and Mr. Reginald Gardiner Heaton have each sub-underwritten 5,000 Preference Shares of this Issue on similar terms. On the previous issue of Shares Mr. Claud Francis Goddard and Mr. Paul Stanley May each sub-underwrote 2,500 Preference Shares at an underwriting commission of 2½ per cent. and an overriding commission of ½ per cent.

If no Allotment is made the application money will be returned in full, and if the number of Shares allotted be less than that applied for, the balance will be credited towards the amount payable on allotment and any excess will be returned to the applicant.

Interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be chargeable on Instalments in arrear.

Failure to pay any Instalment will render the allotment liable to cancellation and the previous payments liable to forfeiture.

Share Certificates will be ready for issue in exchange for fully paid Allotment Letters on or after the 15th day of May, 1930.

A brokerage at the rate of 3d. a Share will be paid by the Company on all Preference Shares allotted in respect of public applications (other than from sub-underwriters) bearing the stamp of a Broker, Banker or other authorised Agent.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and of the above-mentioned Contracts and the originals of the above Valuation and Certificates can be inspected at the offices of Messrs. Simmons and Simmons, 1, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on any day on which the Subscription List is open.

Applications for Shares should be made on the accompanying form and lodged with Messrs. Coutts & Co., 440, Strand, London, W.C.2, and 15, Lombard Street, London, E.C.2, or branches, or National Provincial Bank Limited, 15, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2, or branches, or Erlangers Limited, 4, Moorgate, London, E.C.2, with a remittance for the amount payable on application.

Prospectuses and Application Forms can be obtained at the Offices of the Company and from the Bankers, Brokers, Accountants or Solicitors of the Company, or from Quadrant Trust Limited, 55/56, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1.

Dated 20th February, 1930.

No.....

## OLYMPIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

**FORM OF APPLICATION.**

**ISSUE AT PAR OF**

**450,000 7 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each and 450,000 Ordinary Shares of 5s. each.**

To the Directors of OLYMPIA LIMITED.

GENTLEMEN,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £..... being a deposit of 2s. 6d. per Share on Application for ..... 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each, and 2s. 6d. per Share on application for .....* Ordinary Shares of 5s. each of your Company, I/we apply for and request you to allot to me/us such Shares upon the terms of the Company's Prospectus dated 20th February, 1930, and subject to the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and I/we hereby undertake and agree to accept the same or any less number of such Shares in the same proportion that may be allotted to me/us and to pay the further Instalments due from me/us on any 7 per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares and/or any Ordinary Shares allotted to me/us, as provided by the said Prospectus, and I/we authorise you to place my/our name(s) on the Register of Members of the Company as the holder(s) of the said Shares.

Dated this ..... February, 1930.

USUAL SIGNATURE .....

NAME (in full) .....
(BLOCK LETTERS) (State if Mr., Mrs., or Miss)

ADDRESS (in full) .....

.....

OCCUPATION.....

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY

Cheques should be drawn payable to "Bearer" and crossed "COUTTS & Co.," or "NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK LIMITED" or "ERLANGERS LIMITED." Any alteration from "Order" to "Bearer" must be authenticated by the Drawer's signature. No receipt will be issued for payment on Application, but an advice/lodgment will be forwarded in due course either by Letter or Allotment in whole or in part or by return of deposit.

* NOTE.—**Applicants for Cumulative Preference Shares have the right to apply for one Ordinary Share in respect of each Cumulative Preference Share applied for, but will only be allotted one Ordinary Share in respect of each Cumulative Preference Share allotted. Applications for Ordinary Shares alone will not be accepted. This space to be left blank if such Ordinary Shares are not required.**

† The amount payable by way of deposit in respect of applications for:—

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10 | Shares of each class | if | .. | .. | .. | .. | £2 | 10 | 0 |
| 50 | „ | „ | .. | .. | .. | .. | £12 | 10 | 0 |
| 100 | „ | „ | .. | .. | .. | .. | £25 | 0 | 0 |
| 500 | „ | „ | .. | .. | .. | .. | £125 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | „ | „ | .. | .. | .. | .. | £250 | 0 | 0 |

# Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

## CITY NOTES

## NEW CONVERSION OPERATION

## ISSUE OF 4½ PER CENTS.

The terms of a new British Government Conversion Loan are announced today. It takes the form of an addition to the existing Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan, 1940-44—of which there is already outstanding £223,000,000—and its main object is to refund the balance that remains of the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds which fall due on May 15. The amount of these bonds now outstanding is believed to be rather more than £50,000,000. Incidentally all holders of the bonds will not be in a position to exchange into a relatively long-dated loan, and therefore in order to provide funds to repay bonds not converted and further to effect an important secondary object of the loan—namely, a reduction in the unwieldy volume of Treasury Bills—the present operation consists of an issue for cash as well as a direct offer of exchange to holders of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds. The price of issue to cash applicants is 95 per cent. As the old Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion stock is quoted at 96½ cum dividend, or, say, 95½ after allowing for accrued interest, the price of the new stock is ½ per cent. cheaper than the old. Subscribers are required to pay £10 per cent. on application and the balance of £85 on May 15—the date of maturity of the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds. Payment may be made in full after allotment under discount at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum. Interest on the loan is payable on January 1 and July 1, and a first payment of 15s. per cent. will be made on the latter date. Holders of Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Treasury Bonds are offered £105 10s. of Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan for each £100 Treasury Bond. Those who accept this offer will receive the interest payable on May 15 in respect of bonds surrendered and a first payment on the Conversion Loan at the rate of 15s. will be made on July 1. These terms involve an extra inducement to convert in the shape of a "turn" of about ¼ per cent.

### Yield on the Loan

At the price of 95 the flat yield on the Conversion Loan is £4 14s. 9d. per cent., while the redemption yield over the maximum period of the loan—14 years—is slightly over 5 per cent. If the loan were redeemed in 1940 the yield would rise to a little more than £5 3s. per cent. The flat yield on the Four per Cent. Consols is £4 16s. 6d. per cent., and on the Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan £4 13s. 6d. The list for cash applications will be opened on Wednesday next and will be closed not later than the next day. Conversion applications, however, will be received forthwith and the lists will not be closed until Saturday, March 8. None of the objections that were made to the terms of the previous conversion operation can be offered to the present loan. It should be noted, however, that as it gives an average yield of 5 per cent. over its full term, there is no saving, under that head, to the Treasury as compared with the Five per Cent. Conversion Loan issued in November last. It is of interest to recall that the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Conversion Loan was first issued in April, 1924, for the purpose of converting a portion of the Five per Cent. War Loan, £152,859,093 being issued in exchange for the stock at the rate of £103 of Conversion Loan for £100 of War Loan. It has never been conspicuously popular, but the projected addition to its amount should, by increasing its amount, help to make it more marketable, and therefore more popular.

### Inveresk Paper Investigation

Shareholders in the Inveresk Paper Company have received along with the accounts for 1929 the report of Mr. B. H. Binder, the well-known accountant who was recently elected chairman for the purpose of making an expert investigation. Extracts from this report, which is a lengthy document, will be found in our news columns. Mr. Binder regards the principal contributory causes of the existing situation as being: (1) the substantially increased floating debt created to provide for permanent expenditure, such as purchase of controlling interests in other companies, capital outlay on plant and machinery, &c.; (2) the distribution in dividends of practically the whole of the revenue of the company and various subsidiary companies without making adequate reserves, thus depleting working capital; and (3) the purchase of properties without proper investigation or regard for intrinsic values. While the balance-sheet as on December 28, 1929, shows that the issued share capital remained the same, temporary loans had been increased by £543,000 to £1,152,000. Moreover, the loans and overdrafts of subsidiary companies increased during the year by about £400,000 to a total exceeding £2,000,000, and some of these companies have incurred contingent liabilities which may amount to a substantial figure. Mr. Binder states that in 1928 the total profits of the subsidiary companies for the financial years ending within the period of the Inveresk Company's financial year, less losses of certain companies, show practically no surplus over the total dividends distributed. In the case of several companies the dividends declared in 1928 were in excess of their earnings for the year, and came partly out of profits brought forward from the preceding year.

### Future Policy

Although the company's investments have brought a number of paper mills into one group, it is stated that the full benefits of such grouping do not appear to have been obtained. There has been competition within the group as well as with outside mills and a lack of cohesion as regards supplies of raw material. In dealing with the policy which should now be followed, Mr. Binder writes that careful consideration has been given to arrangements for co-ordination between the various mills and for eliminating inter-group competition. Certain assets, he points out, must be carefully nursed, but in other cases it may be considered advisable to sell isolated investments which are not necessary to the organization and can be realized advantageously, and so reduce the floating liabilities of the company within such limits as will enable them to be funded when financial conditions will allow this to be done on a reasonable basis. Meanwhile it is urged as essential that the business should be conducted in such a manner as will give confidence to the company's bankers to continue their support, especially as further financial assistance is required.

### The Olympia Prospectus

Subscriptions are invited to-day to an issue by Olympia, Limited, of 450,000 Seven per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares of £1 each and a similar number of Ordinary shares of 5s. each. The price of issue in each case is par, and applicants requiring Ordinary shares must apply for an equal number of Preference shares as well. The present company was formed in April, 1929, to take over the freehold land and buildings at West Kensington known as Olympia, which owing to their use for trade and other exhibitions are familiar to nearly every one. Since its acquisition about a year ago from the old company extensive additions and improvements have been made to the property. These include the erection of an imposing four-storey edifice facing Hammersmith-road, known as Empire Hall, the cost of which is approximately £580,000. It is in order to provide for the cost of these new buildings that the present issue is made. According to a valuation embodied in the prospectus, the land, buildings, and other fixed assets are considered to be worth as a going concern £2,254,432; the company's issued capital, including the present issue, is £1,275,000, and a mortgage for £500,000 at 5 per cent. has been created on a portion of the property. The prospectus gives profits for the past seven years, the whole of which, with the exception of those for the last 8½ months, relate to the old company. For the whole of 1929 the net earnings were £100,381. It is pointed out, however, that these profits do not include any revenue from the new Empire Hall. For the current year, when the company will derive a partial revenue from this additional property, the net revenue is estimated at £142,500, and when the new Empire Hall is completed—the date given is next autumn—net revenue is estimated at £162,000. If these anticipations proved to be well based the Preference dividend would be covered about twice, and a reasonable margin would be available for reserves and Ordinary dividends.

### Another Capital Scheme

Some holders of Preference shares in the Nantyglo and Blaina Ironworks Company have written to criticize the terms of the capital reconstruction scheme which is to be submitted to them at a special meeting to be held on March 14. The present issued capital of the company is £468,750, divided into 5,000 Cumulative Eight per Cent. Preference shares and 2,500 Ordinary shares, each of the nominal value of £62 10s.; all have been issued and are fully paid up. That reconstruction was necessary has been apparent for some time; no dividend has been paid on the Ordinary shares for 58 years—since 1872, when 6 per cent. per annum was distributed—and dividends on Preference shares are heavily in arrears. Although payments have been made on these shares on various occasions in recent years the arrears now amount, according to a correspondent, to a sum in excess of the total capital—namely, £498,958. It is proposed to cancel the whole of these arrears, to convert the Preference shares into Ordinary shares, and to divide the Ordinary shares into shares of 10s. each. After the division of their shares into 10s., the Ordinary shareholders are to retain one quarter for themselves and to transfer three quarters to the Preference shareholders, which is the only compensation the latter receive. One correspondent points out that in April and November last year £15,000 was distributed to the Preference shareholders in dividends, and that, if a similar distribution were made after the scheme is passed, the present Preference shareholders would get only £13,760, while the remaining £1,240 would go to the present Ordinary shareholders. In these circumstances it is scarcely surprising to learn that some Preference shareholders feel that the Ordinary shareholders are getting the better of the bargain.

### A Tire Company's Success

Excellent results are announced for the past year by the India Tyre and Rubber Company (Great Britain). This company is still in the early stage of development, for, although formed in December, 1927, the bulk of its capital was raised less than a year ago. The issued capital now consists of £525,000 in Seven-and-a-Half per Cent. Cumulative Participating Preference shares and £105,000 in Deferred shares, and while most of this was available for only about nine months the company shows a trading profit for the year of £130,427, which is fully up to the estimate given in the prospectus of March last. After providing for depreciation and income-tax, the balance permits of the payment of 8¾ per cent. on the Preference shares and of 27½ per cent. on the Deferred shares, lea

# MONEY MARKET

## EASY CONDITIONS

Conditions in Lombard-street on Saturday were very easy For advances over the week-end the charge was 3½ to 3 per cent., the latter rate prevailing in the case of renewals by lenders other than the clearing banks. There was a good demand for bills. The market sold April drafts at 3⅞ per cent., and quoted 3½ to 3 13/16 per cent. for full three months paper, sellers being inclined to hold out for the lower fraction. "Hot" Treasury Bills were negotiated at 3 11/16 to 3 23/32 per cent.

The Bank rate is 4½ per cent., to which it was reduced from 5 per cent. on February 6. The banks' deposit rate is 2½ per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 2¼ per cent. at call and 2½ per cent. at notice.

| Loans (per Cent.). | | Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.). | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Day to day. | For short periods. | 60 days. | 3 months. | 4 months. | 6 months |
| 3-3½ | 3½ | 3 15/16-3⅞ | 3¾-3 13/16 | 3 13/16 | 3 13/16 |

| Discount (Treasury Bills). | | (Fine Trade Bills) | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 Mths. | 3 Mths. | 3 months. | 4 months. | 6 months. |
| % | % | % | % | % |
| 3 15/16 | 3 29/32 | 4⅛–5 | 4¼–5 | 5–5½ |

CALLS OF THE WEEK

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Feb. 27 India Govt. 6% Bonds | 94% | £5,640,000 |
| Feb. 28 Cent. Ar. Rly. 5% Deb. | 30% | 900,000 |
| Feb. 28 Goldsbrough Mort Shares | 10s. | 200,000 |
| Feb. 28 Lourenço Concessions Sh. | 1s. | 100,000 |
| Feb. 28 Canadian Bk. of Comm. Sh. | $20 | $992,920 |

## FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The London-New York rate opened lower in sympathy with the overnight New York closing quotation of $4.86⅛c.; the rate remained steady at this level during the morning, though the tone for dollars was firm. On Friday the London closing rate was $4.86 1/16c. Forward dollars were quoted at par for delivery in a month and at 1/16c. premium for the three months position. There was a rally in French francs, the final rate on Paris being 124f. 24½c., against 124f. 30c. on Friday, while the Italian and Spanish exchanges moved against London, the last-named closing at 39p. 25c. (a fall of 9½c.), after touching 39p. 60c. The German exchange was 1pf. higher at 20m. 36½pf., and the Belgian rate was ½c. higher at 34b. 89½c. Both the Argentine and Brazilian exchanges were firm, closing at 42 7/16d. and 5 9/16d. respectively.. The following quotations were current :—

| Place | Method of Quoting | Par of Exchange | Feb. 22 | Feb. 21 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | $ to £ | 4.86½ | 4.86 1/16–32 | 4.86–4.86⅛ |
| Montreal | $ to £ | 4.86½ | 4.85⅞–85⅞ | 4.87⅛–88¼ |
| Paris | Fr. to £ | 124.21 | 124.24½–31 | 124.35–124.40 |
| Brussels | Bel. to £ | 35.00 | 34.89-94.90 | 34.89-34.89½ |
| Milan | Lire to £ | 92.46 | 92.80-92.85 | 92.83-92.87 |
| Zurich | Fr. to £ | 25.2215 | 25.19½–20¼ | 25.19½–20¼ |
| Athens | Dr. to £ | 375 | 373-373.50 | 373-375½ |
| Helsingfors | M. to £ | 193.28 | 193-193.50 | 193-193.50 |
| Madrid | Pts. to £ | 25.2215 | 39.20-39.50 | 39.00-39.65 |
| Lisbon | Escn. fod | — | 108½-108¾ | 108½-108¾ |
| Amsterdam | Fl. to £ | 12.107 | 12.12⅜–7⅝ | 12.12½–¾ |
| Berlin | M. to £ | 20.43 | 20.36¼–4¼ | 20.36¼–¾ |
| Vienna | Sch. to £ | 34.585 | 34.49-34.52 | 34.46-34.49 |
| Budapest | Pen. to £ | 27.82 | 27.78-27.84 | 27.78-27.83 |
| Prague | Kr. to £ | 164.25 | 164-164¼ | 164-164¼ |
| Warsaw | Zloty to £ | 43.38 | 43.34-43.38 | 43.35-43.39 |
| Riga | Lats to £ | 25.2215 | 25.20-25.30 | 25.24-25.29 |
| Bucharest | Lei to £ | 813.6 | 817-820 | 817-820 |
| Constople | Pst. to £ | 110 | 1.040-1.070 | 1.040-1.070 |
| Belgrade | Din. to £ | 25.2215 | 275⅞-276¼ | 275⅞-276¼ |
| Kovno | Lit. to £ | 48.66 | 48⅛-49 | 48⅛-49 |
| Sofia | Lev. to £ | 673.625 | 668-675 | 668-675 |
| Reval | E. Kr. to£ | 18.159 | 18.14-18.27 | 18.14-18.24 |
| Oslo | Kr. to £ | 18.159 | 18.18-18.18½ | 18.18-18.18½ |
| Stockholm | Kr. to £ | 18.159 | 18.11⅞-12⅛ | 18.11¾-12¼ |
| Copenh'g'n | Kr. to £ | 18.159 | 18.15½-18.16 | 18.15½-16⅛ |
| Alexandria | Piast. to £ | 97½ | 97 7/16-97⅝ | 97 7/16-97⅝ |
| Bombay | Per rup. | 18d. | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 |
| Calcutta | Per rup. | 18d. | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 |
| Madras | Per rup. | 18d. | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 | 1.57 5/16-1.57 7/16 |
| Hong-kong | Per dol. | — | 1.6-1.7 | 1.6-1.7 |
| Kobe | Per yen | 24.5d. | 2.01 4-2.01 8 | 2.01 4-2.01 8 |
| Shanghai | Per tael | — | 1.11⅛-2.11 5/16 | 1.11⅛-2.11 5/16 |
| Singapore | Per dol. | 2/4 | 2.33 13/32-33 15/32 | 2.33 13/32-33 15/32 |
| Batavia | Fl. to £ | 12.107 | 12.12⅞-13⅜ | 12.12⅞-13⅜ |
| Manila | Per dol. | 24.06d. | 2.00 1/16 | 2.00 1/16 |
| R. de Jan. | Per mil. | 5.89d. | 5.58 11/16-58 13/16 | 5.57 15/16 |
| B. Aires | Per dol. | 47.37d. | 42 7/16-42 9/16 | 42 7/16-42 5/8 |
| Valpar'iso | $ to £ | 40 | 39.76 | 39.76 |
| M'video | Per dol. | 51d. | 43 1/4-43 3/4 | 43 1/4-43 3/4 |
| Uruguay | Ex to £r | Par | 22% prem. | 22% prem. |
| Mexico | Pesos to£ | 9.76 | 10.16-10.30 | 10.16-10.30 |

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilisation at $2.90-3.03 to 100fr. ; Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

| | Demand | 30 days' sight | 60 days' sight | 90 days' sight |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| On :— | £ s. d. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Australia | 96 0 0 | 95 8 9 | 94 17 4 | 94 6 3 |
| New Zealand | 96 0 0 | 95 8 9 | 94 17 4 | 94 6 3 |
| Africa and Rhodesia | 98 15 0 | 98 2 | 97 10 0 | 96 17 6 |

SELLING RATES

| | Cable Transfers | Demand |
|---|---|---|
| On :— | £ s. d. | £ s. d. |
| Australia | 97 10 0 | 97 2 6 |
| New Zealand | 97 10 0 | 97 2 6 |
| South Africa | 99 15 0 | 99 12 6 |
| Rhodesia | 99 16 3 | 99 13 9 |

The Bank of England announced on Saturday that 2,000 SOVEREIGNS had been taken for export. Since Wednesday last there has been a net efflux of £3,995, as shown below :—

| ARRIVALS | £ | WITHDRAWALS | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 20 .. | Nil | Feb. 20 .. | Nil |
| Feb. 21— | | Feb. 21— | |
| Bar gold .. | 5 | Sovs. .. | 2,000 |
| Feb. 22 .. | Nil | Feb. 22— | |
| | | Sovs. .. | 2,000 |
| Net efflux .. | 3,995 | | |
| Total .. | £4,000 | Total .. | £4,000 |

There was still a small quantity of gold in the bullion market, and the price of the metal was again quoted at 84s. 11½d. per fine ounce.

BAR SILVER quotations were lowered by ⅛d. for cash and ¼d. for forward delivery, the quotations being 19 13/16d. per ounce and 19¾d. per ounce respectively. China and the Continent sold, while there was a little support from India. The market closed steady.

# FREIGHT MARKETS

ON THE BALTIC SHIPPING EXCHANGE on Saturday freight rates were without improvement, though rather more business was reported than customary at a week-end session. Tonnage was secured for coal from Durban to Port Sudan at 10s. 9d., early April, and the low basis of 12s. 6d. was established for kernels from the Madras Coast to Continental Australia and thence Far East were nominally unchanged, and the North Pacific was open to repeat 20s. 6d. for grain to Greece. A new low record was established in the North American grain section on the acceptance of 7½c. per 100lb. for shipment from New York to Antwerp or Rotterdam, and the Mediterranean paid only 11½c. The River Plate branch was very quiet and weak, with 12s. accepted for a 7,000-ton vessel from Necochea and Bahia Blanca to the Antwerp-Hamburg range, spot, and a sterling parcel on berth terms from Rosario to Antwerp at 8s. per ton. Other sections were quiet and featureless, with the general tendency against owners.

Fixtures included the following :—Necochea and Bahia Blanca.—Zrinski, 7,000 tons, 10 per cent., Antwerp-Hamburg range trade 12s., spot. Rosario.—Bellorado, berthed Antwerp with 6,000 tons to start at 8s., early March. Santo Domingo.—Beltri, 2,000 tons, 5 per cent., U.K./Continent 14s. 10½d., March. New York.—Tetkamp, 34,000qr., 10 per cent., Mediterranean 11½c., Feb.-March. Bowes Castle, 9,000 tons, Antwerp or Rotterdam 7½c., spot. Ivar, 3,750 tons, Antwerp or Rotterdam 7½c., spot.

# City News in Brief

Mr. James Gunson Eawn has joined the board of Johnson Matthey and Company.

It is announced that the Glanzstoff-Courtaulds Company has decided to delay the erection of its second factory at Cologne for some years, probably two, states a Reuter message from Cologne.

According to *Stubbs' Weekly Gazette*, the failures in the United Kingdom for the week ended February 22 were 177—an increase of 31. Bills of sale registered and re-registered numbered 231—a decrease of one.

Applications for over 49,000 shares having been received from shareholders for the 35,637 new Ordinary shares recently offered by the Petroleum Storage and Finance Corporation, no shareholder has been allotted more than 80 per cent. of the number applied for.

A cablegram from the Transvaal Chamber of Mines at Johannesburg states that the total estimated working profit of the gold mines of the Transvaal for January amounted to £1,103,718, of which £33,001 was earned in districts outside the Witwatersrand. The corresponding figures for December were £1,058,231 and £32,354.

At the annual meeting of Lloyd's Insurance Brokers' Association, held last Thursday, Messrs. F. W. Clark, H. C. Malyon, A. C. Turner, and Charles Wright were elected to the committee, and at a meeting of the committee held subsequently Mr. A. D. Bradford was elected chairman and Mr. M. M. Beeman deputy-chairman for the ensuing year.

# CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The following are closing quotations on the Bourse :—

3% Perpetual Rentes, 86.65 (previous, 87.10); 5% Rentes, 1915-16, 101.35 (101.35); 4% Rentes, 1917, 100.20 (100.50); 4% Rentes, 1918, 99.75 (99.75); 5% Rentes, 1920, 135.65 (135.98); 6% Rentes, 1920, 103.75 (103.75); 6% Rentes, 1927, 107.50 (107.50); 5% Credit National, 1919, 608 (610); 5% Credit National, 1920, 550 (550); 6% Credit National, 1921, 565 (565); 6% Credit National, 1922 (1st), 525 (526); 6% Credit National, 1923 (1st), 559 (560); 6% Credit National, 1924, 574 (576); 4% Egyptian Unified, 388 (387.10); 3½% Luxembourg Rentes, 88.50 (88.25); 4% Japanese, 1905, (488.25); 5% Russian, 1909, 7.80 (8.10); 4½% Russian, 1909, 4.10 (4.25); 4% Turkish Unified, 68.10 (75.40); Banque de France, 24,750 (24,850); Banque de Paris, 2,910 (2,935); Banque Parisienne, 2,090 (2,125); Comptoir National d'Escompte, 1,980 (1,990); Credit Foncier Egyptien, 5,845 (5,835); Credit Lyonnais, 3,080 (3,115); Banque d'Athens, — (220); Banque d'Orient, 345 (345); Banque Ottomane, 1,192 (1,228); Suez Canal shares, 19,955 (20,050); Chargeurs Reunis, 770 (765); Messageries Maritimes, 250 (250); Transatlantique, 1,064 (1,060); Raffinerie Say, 1,960 (1,965); Sucreries d'Egypte, 937 (922); Wagons-Lits, 653 (657); Thomson-Houston, 1,156 (1,164); Lautaro Nitrate, 342 (344); Ford of France, 184 (187); Rio Tinto, 5,420 (5,420); Thies, 5,835 (582); De Beers, Defd., 1,240 (1,225); De Beers, Prefd., 1,565 (1,564); Jagersfontein Estate, 256 (256); Central Mining, 2,270 (2,245); Chartered, 251 (251); Brakpan, 370 (370); Crown Mines, 395 (395); East Rand, 66 (66); Geduld, 413 (411); General Mining, 88 (89); Consolidated Goldfields, 257 (257); Johannesburg Consolidated, 278 (278); Randfontein Estate, 36 (36); Rand Mines, 372 (374); Tanganyika, 331 (328); Transvaal (Consolidated, 170 (168); Union Corporation, 439 (438); Mexico Mines of El Oro, 65 (64); Mozambique, 76 (74); West Rand Mines Consolidated, 36 (37); Cautchoucs, 217 (219); Eastern International, 151 (149); Gula Kalumpong, 181 (182); Kuala Lumpur, 258 (258); Malacca, 260 (259); Mexican Eagle, 155 (156); Royal Dutch, 39,500 (38,800); Shell Transport, 570 (569); Platine, 1,935 (1,935); Lianosoff, 89 (90); Baku (Naphte), 550 (535); Oceana Consolidated, 16.75 (17); Exchange on New York, 25.56¼ (25.57½); Exchange on London, official average, 124.26½ (124.28); Cheques, closing market rate, 124.29 (124.29); Private discount rate, 2¾% (2¾%).—*Reuter.*

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 22.—Closing quotations :—4% Dutch, 1922, 103¾ (previous, 103¾); 5% Dutch, 1029 5/16 (1029 5/16); 2½% Dutch, 64½ (64¼); 3% Dutch, 77½ (77 15/16); 4% Brazilian, 1889, 49½ (49¼); Peruvian, 12⅛ (12⅛); Peruvian 4% Cum. Pref., 53 (52⅝); Erie, — (60); New York Ontario, 15 15/16 (—); United States Steel, 183⅜ (182½); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 385½ (379¼); Anaconda, 147 (145⅜ x.d.); Dell Batavia Rubber, 129½ (124⅜); Dell Batavia Tobacco, 418 (415); Dell Mij. 581 (580); Senembah Mij, 422 (423); Amsterdam Rubber, 190½ (184); Margarine Unie, 335⅜ (330½); Philips Lamps, 465 (463½); Exchange on Berlin, 59.55 (59.54); London, 12.12 (12.12½); New York, 2.49⅛ (2.49⅛); Paris, 9.76 (9.76).

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Erdoel, 101.40 (previous, 103); Dynamit Nobel, 77.60 (—); Kali Industrie Kassel, 187.50 (187); Schaedtwerk, 353.50 (356); Rheinbraunkohlen, 241.75 (—); Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 178 (178.50).

Reuter's telegram contains the following closing quotations :—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 8.50 (previous, 8.80); Mexican Consols, — (20.25); Reichsbank, 291 (291.50); Berliner Handels Gesellschaft, 184.75 (186.50); Commerz und Privat Bank, 155.50 (157.50); Darmstadter und National Bank, 237.50 (237.25); Deutsche Bank and Disconto, 149 (149); Dresdner Bank, 149.50 (149.60); Geisenkirchner Bergwerk, 137.50 (137.75); Harpener, 135.50 (—); Allgemeine Kleit., 175 (172.75); Farbenindustrie, 163.50 (164); Farbenindustrie 6% Debs., 101.25 (102); Hamburg Amerika, 99.12 (100.50); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 103.40 (103.75); A.E.G., 111 (112); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 100.50 (101.25); Svenska Tandsticks, 336.75 (337); Polyphon, 277.50 (276.50); Siemens and Halske, 256.50 (259); Schuckert, 186 (187.75). Exchange on London, 20.36½ (20.36⅝); Paris 16.38½ (16.39); Amsterdam, 167.95 (167.95); New York, 4.19 (4.18¾–⅞). Private Discount Rates—Short term (30-55 days), 5⅜ per cent. (5⅜ per cent.); long term (55-90 days), 5⅜ per cent. (5⅜ per cent.); call money, 4 per cent to 6½ per cent. (4 per cent. to 6½ per cent.).

FRANKFURT, Feb. 22.—Closing quotations :—Deutsche Bank, 149¼ (previous, 149); Darmstadter Bank, 237 (237½); Frankfurter Hypotheken Bank, 141 (141½); Metallbank and Metallurgische, 108½ (108½); Farbenindustrie, 164 (164); Harpener Bergbau, 136 (136); Mannesmann, 104½ (—); Rheinische Stahlwerke, 116 (117); Phönix Bergbau, 102½ (102¾); Gelsenkirchner Bergwerk, 137 (137½); Allgemeine Elektrizitäts, 172 (172½); Lahmeyer Elektrizitätswerke, 165½ (165); Siemens and Halske, 258 (—); Schuckert, 168½ (—); Philipp Holzmann, 96½ (96½); Zellstoff Waldhof, 205 (—); Norddeutscher Lloyd, 103⅝ (103¾); Hamburg Amerika, 101 (101½); Süddeutsche Zucker, 159¾ (—); German Liquidation Loan, 51⅝ (51⅝); German Railroad 7% Preferred, 89 (77); Anatolian Railway Loan, 14½ (14⅛); Mexican Silver 5% Loan, 11¼ (11⅛).

MILAN, Feb. 22.—Closing quotations :—Exchange on London, 92.84 (previous 92.85); Consolidato 5%, 80.12 (79.75); Banca d'Italia, 2,045 (2,035); Banco Commerciale, 1,454 (1,448); Banca Nationale di Credito, 601 (598); Banco di Roma, 117 (117); Credito Italiano, 805 (800); Cosulich Navigazione, 91 (91); Meridionali, 1,185 (1,180); Navigazione Generale, 493 (493); Cantoni Coats, 730 (730); Soie Chatillon, 209½ (197); Snia Viscosa, 623 (750); Ilva, 228 (227); Monte Amiata, 307 (293½); Montecatini, 259½ (257½); Fiat, 384½ (385); Adriatica, 255 (252); Edison, 822½ (812); Unione Esercizi Elettrici, 110 (109½); Terni, 410 (408); Consorzio Mobiliare Finanziario, 817 (813); Adamello, 320½ (320).

# BRAZILIAN MARKETS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 21.—EXCHANGE on London advanced 1/32d. to 5 1/16d. The COFFEE market closed steady, with No. 7 New York standard unchanged at 168200. Receipts were 14,000 bags, making 2,029,000 bags for the season to date, against 1,912,000 bags a year ago. Clearances were 10,000 bags to Europe. The stock is estimated at 328,000 bags, against 267,000 bags a year ago. At SANTOS No. 4 New York standard unchanged at 218000. Receipts were 45,000 bags, making this week's total 406,000 bags, against 5,592,000 bags so far this season 6,406,000 bags, against 5,592,000 bags a year ago. There were no clearances to the United States, but 13,000 bags were shipped to Europe and 1,000 bags elsewhere. The stock shows an increase at 1,078,000 bags, and compares with 967,000 bags a year ago.


# SWISS BANK CORPORATION

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES, INCORPORATED IN SWITZERLAND).

BASLE, ZURICH, ST. GALL, GENEVA, LAUSANNE, LA CHAUX-DE-FONDS, NEUCHATEL, SCHAFFHOUSE.

BIENNE, CHIASSO, HERISAU, LE LOCLE, NYON, AIGLE, BISCHOFSZELL, LES PONTS, MORGES, ROLLE, RORSCHACH.

Chairman of Board of Directors : MAX STAEHELIN.

London Office: 99, Gresham Street, E.C.2.

West End Branch : 11c, REGENT STREET, WATERLOO PLACE, S.W.1.

BALANCE SHEET 31st DECEMBER, 1929 (£1 = 25 francs).

| LIABILITIES. | £ | ASSETS. | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Share Capital | 6,400,000 | Cash | 2,661,564 |
| Reserves | 1,960,000 | Banks and Bankers | 11,280,709 |
| Fixed Deposits | 9,101,660 | Bills Receivable | 13,078,217 |
| Current Accounts, &c. | | Loans at short dates on Securities | 1,987,394 |
| Sight Deposits | £18,171,783 | | 29,901,307 |
| Time Deposits | £22,499,880 | Advances to Customers, &c. | 1,035,350 |
| | 40,671,663 | Permanent Investments | 2,241,596 |
| Acceptances | 4,766,978 | Government, Railway, and other Securities | 739,288 |
| Profit | 724,543 | Syndicates | 592,886 |
| | | Bank Premises and other Property | |
| | £63,626,839 | | £63,626,839 |

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the Year Ended 31st December, 1929.

| Dr. | £ | Cr. | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| General Expenses and Taxes | 905,703 | Balance, from 1928 | 28,611 |
| Provision for bad and doubtful debts (less return of amounts previously written off) | | Discounts | 724,387 |
| | | Interest | 347,358 |
| Depreciation on Buildings, and Expenses of New Issue | 83,790 | Commissions | 489,958 |
| | | Investments and Syndicates | 150,554 |
| Net profit available | 724,543 | Coupons, Foreign Moneys, &c. | 62,970 |
| | £1,803,836 | | £1,803,836 |

After deduction of expenses and taxes and making provision for bad and doubtful debts, &c., the NET PROFIT for the year ended 31st December, 1929, amounts to £905,703. The Board proposes to allocate to Pension Fund £30,000, to the Reserve Fund for the extension of the Head Office in Basle £50,000, and to pay a dividend of 5 per cent., viz., £250,000, on the paid-up capital. The balance, after deduction of Statutory participation, of Directors, viz., £31,572, and taking into account £28,611 carried forward from last year, amounts to £916,770, and is at the disposal of the General Meeting. The Board proposes to pay a further dividend of 5 per cent. (making in all 8 per cent. for the year 1929), which will absorb £192,000, to place to the Reserve Fund £80,000, and to carry forward £40,770 to new account.


# COMPANY RESULTS

## BARROW, HEPBURN, AND GALE'S LOSS

### OLDHAM BREWERY

The profit of the Oldham Brewery Company for the half-year ended January 31 was £34,634. A final dividend of 8s. a share and a bonus of 16s. are recommended, making 16 per cent., free of tax, for the year (the same); £2,500 is placed to reserve, and £68,921 is carried forward, against £69,658 brought in.

### HORACE CORY AND CO.

A profit of £4,351 is reported by Horace Cory and Co., chemical colour manufacturers, for 1929 (against £3,93[illegible] for 1928), to which is added £319 brought forward, and a transfer of £1,000 (against £5,000) from general reserve. No interim dividend was paid on the Ordinary shares. It is now proposed to make a payment of 2½ per cent. for the year on those shares, and after allowing for the Preference dividend also, the balance forward is £419. For 1928 Ordinary shareholders received 7 per cent. Meeting, March 4.

### CHISWICK ELECTRICITY SUPPLY

After carrying £15,848 to depreciation reserve, the past year's operations of the Chiswick Electricity Supply Corporation show a profit of £34,174, making, with £2,654 brought forward, a balance available of £36,828. The interim dividend of 7½ per cent. absorbed £11,250, and the directors now recommend a final dividend of 8½ per cent., requiring £12,750, that £9,000 be refunded to Westminster for 1930, and that £3,828 be carried forward. The number of consumers increased during the year from 6,282 to 6,647.

### SWISS BANK

The balance-sheet of the Swiss Bank Corporation as at December 31 last shows that fixed deposits amount to £9,101,660 ; current accounts stand at £40,671,663, of which £18,171,783 are sight deposits and £22,499,880 time deposits. Acceptances amount to £4,768,973; bills receivable to £14,078,217; advances £29,901,207; permanent investments £1,035,350; Government, railway, and other securities £2,241,530. Cash in hand stands at £2,661,564, and with banks and bankers at £11,280,709. The total of the balance-sheet is £63,626,839.

### GENERAL HYDRAULIC POWER

The report of the General Hydraulic Power Company for 1929 states that the gross receipts of the London and Liverpool undertakings amounted to £230,118 (against £233,083 for 1928). After providing for Debenture interest, directors' and auditors' fees, £28,000 for general reserve (against nil), a similar sum being provided last year for depreciation and contingencies, and £5,000 for special reserve (the same), the balance, including £7,420 brought forward from last account, is £64,408. Deducting from this balance the Preference dividend, and the interim payment on the Ordinary shares, the directors propose to pay a final dividend of 4½ per cent. on the Ordinary shares, making 7 per cent. for the year (the same), leaving £5,908 to be carried forward. Meeting, March 5.

### INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT TRUST

The accounts of the International Investment Trust for the year ended January 31 show a net revenue of £70,756 (against £67,106 for the preceding year). The total dividend for the year on the Deferred stock is again 10 per cent., and £16,729 is applied in meeting depreciation on certain securities. The carry-forward is increased from £3,870 to £4,337. In order further to strengthen the internal position of the trust, the net surplus on capital account arising from changes in investments, amounting to £41,270, has also been applied to writing down the book cost of investments, making a total sum for the year of £58,000 devoted to this purpose. Investments are shown in the balance-sheet at £2,081,481. It is stated that a conservative valuation of the investments shows a satisfactory excess of assets over capital and reserves after providing for all liabilities. A list of the investments is annexed to the report. Meeting, March 4.

### SCOTTISH WIDOWS' FUND

The report for 1929 of the Scottish Widows' Fund and Life Assurance Society states that 4,498 life policies were issued, assuring a total of £2,992,259, of which £92,500 was reassured, leaving net new sums assured of £2,899,759. The claims by death amounted to £670,929, and by maturity to £890,929, both amounts including bonus additions. Under with-profit policies which became claims by death the society paid on an average £153 13s. for each £100 originally assured, in nearly one-third of these cases the sums payable were more than double the original amount of the policies. The premium income of the year was £1,938,514, the total income £3,804,488, and the total outgoings £2,601,374, showing a surplus amounting to £703,114 of income over outgoings. The assurance and annuity funds at the end of the year amounted to £23,260,175, exclusive of the reserve fund of £350,000. The average rate of interest was £3 12s. 3d. per cent., subject to income-tax, as compared with £5 11s. per cent. in the previous year. The expenses and commission together amounted to £217,990, representing 11.24 per cent. of the premium revenue, or 5.60 per cent. of the total revenue.

### BARROW, HEPBURN AND GALE.

The directors of Barrow, Hepburn and Gale, Limited, tanners, manufacturers of leather goods and belting, report for 1929 that there has been a continuous fall in the value of leather, and the reserve made in the 1928 accounts was quite inadequate to meet this. An interim account was prepared at the end of June, which, including the loss of the subsidiary company, showed an adverse balance of £181,940. During the last half of the year there has been some recovery, and for the trading loss over the whole year has been reduced to £95,746. Provision has also had to be made for various exceptional losses on account of bad debts, depreciation of property and plant, closing of unprofitable branches, and experimental processes, the total being on the year's losses to £224,487. There was a debit balance carried from last account of £131,297, which increases the total debit balance to £355,784. The directors have come to the conclusion that there is only one course to adopt, and they are therefore proposing to apply to the Court (in accordance with the new Companies Act) to sanction a reduction of capital by writing down the value of the Ordinary shares from 10s. to 5s. each (the issued Ordinary capital will therefore be reduced from £700,093 to £350,000), and cancelling the arrears of Preference dividend. Meeting, March 18.

### W. V. BOWATER AND SONS

After providing for depreciation, income-tax, directors' fees, placing £1,250 to staff fund, and crediting £4,576 received in dividend on Ordinary shares of Bowater's Paper Mills in respect of the first nine months of 1928, the accounts of W. V. Bowater and Sons for 1929 show a net profit of £42,741. Dividend on the 8 per cent. Preferred Ordinary shares absorb £16,000, and the directors have authorized the payment of a dividend of 8 per cent. (against 7½ per cent.) on the issued Ordinary share capital, absorbing £9,623. They now propose to add £7,000 (against £5,000) to general reserve, making this fund £32,000, and to write off £7,000 (the same) from preliminary and formation expenses, extinguishing this item. The carry-forward is increased from £9,966 to £13,084. During the year the directors, in conjunction with newspaper interests, decided to erect a newsprint mill in the North of England. For this purpose a new company was formed named Bowater's Mersey Paper Mills. In connexion with the finance of investments and additions made during the year, the directors have decided to issue the remaining 49,643 unissued Ordinary shares, and these are being offered to existing Ordinary shareholders in the proportion of 1 in 4 "at a suitable premium." The directors have arranged for the annual audit to be extended to cover the share registers. The auditors submit a monthly certificate to the board that the share certificates are in order.

### MIDLAND COUNTIES ELECTRIC SUPPLY

The accounts of the Midland Counties Electric Supply Company for 1929 show a profit, including £5,676 brought forward, of £942,651 (against £217,811 for 1928, including £4,106 brought forward). Deducting £18,306 for loan and Debenture interest, £7,580 placed to Debenture redemption account (against £7,035), and £16,177 placed to reserve account (last year £15,000 was placed to investment reserve), and £42,000 for the interim Preference dividend, there remains a balance of £158,578. It is now proposed to pay, in addition to the balance of the year's Preference dividend, a dividend of 7 per cent. on the Ordinary shares (against 6⅔ per cent.), leaving £4,578 to be carried forward. The trading profits of the undertakings owned and operated by the company for the year 1929, after payment of income-tax, amounted to £349,206 (against £306,510 for 1928), out of which £100,300 (against £80,274) was appropriated on account of depreciation and reserve in these undertakings. In November last 250,000 Ordinary shares were issued (these shares do not rank for the dividend for 1929), and the net amount received as premium has been credited to investment reserve account. It is proposed to increase the authorized share capital by the creation of an additional 500,000 shares of £1 each, to be issued as and when required to meet further capital requirements. Meeting, March 3.

### INVERESK PAPER COMPANY

A net revenue of £181,795 for the year ended December 28, 1929, is reported by the Inveresk Paper Company, this comparing with £317,452 for the previous year. In his circular to shareholders Mr. B. H. Binder, the chairman, states that the decrease of £135,657 was made up, in round figures, as follows :—Decreased profit from Inveresk Mill, £25,000; reduced dividends from investments, £77,000; and interest, mainly on loans to subsidiary companies, credited in 1928, but for which no credit has been taken in 1929, £39,000—a total of £141,000, less decreased income-tax charges, £27,000; plus increased expenses for travelling, registration, reporting, and advertising general meeting, and investigation work, &c., £22,000; and increased interest on bank loans, £6,000; less Debenture stock service fund chargeable in 1928 only, £6,000; these calculations giving a net result of £136,000. The Koholyt dividend was 14 per cent., against 16 per cent. for the previous year. The directors retiring by rotation are Mr. Alexander Smith and Mr. James Walden. Neither offers himself for re-election, in order that both may devote their services to the technical side of the business. It is proposed that Mr. Allan Hepworth and Mr. W. C. Thorne, both Ordinary shareholders and "enjoying the support of other holders of Ordinary shares" be elected to the Board. Mr. Hepworth was formerly joint general manager of J. Lyons and Co. and then chief accountant of Harrods, Limited, while he is now a director of the latter company. Mr. Thorne is a director of a number of Scottish companies. Meeting, March 4.

### R. E. JONES

The accounts of R. E. Jones, Limited, for the year ended October 31 show a net trading profit, after crediting £22,300 received from the Piccadilly Hotel, of £16,206, to which is added £36,715 brought forward, making a total of £52,921. The report states that the directors have disposed of the company's interests in the motor businesses of J. Thomas and Co. (Cardiff) and Turners Garages (Cardiff), and the business of Morgan and Co. has been closed down. The company's interest in the profitable business of Standfield and White, Limited, Exeter, is being retained. Only one other motor business (in Dilly-street, Swansea) of the company remains, and negotiations are in progress for its disposal. The factory and nearly all the small shops in London have been closed down ; some of the properties have already been disposed of and negotiations are in progress for the disposal of the remainder. In the above circumstances the directors have revalued the remaining properties and investments of the company. The effect of the revaluations and realizations is shown in the profit and loss account, where it is stated that the losses on realization and net deficiency on revaluation by the directors of certain assets amounts to £268,161. This sum is reduced by appropriating all available reserves and crediting the above-mentioned sum of £59,921, in respect of trading, to £184,270. The directors are of opinion that this debit balance should be carried forward, and that, for the time being, no steps be taken to proceed with a scheme for the reduction of the company's capital until a sufficient time has elapsed to show the effect of the radical changes which have been, and are still being, made in the conduct of the company's business. At the meeting on March 5 the chairman proposes to move the following resolution :—That notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the report of the Investigation Committee which was received and adopted by the shareholders of this company at the extraordinary meeting held on March 1, 1929, the board of directors be and they are hereby authorized to proceed to the appointment of a managing director at such remuneration and upon such terms as they may deem desirable to secure the best and most efficient management possible.

# INVERESK PAPER AFFAIRS

## "INDISCRIMINATE EXPANSION"

## HEAVY FLOATING LIABILITIES

In his report to the shareholders of the Inveresk Paper Company, Mr. B. H. Binder, the new chairman, states that the question no doubt uppermost in the minds of shareholders is why the company, which for 1928 paid a 25 per cent. dividend on its Ordinary shares, and subsequently in 1929 paid an interim dividend for the first half of that year at the same rate, found itself unable in December last to pay even the final dividend for 1929 on its First and Second Preference shares.

"The present position," he continues, "is largely due to the policy initiated by Mr. William Harrison, the ex-chairman of the company, and . . . the largest holder of Ordinary shares in the company. The principal contributory causes of the existing situation are :—(1) The substantially increased floating debt created to provide for permanent expenditure, such as purchase of controlling interests in other companies, capital outlay on plant and machinery, &c.; (2) the distribution in dividends of practically the whole of the revenue of the company and various subsidiary companies without making adequate reserves and so depleting working capital; and (3) the purchase of properties without proper investigation or regard for intrinsic values.

### PURCHASE OF NEWSPAPER INTERESTS

"The Inveresk Paper Company, Limited, was formed in 1922, with an original capital of £250,000, to acquire the Inveresk Paper Mills at Musselburgh, near Edinburgh, which manufactures esparto papers of various kinds. The company's activities were rapidly enlarged by the acquisition of controlling interests in a number of other companies, owning paper mills or carrying on business in connexion therewith, and latterly in companies owning or controlling newspapers. The company has, therefore, become what is known as a 'holding company'; that is to say, its principal assets, other than the Inveresk Mill, consist of the holdings of shares in, and loans to, other companies which it controls, and it derives the greater part of its revenue from dividends and interest thereon.

"The purchase of shares in companies manufacturing esparto paper, supplying esparto grass, or purchasing in large quantities esparto paper (such as Illustrated Newspapers, Limited), can be rightly deemed a natural expansion of the company's enterprise, but it is difficult to reconcile with the normal expansion of a company manufacturing esparto paper, the investment of large sums of money in the purchase of shares in daily newspaper companies, and in a real property company, or in the launching of a weekly newspaper.

"A collective letter from the directors to Mr. Harrison, protesting against his exercising exceptional executive functions, not having the desired effect, his resignation from the chairmanship was insisted upon in December last. He declines to resign from the board, and therefore, remains for the shareholders to decide at the general meeting whether it is not inimical to the company's interests for him to continue to act as a director."

### SUMMARY OF BOOK ASSETS

Mr. Binder's report then states that the company now owns the Inveresk Mill, Musselburgh, which has a book value of £402,044, and controls, directly or indirectly, 17 paper mill and allied companies at a book cost of £2,125,468; in addition, it controls newspaper companies giving an investment cost of £2,838,639; the Koholyt A.G., Germany, £1,510,313; and the Inveresk Real Property Company, Inveresk House, Strand, £163,641, making total investments in and loans to subsidiary companies and Inveresk Mill of £7,040,105, plus other assets giving a total of £7,216,919. The foregoing total is represented apart from the share capital of £4,148,993, by temporary bank loans for £1,151,943, reserve account (largely share premiums) £1,848,972, and the credit balance on profit and loss account of £67,001.

"In the 1928 balance-sheet," states Mr. Binder, "special temporary loans from bankers on security of specific investments were shown at £609,000, and if these and certain loans to the subsidiary companies had been funded and no further borrowing resorted to, the company would probably have been in a sound financial position. The balance-sheet as at December 28, 1929, however, shows that, while the issued share capital of the company remained the same, temporary bank lo

# HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

## COAL TRADE REPORTS

LONDON (The Baltic Exchange), Feb. 22.—Wheat.—The cargo market continued steady, influenced by the better North and South American closing advices and the good business done yesterday, but with the Canadian situation still uncertain and the holiday in America buyers were content to wait. Late yesterday 8,766 tons West Australian, per King Malcolm, B/L Jan. 3, sold at about 39s. 9d.; and a part cargo of Rosafe, 63½lb., new and/or old, per Demetrios Pandelis, B/L Jan. 25, at about 39s. 3d. U.K. basis to Continent. For a cargo of No. 1 and No. 2 Northern Manitoba (Pacific), afloat, 43s. 3d. and 42s. 3d. was required; 41s. 3d. for part cargo No. 4 Manitoba (Pacific), arrived; and 41s. for Pacific white, March. Rosafe, 63½lb., afloat, was held for 39s. 4½d.; Baruso, 62½lb., for 40s. 6d.; and Barli, 63½lb., afloat, for 38s. 3d. For Australian, afloat, 42s. was asked. Parcels were in quiet request at 6d. to 9d. per qr. advance. No. 1 Northern Manitoba (Vancouver), per Cape Horn, afloat, sold at 42s. 9d., net; No. 3, per Dallington Court and Leeds City, at 40s. 7½d., net; and No. 2, per Dallington Court, at 42s. net.

The wheat futures market closed 1d. lower for the new contract, but 3d. higher for the old as compared with yesterday:—

| Per 480lb. | Opening values | Noon values | Closing values | Prev. closing values |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Old Contract | | | |
| | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. |
| March .. | 40 6 | 40 5 | 40 5 | 40 0 |
| May .. .. | — — | 40 5 | — — | — — |
| | New Contract. | London Grade of Milling Quality | | |
| March .. | 36 8 | 36 5 | 36 7 | 36 8 |
| May .. .. | 37 1 | 36 10 | 37 0 | 37 1 |

Maize was steady but quiet. La Plata, afloat, was offered at 25s., Feb. and March at 25s. 6d. and April-May and May-June at 25s. 9d. Parcels were rather harder to buy, but in poor demand. East African, April-May, sold at 27s., and yesterday La Plata, March, sold to Bristol Channel at 25s. (less ½ per cent.).

Barley was quiet and unchanged. No. 3 Canada Western, Feb., 25s. 3d., and No. 4, 25s. 9d.

Oats continued inactive. La Plata, March, 14s. and April, 14s. 3d.

Farmers' deliveries from returns received in the week ended February 22 and for the season (27 weeks) are subjoined:—

| | Wheat. | Barley | Oats |
|---|---|---|---|
| | Cwt. | Cwt. | Cwt. |
| This week | 227,903 | 233,785 | 44,007 |
| Average price | 8s. 9d. | 7s. 11d. | 6s. 4d. |
| Same week last year | 324,562 | 219,459 | 63,561 |
| Average price | 9s. 9d. | 10s. 4d. | 9s. 9d. |
| This season .. .. | 8,657,842 | 9,618,080 | 1,420,627 |
| Average price | 9s. 7d. | 8s. 4½d. | 7s. 5½d. |
| Last season .. .. | 6,970,666 | 10,934,648 | 2,158,479 |
| Average price | 9s. 7d. | 10s. 11½d. | 9s. 1½d. |

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 22.—Wheat.—Shipment parcels were held for 3d. to 9d. per qr. advance, but demand was much quieter, the only sale reported being Rosafe, 63½lb., afloat, to Manchester at 39s. 3d., and this was offered in London. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, March, was quoted at 44s. 3d.; No. 2, 43s. 4½d.; No. 3, 42s.; No. 4 Manitoba, March, 41s.; No. 5, 38s. 9d.; No. 3, 31s. 6d. American winter was not offered. Rosafe, 63lb., March, was quoted at 38s. 1d.; 62 Barli, 63lb., March, 37s. 9d.; 62 lb., Feb.-March, 37s. 6d. Pacific, afloat, 41s.; Australian, afloat, 40s. 9d. Spot parcels were in good request at about unchanged prices. Graded wheat futures closed quietly steady, 3d. to 3½d. per cental lower. Sales, 150 loads.

Graded Wheat Futures

| Per 100lb. | Business done | | Closing values | Prev. closing values |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Open'g values | Highest | Lowest | | |
| | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. |
| March .. | 7 10½ | 7 10½ | 7 9½ | 7 10 | 7 10½ |
| May .. | 8 2¾ | 8 3 | 8 1½ | 8 2¾ | 8 2¾ |
| *July .. | 8 5½ | 8 5½ | 8 4¼ | 8 4¾ | 8 5½ |

* Net cash terms.

Maize.—C.i.f. parcels were steady but quiet. La Plata, afloat, quoted 25s. 9d. and 25s.; Feb.-March, 25s., with 25s. 9d. bid; April-May, 25s. 3d.; May-June, 25s.; Jan.-Cal.-Fox., March-April, 24s. 9d. Spot parcels were quiet and unchanged.

CAMBRIDGE, Feb. 22.—Wheat, 37s. to 38s., delivered to mill; barley, 27s. to 44s.; oats, 20s. to 22s.

COLCHESTER, Feb. 22.—Trade was very dull with wheat at 37s. to 38s., delivered to mill; barley unchanged, and oats 17s. to 18s.

GLOUCESTER, Feb. 22.—English wheat was lower at 37s. to 38s., delivered. Oats experienced a slow trade, there being no inquiry except for seed lots, values of which were tending lower. The malting barley trade is finished; grinding barley was unsaleable. Beans made 9s. per cwt. with few offering.

NORTHAMPTON, Feb. 22.—Wheat was again cheaper at 36s. to 37s. Barley, 26s. to 30s.; oats, 20d. to 22d.

NORWICH, Feb. 22.—There was less English barley on offer; an occasional sample of good quality made over 40s.; lower qualities ranged from 26s. to 36s.; English wheat was in very small supply at 36s., on rail. English oats, 17s. to 18s. for feed, and 20s. to 20s. for seed.

PETERBOROUGH, Feb. 22.—Wheat, 36s. to 36s. 6d. Barley and oats were unchanged.

READING, Feb. 22.—Wheat, 36s. to 37s.; oats, 17s. to 20s.; barley, 28s. to 36s.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Potatoes (The Borough).—Home-grown deliveries totalled 6,000 tons. Business remained very quiet at current rates. Quotations:—Silkland King Edward, second grade, and Blacklands and Scotch King Edward, £3 2s. 5s.; best sample Majestic, British Queen and Arran Chief, £2 10s. to £3; and darksoil, £2 to £2 10s. per ton, ex market.

Covent Garden.—There was ample supplies on offer, which met with a fair demand. Quotations:—English Ribston pippins, 9s. to 12s. per bushel; Australian and Newtown apples, 15s. to 18s.; British Columbian apples, 9s. to 12s. 6d. per box; Nova Scotian apples, 11s. to 18s.; American York Imperial apples, 24s. to 32s. per barrel; English Alicante grapes, 2s. to 3s.; Colmar, 2s. 3d. to 4s.; Belgian Colmar, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per lb.; Almeria grapes, 18s. to 30s. per barrel; South African grapes, 7s. to 18s. per 10lb. box; Californian Winter Nelis pears, 20s. to 22s. 6d.; Anjou pears, 3s. to 7s. per box; Tunis dates, 3s. 6d. to 6s. per dozen cartons; St. Michaels pineapples, 2s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. each; Canary bananas, 14s. to 20s. per crate; Porto Rico grape fruit, 20s. to 27s. 6d.; Jamaica grape fruit, 20s. to 25s.; Florida grape fruit, 25s. to 40s. per case; Messina lemons, 8s. 6d. to 12s. per box; 12s. 6d. to 18s. per case; Jaffa oranges, 14s. to 18s. per box; Spanish oranges, 15s. to 40s. per case; Palermo bitter oranges, 7s. to 10s. 6d. per box; Italian mandarin oranges, 3s. to 6s. per crate; South African plums, 4s. to 8s.; peaches, 3s. to 8s.; nectarines, 3s. to 7s. 6d.; mangoes, 5s. to 7s. per box; Canary tomatoes, 12s. to 18s. per package; forced seakale, 4s. 6d. to 7s. per 5lb. box; forced rhubarb, 1s. 8d. to 2s. per dozen bundles; English asparagus, 4s. to 8s.; French Lauris asparagus, 6s. to 12s. per bundle; savoys, 2s. to 3s. per dozen; cabbage, 3s. to 4s.; spring greens, 4s. to 5s. 6d.; turnip-tops, 3s. to 4s. per bag; carrots, 3s. 6d. to 5s.; turnips, 4s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.; swedes, 3s. to 3s. 6d.; parsnips, 5s. to 7s. per cwt.

# COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Sugar.—British refined was in fair demand at unchanged prices. Tate's Cubes, 20s. 9d.; No. 1, 25s. 6d.; H T S, 25s. 3d.; crushed, No. 1, 24s. 6d. ditto, E., 24s.; nibs, 26s. 9d.; coffee crystals, 27s.; mineral water (2cwt. bags), 22s. 6d.; Tate's fine and coarse granulated, 22s. 6d.; Lyle's No. 1, 22s. 3d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2, 22s. 3d.; T L granulated, 21s. 6d.; icing (cwt. cases), 29s. 6d.; icing (cwt. bags), 30s.; finest castor, 27s. 6d.; castor A, 26s. 6d.; ditto B., 25s.; pulverised, 24s. 3d.; Lyle's yellow crystals, 20s. 9d.; No. 3 crystals, 22s. 9d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, month of forward, 21s. 6d.; T L granulated, 21s. 6d. export:—Tate's No. 2 cubes (in cartons), 23s. 7½d.; No. 3, 23s. 1½d. Home-grown granulated, prompt, ex Ely, Cantley and Ipswich, quoted 20s. 9d. (3d. less ex London); Anglo-Scottish, 21s. to 21s. 3d., ex factories; T L, ex refinery, 20s. 7½d., ex wharf; March-April, 20s. 9d.; Indian crystals, spot, quoted 20s. 6d. to 22s. 6d.; white Mauritius, spot, quoted 19s. 6d. to 19s. 9d.; Feb., 99 per cent., quoted 11s. 6d. value, c.i.f. White Java, Feb.-March, quoted 19s. 9d., value, c.i.f., Europe; Mar.-May, 19s. 3d.; July-Sept., 19s. 4½d.; Oct.-Dec., 19s. 6d. and 7s. India. Cuba granulated, prompt, quoted 9s. 4½d.; April-Aug., 9s. 6d., f.o.b., Hamburg. Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 10s., f.o.b., Rotterdam. Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 8s. 9d., value, f.o.b., Danzig. Raws were quiet; preferential, 96 per cent., quoted 11s. 6d., value; Peruvian, 96 per cent., quoted 7s. 4½d. to 7s. 9d., sellers, as to position; Cuban, 96 per cent., Feb.-March, quoted 8s., value, c.i.f. White sugar futures were inactive. Call:—

10.30 a.m.

| Month | Sellers | Buyers | Month | Sellers | Buyers |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | s. d. | s. d. | | s. d. | s. d. |
| Feb. .. | 9 0 | 8 9 | May .. | 9 6 | 9 5½ |
| March .. | 9 0¾ | 8 11½ | Aug. .. | 10 3 | 10 0¾ |

Raw futures were quietly steady. March delivery sold at 6s. 5½d.; Aug. at 7s. 5½d. Call:—

10.30 a.m.

| Month | Sellers | Buyers | Month | Sellers | Buyers |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | s. d. | s. d. | | s. d. | s. d. |
| Feb. .. | 7 3 | 6 0 | Aug. .. | 7 5½ | 7 4½ |
| March .. | 6 5½ | 6 3 | Oct. .. | 7 7½ | 7 5½ |
| May .. | 7 7 | 6 11¼ | Dec. .. | 7 9½ | 7 9 |

Visible supplies of sugar are given by Messrs. C Czarnikow, Limited as follows:—

| | Date | 1929-1930 | 1928-1929 |
|---|---|---|---|
| United Kingdom .. | Feb. 1 | 422,000 | 365,000 |
| France .. .. | Jan. 1 | 269,000 | 330,000 |
| Germany .. .. | ,, | 1,585,000 | 1,471,000 |
| Czecho-Slovakia .. | Feb. 1 | 643,000 | 646,000 |
| Holland .. .. | Jan. 1 | 263,000 | 261,000 |
| Belgium .. .. | Feb. 1 | 185,000 | 198,000 |
| Poland .. .. | ,, | 547,000 | 416,000 |
| Europe | | 4,294,000 | 3,887,000 |
| U. States—Atlantic Ports .. .. | Dec. 28 | 769,000 | 213,000 |
| Cuba—all ports .. | ,, | 1,162,000 | 123,000 |
| Cuba—Interior .. | ,, | 180,000 | 35,000 |
| Total tons .. .. | | 5,425,000 | 4,060,000 |
| Previous total .. | | 5,421,000 | 4,387,000 |

Cocoa.—Accra was steadier; fair fermented, March-May, quoted 38s. per cwt., value; April-June, 38s. 6d., buyers, Liverpool contract; March-May, 38s. 6d., value, London contract, f.o.b. Futures were quiet, no business being reported. Call (Accra cocoa):—

11 a.m.

| Month | Sellers | Buyers | Month | Sellers | Buyers |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | s. d. | s. d. | | s. d. | s. d. |
| Feb. .. | 42 6 | 41 9 | July .. | 43 6 | 43 3 |
| Mar. .. | 42 4½ | 42 0 | Sept. .. | 44 3 | 43 10½ |
| May .. | 42 10½ | 42 7½ | Dec. .. | 44 3 | 43 10½ |

Rice was quiet. Burma No. 2, cleaned, spot, quoted 13s. 9d. per cwt.; March-Apr., in single to Continent and U.K., 11s.; No. 3, doubles to Levant, March-April, 11s.; S.Q., March-April, doubles, Cuba (main ports), 11s., sellers, c.i.f. Brokens Burma No. 1s, March-April, quoted 10s. 9d.; 2s., 10s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Garden No. 1, March-April, doubles, quoted 14s., sellers, c.i.f., Continent. Saigon No. 1, March-April, singles, quoted 12s., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent.

Rubber.—Plantation grades were firm on better American advices and fair support. Smoked sheet, spot and Feb., sold from 8⁷/₁₆d. to 8¾d. per lb., and buyers; March from 8⁷/₁₆d. to 8¾d. to 8½d., and sellers; April-June at 8¾d., and buyers; July-Sept. at 8⅞d., and buyers; Oct.-Dec. at 9d., and buyers. Para grades unchanged; hard fine, spot, quoted 8¾d., sellers.

Gambier was quiet. Good marks, Feb.-March, quoted 28s. per cwt., value, c.i.f.

Shellac.—The spot market was quiet. T N orange, basis fair, quoted 122s. 6d. per cwt.; A C, 165s., sellers. Futures were firmer. T N, March delivery, sold at 116s., and sellers; May quoted 118s., buyers; Aug., 123s., buyers. Shipment market quiet. Feb.-March quoted 115s., in bags, c.i.f. Calcutta cable dated Feb. 22 gives:—Spot sold at Rs.54; March and April quoted Rs.55, value.

Hemp.—Manila grades were steady. Grade J, Feb.-April, quoted £31 per ton, value; K, £30 5s., buyers; L, No. 1, £28 5s., buyers; No. 2, £25 5s., value; M, No. 1, sold at £25 10s., and sellers; No. 2, £23 15s., buyers, c.i.f. African sisal steady. Tanganyika and Kenya No. 1, good marks, April-June, quoted £36; f.a.q., £35 10s., value, c.i.f. Mexican sisal unchanged. Good white, Feb.-April, quoted £38, 15s.; special, £41 5s.; special brushed, £42 5s., c.i.f., first-class Continental ports.

Jute was quiet and easier under lower Calcutta advices and limited inquiry, prices closing 2s. 6d. to 5s. per ton lower on the day. First marks, Jan.-Feb., quoted £26 per ton, value; Feb.-March, £26 5s., sellers; March-April sold at £26 5s., and value; April-May quoted £26 12s. 6d., sellers; lightings, Feb.-March, quoted £24 17s. 6d., sellers; hearts, Feb.-March, £22, sellers; Daisee, 2 and 3, Feb.-March, £23 10s., sellers; Tossa, 2 and 3, Feb.-March, £25 5s., sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta cable dated Feb. 22 gives:—First, spot, quoted Rs.52 8a.; lightnings, Rs.48 8a., sellers.

Hessians and Twills were quiet, 10oz., spot, quoted 24s.; Feb.-March, 23s. 9d., sellers; 8oz., spot, quoted 21s.; Feb.-March, 20s., value, per 100 yards; Liverpool twills, Feb.-March, quoted 6⅝d.; B., 5⅝d., sellers, c.i.f., per 100 bags.

Copra was steady. Singapore, f.m.s., Feb.-March, quoted £22 per ton, sellers, net terms, c.i.f., Rotterdam. Ceylon, f.m.s., Feb.-March, quoted £23, value, net terms, c.i.f.; usual ports. Dutch E. Indies, f.m.s., Feb.-March, quoted £22, sellers, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (no Pad.), Feb.-March, quoted £20 17s. 6d., value; South Sea, kiln dried, £20 15s., value, c.i.f., Marseilles.

# COTTON

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 22.—The slow state of the Manchester trade continues to be reflected on the spot market here, and the demand has fallen to very small dimensions. American cotton was slow of sale and in sympathy with futures quotations were reduced 7 points. Middling, 8.40d. per lb. Brazilian was quieter at a decline of 7 points. Pernam fair, 8.00d. Peruvian had a fair turnover, but quotations of smooth and Tanguis were 7 points easier. Good fair smooth, 9.10d.; and good fair Tanguis, 9.20d. Egyptian was in limited request at a decline of 10 points. F.g.f. Sakellaridis, 13.40d.; and f.g.f. Upper, 10.11d. African was dull and quoted 7 points lower. Middling West, 8.45d.; and good fair East, 9.00d. Only a small business was done in East Indian, and quotations were reduced 5 points. Fine M.G. Broach, 8.25d.; and fine No. 1 Omra, 5.85d. per lb.

The American futures market displayed a fair amount of activity for a Saturday, but an easier tone prevailed and renewed liquidation by disappointed holders was encountered owing to the continued free supply of outside growths. The market made a full response to the sharp setback which occurred in America, and trading opened at a decline of 8 to 10 points, with Continental and Bombay liquidation in evidence on the bearish official Indian crop estimate. Towards the finish week-end covering and fair trade calling caused a recovery of several points, and the market closed quiet steady, 5 to 7 points lower on the day.

In the Egyptian futures market the Sakellaridis contract opened 8 points lower, and after some recovery the market closed steady, unchanged to 6 points down on the day. The Upper contract closed quiet at a decline of 6 to 8 points. Closing values (Sakellaridis):—Feb., 12.68; March, 12.73; April, 12.73; May, 12.91; June, 12.91; July, 12.93; Aug., 12.93; Sept., 12.93; Oct., 12.95; Nov., 12.91; Dec., 13.01; Jan., 13.02; Feb., 13.02. Upper and Pilion:—Feb., 9.77; March, 9.85; April, 9.85; May, 9.94; June, 9.96; July, 10.04; Aug., 10.04; Sept., 10.04; Oct., 10.03; Nov., 10.03; Dec., 10.10; Jan., 10.13; Feb., 10.13.

The Empire said miscellaneous contract after a small trade closed quiet 5 to 6 points lower on the day. Closing values:—Feb., 8.02; March, 8.03; April, 8.00; May, 8.06; June, 8.00; July, 8.17; Aug., 8.04; Sept., 8.01; Oct., 8.20; Nov., 8.16; Dec., 8.28; Jan., 8.29; Feb., 8.29.

| Description | Sales To-day | Sales So far this week | Exports To-day | Exports So far this week | Imports To-day | Imports So far this week |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| American | 900 | 900 | 100 | 100 | — | — |
| Brazilian, &c., Peruvian, &c. | 200 | 200 | — | — | — | — |
| | 500 | 500 | — | — | — | — |
| African, &c. | 100 | 100 | — | — | — | — |
| Egyptian, &c. | 200 | 200 | — | — | — | — |
| E. Indies, &c. | 100 | 100 | — | — | — | — |
| Totals— This week | 2,000 | 2,000 | 100 | 100 | — | — |
| Last week | 4,000 | 4,000 | 100 | 100 | 21,903 | 21,903 |

| Amer. Futures | To-day | | | Prev. day | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Delivery | High'st | Low'st | Closing | High'st | Low'st | Closing |
| February | 8.10 | 8.10 | 8.11 | — | — | 8.17 |
| March | 8.12 | 8.08 | 8.10 | 8.18 | 8.14 | 8.17 |
| April | 8.11 | 8.1¼ | 8.13 | 8.18 | 8.18 | 8.19 |
| May | 8.23 | 8.18 | 8.21 | 8.28 | 8.23 | 8.27 |
| June | — | — | 8.23 | — | — | 8.28 |
| July | 8.29 | 8.25 | 8.29 | 8.36 | 8.30 | 8.35 |
| August | — | — | 8.32 | — | — | 8.38 |
| September | — | — | 8.35 | — | — | 8.41 |
| October | 8.39 | 8.34 | 8.38 | 8.46 | 8.40 | 8.44 |
| November | — | — | 8.40 | — | — | 8.46 |
| December | 8.41 | 8.40 | 8.44 | — | — | 8.49 |
| January | 8.47 | 8.44 | 8.47 | 8.52 | 8.50 | 8.52 |
| February | — | — | 8.49 | — | — | 8.54 |
| March | — | — | 8.51 | — | — | 8.56 |
| May | — | — | 8.58 | 8.65 | 8.65 | 8.65 |
| July | 8.60 | 8.60 | 8.61 | 8.66 | 8.64 | 8.66 |
| October | — | — | 8.61 | — | — | 8.66 |
| January (1932) | — | — | 8.62 | 8.64 | 8.64 | 8.67 |

| Stocks, &c., for week ended Feb. 21 are given below:— | Import | Forw'ded | Sales | Export | Stock |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| American | 32,894 | 31,254 | 11,980 | 250 | 434,620 |
| Brazilian | 12,856 | 6,021 | 4,730 | 514 | 175,550 |
| Peruvian | 2,033 | 2,579 | 4,300 | 131 | 87,950 |
| Egyptian | 20,753 | 8,061 | 1,430 | 409 | 249,250 |
| Soudan | — | 1,136 | 1,280 | 200 | 61,090 |
| West Indian | — | 51 | 90 | — | 2,150 |
| East African | — | 1,163 | 1,940 | — | 40,750 |
| South African | — | — | 20 | — | — |
| West African | 2,346 | 351 | 50 | — | 18,430 |
| Australian | — | — | — | — | 30 |
| East Indian | 8,930 | 6,055 | 1,180 | 65 | 51,290 |
| Total .. | 79,821 | 56,701 | 26,970 | 1,449 | 921,130 |
| So far this year | 1,910,904 | 1,652,453 | 931,240 | 58,511 | |
| Last year .. | 2,059,000 | 1,698,000 | 947,230 | 74,000 | 969,670 |

The Alexandria General Produce Association quote fully good fair fintures (in 100ths of a dollar per cantar of 99.05lb.) as follows:—

| | To-day 1st report | To-day Close | Previous close |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ashmouni, Feb. .. | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| ,, April .. | 19.41 | 19.41 | 19.41 |
| Sakellaridis, March .. | 27.50 | 27.51 | 27.50 |
| ,, May .. | 27.60 | 27.66 | 27.62 |
| ,, July .. | 27.95 | 28.86 | 27.95 |

Receipts to-day 3,220 bales, against 3,696 a year ago.

# ARTIFICIAL SILK

MANCHESTER, Feb. 22.—The market in artificial silk fabrics continues to display a lack of confidence. Orders in some directions are fairly numerous, but as a rule the quantities are small. The number of looms stopped continues large, and there is not likely to be any improvement in this respect until after the Budget statement. Transactions in good-quality acetate and viscose yarns have been rather more numerous. The weights, however, continue to leave much to be desired. There is still severe price-cutting in the low grades.

# SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON (The Baltic Exchange), Feb. 22.—Linseed was steady, but quiet, at about previous rates: Calcutta, April-May, new, to London, £19 5s., sellers; Bold Boundary, March-April and April-May, to London, £19 15s., sellers; La Plata, March, £17 5s.; Feb.-March, £17 6s. 3d.; March-April and April-May, £17 8s. 9d., all sellers. Rapeseed was quiet; Toria, Feb.-March and March-April, to Hull/Continent, £15, sellers. Cottonseed was quietly steady; Bombay, Feb.-March, to Hull, £7, sellers; Egyptian, black, Feb., to Hull, £7 11s. 6d.; March-April, £7 12s. 6d.; and April, £7 13s. 9d., sellers; Sakellaridis, Feb., £7 3s. 9d.; March, £7 5s.; and April, £7 6s. 3d., sellers. Groundnuts were dull; Coromandel, Feb.-March, to Rotterdam/Hamburg, £16 6s. 3d.; and March-April £16 7s. 6d., sellers. Castorseed was quiet; Bombay, March-April, to Hull and Antwerp, £15 3s. 9d., sellers. Linseed Oil was firmer for forward; spot, La Plata, quoted £43; March, £40; March-April, £39 15s.; May-Aug., £39 7s. 6d. per ton. Rape Oil was slow; crude, extracted, £37 10s.; and technical refined, £39, naked, ex wharf. Cotton Oil was steady; Egyptian, crude, £28; refined common edible, £32; and deodorized, £34, naked, ex mill.

HULL, Feb. 22.—Linseed Oil was dull; spot was quoted £43 2s. 6d.; Feb., £42; March-April, £40 5s.; May-Aug., £39 7s. 6d. Cotton Oil was steady; Egyptian, crude, spot, £28; edible refined, spot, £32; technical, spot, £30 10s.; deodorized, spot, £33. Palm Kernel Oil.—Crude, naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £31. Groundnut Oil.—Crushed/extracted, spot, £33 10s.; deodorized, spot, £37 10s. Soya Oil.—Crushed, spot, and extracted, spot, £30 10s.; deodorized, spot, £34. Rape Oil.—Crushed/extracted, spot, £37 10s.; refined, spot, £39 10s. per ton. Castor Oil and Cod Oil remained unchanged.

# METALS AND MINERALS

GLASGOW, Feb. 22.—There has been no measurable improvement in conditions in the Scottish coal trade. Demand still remains quiet, and coal is accumulating, though more so in those districts which are mainly dependent upon the shipping trade than in others where the home market is the primary consideration. The latter having derived considerable benefit from the continuance of very cold weather, and while there is still room for improvement, there has certainly been a substantial increase in the turnover so far as material for the public utility and household trade is concerned. The stripping market suffers from an excess of supplies in some of the leading importing ports on the Continent. Foreign importers bought nearly two or three months ago as a precautionary measure against a repetition of last winter's shortage, caused by the freezing-up of some of the Polish ports, and as the weather this year in those parts has been relatively mild they now find themselves over-stocked. The position in this respect is, however, gradually improving, and it may not be so long now before the foreign inquiry opens out again. There has in fact already been a slight improvement in the volume of inquiry circulating.

Prices have continued their downward course during the week, with some important reductions noted in the case of smalls, which up to recently had been holding up fairly well. Even pearls, which have had a good business lately on London account, have dropped 6d. to 1s. The market is still not properly tested as regards prices for shipment, but working quotations will be found to be not far from the following:—

Lanarkshire.—Ell, best, 18s.; splint, best, 17s. 6d. to 18s.; splint, second, 16s. 6d.; navigation, 17s. 6d. to 18s. 6d.; navigation, second, 15s. 6d. to 16s.; steam, 14s.; Hartley, 18s.; trebles, 14s.; doubles, 13s.; singles, 12s.; pearls, 12s. 6d.; dross, 10s. All per ton f.o.b. Glasgow.

Fife.—Screened navigation, 18s. to 19s. 6d.; first-class steam, 14s.; third-class steam, 12s. 6d.; trebles, 13s. 6d.; doubles, 13s.; singles, 13s.; pearls, 13s. All per ton f.o.b. Burntisland or Methil.

Lothians.—Prime steam, 14s.; secondary steam, 13s. 6d.; trebles, 13s. 6d.; doubles, 12s. 9d.; singles, 13s.; pearls, 13s. All per ton f.o.b. Leith.

Ayrshire.—Unscreened navigation, 16s. 6d.; jewel, 17s. 6d.; steam, 14s.; trebles, 14s.; doubles, 13s.; singles, 13s.; pearls, 13s. 3d.; dross, 10s. 6d. All per ton f.o.b. Ayr or Troon.

Iron and Steel.—An unsatisfactory feature of the iron and steel trade is the renewal of imports of basic pig iron from India. There have been some substantial tonnages imported recently, and the local pig iron makers have naturally been feeling the effect of this. Continental basic iron has also been offering in the market. The local pig iron makers are, however, maintaining their prices by agreement, and are hopeful that the Indian imports will not be continued for long. Another primary product in heavy steel scrap, however, has fallen in price, being on offer now at 65s. a ton, compared with 70s. a week or so ago.

The position of the steel works has not undergone much change. Generally, makers are working at a steady rate on the plant capacity that has been ruling for some months now, and they are obtaining a steady supply of specifications, which ensures a continuance of this rate of production. The steel sheet trade appears to be rather irregularly employed. Some makers are doing fairly well, but others are much in need of orders. One concern, it is reported, has had several mills idle for a week or two now. The slump in the galvanised sheet trade is apparently the chief trouble in this branch of the industry, and unfortunately there does not yet seem to be much hope of an improvement in this direction. The export quotation for 24 gauge galvanised sheets has fallen about 15s. further to £11 5s. English competition is still strong in this department.

Tube makers are still rather quiet, especially in the export trade, but they are hopeful of some improvement before long as a result of the renewal of the cartel arrangements. Bar iron makers and steel re-rollers are perhaps rather better placed than quite recently, but in both departments the output is still far short of what could be desired.

Current quotations are:—

| | Home £ s. d. | Export £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|
| Scotch "crown" bars .. | 10 5 0 | 9 15 0 |
| Sections (angle bars) .. | *8 7 6 | 7 7 6 |
| Steel ship plates .. .. | *8 15 0 | 7 15 0 |
| Boiler plates .. .. | 10 10 0 | 10 10 0 |
| Steel bars (re-rolled) .. | 7 12 6 | 7 12 6 |
| Black steel sheets (3/m.) | 9 0 0 | 8 15 0 |
| Gal. corr. sheets, 24g. .. | 12 5 0 | 11 5 0 |
| Pig iron, No. 3 .. .. | 3 18 0 | — |
| Hematite .. .. .. | 4 1 0 | — |
| Heavy steel scrap .. .. | 3 5 0 | — |
| Cast iron machinery scrap | 3 9 3 | — |

* Subject to rebate of 10s. per ton.

NEWCASTLE, Feb. 22.—Coal.—The effect of excessive coal stocks on the Continent and in Northern Europe continued to be reflected in a reduced demand for coal on the Tyne market. Orders for all but small steam qualities were coming along slowly, and the large output was becoming increasingly difficult to clear, causing many pits to face prospects of short time in the immediate future. The tone closed moderately steady for best Blyth large steam descriptions, but easy for practically all other classes. Small steam, unlike all other sections, ruled firm, as demand was active and left little surplus. Cokes had an unfavourable market, and gas sorts showed further depreciation. During the week the Belgian State Railways were inquiring for 120,000 tons of Northumberland/Durham/or Yorkshire steam coal for shipment over the ensuing quarter, and there were several moderate gasworks contracts offering. Prices were approximately:—

| | Feb. 22 | Feb. 15 |
|---|---|---|
| Best Blyth large .. | 15/3 to 15/6 | 15/3 to 16/– |
| Best Blyth small .. | 11/6 | 11/6 |
| Tyne prime small .. | 12/– to 12/6 | 12/– to 12/6 |
| Tyne prime large .. | 15/– to 15/6 | 15/– to 15/6 |
| Bunker .. .. | 15/– to 16/6 | 15/– to 16/6 |
| Gas coal (best) .. | 16/6 to 17/– | 16/6 to 17/– |
| Coking coal .. .. | 15/3 to 15/6 | 15/3 to 15/6 |
| Manufacturing fuel .. | 17/– to 19/– | 17/– to 19/– |
| Gas coke .. .. | 22/– to 23/– | 22/6 to 25/– |
| Furnace coke .. .. | 19/– to 20/– | 19/– to 20/– |

# MEAT AND FISH

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Smithfield Meat (official weekly report).—Supplies for the week ended to-day amounted to 9,268 tons, as against 9,474 tons in the corresponding week last year. Imported beef, principally Argentine, formed 81.9 per cent. of the beef supplies, as against 82.8 per cent. a year ago. Imported mutton, mainly New Zealand, formed 76.5 per cent. of the total supply of mutton and lamb, as against 76.3 per cent. same week last year. Imported pork and bacon formed 81.5 per cent. of the total supply of pork and bacon, as against 22.2 per cent. a year ago. The bulk of the poultry and game supply was imported, 54 per cent., as against 47.3 per cent. a year ago. Imported rabbits formed 76.5 per cent., as against 91.9 per cent. same week last year. Imported eggs formed 36.9 per cent., as against 78.7 per cent. a year ago, and imported butter, cheese, &c., formed 69.6 per cent., as against 65.8 per cent. same week last year. The quantity of fresh-killed beef, veal, mutton, lamb, and pork marketed during the week aggregated 2,103 tons, as against 5,469 tons of chilled and frozen meats.

Billingsgate Fish.—Arrivals amounted to 598 tons, and only very light supplies remained at the close. Quotations:—Salmon, English, 3s. 1d. to 3s. 4d.; Scotch, 3s. 3d. to 3s. 6d.; Irish, 2s. 1d. to 3s. 4d.; soles, 1s. 4d. to 2s.; slips, 1s. 4d. to 1s. 10d.; mullet, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 9d.; whitebait, 6d. to 1s. 6d.; lobsters, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; crabs, 3d. to 1s. 5d.; and prawns, 1s. to 8s. per lb. Turbot was quoted 10s. to 13s.; brill, 8s. to 10s. 6d.; lemon soles, 12s. to 15s.; halibut, 16s. to 18s.; witches, 6s. to 11s.; megrims, 5s. to 6s.; live cod, 3s. to 4s.; plaice, 7s. to 12s.; haddocks, 8s. to 9s.; mackerel, 6s.; whiting, 3s. to 5s.; gurnet, 2s. to 3s.; skate, 5s. to 7s.; roker, 7s. 6d. to 8s. 6d.; hake, 10s. to 12s.; conger eels, 2s. to 5s.; English and Scotch herrings, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; and dry haddocks, 11s. 1d. to 15s. 2d. per stone. Live eels, 16s. to 28s. per draught. Blonters, 5s.; kippers, 4s. to 5s.; and red herrings, 5s. per box. Oysters—Whitstable, 28s. to 46s.; and Pyefleet, 24s. to 30s. per 100. Shrimps—English, brown, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; pink, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; Dutch, 1s. to 2s. per gallon.

# CATTLE

CARLISLE, Feb. 22.—Over 700 head of cattle were brought forward to-day, and on account of the continued winter weather business ruled slow. Quotations:—Two-year-old heifers, £14 to £16; heifers for short keep, £17 to £19; polled bullocks, £15 to £18; and polled heifers, £17 a head.

NORWICH, Feb. 22.—A fair supply of beef experienced a slow sale, and, with quotations slightly easier, 48s. to 54s. per cwt., five-weights was realised. A smaller show of store cattle met a dragging sale and made from £11 to £23 a head. Calves were in good demand at £6 17s. Veal changed hands at about 1s. 2d. per lb. Mutton, which was plentiful, ruled slow and slightly lower, ranging from 11s. to 1s. 2d., while ewes were still dear at 10d. per lb. Pigs met a good demand at 16s. per stone. Fat hogs sold well and made up to £12; fat sows met a better trade to £24, while feeders were maintained at £5 4s. Strong stores were quoted up to 70s. At market:—Cattle, 974; sheep, 1,200; and pigs, 573.

# AMERICAN MARKETS

## WHEAT AGAIN WEAK AT WINNIPEG

All United States markets remained closed on Saturday for the celebration of Washington's birthday.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 22.—Wheat.—The market displayed renewed easiness at the opening being 1¼c. to 1c. lower owing to disappointing cable advices from Liverpool and Buenos Aires. Some covering caused a slight rally afterwards, but this was followed by another heavy selling movement largely on professional account due to the smallness of export interest and reports of cargo sales of Australian and Argentine wheat to Europe. The movement continued downward to the close, which was easy at losses ranging from 2¼c. to 3c. May, 115c.; July, 116¼c.; Oct., 117¼c. Oats closed easy at 1¼c. to ½c. decline. May, 56¼c.; July, 53¼c.; Oct., 52¼c. Barley futures closed easy and ¼c. to ½c. lower. May, 53¼c.; July, 55½c. Linseed futures closed easy at ¼c. decline. May, 254c.; July unquoted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Wool.—The market this week has shown signs of broadening activity, the fact that mills were buying more freely encouraging a firmer undertone and imparting more confidence. The demand centred chiefly in the finer grades. Business in woollen piece-goods has been fair. Territory

## LEGAL NOTICES
(Continued from Page 22)

HENRY DE VILLIERS STEYTLER Deceased. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of eight days APPLICATION will be made in the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice for the SEALING of the PROBATE of the WILL (called in South Africa Letters of Administration) of HENRY DE VILLIERS STEYTLER late of The Farm Geelbek near Cape Town in the Union of South Africa, deceased granted by the Supreme Court of South Africa, Cape of Good Hope Provincial Division on the 29th day of November 1929

BIRCHAM & Co. Solicitors for Archibald Edward Balfour of Winchester House, Old Broad Street E.C.2, the lawful Attorney of Alfred Holloway.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE, Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division. Divorce. To ERNEST WATTS STEVENSON of 3, Martells Terrace, London Fields, Hackney in the County of London, praying for a DISSOLUTION of MARRIAGE. In default of your so appearing, you will not be allowed to address the Court and the Court will proceed to hear the said Petition proved and pronounce sentence in respect thereto. And take further Notice that for the purpose aforesaid within one month after the date of this publication an answer must be entered at the Divorce Registry, Somerset House, Strand, London.

W. INDERWICK Registrar.

Solicitors DUTHIE, HART & DUTHIE, of 515, Barking Road, Plaistow, E.13, whose address for service is 19, Godliman Street, E.C.4.

No. 0083 of 1930.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE Chancery Division In the matter of Maughan in the Matter of BARROW HEPBURN & GALE Limited and in the Matter of the Companies Act 1929. Notice is hereby given that by an ORDER dated the 17th day of February 1930 the above-named Company was ordered to be wound up by the Court and that a MEETING of the Creditors of the said Company will be held at 11.45 o'clock in the forenoon on the 10th day of March 1930 at the offices of the Official Receiver 33, Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C.2 for the purpose of considering the Statement of Affairs to be laid before such Meeting and of receiving an explanation thereof and may give directions with regard to the exercise of the powers of the Liquidator. Any Creditor who intends to attend the said Meeting must send to the Official Receiver aforesaid not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the said Meeting his full name and address and the full particulars of his debt or claim and if he is a secured creditor he must also send particulars of his security. Any Creditor who has not proved his debt before the said Meeting shall be entitled to vote thereat only if he has lodged with the Official Receiver aforesaid not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the said Meeting a statement of his claim and proof in support thereof. Any Creditor who has proved his debt may be represented at the said Meeting by a person holding a general or special proxy from him for the purpose.

A. E. HOLLAND Official Receiver.

No. 0083 of 1930.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE Chancery Division In the Matter of Maughan in the Matter of BARROW HEPBURN & GALE Limited and in the Matter of the Companies Act 1929. Notice is hereby given that by an ORDER dated the 17th day of February 1930 the above-named Company was ordered to be wound up by the Court and that a MEETING of the Creditors of the said Company will be held at 11.45 o'clock in the forenoon on the 10th day of March 1930 at the offices of the Official Receiver 33, Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C.2 for the purpose of considering the Statement of Affairs to be laid before such Meeting and of receiving an explanation thereof and may give directions with regard to the exercise of the powers of the Liquidator. Any Creditor who intends to attend the said Meeting must send to the Official Receiver aforesaid not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the said Meeting his full name and address and the full particulars of his debt or claim and if he is a secured creditor he must also send particulars of his security. Any Creditor who has not proved his debt before the said Meeting shall be entitled to vote thereat only if he has lodged with the Official Receiver aforesaid not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the said Meeting a statement of his claim and proof in support thereof. Any Creditor who has proved his debt may be represented at the said Meeting by a person holding a general or special proxy from him for the purpose.

A. E. HOLLAND Official Receiver.

## EDUCATIONAL

A BUREAU of SCHOOL INFORMATION has been installed by DANIEL NEAL to assist parents in the choice of schools for their children; parents who contemplate sending their children abroad should write, stating to make full use of this service, which is entirely free. Suggestions as to suitable schools, with full particulars of these, will be sent, if the inquirers will state age of boy or girl, type of school and locality preferred, and approximate idea of fees. No charge made or obligation incurred.—DANIEL NEAL and SONS, Limited (Dept. 15), 130-136, Kensington High-street, W.8.

ABOUT FINISHING SCHOOLS on the Continent, GIRLS' and BOYS' SCHOOLS at HOME, and TUTORS.

Advice free of charge will be given by MESSRS. GARBITTAS, THRING and Co., 36, Sackville-street, London, W.1. Tele. Regent 5878. Established over half a century.

Messrs. GARBITTAS, THRING and Co. are instrumental in supplying the staffs of many of the important schools in the country, and they are personally acquainted with nearly all the Principals and Private Tutors. Locality, information, age of pupil, and approximate fees should be stated.

NO CHARGE WHATEVER IS MADE TO PARENTS.

ALL LANGUAGES TAUGHT; native teachers; private or small classes; translations; preps. English for foreigners.—Regent Schools, 233, Regent-street, London.

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COUNSEL and Advice to parents seeking SCHOOLS, Publishers. The School Finder Guide, 4s. post free.

ALL SCHOOLS PERSONALLY INSPECTED.—MISS MABEL HAWTREY (daughter of the late Rev. J. W. Hawtrey, of Eton, Slough, and Westgate-on-Sea) ADVISES PARENTS re PUBLIC or PRIVATE SCHOOLS for boys or girls at home or abroad. Tutors, Governesses, Secretaries, &c. Also Nurseries and Holiday Homes. Professional Training. SPECIAL CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO BACKWARD, DELICATE, or NERVOUS CHILDREN. Education Office, 170, Piccadilly, W.1. Gerrard 3978.

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A SCHOOL for boy or girl is a great responsibility. HOOPERS (Educational Agents) [illegible] advice free. Expert Consultants since 1881. Rudner House, 93, Regent-street, W.1. (Gerrard 9041.)

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Messrs. J. and J. Paton, having an up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in this country and on the Continent, will be PLEASED to ADVISE parents sending free of charge Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION.

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ADVICE and RELIABLE INFORMATION concerning SCHOOLS, TUTORS, and EDUCATIONAL HOMES for Boys and Girls at Home and Abroad will be given gratis to parents stating requirements, kind of school, age of pupil, locality preferred, range of fees, &c. Messrs. TRUEMAN and KNIGHTLEY, Scholastic Agents, 6A, CONDUIT-STREET, London, W.1. Telephone, Gerrard 3272 (two lines).

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ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

The ENTRANCE EXAMINATION for Students desiring to enter in October, 1930, will be held at Bedford College, on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, March 28th and 29th. Entry closes March 1st.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following Scholarships will be offered by the Council of Bedford College during 1930:—

Eight Entrance Scholarships, each tenable for three years; four in Arts and four in Science.

The Lewis Pilcher Scholarship, tenable for three years, value £60 per year. Candidates must be the daughters of Clergymen of the Welsh Episcopal Church, serving or having served in country parishes in Wales. Entry closes March 1st.

For further information apply the Principal.

DAVIES and LAING.—SUCCESSFUL TUITION.—MATRIC.; ARMY; PREVIOUS; RESPONSIONS, &c.—16, Lancaster street, Hyde Park, W.2. Paddington 3952.

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Educated Girls trained for Secretaries, Individual Tuition. Positions found when proficient. Moderate terms.—Write or call for Prospectus, 113, Oxford-street, W.1.

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GROSVENOR SECRETARIAL COLLEGE specialises in training the daughters of gentlemen for the Secretarial profession; six months' Course of INDIVIDUAL TUITION; languages; good positions guaranteed.—Write Principal, 32, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1. Victoria 1360.

HABERGATE — OATLANDS PREPARATORY SCHOOL. Headmaster: G. W. B. BOYER, M.A. (Cantab). Next term commences May 1st.

HONOURS B.A. (Cantab), wide experience, COACHES for all examinations. I.C.S., London Matric., Little Go, Responsions, Bank of England, &c.—G. W. Harris 3, Hathborne-place, W.1. Tele., 4596 Museum.

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Complete Secretarial and Business Training. Efficiency in a few months by individual tuition at moderate fees. (Day, Evening, and Postal Courses.) Begin any day. Prospectus free.—Holborn Hall College, Holborn Hall Gray's Inn-road W.C.1.

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KENSINGTON COLLEGE for thorough SECRETARIAL and BUSINESS TRAINING for young men and women, with a written guarantee of good salaried position on completion of training. Languages and foreign shorthand a specialty. Individual tuition available.—Prospectus from Mr. P. D. Munford, Kensington College, Bishop's-road, W.2. Telephone, Paddington 9046.

LONDON COLLEGE of SECRETARIES. (Principal—Dr. E. Roberts.)

Complete practical training for educated girls and women desiring to be PRIVATE SECRETARIES to professional men, politicians, or business men.

INDIVIDUAL TUITION

A suitable position found for every qualified student.

Shorter courses in any secretarial subject.

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Mme. JEANNE TROIS FONTAINES.

A Practical Training in Dress Cutting, Designing, Fitting and Making is profitable all your life. It is a foundation to careers in a sphere full of opportunities. Many students save the cost of their fees even on the garments they make during tuition. Instruction under French experts.—Call or write for Prospectus A.K.

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(1) Day Pro-spectus
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PITMAN'S COLLEGE, 180, SOUTHAMPTON-ROW, W.C.1. Branches at Brixton, Broadcasbury, Croydon, Ealing, Finsbury Park, City, Forest Gate, Lewisham, Maida Hill, Palmers Green, Wimbledon, Leeds, Manchester.

## QUEEN'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

Wednesday, February 26th, at 8.15 p.m.

LECTURE by PROFESSOR WINIFRED CULLIS. "HABIT FORMATION."

Thursday, March 6th, at 5 p.m.

LECTURE by MONSIEUR EMILE CAMMAERTS. "THE DISCOVERY of ENGLAND."

Admission free by ticket, which may be obtained by sending a stamped addressed envelope to the Secretary, 43-47, Harley-street, W.1.

ROSSALL SCHOOL.—Some 12 Open Scholarships for boys between the ages of 12 and 14 on March 1st next, value from £90 a year downwards, will be awarded by Examination beginning March 4th, 1930. Boys examined at Rossall and in London.—Apply The Bursar, Rossall School, Fleetwood.

SOUTH COAST BOYS' PREPARATORY SCHOOL. Recent extensions offer special vacancies at 75 guineas yearly; ideal position.—Write Box P.881, The Times, E.C.4.

S.R.—PARENTS ASSISTED FREE OF CHARGE in SELECTING SCHOOLS on Southern Railway and Continent.—Room 2, Victoria Station, S.W.1.

SMALLS, Little Go, Matric., Public Schools, and usual exams. INDIVIDUAL TUITION.—J. W. GARDINER, M.A. (Oxon.), 254, Lauderdale-mansions, W.9. Abercorn 1646.

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For the training of youths intending to become Officers in the Mercantile Marine. Two years' training counts as one year's sea service for qualified cadets. Commissions granted by the Admiralty in the R.N. and R.N.R. Scholarships. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Moderate terms.—Prospectus from the Secretary, 72, C., 73, Mark-lane, London, E.C.3.

TONBRIDGE SCHOOL.—SCHOLARSHIPS EXAMINATION on the 2nd to 5th June. Entries close 17th May. The following will be offered: For boys under 14 on 1st June, 1930, four New Judd Scholarships of £40 per annum each and five or six Foundation Scholarships entitling the holder to exemption from payment of the tuition fee; for boys under 15 on 1st June, 1930, the Judd Scholarship of £40 per annum.—For particulars apply to the Secretary to the Headmaster, The School House, Tonbridge.

THE EDUCATIONAL BUREAU (7, Sicilian-avenue, W.C.1), Holborn 8801, recommend without charge Tutors, Prep. and Finishing Schools, home and abroad.

WYCOMBE ABBEY SCHOOL, BUCKS.—SIX SCHOLARSHIPS of the nominal value of £10 a year will be offered by the Council on the results of an Examination to be held in May, 1930, to girls under 14 on May 1st. The Council are prepared to give, if necessary, additional grants varying from £20 to £140 a year to scholars. All entry forms must be received before March 31st, 1930.—For further particulars apply to the Head Mistress.

LADY wishes to PURCHASE high-class GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL. Home Counties; £700.—Educational Bureau, 7, Sicilian-avenue, W.C.1.

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IDEAL FOR SMALL FUND.—FREEHOLD INVESTMENT secured on SHOP and UPPER PART, being the only local branch of a very large retail trading concern. Let on 21 years' full repairing lease at rising rental. FOR SALE to show now 7¼ per cent. at £2,050.—Apply HILLIER, PARKER, MAY and ROWDEN, 27, Maddox-street, W.1. Tele., Mayfair 6710.

"BERKELEY HOUSE," MAYFAIR.—This magnificent FREEHOLD PROPERTY, forming one of the finest investments in the West End, for SALE by AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4, on Thursday, April 3rd, 1930, comprising 21 suites of family flats and bachelors' chambers; also exceptionally large suites of offices and four shops, let and producing over £17,000 per annum; extensive frontages, the whole comprising an island site of 12,950 feet super.

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FREEHOLD INVESTMENT.

MAYFAIR (valuable Corner).—MODERN BLOCK of 12 FLATS and SHOPS. Every convenience. PRICE £32,000 to pay over 9 per cent.—WARNER, ELLIS and SONS, 31, Dover-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 2588.

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On the Kent and N.E. BORDER of SUSSEX, Cowden, Penshurst, Hever, and East Grinstead Area Preferred. A up-to-date HOUSE containing four reception rooms, 12 or 15 bed rooms, two or three bath rooms, and having good garage accommodation, a cottage or two, but not less than, say, 10 acres. Please send full particulars to "J. M.," care of HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

COUNTRY ESTATE REQUIRED within approximately 100 miles of London; 1,500 to 3,000 ACRES. Will modernise or entirely reconstruct MANSION. Good shooting and well drained land. Medium to light soil preferred. Genuine purchaser.—Send full particulars and plan to F. W. G., 54, Lower Sloane-street, S.W.1 (Phone: Sloane 9245, three lines).

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MID or EAST HANTS.—WANTED March 25th, Unfurnished COUNTRY COTTAGE, not isolated; two reception, three-four bed; modern conveniences; garage; moderate rent.—Write Box M.1862, The Times, E.C.4.

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WANTED AT ONCE.—HOWELL, SON and BONNIN have a large list of Applicants WANTING HOUSES and FLATS in SOUTH KENSINGTON and District, and will be glad if those wishing to LET or SELL will kindly favour them with particulars.—Offices, 88A, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Western 5133-4.)

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PORTMAN-SQUARE, close to.—Long, direct LEASE for SALE of an ideal FAMILY RESIDENCE, containing some nine or ten bed rooms, two bath rooms, four or five reception rooms, &c. It could EASILY be CONVERTED into TWO MAISONNETTES, for which permission is given.

The ground floor would suit a medical man. £2,500 can remain on mortgage.—Further details from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

SEYMOUR-STREET, PORTMAN-SQUARE.—To be SOLD for £1,800, the Direct Lease of a very bright and cheerful SMALL RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath, rooms, double drawing room and two ground-floor rooms. Rent £110 per annum. Ready for immediate occupation.—Agents, MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

MONTAGU-SQUARE.—A charming SMALL RESIDENCE for SALE; SEVEN BED ROOMS (ON TWO FLOORS ONLY), two bath rooms, pretty drawing rooms and three ground-floor rooms. GARAGE with FLAT OVER. All beautifully modernised and ready for immediate occupation. Lease over 50 years.—Further particulars from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

A Most attractive DWARF-STYLE of RESIDENCE to be SOLD, situated close to Portman-square, with ample space in the rear to erect a studio or music room. It is only small and quaint, but the rooms being on two floors (some six or seven), bath room, pretty drawing rooms, parquet floor, Adam's decoration, good hall, dining room, &c., are on a large scale. Price and further details from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

PRINCES-GARDENS.—LEASE for SALE of beautifully appointed TOWN RESIDENCE, facing Gardens, with garage and chauffeur's accommodation; redecorated; parquet floors; central heating; basement flat; exceptionally light domestic offices, 10 bed, two bath, four reception rooms, &c. House and garage £4,750.—HOWELL, SON and BONNIN, 88A, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Western 5133-4.)

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BEAUTIFULLY FITTED BIJOU RESIDENCE.

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Lease 28 years. Rent £150. Premium £3,750.

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Five bed, bath, three reception rooms, and offices. KENSINGTON.—For SALE, an excellent HOUSE must be SOLD; 32 years' lease. Agents, HUGHESDON and HINDS, 4, Abingdon-road, Kensington High-street.

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Four bed rooms, two bath rooms, two or three reception rooms.

Paved garden with fountain.

PRICE only £4,250.

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PORTMAN-SQUARE (adjoining). SOUTH ASPECT.

£3,800 REPRESENTS the asking PRICE for the LEASE of a most attractive RESIDENCE in this much sought after position. The house is in excellent decorative condition, fitted with central heating, dinner lift, &c., &c.

Nine bed and dressing room, three bath rooms, three reception rooms with painted walls, lounge hall.

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£350 PER ANNUM, without premium, might be ACCEPTED for a Modern RESIDENCE in excellent order; eight bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, and offices; independent hot water, dinner lift, &c.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

PRINCES-GARDENS.—LEASE for SALE of beautifully appointed TOWN RESIDENCE, facing Gardens, with garage and chauffeur's accommodation; redecorated; parquet floors; central heating; basement flat; exceptionally light domestic offices, 10 bed, two bath, four reception rooms, &c. House and garage £4,750.—HOWELL, SON and BONNIN, 88A, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Western 5133-4.)

ONSLOW-GARDENS.—For SALE, at very moderate price, ONE of the best of these favourite HOUSES, opening direct into the Gardens; 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, &c. It could EASILY be CONVERTED into TWO MAISONNETTES, for which permission is given.

The ground floor would suit a medical man. £2,500 can remain on mortgage.—Further details from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

SEYMOUR-STREET, PORTMAN-SQUARE.—To be SOLD for £1,800, the Direct Lease of a very bright and cheerful SMALL RESIDENCE; five bed rooms, bath, rooms, double drawing room and two ground-floor rooms. Rent £110 per annum. Ready for immediate occupation.—Agents, MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

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A Most attractive DWARF-STYLE of RESIDENCE to be SOLD, situated close to Portman-square, with ample space in the rear to erect a studio or music room. It is only small and quaint, but the rooms being on two floors (some six or seven), bath room, pretty drawing rooms, parquet floor, Adam's decoration, good hall, dining room, &c., are on a large scale. Price and further details from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

PRINCES-GARDENS.—LEASE for SALE of beautifully appointed TOWN RESIDENCE, facing Gardens, with garage and chauffeur's accommodation; redecorated; parquet floors; central heating; basement flat; exceptionally light domestic offices, 10 bed, two bath, four reception rooms, &c. House and garage £4,750.—HOWELL, SON and BONNIN, 88A, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Western 5133-4.)

ONSLOW-GARDENS.—For SALE, at very moderate price, ONE of the best of these favourite HOUSES, opening direct into the Gardens; 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, &c. It could EASILY be CONVERTED into TWO MAISONNETTES, for which permission is given.

The ground floor would suit a medical man. £2,500 can remain on mortgage.—Further details from MARTIN, CLARKE and Co., 20, Seymour-street, W.1.

## FURNISHED HOUSES.

| | Bed | Bath | Gns. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hans-place | 10 | 2 | 20 | Recommended |
| Eaton-square (off) | 10 | 3 | 18-20 | Or offer |
| Cadogan-gardens | 11 | 3 | 20 | New order |
| Chesne-street | 9 | 2 | 16 | Recommended |
| Montpelier-square | 8 | 2 | 12 | Recommended |
| Elm Park-gardens | 9 | 2 | 10 | Bargain |
| Walton-street | 6 | 2 | 11 | Pretty |
| Sloane-gardens | 8 | 1 | 10 | Quiet |
| Montpelier-square | 4 | 1 | 7/8 | Bargain |

ADAMS & WATTS,
38, SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1. Sloane 6208/9.

## A BARGAIN.

A HOUSE THAT NEEDS DECORATING AT A PRICE THAT ALLOWS FOR IT.

BACKING ON TO GARDENS.

In a nice open situation in

## KENSINGTON.

Nine bed, two bath, three reception.

Well-arranged offices.

*Recommended by personal knowledge by*

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A WITHIN 10 MINUTES OF OXFORD-CIRCUS.

DELIGHTFUL LITTLE COUNTRY-TYPE HOUSE, standing in its own garden and garden in a particularly quiet, secluded situation; five bed, one bath, three reception rooms, and domestic offices on ground floor; fitted modern conveniences. LEASE for DISPOSAL on moderate terms.—Apply to Sole Agents, SAMUEL B. CLARK and SON, 16a, New Cavendish-street, Portland-place, W.1.

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available HOUSES, 8, and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BROMPTON ORATORY.—Ideal situation, free from all noise, DETACHED NON-BASEMENT HOUSE in the Tudor Style, with all modern conveniences; seven bed rooms, bath room, two sitting rooms, and kitchen.—BOND and Co., 40, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

CADOGAN-SQUARE (off).—10½ years' LEASE of charming little HOUSE; three bed, two bath, two reception, for disposal at low premium.—Agents, ADAMS and SON, 88, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

*Six bed, two bath rooms, and three reception rooms.*

£150 P.A.

CAMPDEN HILL.—Quiet position, facing South, close to Kensington Gardens; modernised and redecorated; dinner lift, lavatory basins in bed rooms.—Key:—

£2,500. MARSH & PARSONS.

40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, W.8. Western 1208

CAMPDEN HILL, at a price working out at under £300 per annum inclusive, HOUSE, overlooking beautiful gardens and with good garden in rear; perfect order; independent hot water; parquet floors, the first, third and two bath three reception; fine rooms.—Early inspection recommended by ADAMS and WATTS, 38, Sloane-street, S.W. (Sloane 6208-9.)

CAMPDEN HILL.—Charming GEORGIAN HOUSE in favourite situation; five bed rooms, bath, double drawing room, dining room, &c. FREEHOLD £4,000. Parquet floors, central heating. Agents, GASKELL and Co., 103, Church-street, Kensington, W.8.

## CHARLES-STREET.

BERKELEY-SQUARE, W.1.

COMFORTABLE SMALL HOUSE,

with garage and chauffeur's flat; South aspect; six bed rooms, bath room, and two reception rooms; lease 25 years at low ground-rent.

PRICE £4,000.

NORFOLK & PRIOR,

14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-street, W.1. (Mayfair 6363.)

## CHELSEA.

NON-BASEMENT.

*South aspect. Most convenient shopping centre. Quiet position.*

CHARMING BIJOU RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

Two reception, four bed rooms, bath room.

*Beautifully fitted. Low outgoings. Modern requirements.*

SMALL PAVED GARDEN.

£4,000 for over 70 years at £15 per annum.

Personally inspected and strongly recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

## EXECUTORS' SALE.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY occurs to ACQUIRE at a sacrifice price the LEASE of an attractive RESIDENCE occupying a delightful situation facing West over Regent's Park.

Five reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, usual offices.

Garage premises with rooms over.

LEASE 15½ YEARS. RENT £250 PER ANNUM.

Agents:—Messrs. NICHOLAS, BANK and BUTLEY, 20, Hanover-square, W.1. (11264.)

## HAMPSTEAD.

Convenient position, near St

Telephone: Regent 7500. Telegrams: "Selsihet, Piccy London."

# HAMPTON & SONS,

20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

Branches: WIMBLEDON. 'Phone 0080. HAMPSTEAD. 'Phone 2727.

SALE TO-MORROW, 25th FEBRUARY, at

ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS,

20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1,

AT 2.30 O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

## NEWLANDS CORNER HOTEL,

near GUILDFORD, SURREY.

A first-class FREEHOLD, fully licensed, HOTEL, having three public rooms, hall room, 40 bed rooms; grounds of 18 Acres. For SALE as a going concern with complete furniture and equipment, also the adjoining property, Newlands Tea Gardens; held on lease for about 17 years unexpired at the rental of £322 per annum, extending to 11¼ acres and including Newlands House, Cottages, Large Tea House, &c. As a whole or in two lots.

Auction Offices: 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

## NEAR STRATFORD-ON-AVON

*With long frontage to Shakespeare's Avon.*

Attractive old HOUSE with Georgian characteristics, secluded in magnificently timbered walled grounds.

FOR SALE,

OR WOULD BE LET ON LEASE.

*The House faces South, and contains four reception rooms, excellent offices, with housekeeper's room, 10 bed rooms, and two baths.*

Electric light, gas and water connected.

Main drainage available.

GARAGE AND STABLING.

Walled fruit gardens. Tennis lawn, pergola walks and pleasure grounds, intersected by yew and privet hedges, the whole studded with beautiful specimen timber, in all

OVER 4 ACRES.

(Would be divided.)

Inspected and recommended by Sole London Agents, (W.40937)

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

*Of interest to house seekers, builders, land companies, speculators, and others.*

## HARROW, MIDDLESEX.

Easy reach of two stations. Actually on the motor bus route.

NEARLY 250ft. UP.

Adjoining College Playing Field. Close to Golf Courses.

## "DUDLEY LODGE,"

A Valuable FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL or BUILDING PROPERTY, comprising old-fashioned House approached by drive, containing hall, three reception rooms, 11 bed and dressing rooms, wardrobe and bath rooms, ample offices.

Garages, Studio, Glasshouses, &c.

Gently sloping and well-wooded gardens and grounds of

OVER 6½ ACRES,

*offering exceptionally fine opportunities for profitable development, having approximately 300ft. frontage to a Parish road, laid with sewer and electric light, gas and water mains.*

Vacant Possession on Completion.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on Tuesday, 29th April (unless sold beforehand).

Solicitors:—Messrs. Ince, Colt, Ince and Roscoe, 10-11, Lime-street, E.C.3.

Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

## ISLE OF THANET.

ONE OF THE HEALTHIEST SPOTS ON THE ENGLISH COAST.

*Within a stone's throw of the sea front at Cliftonville, and conveniently near the best shops.*

For SALE a very picturesque modern FREEHOLD RESIDENCE on only two floors; hall, three receptions, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, and offices.

Company's electric light, gas, and water. Main drainage.

SITE FOR GARAGE.

Attractive garden, including lawn surrounded by gravelled paths and herbaceous borders.

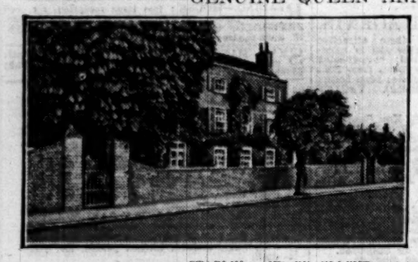
Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

THREE MILES FROM MAIN LINE JUNCTION WITH BUS SERVICE THERETO.

## PINE CLAD SURREY.

ONE OF THE GEMS OF PERIOD ARCHITECTURE, SO RARELY AVAILABLE IN THEIR UNSPOILED CONDITION.

GENUINE QUEEN ANNE.



For SALE, this unique and pleasing RESIDENCE with its original character and charm intact, fitted throughout in a perfect and tasteful manner replete with all the conveniences demanded by modern desire, including:

*Electric light. Central heating. Constant hot water. Main water supply.*

Hall 12ft. by 9ft., dining room. Drawing room.

WONDERFUL QUEEN ANNE STAIRCASE.

Six bed rooms, two baths. Offices.

Well-laid-out and really enchanting gardens shaded by glorious old trees include croquet and other lawns, flower and kitchen gardens, in all just over an ACRE.

STABLING AND EXCELLENT GARAGE.

THE FREEHOLD IS FOR IMMEDIATE DISPOSAL.

Apply HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.43682.)

*Built by late Owner regardless of cost.*

## ROEHAMPTON LANE.

*Almost opposite the Roehampton Club and grounds, and within close reach of Richmond Park.*

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, an attractively designed and exceptionally well appointed MODERN RESIDENCE, with accommodation on two floors.

Four good bed rooms (additional rooms could be added), bath room, two fine reception rooms, lounge-hall; parquet floors; garage for two cars.

CHARMING GROUNDS of nearly ONE ACRE.

Apply HAMPTON and SONS, High-street, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19; and 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (P. 4496.)

## HANTS.

Perfectly rural position, close to the FRINGE OF THE NEW FOREST.

TO be SOLD, Small FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, long carriage drive; lounge hall, two reception rooms, usual domestic offices, two staircases, five bed rooms, and bath room.

*Own electric light and water supplies. Main drainage. Constant hot water.*

Garage for two large cars. Useful outbuildings. The grounds include kitchen garden, shrubbery, grassland, and a small spinney, in all nearly

7½ ACRES.

Particulars from the Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

ABOUT 40 MILES FROM LONDON, IN A HIGH AND BRACING POSITION.

## SUSSEX.

*Within five minutes of Crowborough Golf Course. Delightfully placed, with South aspect.*

For SALE, FREEHOLD, a comfortable MODERN HOUSE, well fitted, and having

*Electric light. Company's water. Main drains.*

GARAGE. MAN'S ROOM.

Lounge hall, three reception rooms, five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, and offices.

Very nicely laid-out grounds, with TENNIS LAWN, flower and kitchen gardens, in all nearly ONE ACRE.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.58821a.)

## WIMBLEDON COMMON.

*Close to the Royal Wimbledon Golf Course and All England Tennis.*

For SALE, FREEHOLD, an attractive, well-planned and solidly built RESIDENCE, replete with modern conveniences.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7 bed rooms | 2 reception rooms | Ground-floor |
| 2 bath rooms | Lounge hall | Offices |

*Sunny aspect. Spacious cellarage.*

The garden is artistically laid out.

GARAGE FOR TWO CARS.

*(Additional plot of land adjoining can be purchased if desired.)*

REASONABLE PRICE ACCEPTED FOR QUICK SALE.

Apply Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, High-street, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19, and 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

## EAST CROYDON.

*Remote from all traffic nuisances and approached by carriage drive from a private road.*

For SALE, an extraordinarily well-built HOUSE, high up and commanding delightful distant views, thoroughly well appointed, and in perfect order. It contains 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms, billiards room, oak-panelled dining and two other reception rooms; splendid offices.

GARAGES FOR THREE CARS.

The grounds of about AN ACRE have also been the subject of a large outlay, are well timbered, and most tastefully laid out; good tennis lawn, &c.

PRICE ON APPLICATION.

Personally inspected by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S. 29022.)

# HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP AND BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.

By AUCTION, at the Clifton Hotel, The Promenade, Blackpool, on Thursday, 13th March, 1930, at 3 p.m.

## 94-100, THE PROMENADE, BLACKPOOL,

AND 2 TO 8, WEST-STREET.

COMMANDING FREEHOLD IN THE FINEST SEA FRONT POSITION.

Mainly comprising

AN EXTENSIVE RESTAURANT, BOLD CORNER SHOP, AND 3 SHOPS IN WEST-STREET.

The property is within a few steps of the points of greatest attraction on the Promenade, and has

TWO FRONTAGES, BOTH OVER 70FT., & SITE AREA, 600 SQ. YDS.

A small section is let, viz., the corner lock-up shop, about 32ft. by 27ft., to a well-known tenant on Lease at £1,250 per annum exclusive, with agreement for temporary possession if rebuilding of the block be contemplated. With this exception this highly interesting property will be offered

WITH VACANT POSSESSION.

Affording an exceptional

OPPORTUNITY FOR LARGE TRADING CONCERNS OR INVESTORS,

to whom the position and possibilities of this block cannot fail to appeal.

ALSO TO FOLLOW, THE FREEHOLD BAKERY, 87, MILBOURNE-STREET, BLACKPOOL.

A recently overhauled and re-equipped building, 18ft. 6in. by 66ft., situate within three or four minutes' motor-van journey of the above Promenade Property and hitherto used in connexion with that Restaurant.

FOR SALE WITH POSSESSION & THE UP-TO-DATE BAKING PLANT MACHINERY.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Longbotham and Sons, 4, Carlton-street, Halifax.

## INVESTMENTS IN BUSINESS PREMISES BY PRIVATE TREATY.

| DISTRICT. | PROPERTY. | Net Income | Rate p.c. | PRICE. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SOUTH-EAST LONDON | Block of five freehold shops in the accredited market of the district, in which they are situated, offering very valuable reversions in from three to 13 years' time. Multiple tenants. Estimated rental value £1,450 p.a. | £485 | — | £11,500 |
| MAYFAIR (off Old Bond-street) | Fine modern building comprising three shops with large upper part to let on four separate leases for long terms. Valuable reversion to one shop in about 5½ years, with consequent accretion of income. Leasehold | £1,030 | 8 | £13,000 |
| CLAPHAM JUNCTION | Striking block of three modern shops with large upper part forming a prominent corner and facing Messrs. Arding and Hobbs' large store. Entirely let on two leases at economic rentals. Held 57 yrs. unexpired at £76 10s. p.a. | £1,125 | 8 | £13,000 |
| GT. PORTLAND-STREET | Modern premises on a prominent corner, let to a leading firm of motor dealers, who have several other branches, for 21/42 yrs. at £3,500 p.a. Held 99 yrs. at £450 | £3,050 | 8¼ | £37,500 |
| KENSINGTON | Close to Barkers in a favourite position, two fine shops with three floors over, let as a whole on lease for 28 yrs. Sublet to firms well known throughout the country at rentals covering the Head Rent. Held about 70 yrs. unexpired | £5,000 | 8 | £62,000 |

Full particulars of the above may be had from Messrs. HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN, at their

OFFICES: 27, MADDOX-STREET, LONDON, W.1, AND 44, BRAZENNOSE-STREET, MANCHESTER.

Mayfair 6710 (12 lines). Manchester: Central 0794.

## MARYLEBONE

VALUABLE FREEHOLD BUILDING SITE FOR SALE.

Near MARYLEBONE STATION and the HOTEL GREAT CENTRAL,

WITH FRONTAGES OF APPROXIMATELY 140FT. TO MARYLEBONE-ROAD, 80FT. TO GREAT CENTRAL-STREET, AND 110FT. TO BALCOMBE-STREET.

THE SITE HAS AN AREA OF ABOUT 14,750 SQ. FEET

AND IS EMINENTLY SUITABLE FOR

THE ERECTION OF SHOPS AND FLATS OR BUSINESS PREMISES.

THE WHOLE OF THE PROPERTY IS VACANT AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION COULD BE GIVEN.

For particulars apply to A. J. BRICKWELL, Chartered Surveyor, L.N.E. RLY. CO., HAMILTON HOUSE, BISHOPSGATE, E.C.2.

## COAL, COKE, &c.

*3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)*

WILL READERS PLEASE NOTE? KOMMUNITY ANTHRACITIC NUTS, 56s. STEVENS' GOOD COAL, 42s. NEW COALITE NUTS, 55s. 6d. WASHED 2SSE, 58s.—STEVENS, 177, Kensington High-street, W.8. Western 6412.

## SHOOTING AND FISHING

BEST SMALL SHOOT South of London to be LET; small manor house for sale.—Write Box M.1877, The Times, E.C.4.

## LAUNDRIES

FOR perfect collar dressing and high-class laundering try Pier House Laundry, Strand-on-Green, Chiswick 0379 and 1695. On parle Français.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: Estate, c/o Harrods, London.

# HARRODS' ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

## £12,000 WITH 270 ACRES.

ADJACENT TO A FAMOUS RIVER.

AN EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN IN SOUTH DEVON.

STONE-BUILT HOUSE with large lounge hall, three reception, magnificent oak-panelled organ and billiard hall 34ft. by 31ft., with minstrel gallery, 10 bed and dressing rooms, complete offices.

*Electric light, central heating throughout, modern drainage, excellent water.*

Cottage, Garage, Entrance lodge, Stabling, Home farm buildings, and cottages at present let at £260 per annum.

WELL-TIMBERED PLEASURE GROUNDS,

tennis and other lawns, walled kitchen garden, crazy paving, bathing pools, tropical plants, together with parklike pasture land, the total area extending to

270 ACRES, INTERSECTED BY A TROUT STREAM.

FRESH IN THE MARKET AND RECOMMENDED AS AN ABSOLUTE BARGAIN. HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

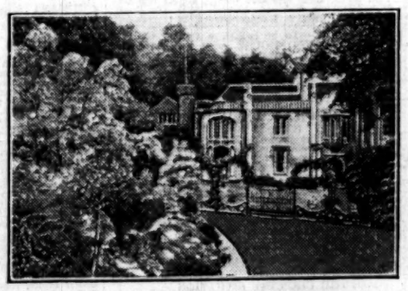
## GENUINE BARGAIN.

*Offered at a Great Sacrifice as Owner is going abroad and is therefore a definite seller.*

## FAVOURITE PART OF WILTSHIRE.

PRICE £12,000 FREEHOLD.

BEING VERY CONSIDERABLY BELOW HALF COST.



MEDIUM-SIZED TUDOR AND QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE

(with Georgian Wings).

*Subject of very lavish expenditure during recent years. Tudor fireplaces, Tudor and Queen Anne staircases, panelled walls and imposing ceilings.*

Entrance hall, banqueting hall, music room or refectory with minstrel gallery and handsome raftered ceiling, four reception rooms, 12 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, complete offices.

*Central heating, electric light, main drainage, town and own water supply. Telephone.*

Garage (two cars), rooms over, two cottages, ancient tithe barn or chapel.

Profusely timbered artistically displayed grounds, rock gardens, tennis and other lawns, specimen trees, sunk water garden.

MINIATURE GOLF COURSE AND MEADOW. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS AND WALKS.

IN ALL ABOUT 14½ ACRES.

Small staff only required both inside and outside. In first-class order. Ready to walk into. Easily reached from London. Recommend a visit by interested parties to fully appreciate. Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

## CENTRE OF THE WHADDON CHASE.

A NOBLE MANSION DATING BACK TO THE GEORGIAN PERIOD.

*Within easy reach of main line station; handy for Buckingham, Aylesbury, &c.*

TO BE LET, FURNISHED, FOR ANY PERIOD UP TO FIVE YEARS.

Handsome suite of reception rooms, 20 bed rooms, five good bath rooms, and exceptionally fine offices.

*Electric light; excellent water, drainage and central heating.*

Ample stabling and garage accommodation, whilst, if required, accommodation for servants and gardeners can be arranged for.

TRULY MAGNIFICENT GROUNDS

with tennis and other lawns, rose and formal gardens, walled kitchen garden, three fine strips of ornamental water, together with a delightful timbered park of

300 ACRES.

AVAILABLE ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

Further particulars from the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

## WOKING, SURREY.

THE BEST PROPOSITION AT PRESENT AVAILABLE IN THE DISTRICT.

*Near Golf and Tennis Clubs and 32 minutes non-stop to Waterloo.*

ATTRACTIVE MODERN RESIDENCE in favourite position with extensive views, in first-rate order, and having every convenience; eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception, offices; garage for two cars; greenhouse, &c.

*Central heating. Constant hot water. Telephone. Electric cooker and all main services.*

Charmingly disposed grounds on Southern slope with tennis and ornamental lawns, kitchen garden, fine old trees, and perfectly secluded.

1¼ ACRE.

PRICE FREEHOLD £5,000, or near offer for quick sale.

Strongly recommended by HARRODS Ltd., Surrey Estate Office, West Byfleet.

BEST POSITION AT

## FRINTON-ON-SEA.

ARCHITECT'S RESIDENCE, in splendid order, for SALE, with valuable FURNITURE AND CONTENTS.

Hall, double lounge, dining room, solarium, six good bed rooms, with running water, two bath rooms.

*Electric light, Co.'s water, modern drainage, central heating, telephone.*

Charming PLEASURE GROUNDS, lawn, flower borders, herbaceous borders, rose garden, large number of fruit trees, in all about TWO ACRES.

Gate leading on to golf course. Hut on beach.

MODERATE PRICE.

Inspected and strongly recommended by HARRODS Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

## 35 MINUTES SOUTH OF TOWN.

*In the best residential part, easy reach of station, and close to several first-class Golf Courses.*

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL APPOINTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

with entrance hall, three good reception, seven bed and dressing rooms (the principal ones fitted with lavatory basins, h. & c. and c.), two bath rooms, and excellent offices.

Good garage and outbuildings.

*Electric light and power, Co's water, modern drainage.*

EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING GARDEN, with full-size tennis lawn, rose garden, kitchen garden, &c., in all about 1¼ ACRE.

PRICE £4,500.

OR WOULD BE LET FURNISHED AT 10GNS. A WEEK.

HARRODS Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, and Surrey Office, West Byfleet, Surrey.

## SUFFOLK.

Within easy reach of the coast and six miles of Saxmundham.

TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

VERY ATTRACTIVE GEORGIAN HOUSE, standing in a well-timbered Park, on gravel soil, facing south, and containing four reception, 11 bed rooms, and two bath rooms.

Good water supply. Modern drainage. Petrol gas lighting. Telephone.

WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS,

with tennis courts, Dutch garden, walled kitchen garden, woodland and pastureland, in all

ABOUT 13 ACRES.

Garage. Stabling. Outbuildings.

Shooting available over 2,200 acres.

RENT £300 PER ANNUM.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

## SUNNINGDALE DISTRICT.

DELIGHTFUL MODERN RESIDENCE,

*occupying a high and convenient situation, one mile from stations and golf courses.*

Hall, five reception, 14 bed rooms, four bath rooms, good offices.

*Electric light; central heating; company's water, Telephone; main drainage.*

GARAGE WITH ROOMS OVER.

Gardens and grounds with tennis court, lawns, flower and kitchen garden, &c., in all about

SEVEN ACRES.

TO BE LET FURNISHED

for three, six or 12 months.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

# GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS.

ESTABLISHED 1778.

## HAMPSHIRE.

CLOSE TO STATION. HIGH UP. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS.

A GENTLEMAN'S COMPACT LITTLE ESTATE OF ABOUT

75 ACRES

IN AN EXCELLENT SOCIAL AND SPORTING NEIGHBOURHOOD.

Lounge hall, three reception, 12 bed rooms, four baths.

*Electric light. Main water. Central heating. Garage, Stabling. Four cottages.*

HOME FARM.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD AT A MODERATE PRICE.

Inspected and recommended by GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, MOUNT-STREET, LONDON, W.1. Or at their other Offices. (A.3109.)

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS.

## WEST SUSSEX

SHENFIELD HOUSE, PETWORTH.

COMMANDING WHAT IS PROBABLY THE FINEST VIEW IN THE COUNTY.

PICTURESQUE OLD HOUSE.

Lounge hall, three reception, eight bed, bath, offices, with servants' hall, &c.

MAIN GAS, WATER, and DRAINAGE. TELEPHONE.

PRETTY GARDEN, with Lawn and Rockeries. STABLE and GARAGE.

ABOUT ¼ ACRE.

For SALE PRIVATELY or by AUCTION, at the London Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, on WEDNESDAY, March 19th.

Illustrated particulars of Messrs. NEWLAND, TOMPKINS, and TAYLOR, Market-square, Petworth, or GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1, or at their other Offices.

## BETWEEN WINCHESTER AND SALISBURY,

IN THE LOVELY VALLEY OF THE TEST.

THIS CHARMING QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE.

Approached by long drive. Lounge hall, three reception, 10 bed, two dressing, four baths, compact offices, servants' hall, &c.

Containing many interesting characteristic features, oak beams, panelling, fireplaces, &c.

Entirely modernized and up-to-date.

*Electric light, good water; central heating; modern drainage; telephone, &c.*

LOVELY OLD GARDENS, with hard court and park-like pasture.

*Intersected by a tributary of the Test, with private trout fishing.*

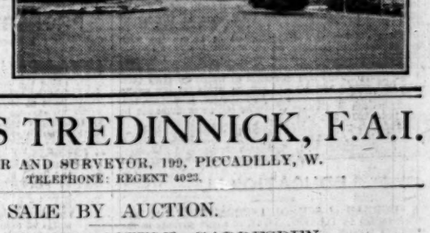
Small farmery, excellent small residence, five cottages, garages, &c. (A.3088.)

IN ALL ABOUT 26 ACRES.

For SALE, FREEHOLD, by the Sole Agents, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

## 20 MILES SOUTH OF TOWN.

Secluded position 350ft. up. Easy reach of four Stations.



SPACIOUS MODERN RESIDENCE.

21 bed, six baths, five reception and billiard rooms.

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A MAGNIFICENT BUILDING OF EIGHT FLOORS, WITH IMPOSING ELEVATION AND ENTRANCE, OVERLOOKING BERKELEY-SQUARE AND THE PRIVATE GARDENS OF "LANSDOWNE HOUSE." SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED WITH PASSENGER AND GOODS LIFTS, CENTRAL HEATING, HOT WATER SERVICE, TWO FIRE ESCAPE STAIRCASES AT REAR, TWO TRADESMEN'S ENTRANCES SERVING THE BACK DOOR OF EVERY FLAT, COMPRISING:—

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POSTAGE STAMPS, comprising an important selection of British and Colonial, Queen Victoria Issues. (The Sale will begin at 2 p.m. each day.)

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 26th.

The property of C. J. K. KIRKBY-FENTON, Esq.; of H. ROBINSON, Esq., of 10, Broomwood-road, S.W., &c.

PICTURES by OLD MASTERS, including portrait of Sir William Chambers, R.A., the architect of Somerset House, by SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS, P.R.A., being a smaller study of the picture painted by the artist for the Royal Academy 1780; portrait of Thomas Fenton, Esq., driving his phaeton and attended by a mounted groom, by J. N. SARTORIUS, signed and dated 1793; portrait of Mrs. Cuthbertson by SIR THOS. LAWRENCE, P.R.A., and others by or attributed to:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| H. Alken | P. Mignard | A. Storck |
| P. van Bloemen | M. le Nain | G. B. Tiepolo |
| F. Cotes | A. Van der Neer | J. Vernet |
| G. Hoefhorst | N. Poussin | R. West, P.R.A. |
| G. H. Laporte | A. Ramsay | R. Wilson, R.A. |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Aneeby Brown, R.A. | D. Muirhead, A.R.A. | Julius Olsson, R.A. |
| Sir George Clausen, R.A. | A. J. Munnings, A.R.A. | &c. |

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28th.

ENGRAVINGS, comprising English and French Fancy Subjects, some printed in colours, Portraits in line, mezzotint and stipple, English, Foreign, and other Views, Sporting Subjects, Naval and Marine Scenes, Scrap Books, Prints suitable for extra illustration, Water-Colour, Pencil and other DRAWINGS, MODERN ETCHINGS, many signed proofs, &c.

FORTHCOMING SALES.

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, OBJECTS OF ART, ANTIQUE TEXTILES and LACE, PERSIAN RUGS, &c. ..... MARCH 7th

POSTAGE STAMPS, the property in the late J. FILLSCHER, Esq., &c. ..... MARCH 11th and 12th

BOOKS and MANUSCRIPTS ..... MARCH 12th and 13th

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE, OLD CHINESE PORCELAIN and POTTERY, GLASS, OBJECTS of ART, &c., the property of the late Mrs. M. C. BEAUMONT, of 14, Royal-crescent, W., &c. ..... MARCH 14th

FINE OLD ENGLISH and FRENCH COLOUR PRINTS, SPORTING AQUATINTS, &c., and CHOICE MODERN ETCHINGS ..... MARCH 14th

OLD ITALIAN VIOLINS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS ..... MARCH 20th

OLD ENGLISH SILVER, SHEFFIELD PLATE and JEWELLERY, the property of the REV. C. M. BLACK, of The Common, Tunbridge Wells, of the late Mrs. M. C. BEAUMONT, &c. ..... MARCH 20th

(The Sales may be